

2013 Annual Report

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14 April 2014

The Hon Adrian Piccoli MP

Minister for Education and Training

Parliament House

Sydney NSW 2000

Dear Minister

The Council of Southern Cross University presents the report of proceedings of the University and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

This report, including the financial statements, has been prepared and approved in accordance with the Annual Reports (Statutory Bodies) Act 1984 and the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983.

Yours sincerely

The Honourable John Dowd AO QC

Chancellor Southern Cross University

Professor Peter Lee FTSE

Vice Chancellor Southern Cross University

A message from the

Chancellor and Vice Chancellor

2013 was a year of setting in place significant building blocks to sustain the future growth of the University.

The second stage of the southern Gold Coast campus was opened by the Governor of Queensland Ms Penelope Wensley AC. The \$50 million investment provides state-of-the-art teaching and research facilities.

The University expanded its Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics profile with the successful launch of civil engineering at the Lismore campus following extensive consultation with local government and industry. Across all campuses we continued to improve facilities for our students with the roll-out of new technology including the extension of wireless access.

Research activity grew – total Australian Competitive Grant income was just under \$4.4 million, a 10 per cent increase on 2012.

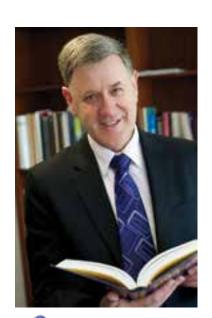
The University strategically withdrew from some offshore collaborations and explored new international activity. To support this endeavour, by year's end a new branch campus had opened in Sydney, building on the success of The Hotel School Sydney run in partnership with Mulpha Australia. Onshore, international enrolments showed early signs of renewed growth. SCU ranked number one in Australia based on the 2013 International Student Barometer for international student support.

SCU played an active role in the higher education sector as a member of the Regional Universities Network and Universities Australia.

In 2014 SCU celebrates 20 years as an independent university and throughout 2013 planning took place to mark this significant milestone.



The Hon John Dowd AO QC Chancellor



Professor Peter Lee FTSE Vice Chancellor

Strategic Plan

Our Vision

Southern Cross University will be recognised for enriching our communities through the excellence of our scholarship and the achievements of our graduates.

Our Mission

We equip our students to live a life they value and to be effective global citizens. We do this by creating inspirational and engaged learning experiences by staff who actively practise scholarship.

We extend internationally recognised educational opportunities for our diverse student body, including those from rural and regional communities.

We create and apply knowledge in partnership with our communities in fields that are regionally relevant and globally significant.

Our Values

Scholarship

We practise scholarship across our teaching and research activities with intellectual and professional rigour.

Innovation

We draw on the creative talents of our staff, students and stakeholders and their commitment and passion to address the needs of communities.

Social Justice

We advance human rights and are committed to providing opportunities for students and staff in an inclusive, culturally safe environment.

Ethical Behaviour

We act with integrity in an honest, fair, equitable and accountable manner in all our dealings.

Sustainable Practice

We actively pursue practices that develop the social, economic, cultural and environmental sustainability of our communities.

Engagement

We encourage a collaborative, open and transparent culture and engage with our communities through scholarship.

Our Goals

Goal 1: We will provide inspirational learning experiences for our students through high quality teaching engaged with scholarship.

Goal 2: We will generate and disseminate research and undertake research training in key areas that have global and regional impact.

Goal 3: We will develop a high performance culture in an environment which encourages collaboration and the free exchange of ideas.

Goal 4: We will enhance our performance in a sustainable and responsible manner.

At a glance 2013



Students (persons) by location

1	Lismore campus	3864
2	Gold Coast campus	2514
3	Coffs Harbour campus	1529
4	Distance education	5020
5	The Hotel School Sydney	330
6	Other Australian locations	67
7	Offshore campus	1 152

Total number of students

Total (persons)	14476
Total (EFTSL)	9033.8

Internal (EFTSL) 5615.0

Lismore campus	2168.1
Gold Coast campus	1598.7
Coffs Harbour campus	880.9
Other Australian locations	285.8
Offshore campus	681.5
External (EFTSL)	3418.8
International Students (persons)	2029
Onshore	989
Offshore	1 040

Total number of staff

Total staff full-time equivalent (FTE)	939.1*
Academic staff (FTE)	363.9
Professional staff (FTF)	575.2

*Total staff FTE figures do not include sessional or casual FTE

Source: SCU Office of Planning, Quality and Review – DEEWR 2013 Data Submissions

Management and Activities

The University's mission-based compact with the Australian Government was developed and approved during 2013. This new compact set out the agreed broad directions across the University's core activities in teaching and learning, research and research training, as well as in community engagement activities. It covers the period 2014 – 2016.

During 2013, important changes were made to improve the student experience by re-engineering the University's approach to managing the student life cycle.

Organisational reviews continued to provide relevant and regular input into the University's strategic planning. Review activities finalised during 2013 included the School of Education; the Division of Teaching and Learning; the Research Strategy; Staffing, Structure and Service Delivery within the Division of Research; and an audit of all offshore delivery of courses. SCU's internationalisation and enterprise strategy was captured in a White Paper for ongoing implementation, following consultation on the 2012 Green Paper.

The University was an active participant in the Regional Universities Network (RUN), with Vice Chancellor Professor Lee taking up a two-year appointment as Chair of RUN in September 2013. The inaugural Regional Universities Conference, presented by RUN in partnership with the Informa Higher Education Series, was held in November 2013 and hosted at the University's Gold Coast campus. It highlighted the pivotal role regional universities have in regional development. Major RUN projects for 2013 included its policy launch prior to the federal election; the release of the commissioned report Engaging with

regions: building a stronger nation (June); and two successful funding submissions pursuant to the Office for Teaching and Learning's "Enhancing the Training of Mathematics and Science Teachers" round (\$1 million project led by SCU) and the priority round of Australian Mathematics and Science Partnership Program.

An Economic Impact Study, also commissioned by RUN and released in March 2013, reported that the University contributed a total of \$506.8 million to the Lismore, Coffs Harbour and Gold Coast and Tweed Heads economies and provided 2365 equivalent full-time jobs. The report, using input output modelling software, analysed the economic impact of all member universities, including Southern Cross University.

12 graduation ceremonies were held in Australia during 2013 at Lismore, Coffs Harbour, Tweed Gold Coast and Sydney; the Chancellor and Vice Chancellor also attended graduation events in China, Hong Kong and Singapore. Alumni functions were organised to coincide with graduations. During 2013 the number of alumni rose to 55 000, of which 48 per cent were contactable.

International

Southern Cross University's international office ranked number one in Australia, among participating universities, in the 2013 International Student Barometer (ISB) for international student support. SCU ranked first in the category of living, which is an average of satisfaction across the areas of safety, host culture, home friends, worship facilities, contacts, sport facilities and visa advice. SCU also ranked first in

the learning category, covering areas such as teachers, assessment, learning support and careers advice. SCU was ranked second overall, comparing SCU International's results across the other 27 Australian universities in the areas of learning, living, support and arrival.

International delegations were hosted to build relationships and opportunities for Southern Cross University including Sekolah Tinggi Pariwisata Bandung (Indonesia), Northwest Agriculture and Forestry University (China), Tianjin University of Science and Technology (China), Chinese Consulate (Sydney) and Manakau Institute of Technology (New Zealand).

During 2013, SCU International secured 75 AsiaBound Scholarships, totalling \$248 000, from the Department of Industry, Innovation, Climate Change, Science, Research and Tertiary Education. This gave domestic students the opportunity to study in Asia and included short-term programs with the School of Environment, Science and Engineering. The number of students participating increased from 58 in 2012 to 162 in 2013. Additional IEP scholarships were made available to students to travel to Europe, the United Kingdom and the United States of

Southern Cross University ceased two education collaborations in 2013.

The University experienced growth in the number of onshore international students, principally through the Southern Cross Business School and the School of Tourism and Hospitality Management.



New engineering facilities, Lismore campus

Travel

The University spent \$4.5 million on travel and related staff development and training in 2013. The travel was for a wide range of purposes including the promotion and marketing of the University and specific programs, visits to overseas collaborators and the development of new relationships, attendance at and presentation of research papers at international and domestic conferences, and research and teaching at affiliated universities.

Major Works

The University continued a number of major projects in 2013, in particular the completion of the second building (Building B) at the Gold Coast campus and technology projects supporting student learning and retention.

The \$50 million 10-storey Building B includes purpose-built laboratories for a range of allied health disciplines, flexible teaching and learning spaces, student lounge, computer laboratories, dedicated spaces for Higher Degree Research students and staff offices.

To address parking requirements at the Gold Coast campus 600 car spaces were leased from the Gold Coast Airport. Work also started on a new 110 space car park adjacent to Buildings A and B.

The development of a new Science and Engineering Precinct and planning for a new Learning Centre at the Lismore campus commenced in 2013, following the announcement of \$27.9 million in

the Education Investment Fund (EIF) Regional Priorities round. The NSW State Government is contributing \$258300 to the project.

As part of the Science and Engineering Precinct project, phase one of the engineering building comprised a number of laboratory, teaching and office spaces as well as group study and student lounge spaces. This was completed in December 2013. Design of the second phase of the project (level two of the current library building) was also completed. Construction is due to commence following completion of the Learning Centre.

A number of other major projects continued during 2013 under a \$32 million Structural Adjustment Fund (SAF) grant.

In November, a project to upgrade 62 learning spaces commenced, including audiovisual, video conferencing and lecture recording facilities as well as physical upgrades for furniture and air-conditioning. These upgrades will further improve SCU's ability to deliver lectures across multiple sites, stream lectures and/or record for later playback, enhancing student flexibility and providing greater consistency in the technology used by academic staff. The project is scheduled for completion in Session 1, 2014.

Significant work on an integrated Unit and Course Management System (UCMS) was undertaken. The system went live on schedule in November with work on a variety of enhancements continuing into 2014. This new

system will deliver significant quality, productivity and cost benefits to SCU with the introduction of a single, authoritative repository for all course and unit information supported by standardised business and governance processes across all schools.

The desktop collaboration solution, Microsoft Lync, was rolled out to staff at all campuses. Integrated into SCU's email system and providing desktop video conferencing, screen sharing and Instant Message or online chat capabilities, Lync improved staff communications and reduced intercampus travel.

Construction of the Capital
Development Pool funded Asia Pacific
Football Institute in Lismore neared
completion with a first-class artificial
pitch fully installed and club and change
room facilities nearing completion. An
access road was installed and following
further minor fit out and landscaping
activities during 2014, the facility will be
complete.

Teaching and Learning

Southern Cross University supported students undertaking preparatory, undergraduate and postgraduate degrees at the Lismore, Gold Coast and Coffs Harbour campuses and by distance education. Courses were delivered through the University's seven academic schools and two colleges. The University operated The Hotel School Sydney in partnership with Mulpha Australia. A number of courses were also delivered through onshore and offshore education collaborations.

2013 Highlights

A review of the Division of Teaching and Learning was conducted in 2013 and the Vice Chancellor's response to the review triggered the move from a Division of Teaching and Learning to a Centre in early 2014. This change will enhance the delivery of services across the key areas of Teaching and Curriculum and Academic Skills Development.

A new project Inclusive Teaching and Curriculum, funded through the Higher Education Participation and Partnership Program, began in late August 2013 and continues for a year into 2014. The Teaching and Learning component of the Partners for the Future Project, under the federal government's Structural Adjustment Fund, focused on the implementation of the Personal Learning Environment concept across the University. This included upgrades to the learning management system, educational technologies available as part of the University's standard operating environment, and the introduction of the UCMS. Within the Division of Teaching and Learning, four project officers assisted school academic staff to transition to new University systems.

Teaching and Learning launched its first Scholarship of Teaching Symposium in October 2013. This event replaced the Festival of Teaching that had been part of the Teaching and Learning calendar for the past three years. The Visiting Scholar program in 2013 featured two key scholars – Professor Diana Laurillard, London Media Lab, UK, and Professor Marcia Devlin, Federation University. Both scholars' presentations attracted a wide audience from SCU campuses.

Teaching and Learning Grants

Australian Government Office for Learning and Teaching Grants

Dr Geoff Woolcott and Professor Leigh Sullivan, leading a Regional University Network project. 'It's part of my life: engaging university and community to enhance science and mathematics education' (\$1 000 000).

Dr Keri Moore, in a project led by Queensland University of Technology. Building institutional capacity to enhance access, participation and progression in work integrated learning (\$211 000).

Dr Judith Wilks, in conjunction with the University of Notre Dame Australia. Developing a culturally appropriate data quality framework for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander higher education statistics (\$50 000).

Associate Professor Gail Wilson, in conjunction with the University of Queensland.

Embedding a peer review culture in online and blended teaching and learning at two universities (\$30 000).

Schools and Colleges

School of Arts and Social Sciences

Southern Cross Business School

School of Education

School of Environment, Science and Engineering

Gnibi College of Indigenous Australian Peoples

School of Health and Human Sciences

School of Law and Justice

School of Tourism and Hospitality Management

SCU College



Citations

Citations were awarded to individuals and teams demonstrating an outstanding contribution to student learning, student engagement, or the overall student experience.

Australian Government Office for Learning and Teaching Citations

Julie Streckfuss, School of Health and Human Sciences

For sustained commitment to inspiring and engaging students in a contentheavy, confronting second year anatomy unit.

Vice Chancellor's Citations

Gopi McLeod, School of Health and Human Sciences

For transforming students in second year osteopathy from beginners to prepractice professionals through critically reflective learning

The Education for Sustainability in Bachelor of Business (ESBB) Team,

Southern Cross Business School and School of Tourism and Hospitality Management

Team members: Dr Tania von der Heidt, Dr Erica Wilson and Dr Geoffrey Lamberton

For a scholarly-driven, team-based approach that champions Education for Sustainability and enhanced learning and teaching the undergraduate business curriculum.

Research

During 2013, income from Australian Competitive Grant funding increased to \$4396366 million (unaudited estimate at time of printing) from \$3979317 million in 2012. The total research income for 2013 was \$13380209 (unaudited estimate at time of printing), up from the reported income for 2012 (\$13054042).

There was continued emphasis on maintaining the quality of research outputs (such as publications and how research is applied) and expanding other areas of research priority.

Research staff generated and disseminated research and provided training in key areas that have global and regional relevance. The University's participation in the Cooperative Research Centre (CRC) program continued to enable the University to build core capacity. Income from CRCs during 2013 was \$2214999 (unaudited estimate at time of printing).

SCU participated in the following CRCs:

- Rail Innovation
- Integrated Engineering Asset Management
- Wound Management Innovation
- Remote Economic Participation
- Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment
- Forestry.

The Division of Research managed Southern Cross University's two Special Research Centres — Southern Cross GeoScience and Southern Cross Plant Science, and the Environmental Analysis Laboratory (EAL) which provides important infrastructure underpinning research activities across the University. Five Research Centres were supported by the University: Centre for Coastal Biogeochemistry Research, Marine Ecology Research Centre, Centre for Tourism, Leisure and Work, Centre for Gambling Education and Research and the Centre for Children and Young People.

In 2013 the federal government's Collaborative Research Network (CRN) scheme continued to fund research at SCU in partnership with The University of Queensland, The University of New South Wales and the University of Sydney. This CRN network incorporated three elements linked to health, social wellbeing and economic sustainability. CRN projects enabled expertise to be shared between partners resulting in further enhancement of both income and publications across the disciplines represented. The CRN network also provided an excellent opportunity for project collaborations, and career development through workshops covering grant applications and publication strategies.

The Division supported research activities for staff and student researchers through several internal research schemes including the Collaborative Research Grants Scheme and a range of postgraduate student support schemes.

During 2013, the Division delivered

workshops to the SCU research community on a range of topics including: writing ARC grant applications, enhanced publication strategies, orientation for postgraduate students and general research support information sessions.

The Research Training Unit continued to implement supervisory staff professional development policies via workshops and to focus on improving programs, processes, on-time completion rates and student experience. The administration team continued to work closely with the Higher Degrees Research Committee to monitor and improve processes.



The University employed a total of 939 full-time equivalent staff (not including sessional or casual). Of these, 364 were academic and 575 were professional staff. The full breakdown of staff is included at *Appendix A*.

Staff Development and Performance

During 2013 initiatives designed to support and provide development opportunities for academic and professional staff were implemented. A range of leadership and management development programs were conducted with a strong focus on managing for performance. In addition, the framework for performance management was reviewed and improved to enhance the experience for staff.

The University continued its promotion of professional learning for staff through the Study Assistance Policy and the Special Studies Leave program.

In June, voluntary redundancies were offered to academic and professional employees. 34 employees had their applications approved.

Senior positions filled during 2013 included the Acting Head, School of Arts and Social Sciences (Professor Matthew Marshall), Director Gnibi College of Indigenous Australian Peoples (Dr Norm Sheehan), Director Financial Operations (Richard Jones) and Director Management Accounting (Stewart Brown). High performance by staff was recognised through the Vice Chancellor's Awards for Excellence, Vice Chancellor's Citations for Outstanding Contributions to Student Learning, the Professional Staff Rewards Program and the Community Engagement Awards.

Workplace Health and Safety

During 2013, 15 workers compensation claims were received, a reduction on the 19 claims made in 2012. The proactive approach by the University in health, safety and injury management resulted in only six of the 15 claims requiring time off work.

Health and safety training included Mental Health First Aid, Emergency Warden refresher training, Senior First Aid for designated First Aid Officers, Emergency Drills, workplace inspections training for Safety Support Officers, and chemical awareness.

The WHS team worked collaboratively with schools such as Health and Human Sciences on the implementation of safe systems of work at the Gold Coast campus. Safe work procedures, specialist training, new signage and periodic health and safety inspection programs were implemented across a diverse range of teaching and research related activities.

Disability Action Plan

In 2013, following consultation with stakeholders, the SCU Disability Action plan underwent a significant re-draft to ensure that it provided a more comprehensive and university-wide approach to maximise the positive impacts for students and staff with disability. Back on Track, a mental health casework service offered to University students in partnership with On Track Community Programs continued during 2013, with an increase in students accessing this service through referral from Student Disability and Equity Services.

Equal Employment and Opportunity

In 2013 the University continued to implement key strategies from its Equity and Diversity Plan 2011-2015.

Key achievements:

- Implemented key Equal Employment and Opportunity (EEO) strategies from the University's Equity and Diversity Plan 2011-2015.
- Developed and implemented the SCU EEO Management Plan 2013-2015.
- Implemented the Courageous
 Conversations about Race Program
 across the University with workshops
 for supervisors and managers.
- Promoted and affirmed staff and student awareness of equal opportunity and cultural diversity through cultural celebrations, workshops, promotional materials and events.
- Collected and analysed equal employment information for patterns which impact on equal opportunity.

Trends in the Representation of EEO Target Groups is included at *Appendix B*.

Multicultural Policies and Services Program

A number of events and activities were held across the University's campuses to promote diversity and celebrate the multicultural community. The annual Fusion Festival was held from September 2 to 6 at the Lismore, Coffs Harbour and Gold Coast campuses. The theme of the festival was 'UNIty in diVERSITY: the coming together of cultures and communities'. The event promoted intercultural understanding and communal harmony through interaction in various forms - cultural, educational, social and sporting, Guest speakers were highlighted throughout the week and included Mrs Bonita Mabo, crusader for her South Sea Islander people; Mr Sandy Sur from Vanuatu, who presented a film screening of the Leweton Cultural Group featuring the 'water music' from Espiritu Santo; and Ms Robin de Crespigny, author of 'The People Smuggler' and literary award winner including The Ned Kelly Award for True Crime. Brigid Muir OAM and Mt Everest summiteer gave a public talk video-linked across campuses about the 'Beyond the Smile' women's literacy program and other projects she has set up in the village of Lura in Nepal.

Harmony Day was celebrated across the three campuses with the theme 'Everyone Belongs: *Many Stories, One Australia*'.

Plan for 2014

During 2014, the University's Equity and Diversity Plan 2011-2015 will continue to be implemented. This is focused on supporting and promoting an inclusive culture for staff and students that embraces and supports a knowledge of, and respect for, equity and cultural diversity.

Key activities will include:

- A Diversity Lecture open to staff, students and the community.
- Forums that promote and affirm diversity and community harmony.

- Curricula, which is inclusive and considerate of cultural diversity.
- Develop a Chinese Language
 Referencing Guide to complement
 the existing Language Guide to
 Library Services and Resources and
 Chinese-speaking liaison librarian.
 The Language Guide to Library
 Services and Resources will also be
 embedded in appropriate units of
 study to provide translation and other
 assistance to English-as-a-secondlanguage learners. Librarians will also
 be available to provide face-to-face
 tutorials in information literacy skills.
- Continue student peer mentoring to support students in the transition to university life across all of the University's academic schools.
- Continue with celebrations and recognition of cultural diversity by holding cultural celebrations during the year with staff, students and the community.
- Continue to provide events on the Lismore, Coffs Harbour, and Gold Coast campuses bringing together students, staff and community members to affirm diversity and celebrate communal harmony.
- Continue to improve the University's Indigenous and equity profiles.
- Continue to promote a positive culture that is free from discrimination and harassment and recognises and values cultural diversity.
- Continue to offer Equal Opportunity
 Online training to all staff across
 the University and as a compulsory
 component of the induction process
 for new staff.
- Continue to promote a University culture that is supportive of diversity in order to attract and retain staff from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds.
- Continue to analyse and report on the staffing profile of people from culturally diverse backgrounds.

- Continue to build on successes in diversity initiatives and achievements and promote these within the University and in the local community.
- Continue to monitor and review
 all University plans and policies
 to identify opportunities to embed
 relevant cultural diversity strategies
 and targets to progress the
 University's commitment to cultural
 diversity and evaluate progress made
 towards creating an environment that
 supports diversity.
- Continue with proposed chaplaincy initiatives to increase the support and dialogue of people with religiously diverse backgrounds.
- The University's Equity and Diversity
 Committee will lead the development
 of the 2014 Multicultural Policies and
 Services Program (MPSP) which will
 include key strategies which address
 program requirements and how these
 will be evaluated.
- The Multicultural Policies Services
 Program will be promoted across the
 University and wider community.

The Southern Cross University
Multicultural Policies and Services
Program Report – 2013 is included at
Appendix C.

Student feedback and consumer response

Student Representation Committee

Following consultation across the University's student cohort during 2012, a new model for student representation was implemented, with the first Student Representation Committee elected and in office from January 1, 2013. The term of office for committee members is 12 months and elected members are limited to two consecutive terms of office.

The role of the Student Representation Committee representatives is to:

- develop recommendations for the Vice Chancellor about how the student services and amenities fee (SAAF) and non-SAAF student services monies should be spent;
- be the recognised means of communication between the student cohort and the University and promote harmonious relations between the student cohort and the University;
- represent the student cohort in matters affecting their educational, social and cultural interests, but excluding those solely or mainly concerned with religious or political interests;
- provide a forum for the dissemination, discussion and debate of information and knowledge about matters of student interest;
- promote the participation of the student cohort in, and the consideration of, matters affecting their interests;
- provide a point of contact for advocacy assistance to the student cohort as required; and
- comply with the Southern Cross University Act 1993 (NSW), all relevant University rules, policies and procedures and all relevant laws generally.

Complaints Framework

The University's Complaints Framework recognises that many complaints can be resolved informally with the relevant staff member. When this is not possible, students or members of the public can lodge a written formal complaint with the Complaints Assistance Officer under the *Complaints Policy - Students and Members of the Public*. An important function of the Complaints Assistance Officer is to provide advice and assistance to students about their options. During 2013, 14 formal complaints were actioned pursuant to the Complaints Policy. Of these, 10 complaints were either (fully or partially) upheld or recommendations made for changes to University policies or practices.

The Student Ombud Policy provides students with a final avenue for internal review if they are unhappy with an earlier decision. During 2013, a Student Ombud was appointed to investigate one complaint, however this investigation did not proceed at the student's request.

Academic Appeals

The Academic Board Appeals Committee is a Committee of Academic Board and a University body that assists in assuring quality and integrity in academic outcomes for students by considering potential irregularities in academic assessment and progression processes.

Academic Appeal Committee Determinations

Appeals	2012	2013
Considered	17	9
Successful	2	1

Sustainability and Waste

The University continued to demonstrate a strong commitment to environmental sustainability through its campus operations and regional leadership in 2013. The Sustainability, Partnerships and Community Engagement (SPaCE) work unit coordinated sustainability initiatives focused on sustainable education, operations, research and community engagement. In 2013, Southern Cross University was awarded Bronze Recognition from the NSW Government's Sustainability Advantage Program for its strong commitment to sustainability.

Transport

The University implemented a range of initiatives to enhance workplace productivity and alleviate unnecessary travel, effectively reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Initiatives included upgraded video conferencing technology and cloud-based communications platforms, such as Microsoft Lync. SCU achieved a 10 per cent reduction in Greenhouse Gas Emissions from its car fleet from 2012 to 2013.

During 2013, the University completed a Travel Mode and Behaviour Survey of staff and students to identify transport improvement strategies. The data collected highlighted significant potential for carpooling; identified improvements needed in public transport services; and indicated rates of active modes of transport. This data will inform a broader sustainable transport strategy to be rolled out in 2014.

Waste Management

The University joined the National Television and Computer Recycling Scheme which saw ewaste from the campuses traded-in or recycled. Sixteen tonnes of waste was collected from the Lismore campus and taken to Lismore City Council's ewaste recycling facility. An additional shipping container (approximately 33m²) was collected from Lismore campus by TechCollect. These products were broken down in Australia into their individual parts and materials and recycled.

A range of staff engagement initiatives resulted in increased recycling rates. Students and staff at the Coffs Harbour campus contributed to a 16 per cent increase in recycling rates from 2011 to 2013.

Resource Efficiency

Despite having added an additional 25 per cent floor space to the University's building profile, there was only a 1.9 per cent increase in energy consumption in 2013 from the previous year. This was the result of efficiency measures implemented by Facilities Management and Technology Services, including retrofit of lighting, timing devices, improved PC power management and enhanced building performance information through additional Archibus modules.

During 2013 the University reviewed printing across all campuses and a project to reduce the number of printers on campus and reduce the volume of paper used was scheduled to start in 2014.

Timers were installed in many of the campus hot water systems including the Carina Residential College at the Coffs Harbour campus. Coupled with proposed upgrades to the campus power factor correction systems it was expected that identifiable savings in consumption and demand would be evident in 2014. The base water flow of 20-25 litres per minute was reduced to a general flow of 5 litres per minute. It is expected that the cost of water should reduce in 2014.

Governance

Charter

Southern Cross University was established under the Southern Cross University Act 1993 (NSW). Section 6 of the Act identifies the object of the University as 'the promotion, within the limits of the University's resources, of scholarship, research, free inquiry, the interaction of research and teaching, and academic excellence'.

Under the Act, the University has the following principal functions for the promotion of its object:

- (a) The provision of facilities for education and research of university standard, having particular regard to the needs of the North Coast region of the State
- (b) The encouragement of the dissemination, advancement, development and application of knowledge informed by free inquiry
- (c) The provision of courses of study or instruction across a range of fields, and the carrying out of research, to meet the needs of the community
- (d) The participation in public discourse

- (e) The conferring of degrees, including those of Bachelor, Master and Doctor, and the awarding of diplomas, certificates and other awards
- (f) The provision of teaching and learning that engage with advanced knowledge and inquiry
- (g) The development of governance, procedural rules, admission policies, financial arrangements and quality assurance processes that are underpinned by the values and goals referred to in the functions set out in this subsection, and that are sufficient to ensure the integrity of the University's academic programs.

Southern Cross University is governed by a Council to which its Chief Executive Officer, the Vice Chancellor, reports.

The major academic body providing advice to Council on academic matters is the Academic Board. The Council, chaired by the Chancellor, has 17 members, including the Vice Chancellor, the Chair of the Academic Board, six members appointed by the Minister, four members appointed by Council, three elected staff members and one elected student member.

Organisational Structure

UNIVERSITY COUNCIL

VICE CHANCELLOR

Gold Coast campus Governance Services

Coffs Harbour campus

DEPUTY VICE CHANCELLOR

Southern Cross Business School School of Education

School of Health and Human Sciences School of Arts and Social Sciences

School of Tourism and Hospitality Management School of Environment, Science and Engineering

School of Law and Justice SCU College

Gnibi College of Indigenous Australian Peoples Office of Planning, Quality and Review

PRO VICE CHANCELLOR (ACADEMIC)

Division of Teaching and Learning

Equity and Diversity Office

PRO VICE CHANCELLOR (INTERNATIONAL AND ENTERPRISE)

SCU International

PRO VICE CHANCELLOR (RESEARCH)

Division of Research

Higher Degrees Research

Research Services and Grants

Southern Cross GeoScience

Southern Cross Plant Science

Environmental Analysis Laboratory

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (INFORMATION AND PHYSICAL RESOURCES)

Technology Services Quality Assurance Office

University Library Digital Resources Centre for Learning and Research

Facilities Management and Services

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (FINANCIAL AND HUMAN RESOURCES)

Financial and Business Services

HR Services

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (COMMUNITY AND CORPORATE RELATIONS)

Marketing and Recruitment Community Engagement

Development and Alumni Relations Graduation

Communications and Publications



2013 University Council Members

Management and Structure

University Council Members for the period 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2013

Chancellor and Chair of Council

The Hon John Robert Arthur Dowd AO QC, LLB(Syd)

Current term expires 26 September 2014

Deputy Chancellor

Mr Trevor Wilson BSc(Griff), DipIntBus(UNSW Global)

Ministerial appointment

Current term expires 2 September 2014

Vice Chancellor

Professor Peter Lee FTSE, BE(Chem)(RMIT), PhD(Monash)

Chair of Academic Board

Professor John Jenkins AssocDipHort(HAC), BA(Hons)

(NE), PhD(UNE)

Professor William Boyd BSc(Hons)(StAnd), MEdLead(HigherEd)(MACQU), DSc(StAnd), PhD(Glas)

Elected member of academic staff

Current term expires 9 September 2014

Ms Julie Granger LLM BA LLB(Hons)(SCU)

Graduate appointment

Current term expires 9 November 2014

Mr Anthony Matis BBus(SCU, FCPA)

Graduate appointment

Current term expires 9 November 2014

Mr Matthew Newell

Elected - student member

Current term expires 9 September 2014

Mr Neville Newell

Ministerial appointment

Current term expires 2 September 2014

Dr Amanda Reichelt-Brushett BAppSc(UNE NR), MSc(JCU), PhD(SCU)

Elected - academic staff

Current term expires 9 September 2014

Ms Janelle Anne Saffin DipT(NRCAE), BLegS(Macq)

Ministerial appointment

Current term expires 2 September 2014

Mr John B. Shanahan MCom(Hons)(NSW), FCA, MAICD, SF

Fin

External appointment

Current term expires 17 February 2017

Ms Margot Sweeny MEc(NE), BBus(NRCAE) CPA, SA Fin,

FAMI, MACS CT, JP

External appointment

Current term expires 17 February 2017

Ms Brenda Gradwell BintBus(Griff), GradDipIndLang(Griff)

Council Secretary

Appointed from 3 March 2013

The following members' appointments concluded

during 2013

Ms Rhoda Roberts

Ministerial appointment

Resigned 14 April 2013

The Hon Justice Terrence Sheahan AO, BA, LLB(Syd)

Ministerial appointment

Resigned 31 December 2013

Mr Warren Albert Grimshaw AM, BBus(NSWIT), ASTC

Ministerial appointment

Resigned 9 August 2013

Ms Fiona Wright BA(MAC), GradDipIT(IS) (CSturt)

Elected – non-academic staff member

Resigned 13 December 2013

Ms Helen Hughes BA(QLD)

Acting Council Secretary

Concluded appointment 2 March 2013

Council attendance is included at Appendix E.

Executive Officers

Vice Chancellor

Professor Peter Lee FTSE BE(Chem)(RMIT), PhD(Monash)

Deputy Vice Chancellor

Professor William MacGillivray BSc, PhD(Qld)

Pro Vice Chancellor (Research)

Professor Neal Ryan, BSc, MSc, MPhil, PhD(Griffith)

Pro Vice Chancellor (Academic)

Professor Andrew McAuley BA(Hons) PhD (Nottm) MAM MCIM

Pro Vice Chancellor (International and Enterprise)

Mr Chris Patton BA(UBC), MA(Guelph)

Executive Director, Community and Corporate Relations and Acting Council Secretary

Ms Helen Hughes BA(Qld) (ceasing in the role of Acting Council Secretary effective from 2/03/2013)

Executive Director, Information and Physical Resources

Mr Allan Morris GradDipInfoTech(Monash)

Executive Director, Financial and Human Resources

Travis Walker B Bus(Accounting)(RMIT), MBA(LaT) – commenced at SCU on 11 February 2013.

Executive Performance and Salary

EXCOUNTED TO CHOIT	larioo aria Galary				
Name	Position and Level	Remuneration Package	Period in Position	Results	Responsibility for Assessment of Performance
				Met all	
				performance	
Professor Peter Lee	Vice Chancellor	632374	Whole Year	objectives	Council
				Met all	
Professor William				performance	
MacGillivray	Deputy Vice Chancellor	404 053	Whole Year	objectives	Vice Chancellor
	Executive Director,			Met all	
	Community and			performance	
Ms Helen Hughes	Corporate Relations	291 328	Whole Year	objectives	Vice Chancellor
	Executive Director,			Met all	
	Financial and Human		11/2/12 to	performance	
Mr Travis Walker	Resources	260 571	31/12/13	objectives	Vice Chancellor
				Met all	
Professor Andrew	Pro Vice Chancellor			performance	
McAuley	(Academic)	299 920	Whole Year	objectives	Vice Chancellor
	Executive Director,			Met all	
	Information and			performance	
Mr Allan Morris	Physical Resources	304 866	Whole Year	objectives	Vice Chancellor
				Met all	
	Pro Vice Chancellor			performance	
Professor Neal Ryan	(Research)	335 431	Whole Year	objectives	Vice Chancellor
	Pro Vice Chancellor			Met all	
	(International and			performance	
Mr Chris Patton	Enterprise)	311 412	Whole Year	objectives	Vice Chancellor

Legal Change

New legislation and changes to legislation

The University is required to report on changes in acts and subordinate legislation and significant judicial decisions affecting the statutory body or users of the services provided by the body pursuant to the Annual Report (Statutory Bodies) Regulation 2010 (NSW).

Fair Work Amendment Act 2013 (Cth)

The Fair Work Amendment Act 2013 (Cth) (the "Amendment Act") was assented to on 28 June 2013. The Amendment Act includes a number of amendments to the "Right to request flexible working arrangements" and "Parental leave" provisions which came into effect from 1 July 2013. The remaining changes will take effect from 1 January 2014, and these include, amongst other things, the introduction of anti-bullying measures, and the requirement that modern awards and enterprise agreements must contain a term requiring employers to consult with employees about changes to their regular rosters or ordinary hours of work. The University reviewed relevant policies and procedures as a result of the changes introduced by the Amendment Act.

Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2013 No 2 (NSW)

In 2013, the NSW Government established the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, to be known as 'NCAT'. The Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2013 No 2 (NSW) sets out NCAT's governance framework and contains provisions that are required to facilitate NCAT's establishment. More than 20 of the state's tribunals were integrated into NCAT, which provides a single gateway for tribunal services to the people of NSW. The Administrative Decisions Tribunal is one of the Tribunals that was integrated into the new NCAT. This is of relevance to the University because access applications and privacy requests now have review avenues to the new NCAT. The Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2013 No 2 (NSW) was assented to on 20 November 2013. The Act will commence on 1 January 2014.

Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2013 (NSW)

This legislation amended the Southern Cross University Act 1993 (NSW) so that documents that require authentication may be sufficiently authenticated without a seal, in accordance with section 50(3) of the Interpretation Act 1987 (NSW). It also clarified the prohibition of Council members from taking part in any deliberation or decision with respect to a matter in which they have a material interest. The amendment makes it clear that the provision does not prevent the Council member from taking part in any consideration, discussion or voting with respect to their remuneration.

Privacy and Personal Information

The Annual Report (Statutory Bodies) Regulation 2010 (NSW) requires the University to report on the action taken in complying with the requirements of the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 (NSW) ("PPIP Act") and to provide statistical details of any review conducted by or on behalf of the University under Part 5 of the PPIP Act.

The steps that the University has taken during 2013 to ensure compliance with PPIP Act include: updating privacy collection notices for sections of the University, and providing privacy advice and information to members of the University community. The University's Privacy Management Plan, which is published on the University's website (www.scu.edu.au/ privacy), sets out the University's privacy practices including for the collection, handling, use, storage and disclosure of personal information. The Plan was reviewed during 2013 and will be formally updated in 2014.

The University conducted three reviews under Part 5 of the PPIP Act during 2013.

The first application related to an email that was sent by a student to a staff member and which contained personal information. The student complained when the email was then circulated by that staff member to members of staff, including a staff member's external personal email address, without the consent of the student. Investigations by the reviewing officer concluded that the email had been sent to the staff member's external address in error due to the auto-complete function within Microsoft Outlook. The reviewing officer determined that there was no evidence that the University had breached the PPIP Act in regard to the complaint. The review recommended that procedures be established to remind students of the University's Privacy Management Plan and associated notices. It also recommended that an all-staff email be circulated to remind staff of the care that must be taken when emailing and how to disable the auto-complete function. The review recommendations were carried out by the University.

The second application related to a decision by the University to regard a privacy access application as invalid. The reviewing officer determined that the alleged conduct had occurred, that it did not comply with the information privacy principles/ public register provisions and that the non-compliance was not authorised. As a result of the review, the University acted immediately to treat the privacy access application as valid, and provided the applicant with the information applied for.

The third application related to a decision by the University to not amend personal information. The complaint related to a former employee's request for the University to amend a report drafted in 2008 by an external party. The University had offered to annex a statement by the former employee to all University records of the report to correct the personal information. The reviewing officer upheld the decision and again extended the offer to the former employee to provide a statement for the University to annex to all records of the report.

The University communicated with the Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner in relation to all three applications during the review process.

Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009

Program for the release of information

The Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 (NSW) ("GIPA Act") requires the University to review, at least annually, its program for the release of information that is in the public interest to be made publicly available without imposing unreasonable additional costs on the University. The Government Information (Public Access) Regulation 2010 (NSW) requires that details of this review be included in the University's annual report.

Procedures are in place to enable anyone wishing to obtain information to do so and the emphasis is on the facilitation of access to documentation wherever possible. As much information as practical regarding the University's affairs is publicly available or accessible through administrative mechanisms.

During the reporting period, the University conducted a review of this program. No further information was made publicly available as a result of this review.

Number of access applications received

During 2013, the University received a total of four formal access applications (including withdrawn applications but not invalid applications).

Number of refused applications for Schedule 1 information

The University refused a total of three formal access applications because the information requested was information referred to in Schedule 1 to the GIPA Act i.e. information for which there was a conclusive presumption of overriding public interest against disclosure. Of those applications, one was refused in full, and two were refused in part.

Statistical information about access applications is available at *Appendix D*.

Public Interest Disclosures

The Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994 (NSW) ("PID Act") sets in place a system to encourage public officials to report serious wrongdoing. Under section 6D of the PID Act, public authorities are required to have a policy and procedures for receiving, assessing and dealing with reports of wrongdoing. The University is a NSW public authority and its Public Interest Disclosures Policy satisfies this requirement.

Public authorities are required to report annually to Parliament on their obligations under Section 31 of the PID Act.

The University's report for 2013:

Number of public officials who made Public Interest	0
Disclosures (PIDs) to the University	
Number of PIDs received by the University	0
Of PIDs received by the University, number primarily	N/A
about:	
Corrupt conduct	
Maladministration	
Serious and substantial waste of public money	
Government information contravention	
Number of PIDs finalised	N/A

During 2013 the Vice Chancellor, as the head of the University, undertook the following actions to ensure that his staff awareness responsibilities under section 6E(1)(b) of the PID Act were met: Policy briefing to senior managers in relation to the University's Public Interest Disclosures Policy; staff attended training provided by the NSW Ombudsman in relation to the PID Act; links to the Public Interest Disclosures Policy were created on the University's intranet and internet sites.

Risk Management

Oversight of the University's risk management policy and procedures is provided by the University Council's Audit and Risk Management Committee, ensuring the effective governance of risk management.

The University's aim is to have in place a strategy, structure and process to effectively identify and manage, in a timely fashion and at an appropriate level, its exposure to risk.

To achieve this, the key strategic risks faced by the University were identified and analysed and, where appropriate, action plans for the mitigation of unacceptably high risks developed.

Organisational Unit Heads also report to University Council's Audit and Risk Management Committee on a rotational basis regarding operational risk management for their respective Units.

A Risk Management Report is provided to the University Council for each of its meetings.

In the second half of 2013 the University commenced a phase of review and improvement of the Risk Management Framework and implementation of the associated Risk Management Action Plan was under way.

Insurance

The University effected the following forms of insurance cover in 2013:

- Industrial Special Risk (Property)
- General and Products Liability (including Casual Hirer's Liability)
- Professional Indemnity
- Management Liability
- Medical Malpractice
- Clinical Trials
- Motor Vehicle
- Corporate Travel
- Marine Hull
- Group Personal Injury
- Workers' Compensation

Premiums for the University's core insurance protections and ancillary classes again remained relatively stable for the 2013/14 protection period.

The Professional Liability premium decreased slightly notwithstanding an increase in coverage.

The Motor Vehicle and Marine Hull insurance premiums increased marginally based on fleet value, and the cost of Corporate Travel insurance remained unaltered from the previous year.

Overall the University's claims' record remains very good but risk management issues and the structure of the insurance portfolio continue to be priority areas for consideration into the future. New and emerging risks and the degree to which the University is exposed to such risks have been taken into account when determining the limits of insurance, policy deductibles and classes of cover during the annual renewal process.

Financial and Business Services

Southern Cross University and its controlled entities (the economic entity) is comprised of the following:

- Southern Cross University
- Norsearch Limited

Norsearch Limited's objective is to provide services and amenities to students and staff of the University. Its principal activities are to provide a licensed bar and on-campus catering service; gymnasium and pool; and conference facilities.

The Financial Statements include the audited financial statements for the economic entity.

Review of Operations

Southern Cross University and its controlled entities reported a consolidated net loss of \$6.7 million for the year ending 31 December 2013. The University reported a net loss of \$5.9 million, reflecting programs in teach-out and write down of asset values relating to the demolition of some of the Lismore plaza buildings in readiness for the construction of the new Learning Centre, development costs of land for resale, and library books no longer in use.

The 2013 financial performance included \$9.2 million in non-recurrent grant revenue for refurbishing phase one of the Lismore science and engineering precinct; the continued roll-out of the Personal Learning Environment; the new Learning Centre and the second phase of the Gold Coast campus.

Total consolidated revenue from continuing operations was \$192.5m reflecting a decrease of 1.2 per cent on 2012. The majority of the decrease in revenue and the flow-on to the operating result arose from Australian Commonwealth Grants. Commonwealth Grants included the Diversity and Structural Adjustment Fund, Education Investment Fund and the Commonwealth Grant scheme. In addition, revenue declined from the teach-out of some collaborations.

Consolidated expenses from continuing operations increased by 3.7 per cent on 2012. Graph 2 provides an analysis of expenditure by source compared to the prior year. Employee costs increased by 4.9 per cent due to increases in the Enterprise Bargaining Agreement and staff numbers. Depreciation expense rose by 18.5 per cent as a result of the commissioning of major assets constructed, such as the Gold Coast campus Building B. Borrowing costs were recognised

this year due to the commencement of drawdowns on the University's loan facility.

Significant decreases were made in travel-related expenses and other non-salary discretionary items.

Investment Performance

The University's investment funds of \$16 million as at 31 December 2013 were made up of cash investments (maturing 90 days or less).

The average rate of return is shown below in comparison to the TCorp Cash Hourglass Facility.

Cash Investments 3.87%

TCorp Hourglass Facility – Cash 1.46%

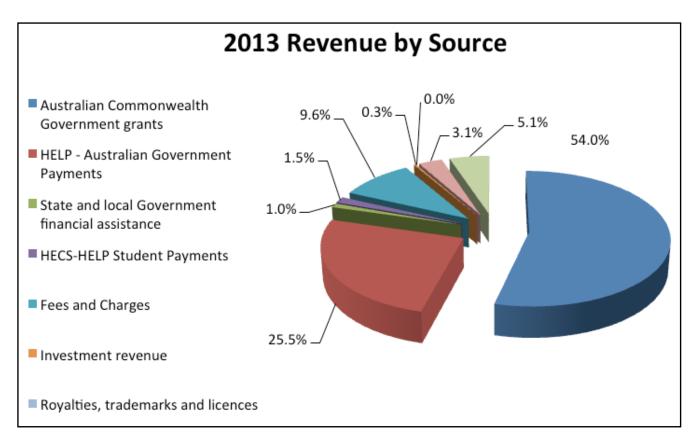
As investments are held as interest bearing deposits and on-call bank deposits, the only impact of economic events has been on the future earning potential due to lower interest rates, with no impact on the invested values.

Credit Card Certification

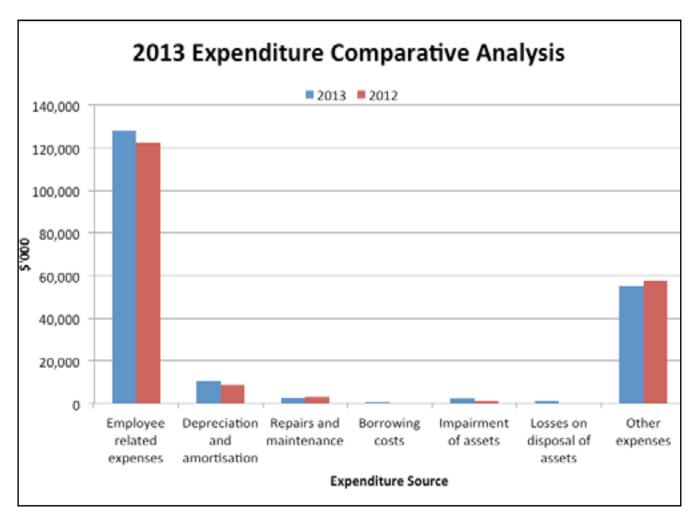
During the 2013 financial year, credit card use was in accordance with both the University's Corporate Credit Card Policy and Purchasing Policy. These policies are based on the requirements of the New South Wales Treasury.

Credit card use within the University was largely limited to claimable work-related travel expenses and accommodation (excluding airfares), and for minor consumable expenses where the use of credit cards is a more efficient process.

Card holders are required to sign a declaration that their obligations and duties in relation to the use of credit cards have been explained to them before a credit card is issued. Those issued with a credit card can review their expenses on a daily basis via the University's expense management system. On a monthly basis, card holders are required to verify and certify that expenses were for official University business. At this time original tax invoices must be attached to the Acquittal Document and forwarded to University administration, where they are matched with the online acquittals which have been examined and authorised by delegated senior officers. The University follows a strict process of reporting of credit cards where they are used outside of policy or not acquitted in a timely manner.



Graph 1: Revenue by Source



Graph 2: Expenditure Comparative Analysis

Payment of Accounts

The University's payment terms in respect of its creditors are 30 days. In 2013, 79 per cent of invoices were paid in accordance with these terms. No interest was incurred during 2013.

Land Disposal

The University disposed of its minor land holdings at 13 Parkwalk Drive, Goonellabah during 2013.

Consultants

The University engaged a range of consultants to provide recommendations or high level specialist or professional advice to assist in decision making by management. Table 1 lists the consultancies that were engaged by the University and the fees paid for their services during the year ended 31 December 2013. Table 2 lists those consultants costing greater than \$50 000.

Table 1: Consultancies costing less than \$50000

Consultancy	No.	\$s
Information Technology	3	112159
Management Services	11	233 285
Environmental Services	2	36 871
Engineering Services	4	111 611
Total consultancies costing less	493 926	

Table 2: Consultancies costing more than \$50000

Consultant Name	Description	\$ s
Aarnet	Project management	56 856
	services for the rollout of	
	the upgrade of audiovisual	
	equipment.	
Arthur Shriberg	Consulting services for the	60808
	Southern Cross Business	
	School	
The Parthenon	Consulting services for the	54323
Group	development of international	
	partnerships	
GHD Pty Ltd	Landscaping design and	59 922
	planning services	
Newton Denny	Collection of data to build	50 966
Chappelle	3D model of Lismore	
Surveyors	campus	
Mark Norris and	Review access and mobility	75 081
Associates	between buildings on	
	Lismore campus and	
	prepare concept plans and	
	cost estimates for upgrade	
	works	
NSW Department	Asset condition assessments	77 574
of Public Works	and review of roof	
	access and fire hydrant	
	configuration	
Total consultancie	s costing more than \$50000	435 530

Southern Cross University	Actual	Budget	Budget
Statement of Comprehensive Income	2013	2013	2014
	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Income from continuing operations			
Australian Government financial assistance			
Australian Government grants	104 195	96018	117717
HELP - Australian Government payment	49 152	44 163	50817
State and local government financial assistance	1 851	-	
HECS-HELP - student payment	2838	3077	3170
Fees and charges	18572	28115	25148
Investment revenue	549	477	381
Royalties, trademarks and licences	553	-	
Consultancy and contracts	5 948	2546	4011
Other revenue	8 8 6 7	11 190	11169
Total revenue from continuing operations	192525	185 110	212413
Gain on disposal of assets	-	-	
Share of profit on investments accounted for using			
the equity method	405	-	
Gain on foreign exchange differences	99	-	
Total revenue and income from continuing operations	193 029	185 110	212413
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee related expenses	128 087	128 452	12783
Depreciation and amortisation	10280	6310	10598
Repairs and maintenance	2 5 5 6	2287	3346
Borrowing costs	447		2200
Impairment of assets	2 2 4 7	-	
Loss on disposal of assets	829		
Deferred superannuation expense	110	-	
Other expenses	55 194	55 356	58962
Total expenses from continuing operations	199750	192404	202937
Net result from continuing operations	(6721)	(7 293)	947
Net result attributable to members of Southern Cross University	(6721)	(7 293)	9 475

Southern Cross University	Actual	Budget	Budget
Statement of financial position	2013	2013	2014
	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	18920	19250	12382
Trade and other receivables	13 470	6 0 4 2	8 586
Inventories	26	8	-
Other assets	3 3 2 1	2720	3 3 3 3 9
Total current assets	35 737	28 020	24307
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	53 052	56827	71 966
Investments accounted for using the equity method	(1719)	275	-
Property, plant and equipment	230 071	259700	273 464
Investment property	825	1210	825
Intangible assets	467	1916	1 389
Total non-current assets	282 696	319928	347 644
Total assets	318433	347 948	371 951
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10779	9 5 9 1	12513
Borrowings	2 440	-	2 4 4 0
Provisions	21 692	20660	23 688
Other liabilities	7 898	7731	5900
Total current liabilities	42809	37 982	44 54 1
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		42 560	_
Borrowings	 18340	-	38900
Provisions	 55 689	59552	73617
Total non-current liabilities	74 029	102112	112517
Total liabilities	116838	140 094	157 058
Net assets	201 595	207854	214893
Equity	201 595	207 854	214893

Southern Cross University and Controlled Entities

ABN 41 995 651 524

Financial Statements for the 2013 Reporting Period

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Southern Cross University

ABN 41 995 651 524

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Statement by the Members of Council 31 December 2013

In accordance with a resolution of the Council of Southern Cross University and pursuant to Section 41 C (1B) and (1C) of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, we state that:

- (a) The financial report of Southern Cross University exhibits a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2013 and financial performance of the University for the financial year ended on that date;
- (b) The amount of Australian Government financial assistance expended during the reporting period was for the purpose(s) for which it was intended and Southern Cross University has complied with applicable legislation, contracts, agreements and programme guidelines in making expenditure;
- (c) The financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other mandatory professional reporting requirements, the provisions of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010 and the Financial Statement Guidelines for Australian Higher Education Providers 2013.
- (d) Southern Cross University charged Student Services and Amentities Fees strictly in accordance with the Higher Education Support Act 2003 and the Administration Guidelines under the Act. Revenue from the fee was spent strictly in accordance with the Act and only on services and amenities specified in subsection 19 clause 38 (4) of the Act.

In addition, we are not aware at the date of signing these statements of any circumstances which would render any particulars included in the financial report to be misleading or inaccurate and there are reasonable grounds to believe that Southern Cross University will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Chancellor

Peter Lee

Vice Chancellor

ARIL 2014

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2013 000's \$	2012 000's \$	2013 000's \$	2012 000's \$
Net result from continuing operations Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(6,721)	3,347	(5,949)	3,912
Net actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in respect of Defined Benefits Plans	325	(86)	325	(86)
Total comprehensive income	(6,396)	3,261	(5,624)	3,826
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Members of the parent entity	(6,396)	3,261	(5,624)	3,826
Total	(6,396)	3,261	(5,624)	3,826

Income Statement

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		000's	000's	000's	000's
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue from continuing operations					
Australian Government financial assistance					
Australian Government grants HELP - Australian Government	2	104,195	106,594	104,195	106,594
Payment	2	49,152	44,962	49,152	44,962
State and local Government					
financial assistance	3	1,851	1,554	1,851	1,554
HECS-HELP - Student Payments		2,838	3,077	2,838	3,077
Fees and charges	4	18,572	19,174	18,572	19,174
Investment revenue	5	549	1,439	1,434	2,209
Royalties, trademarks and licences	6	553	551	553	551
Consultancy and contracts	7	5,948	7,158	5,948	7,158
Other revenue	8	8,867	10,398	7,738	8,304
Total revenue from continuing					
operations		192,525	194,907	192,281	193,583
Gains on disposal of assets		-	623	-	623
Share of profit on investments					
accounted for using the equity method	20	405	382	_	_
Gain on exchange differences		99	-	99	-
Total revenue and income from					
continuing operations		193,029	195,912	192,380	194,206
Employee related expenses	9	128,087	122,101	126,862	120,702
Depreciation and amortisation	10	10,280	8,674	10,276	8,655
Repairs and maintenance	11	2,556	2,961	2,550	2,931
Borrowing costs	12	447	-	447	-
Impairment of assets	13	2,247	1,105	2,247	1,104
Loss on disposal of assets		829	-	829	-
Deferred superannuation expense		110	128	110	128
Other expenses	14	55,194	57,596	55,008	56,774
Total expenses from continuing					
operations		199,750	192,565	198,329	190,294
Net result from continuing					
operations		(6,721)	3,347	(5,949)	3,912
Net result attributable to members of Southern Cross University	_	(6,721)	3,347	(5,949)	3,912

Statement of Financial Position

As At 31 December 2013

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		000's	000's	000's	000's
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	16	18,920	12,176	18,860	12,107
Receivables	17	13,470	7,788	14,372	8,352
Inventories	18	26	35	6	9
Other non-financial assets	19	3,321	3,238	3,315	3,238
Total current assets		35,737	23,237	36,553	23,706
Non-current assets					
Receivables	17	53,052	66,388	53,052	66,388
Investments accounted for using the	00	(4.740)	(4.007)	075	075
equity method	20 22	(1,719) 230,071	(1,237)	275	275 226,472
Property, plant and equipment Investment properties	21	230,071 825	226,490 1,000	230,057 825	1,000
Intangible assets	23	467	1,539	467	1,539
Total non-current assets		282,696	294,180	284,676	295,674
Total assets	_	318,433	317,417	321,229	319,380
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	24	10,779	11,795	10,694	11,705
Borrowings	25	2,440	-	2,440	-
Provisions	26	21,692	22,328	21,646	22,215
Other liabilities	27	7,898	5,912	7,898	5,904
Total current liabilities		42,809	40,035	42,678	39,824
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowings	25	18,340	-	18,340	-
Provisions	26	55,689	69,391	55,670	69,391
Total non-current liabilities		74,029	69,391	74,010	69,391
Total liabilities		116,838	109,426	116,688	109,215
Net assets	_	201,595	207,991	204,541	210,165
Equity	00	004 505	007.004	004.544	240 405
Retained earnings	28	201,595	207,991	204,541	210,165
Total equity	_	201,595	207,991	204,541	210,165

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Parent		
	Retained Earnings Total 000's 000's		
	\$	\$	
Balance at 1 January 2012	206,339	206,339	
Net result for the year	3,912	3,912	
Other comprehensive income	(86)	(86)	
Balance at 31 December 2012	210,165	210,165	
Balance at 1 January 2013	210,165	210,165	
Net result for the year	(5,949)	(5,949)	
Other comprehensive income	325	325	
Balance at 31 December 2013	204,541	204,541	

	Consolida	Consolidated		
	Retained Earnings	Total		
	000's \$	000's \$		
Balance at 1 January 2012	204,730	204,730		
Net result for the year	3,347	3,347		
Other comprehensive income	(86)	(86)		
Balance at 31 December 2012	207,991	207,991		
Balance at 1 January 2013	207,991	207,991		
Net result for the year	(6,721)	(6,721)		
Other comprehensive income	325	325		
Balance at 31 December 2013	201,595	201,595		

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		000's	000's	000's	000's
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Australian Government Grants	2(h)	146,347	151,855	146,347	151,855
OS-HELP (net)	2(h)	(167)	4	(167)	4
State Government Grants		2,321	1,628	2,321	1,628
HECS-HELP - Student payments		2,168	3,058	2,168	3,058
Receipts from student fees and other customers		39,344	33,867	37,766	33,867
Payments to suppliers and employees		(192,498)	(183,465)	(190,976)	(183,429)
Interest received		562	1,611	560	1,609
Interest paid		(402)	-	(402)	-
GST recovered/paid		3,585	6,230	3,654	6,296
Net cash provided by operating activities	37	1,260	14,788	1,271	14,888
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		557	790	557	677
Proceeds from disposal of non- current assets held for sale		-	1,530	-	1,530
Joint venture distributions received		887	848	887	848
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(16,740)	(38,992)	(16,742)	(38,975)
Purchase of intangible assets		-	(1,257)	-	(1,257)
Net cash used by investing activities		(15,296)	(37,081)	(15,298)	(37,177)
Cash flows from financing					
activities: Proceeds from borrowings		22,000	_	22,000	_
Payment of borrowings		(1,220)	_	(1,220)	_
Net cash provided by financing		(:,===)		(-,==0)	
activities		20,780	-	20,780	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		6,744	(22,293)	6,753	(22,289)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		12,176	34,469	12,107	34,396
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	16	18,920	12,176	18,860	12,107
	_	.0,020	,	. 5,000	.2,101

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is set out below. The policies have been applied for all years presented unless otherwise stated. The financial statements include separate statements for Southern Cross University as the parent entity and the consolidated entity consisting of Southern Cross University and its subsidiaries.

Southern Cross University is a Higher Education Provider which has been established under the Southern Cross University Act 1993. The principal address of Southern Cross University is Military Road, Lismore NSW 2480.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The general purpose financial statements of Southern Cross University have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB).

Additionally the statements have been prepared in accordance with the following statutory requirements:

- Higher Education Support Act 2003 (Financial Statement Guidelines)
- Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010.

Southern Cross University is a not-for-profit entity and these financial statements have been prepared on that basis. The Australian Accounting Standards include requirements for not-for-profit entities which are inconsistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and to the extent these inconsistencies are applied, these financial statements do not comply with IFRS. The main impact is in the following accounting treatments:

- the offsetting of impairment losses within a class of assets
- the timing of the recognition of non-reciprocal revenue.

Date of authorisation for issue

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the members of Southern Cross University on 4 April 2014.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, as modified by the measurement at fair value of certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property, where applicable.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying Southern Cross University's accounting policies. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed below:

- Estimated useful life assessments of property, plant and equipment assets
- Measurement and recognition of employee benefits provisions
- Impairment of trade and other receivables
- Impairment of property, plant and equipment assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Principles of Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Southern Cross University ('parent entity') as at 31 December 2013 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Southern Cross University and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the Group or the Consolidated Entity.

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the ability to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(ii) Joint ventures

Joint venture operations

The proportionate interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of a joint venture operation have been incorporated into the financial statements under the appropriate headings. Details of the joint venture are set out in note 35.

Joint venture entities

The interest in a joint venture entity is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method and is carried at cost by the parent entity. Under the equity method, the share of the profits or losses of the entity is recognised in the income statement and the share of movements in reserves is recognised in reserves in the statement of comprehensive income and statement of changes in equity. Details relating to the entity are set out in note 20.

(c) Comparative Amounts

Comparative information has been reclassified to enhance comparability in respect of changes in presentation adopted in the current year and to ensure compliance with the *Financial Statement Guidelines for Australian Higher Education Providers for the 2013 Reporting Period,* as published by the Department of Education.

The comparative information in the income statement for Royalties, trademarks and licences and Other revenue was amended by \$537,000 for changes to the disclosure of licence fees relating to student accommodation. Deferred superannuation expense was amended by \$96,000 for changes resulting from revisions to AASB 119 Employee Benefits, refer to note 1 e).

The comparative information in the statement of cash flows for Joint venture distributions received has been reclassified to investing activities due to the nature of the arrangements with joint venture partners.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Comparative Amounts (continued)

The comparative information in the note disclosures of Employee related expenses, Receivables, Other Liabilities, Key Management Personnel, Financial Risk Management, Fair Value Measurement and the Reconciliation of net result to net cash flow provided from operating activities have also been reclassified and amended.

(d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances rebates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

(i) Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where the Group obtains control of the right to receive the grant, it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and it can be reliably measured.

(ii) HELP payments

Revenue from HELP is categorised into those received from the Australian Government and those received directly from students. Revenue is recognised and measured in accordance with the revenue recognition policy above.

(iii) Student fees and charges

Fees and charges are recognised as income in the year of receipt, except to the extent that fees and charges relate to courses to be held in future periods. Such receipts are treated as income in advance. Conversely, fees and charges relating to debtors are recognised as revenue in the year to which the prescribed course relates.

(iv) Royalties, trademarks and licences

Revenue from royalties, trademarks and licences is recognised as income when earned.

(v) Consultancy and contracts

Contract revenue is recognised in accordance with the percentage of completion method. The stage of completion is measured by reference to labour hours incurred to date as a percentage of estimated total labour hours for each contract.

(vi) Lease income

Lease income from operating leases is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits including wages and salaries are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liability is settled, if it is expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period, and is recognised in other payables. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates payable.

(ii) Other long-term obligations

The liability for other long-term employee benefits such as annual leave, and long service leave is recognised in current provisions for employee benefits if it is expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period. It is measured at the present value expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Regardless of the expected timing of settlements, provisions made in respect of employee benefits are classified as a current liability, unless there is an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date, in which case it would be classified as a non-current liability.

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Group are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death from the Group's superannuation plan. The Group has a defined benefit section and defined contribution section within its plan. The defined benefit section provides defined lump sum benefits based on years of service and final average salary. The defined contribution section receives fixed contributions from the Group and the Group's legal or constructive obligation is limited to these contributions. The employees of the parent entity are all members of the defined contribution section of the Group's plan.

A liability or asset in respect of defined benefit superannuation plans is recognised in the statement of financial position, and is measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of the superannuation fund's assets at that date and any unrecognised past service cost. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is based on expected future payments which arise from membership of the fund to the reporting date, calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in the retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the statement of financial position.

Past service costs are recognised in income immediately.

Contributions to the defined contributions section of Southern Cross University's superannuation fund and other independent defined contribution superannuation funds are recognised as an expense when payable.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Employee benefits (continued)

(iv) Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts an offer of benefits in exchange for the termination of employment.

The Group recognises termination benefits as an expense when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawa, or to providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

(v) Changes in accounting policy

The adoption of the revised AASB 119 resulted in two changes to Southern Cross University's accounting policy which affected items recognised in the financial statements:

All past service costs are now recognised immediately in the income statement. Previously, past service costs were amortised on a straight line basis over the vesting period where the changes to the superannuation fund are conditional on employees remaining in service for a specified period of time. This has not had a material impact on the income statement.

The amount of the defined benefit expense that would have been recognised in profit and loss under the revised standard is higher than the amount that would have been recognised previously, with an equal and opposite change to the amount recognised as remeasurement in comprehensive income. This is the result of the replacement of the expected return on plan assets and separate interest amounts with a net interest amount. The net impact on total comprehensive income is nil and accordingly there is no impact on the statement of financial position for this change.

As the revised standard must be adopted retrospectively, adjustments to the retired benefit obligations have been recognised at the beginning of the earliest period presented (1 January 2012) and the income statement and statement of comprehensive income were restated for the comparative period.

The revised standard has also changed the accounting for employee benefit obligations, namely annual leave and sick leave. As the entity does not expect the annual leave obligation to be settled wholly within twelve months from the end of the reporting period, it is classified as long-term benefits in its entirety. This has changed measurement of the obligation as it is now measured on a discounted basis and no longer split into short and long term portions. This has not had a material impact on the value of the obligation as the majority of the leave is still expected to be taken within a short timeframe after the end of the reporting period.

(f) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other short-term and long-term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases (note 32).

Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(h) Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable/receivable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction effects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities relating to the same taxation authority are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and they are intended to be either settled on a net basis, or the asset is to be realised and the liability settled simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised outside profit and loss are also recognised outside profit and loss.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

For statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(j) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition. Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off.

A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivable are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

(k) Inventories

(i) Finished goods

Finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(I) Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories: loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than twelve months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the statement of financial position.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(I) Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on loans and receivables are reversed through the income statement.

(m) Property, Plant and Equipment

All property, plant and equipment items are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given up or liabilities undertaken at the date of acquisition, incidental costs directly attributable to the acquisition and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which occurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

The consolidated entity has elected to recognise all land, building and infrastructure at deemed cost. The deemed cost of the non-current assets is the carrying value at 1 January 2004.

These values were based on the 2002 independent valuation prepared by a member of the Australian Property Institute.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Class	Useful Life (years)
Buildings	10-60
Plant and equipment	2-30
Improvements	5
Infrastructure	7 - 70
Library collections	5

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(n) Investment property

Investment properties exclude properties held to meet service delivery objectives of Southern Cross University.

Investment properties are recognised at cost. Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised when it is probable the future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed performance of the asset will flow to Southern Cross University. Where an investment property is acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, its cost shall be deemed to be its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Rental revenue from the leasing of investment properties is recognised in the income statement in the periods in which it is receivable, as this represents the pattern of service rendered through the provision of the properties.

The investment properties are depreciated on a straight line basis over 40 years.

(o) Intangible Assets

Software has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. It has an estimated useful life of between two and five years.

(p) Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(q) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year, which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(r) Provisions

Provisions for legal claims and service warranties are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(r) Provisions (continued)

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to changes in the discount rate and the passage of time are recognised as a finance cost.

(s) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities, which are not an incremental cost relating to the actual draw-down of the facility, are recognised as prepayments and amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the facility.

Borrowings are removed from the statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or other expenses.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date and does not expect to settle the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

(t) Fair value measurement

The fair value of certain assets and liabilities must be measured for recognition and disclosure purposes.

The Group classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The fair value of assets or liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date (Level 1). The quoted market price used for assets held by the Group is the most representative of fair value in the circumstances within the bid-ask spread.

The fair value of assets or liabilities that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter-derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments (Level 2) are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques that are not based on observable market data (Level 3) such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining assets and liabilities. The fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The fair value of forward exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange market rates at the reporting date. The level in the fair value hierarchy shall be determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Fair value measurement of non-financial assets is based on the highest and best use of the asset. The Group considers market participants use of, or purchase price of the asset, to use it in a manner that would be highest and best use.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(t) Fair value measurement (continued)

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

(u) Unfunded Superannuation

In accordance with the 1998 instructions issued by the Department of Education, Training and Youth Affairs (DETYA) now known as the Department of Education (Education), the effects of the unfunded superannuation liabilities of Southern Cross University and its controlled entities were recorded in the income statement and the statement of financial position for the first time in 1998. The prior years' practice had been to disclose liabilities by way of a note to the financial statements.

The unfunded liabilities recorded in the statement of financial position under Provisions have been determined by independent actuaries appointed by each defined benefit plan and relate to the assessment of the gross superannuation liabilities for the defined benefits scheme administered by the SAS Trustee Corporation for the year ended 31 December 2013.

These schemes include the State Superannuation Scheme (SSS), the State Authorities Superannuation Scheme (SASS) and the State Authorities Non-Contributory Superannuaiton Scheme (SANCS).

Contributions are made by the University to employee superannuation funds and are expensed when incurred.

An arrangement exists between the Australian Government and the State Government to meet the unfunded liability for the University's beneficiaries of the State Superannuation Scheme on an emerging cost basis. The arrangement is evidenced by the *Higher Education Funding Act 1988* and subsequent amending legislation. Accordingly, the unfunded liabilities have been recognised in the balance sheet under Provisions with a corresponding asset recognised under Receivables. The recognition of both the asset and the liability consequently does not effect the year end net asset position of the University.

For specific treatments and discloses refer to note 40.

(v) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Southern Cross University's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(v) Foreign currency translation (continued)

Qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges in a foreign operation shall be accounted for by recognising the portion of the gain or loss determined to be an effective hedge in other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion in profit or loss.

If gains or losses on non-monetary items are recognised in other comprehensive income, translation gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. Similarly, if gains or losses on non-monetary items are recognised in the net result, translation gains or losses are also recognised in the net result.

(w) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case, it is recognised as part of the cost acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(x) Web site costs

Costs in relation to web sites controlled by a subsidiary arising from development are recognised as an intangible asset if, any only if, in addition to complying with the general requirements described in AASB 138: Intangible Assets, the subsidiary can demonstrate that it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, there is an intent to do so, the intangible asset can be used or sold, it will generate probable future economic benefits, adequate technical, financial and other resources are available to complete its development and use or sell the intangible asset and expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be measured reliably.

When these criteria cannot be satisfied, all expenditure on developing such a web site shall be recognised as an expense when incurred. Expenditure on start-up activities is recognised as an expense when incurred.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations (y)

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Group has decided against early adoption of these standards. The following table summarises those future requirements, and their impact on the Group:

Standard Name AASB 9 Financial Instruments and amending standards AASB 2010-7 / AASB 2012-6	Application date 1 January 2017	Requirements Changes to the classification and measurement requirements for financial assets and financial liabilities. New rules relating to derecognition of financial instruments.	Impact The impact of AASB 9 has not yet been determined as the entire standard has not been released.
AASB 11 Joint Arrangements, AASB 128 Investments in Associates and AASB 2012-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Transition Guidance and Other Amendments	1 January 2014	AASB 11 focuses on the rights and obligations of a joint venture arrangement, rather than its legal form (as is currently the case). AASB 11 requires equity accounting for joint ventures, eliminating proportionate consolidation as an accounting choice.	All joint ventures of the group are equity accounted and therefore minimal impact is expected due to the adoption of AASB 11.
AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. AASB 2011-8 - Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13 [AASB 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 2010-7, 101, 102, 108, 110, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 1004, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 4, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 131 & 132]	1 January 2014	AASB 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across Accounting Standards but does not change when fair value is required or permitted. There are a number of additional disclosure requirements.	Fair value estimates currently made by the entity will be revised and potential changes to reported values may be required. The entity has not yet determined the magnitude of any changes which may be needed. Some additional disclosures will be needed.
AASB 2012-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities [AASB 132]	1 January 2014	This standard adds application guidance to AASB 132 to assist with applying some of the offset criteria of the standard.	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

2 Australian government financial assistance including HECS-HELP and other Australian government loans

Commonwealth Grants Scheme and Other Grants (a)

			Consolid	ated	Parent	
			2013	2012	2013	2012
			000's	000's	000's	000's
		Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Commonwealth Grants Scheme		74,181	73,924	74,181	73,924
	Indigenous Support Program		1,002	898	1,002	898
	Partnership and Participation Program		3,065	1,764	3,065	1,764
	Disability Support Program		152	133	152	133
	Diversity and Structural					
	Adjustment Fund		1,700	3,700	1,700	3,700
	Transitional Cost Program		-	68	-	68
	Promotion of Excellence in Learning and Teaching		144	225	144	225
	Reward funding		351	319	351	319
	-	_		010		010
	Total Commonwealth Grants Scheme and Other Grants	41(a)	80,595	81,031	80,595	81,031
(b)	Higher Education Loan Program	mes				
	HECS - HELP		42,356	38,395	42,356	38,395
	FEE - HELP		5,961	6,196	5,961	6,196
	SA-HELP payments		835	371	835	371
	Total Higher Education Loan					
	Programmes	41(b)	49,152	44,962	49,152	44,962
(c)	Scholarships					
	Australian Postgraduate Awards		1,580	1,556	1,580	1,556
	International Postgraduate Research Scholarships		133	128	133	128
	Commonwealth Education Costs		100	120	100	120
	Scholarship		(382)	518	(382)	518
	Commonwealth Accommodation		/7E0\	5 00	/7E0\	E00
	Scholarships Indigenous Access scholarships		(750) (4)	580 110	(750) (4)	580 110
		41(c)				-
	Total Scholarships	=	577	2,892	577	2,892

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

Australian government financial assistance including HECS-HELP and other Australian government loans (continued) 2

(d) **Education Research**

Discovery				Consolida	ated	Paren	t
S S S S S S S S S S				2013	2012	2013	2012
Joint Research Engagement Program 1,552 1,673 1,552 1,673 1,652 3,684 3,605 3,584 3,605 3,606				000's	000's	000's	000's
Program				\$	\$	\$	\$
Research Training Scheme 3,584 3,605 3,584 3,605 Research Infrastructure Block Grants 466 341 466 341 341 346 341 34					4.070	4	4.070
Research Infrastructure Block Grants				· ·		•	
Grants 466 341 466 341 Sustainable Research Excellence in Universities 729 521 729 521 Total Education Research 41(d) 6,331 6,140 6,331 6,140 (e) Other Capital Funding Education Investment Fund Total Other Capital Funding				3,584	3,605	3,584	3,605
In Universities 729 521 729 521 Total Education Research 41(d) 6,331 6,140 6,331 6,140 College				466	341	466	341
Total Education Research			9	729	521	729	521
Education Investment Fund 7,500 8,093 7,500 8,093 Total Other Capital Funding 41(e) 7,500 8,093 7,500 8,093 (f) Australian Research Council (i) Discovery Discovery - Projects 585 631 585 631 585 631 585 5		Total Education Research	41(d)		6,140	6,331	
Education Investment Fund 7,500 8,093 7,500 8,093 Total Other Capital Funding 41(e) 7,500 8,093 7,500 8,093 (f) Australian Research Council (i) Discovery Discovery - Projects 585 631 585 631 585 631 585 5	(- \	Other Conited Founding					
(f) Australian Research Council (i) Discovery 585 631 585 631 Discovery - Projects 585 631 585 631 Discovery - Fellowships 483 555 483 555 Discovery - Indigenous (64) - (64) - Researchers Development (64) - (64) - Total Discovery 41(f)(i) 1,004 1,186 1,004 1,186 (ii) Linkages Linkages - Infrastructure 240 450 240 450 Linkages - Projects 855 1,171 855 1,171 Total Linkages 41(f)(ii) 1,095 1,621 1,095 1,621 Total ARC 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2,099 2,807 (g) Other Australian Government Financial Assistance Non-capital 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 405 1,102 241 1,162	(e)			7,500	8,093	7,500	8,093
(i) Discovery Discovery - Projects 585 631 585 631 Discovery - Fellowships 483 555 483 555 Discovery - Indigenous (64) - (64) - Researchers Development (64) - (64) - Total Discovery 41(f)(i) 1,004 1,186 1,004 1,186 (ii) Linkages Linkages - Infrastructure 240 450 240 450 Linkages - Projects 855 1,171 855 1,171 Total Linkages 41(f)(ii) 1,095 1,621 1,095 1,621 Total ARC 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2,099 2,807 (g) Other Australian Government Financial Assistance Non-capital Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		Total Other Capital Funding	41(e)	7,500	8,093	7,500	8,093
Discovery - Projects 585 631 585 631 Discovery - Fellowships 483 555 483 555 Discovery - Indigenous (64) - (64) - (64) - (64) Total Discovery 41(f)(i) 1,004 1,186 1,004 1,186 (ii) Linkages	(f)	Australian Research Council					
Discovery - Projects 585 631 585 631 Discovery - Fellowships 483 555 483 555 Discovery - Indigenous (64) - (64) - (64) - (64) Total Discovery 41(f)(i) 1,004 1,186 1,004 1,186 (ii) Linkages		(i) Discoverv					
Discovery - Indigenous Researchers Development (64) - (64)				585	631	585	631
Researchers Development (64) - (6		Discovery - Fellowships		483	555	483	555
(ii) Linkages Linkages - Infrastructure 240 450 240 450 Linkages - Projects 855 1,171 855 1,171 Total Linkages 41(f)(ii) 1,095 1,621 1,095 1,621 Total ARC 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2,099 2,807 Non-capital Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445				(64)	-	(64)	-
Linkages - Infrastructure 240 450 240 450 Linkages - Projects 855 1,171 855 1,171 Linkages - Projects 41(f)(ii) 1,095 1,621 1,095 1,621 Linkages 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2		Total Discovery	41(f)(i)	1,004	1,186	1,004	1,186
Linkages - Projects 855 1,171 855 1,171 Total Linkages 41(f)(ii) 1,095 1,621 1,095 1,621 Total ARC 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2,099 2,807 Other Australian Government Financial Assistance		(ii) Linkages					
Total Linkages 41(f)(ii) 1,095 1,621 1,095 1,621 Total ARC 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2,099 2,807 (g) Other Australian Government Financial Assistance Non-capital Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		_		240		240	
Total ARC 41(f) 2,099 2,807 2,099 2,807 (g) Other Australian Government Financial Assistance Non-capital Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		Linkages - Projects		855	1,171	855	1,171
Non-capital Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		Total Linkages	41(f)(ii)	1,095	1,621	1,095	1,621
Non-capital Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		Total ARC	41(f)	2,099	2,807	2,099	2,807
Department of Education 2,695 1,236 2,695 1,236 Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445	(g)	Other Australian Government F	inancial Ass	istance			
Health Workforce Australia 1,101 655 1,101 655 Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		Non-capital					
Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445		•				•	
Agricultural Research 1,162 241 1,162 241 Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445				1,101	655	1,101	655
Other 1,999 2,445 1,999 2,445			I	1.162	241	1.162	241
		•					
		Total		6,957	4,577	6,957	4,577

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

2 Australian government financial assistance including HECS-HELP and other Australian government loans (continued)

(g)	Other Australian	Government Financial	Assistance	(continued))
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Capital				
Health Workforce Australia	136	1,054	136	1,054
Total	136	1,054	136	1,054
Total Other Australian Government Financial Assistance	7.093	5.631	7.093	5,631
Total Australian Government			-,,,,,,	-,
Financial Assistance	153,347	151,556	153,347	151,556

	Consolid	Consolidated		t
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Reconciliation				
Australian Government Grants (a				
+ c + d + e + f +g)	104,195	106,594	104,195	106,594
HECS - HELP	42,356	38,395	42,356	38,395
FEE - HELP	5,961	6,196	5,961	6,196
SA-HELP payments	835	371	835	371
Total Australian Government				
Financial Assistance	153,347	151,556	153,347	151,556

(h) Australian Government Grants received - cash basis

Total Australian Government funding received - cash basis		146,180	151,859	146,180	151,859
OS-HELP (Net)	41(g)	(167)	4	(167)	4
Total Australian Government Grants received - cash basis		146,347	151,855	146,347	151,855
Other Australian Government Grants		6,370	5,745	6,370	5,745
ARC grants - Linkages		1,095	2,176	1,095	2,176
ARC grants - Discovery		1,005	631	1,005	631
Other Capital Funding		2,500	8,093	2,500	8,093
EDUCATION research		6,331	7,824	6,331	7,824
Scholarships		577	1,208	577	1,208
Higher Education Loan Programmes		47,448	45,146	47,448	45,146
CGS and Other EDUCATION Grants		81,021	81,032	81,021	81,032
000 and 04 an EDUOATION					

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

State and local government financial assistance

Queensland 360 261 360 26' Victoria 234 250 234 25' South Australia 146 85 146 85 Northern Territory - 28 - 22' Total 1,676 1,314 1,676 1,314 Capital 1 - 20 - 20' Western Australia - 200 - 20' Western Australia - 200 - 20' Total 175 240 175 24' Total State and Local 30' 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fee-paying domestic and Charges 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,259 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Con			Consolid	ated	Paren	ıt
Non-capital New South Wales 936 690 936 690 261 360 265 26			2013	2012	2013	2012
Non-capital New South Wales 936 690 936 690 201 360 261 360 261 26			000's	000's	000's	000's
New South Wales 936 690 936 690 Queensland 360 261 360 261 Yictoria 234 250 234 250 South Australia 146 85 146 88 Northern Territory - 28 - 22 Total 1,676 1,314 1,676 1,314 Capital 175 - 175 - 200 Western Australia - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 240 - 240 Total 175 240 175 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and Charges 5 5 5 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,259 Fee-paying owerseas students 1,4,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94			\$	\$	\$	\$
Queensland 360 261 360 26 Victoria 234 250 234 25 South Australia 146 85 146 85 Northern Territory - 28 - 22 22 Total 1,676 1,314 1,676 1,314 Capital 1 - 200 - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 200 - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 40 1.75 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fee- paying overseas students 1,851 1,554 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying obmestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,258 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Cotal Course Fees and Charges	Non-capital					
Victoria 234 250 234 256 South Australia 146 85 146 88 Northern Territory - 28 - 28 Total 1,676 1,314 1,676 1,314 Capital New South Wales 175 - 175 200 - 200 Western Australia - 200 - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 240 - - 40 - - 40 - - 40 - - 40 - - 40 - - 40 - - 40 - - 40 - - - 40 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <	New South Wales		936	690	936	690
South Australia 146	Queensland		360	261	360	26′
Northern Territory	Victoria		234	250	234	250
Total			146		146	
Capital New South Wales 175 - 175 Queensland - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 40 - 200 Total 175 240 175 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance - 40 175 240 Government Financial Assistance - 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and Charges -	Northern Territory	_	-	28	-	28
New South Wales 175 - 175 Queensland - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 40 - 40 Total 175 240 175 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and Charges 5 5 4 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and Charges 5 5 4 1,554 1,554 1,564	Total	_	1,676	1,314	1,676	1,314
Queensland - 200 - 200 Western Australia - 40 - 40 Total 175 240 175 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance Total State and Charges Fees and Charges Fees and charges Fees and Charges Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,259 Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Services and Ame	-					
Vestern Australia - 40 - 40 - 40 Total 175 240 175 240 175 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and charges			175	-	175	
Total 175 240 175 240 Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and Charges 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and Charges 5 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,258 Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 6 3 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Services and Amenities 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>			-		-	
Total State and Local Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,556 Fees and charges Course Fees and Charges Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564	Western Australia	_	-	40	-	40
Government Financial Assistance 1,851 1,554 1,851 1,554 Fees and charges Fees and Charges Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,256 Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges Student Services and Amenities 8 16,846 18,068 Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565<	Total		175	240	175	240
1,851						
Course Fees and Charges Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,258 Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Student Services and Amenities 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 337 Other services 242 241 242 244 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106		_	1,851	1,554	1,851	1,554
Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,255 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106	Fees and charges					
Fee-paying overseas students 14,562 15,564 14,562 15,564 Fee-paying domestic postgraduate students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,255 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 333 Other services 242 241 242 244 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106	Course Fees and Charges					
students 2,071 2,259 2,071 2,259 Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 5 400 830 400 Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106			14,562	15,564	14,562	15,564
Fee-paying domestic non-award students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges Student Services and Amenities 8 8 16,846 18,068 Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106						
students 114 94 114 94 Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 5 5 5 5 406			2,071	2,259	2,071	2,259
Fee-paying domestic undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Student Services and Amenities 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106			114	94	114	0/
undergraduate students 93 148 93 148 Continuing education 6 3 6 3 Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Student Services and Amenities 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106			114	94	114	3-
Total Course Fees and Charges 16,846 18,068 16,846 18,068 Other Non-Course Fees and Charges Student Services and Amenities Student Services and Amenities 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106			93	148	93	148
Other Non-Course Fees and Charges Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106	Continuing education		6	3	6	3
Charges Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 331 Other services 242 241 242 241 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106	Total Course Fees and Charges		16,846	18,068	16,846	18,068
Student Services and Amenities Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 33° Other services 242 241 242 24° Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106	Other Non-Course Fees and					
Fees from students 41(h) 830 400 830 400 Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 9 Student accommodation 565 331 565 33 Other services 242 241 242 24 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106						
Late fees 89 129 89 129 Rental charges - 5 - 8 Student accommodation 565 331 565 33 Other services 242 241 242 24 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106		41(b)	830	400	830	400
Rental charges - 5 - 5 Student accommodation 565 331 565 337 Other services 242 241 242 247 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106		41(11)				
Student accommodation 565 331 565 337 Other services 242 241 242 247 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106			-		-	
Other services 242 241 242 247 Total Other Fees and Charges 1,726 1,106 1,726 1,106			565		565	
	Total Other Fees and Charges		1,726			
	Total Fees and Charges		18,572	19,174	18,572	19,174

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

5	Investment revenue and income				
		Consolid	ated	Paren	t
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		000's	000's	000's	000's
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Interest received	549	1,439	547	1,438
	Joint venture distributions		-	887	771
	Total investment revenue	549	1,439	1,434	2,209
6	Royalties, trademarks and licences				
	Royalties, trademarks and				
	licences	553	551	553	551
	Total royalties, trademarks and				
	licences	553	551	553	551
7	Consultancy and contracts				
	Consultancy	2,011	1,654	2,011	1,654
	Contract research	3,937	5,504	3,937	5,504
	Total consultancy and contracts	5,948	7,158	5,948	7,158
8	Other revenue and income				
	Other revenue				
	Donations and bequests	5	140	5	140
	Scholarships and prizes	308	224	308	224
	Sale of goods	254	307	95	88
	Rental income	464	453	464	453
	Cost recoveries	2,357	2,381	2,357	2,383
	Bad debts recovered	8	42	6	42
	Immersion program	121	35	121	35
	Printery sales	65	84	70	85
	Catering income	160	390	152	126
	Scientific testing	3,127	3,697	3,127	3,697
	Conferences and workshops	242	302	103	90
	Facilities hire	119	110	112	102
	Miscellaneous sales	798	689	724	667
	Other revenue	839	1,544	94	172
	Total other revenue	8,867	10,398	7,738	8,304

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

9 Employee related expenses

	Consolida	ated	Paren	ŧ
	2013 000's	2012 000's	2013 000's	2012 000's
Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
	48,872	44,673	48,872	44,673
	245	278	245	278
	6,824	6,455	6,824	6,455
	3,211	3,082	3,211	3,082
	271	201	271	201
	401	2,528	401	2,528
	3,195	3,257	3,195	3,257
	573	502	573	502
	63,592	60,976	63,592	60,976
	47,913	44,474	46,875	43,312
	266	358	266	358
	7,112	6,655	7,024	6,537
	3,127	3,088	3,063	3,011
	262	202	259	197
	992	2,803	995	2,796
	3,623	2,820	3,588	2,790
	1,200	725	1,200	725
	64,495	61,125	63,270	59,726
	128,087	122,101	126,862	120,702
	110	128	110	128
	128,197	122,229	126,972	120,830
	Note	2013 000's Note \$ 48,872 245 6,824 3,211 271 401 3,195 573 63,592 47,913 266 7,112 3,127 262 992 3,623 1,200 64,495 128,087	000's 000's 48,872 44,673 245 278 6,824 6,455 3,211 3,082 271 201 401 2,528 3,195 3,257 573 502 63,592 60,976 47,913 44,474 266 358 7,112 6,655 3,127 3,088 262 202 992 2,803 3,623 2,820 1,200 725 64,495 61,125 128,087 122,101 110 128	2013 000's 00

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

10 Depreciation and amortisation

10	Depreciation and amortisation		Consolid	ated	Paren	t
			2013 000's	2012 000's	2013 000's	2012 000's
		Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Depreciation					
	Buildings		5,250	4,363	5,250	4,363
	Plant and equipment		3,928	3,225	3,928	3,225
	Infrastructure		413	403	409	384
	Leasehold improvements		124	187	124	187
	Library collection		379	383	379	383
	Investment property		42	42	42	42
	Total depreciation		10,136	8,603	10,132	8,584
	Amortisation Computer software		144	71	144	71
	Total depreciation and amortisation	_	10,280	8,674	10,276	8,655
11	Repairs and maintenance Building and plant maintenance		2,556	2,961	2,550	2,931
	Total repairs and maintenance	_	2,556	2,961	2,550	2,931
12	Borrowing costs					
	Interest expense		447	-	447	
	Total borrowing costs expensed		447		447	
13	Impairment of assets					
	Trade receivables		435	398	435	397
	Buildings		(32)	461	(32)	461
	Plant and equipment		(30)	30	(30)	30
	Library collection		683	-	683	_
	Infrastructure		1,058	-	1,058	_
	Investment property		133	216	133	216
	Total impairment of assets		2,247	1,105	2,247	1,104

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

14 Other expenses

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Advertising	3,312	3,325	3,305	3,305
Audit and legal fees	390	937	363	902
Bank charges	123	158	106	150
Books and subscriptions	1,776	1,957	1,776	1,957
Cleaning	944	804	881	742
Commission to agents	3,234	3,869	3,234	3,869
Consulting and professional fees	12,697	12,566	12,458	12,316
Contributions	605	851	605	851
Entertainment	31	372	269	354
Equipment hire	887	727	853	678
Freight	392	449	391	449
Fringe benefits tax	224	385	224	372
Insurance	778	757	778	757
Laboratory consumables	628	757	628	757
Leased equipment charges	1,220	1,120	1,220	1,120
Non-capitalised equipment	3,167	3,850	3,153	3,788
Other expenses	2,992	3,448	3,313	3,616
Printing and stationery	875	886	868	867
Property and facilities costs	1,808	1,929	1,802	1,924
Scholarships, prizes and awards	5,336	4,803	5,237	4,679
Security costs	1,497	892	1,481	867
Software expenses	3,049	2,674	3,045	2,653
Subscriptions	687	662	685	660
Telephone and fax	1,195	1,187	1,193	1,177
Travel and staff development	4,477	5,537	4,457	5,476
Utilities	2,870	2,694	2,683	2,488
Total other expenses	55,194	57,596	55,008	56,774

15 Income Tax Expense

Taxable net result before income tax expense	3	159	-	-
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2012: 30%)	1	48	-	-
Reduction of deferred tax from previous year	(1)	(48)	-	-
Total income tax expense		- ,	-	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

16 Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	2,920	2,676	2,860	2,607
Deposits at call	16,000	9,500	16,000	9,500
Total cash and cash equivalent	18,920	12,176	18,860	12,107

(a) Reconciliation to cash at the end of the year

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balances as above	18,920	12,176	18,860	12,107
Balance as per cash flow statement	18,920	12,176	18,860	12,107

(b) Cash at bank and on hand

Cash in operating accounts are at variable interest rates.

(c) Deposits at call

The deposits are at floating interest rates between 2.50% and 3.70% (2012:4.05% and 4.30%). These deposits have an average maturity of 90 days (2012:38 days).

17 Receivables

Receivables					
Current					
Trade receivables		9,386	4,563	9,345	4,536
Student fees receivable		1,474	2,178	1,474	2,178
Less: Provision for impaired receive	ables (860) (989)		(989)	(860)	(987)
		10,000	5,752	9,959	5,727
Related party receivables	33(e)	-	-	946	593
OS-HELP Receivable	41(g)	180	13	180	13
Other receivables		3,290	2,023	3,287	2,019
Total current receivables		13,470	7,788	14,372	8,352
Non-current					
Deferred government contribution for	or				
superannuation		52,749	66,034	52,749	66,034
Other receivables		303	354	303	354
Total non-current receivables		53,052	66,388	53,052	66,388

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

17 Receivables (continued)

(a) Impaired receivables

As at 31 December 2013 current receivables of the Group with a nominal value of \$859,551 (2012:\$988,635) were impaired. The amount of the provision was \$859,551 (2012:\$988,635). The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to student fees not yet collected and a wide variety of trade debtors.

The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	Consolid	ated	Parent	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
0 to 3 months	6	4	6	4
3 to 6 months	35	69	35	68
Over 6 months	819	916	819	915
	860	989	860	987

As at 31 December 2013 trade receivables of \$1,042,846 (2012: \$1,456,931) were past due but not impaired. These relate to student fees not yet collected and a wide variety of trade debtors. The ageing analysis of these receivables is as follows:

Over 6 months	111	l l	11	<u> </u>
Between 3 to 6 months Over 6 months	847 11	971 1	847 11	971 1
Between 0 to 3 months	185	485	147	485

Movements in the provision for impaired receivables are as follows:				
At 1 January	989	606	987	606
Provision for impairment recognised during the year	860	989	860	987
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	385	14	385	14
Unused amount reversed	(1,374)	(620)	(1,372)	(620)
At 31 December	860	989	860	987

The creation and release of the provision for impaired receivables has been included in impairment of assets in the income statement. Amounts charged to the provision account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash. The other amounts within receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due. Based on credit history, it is expected that these amounts will be received when due.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

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	Consolidated		Parei	nt
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current				
At cost:				
Finished goods	26	35	6	9
Total inventories	26	35	6	9
			-	_
Other non-financial assets				
other hen interioral addets				

19

Cu	rre	nt

Prepayments	3,321	3,238	3,315	3,238
Total other non-financial assets	3,321	3,238	3,315	3,238

20 Investments accounted for using the equity method

Interests in jointly controlled entities Total investments accounted for

using the equity method

(1,719)	(1,237)	275	275
(1,719)	(1,237)	275	275

		Ownership Interest %		
	Description	2013	2012	
Joint controlled entities				
Australian Institute of Hotel Management	Professional development services for participants in the hotel industry	43.00	43.00	
Coffs Harbour Technology Park	Real estate development	33.30	33.30	
CRC Care Pty Ltd	Research and development in contamination assessment and remediation	6.08	7.46	
Rail CRC Limited	Research and development in rail	6.05	6.07	
CRC Forestry Limited	Research and development in forestry management	-	4.00	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

20 Investments accounted for using the equity method (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of jointly controlled entities is set out below:

	Consolida	ated
	2013	2012
	000's	000's
	\$	\$
Financial Position		
Current assets	3,036	3,146
Non-current assets	466	485
Total assets	3,502	3,631
Current Liabilities	2,481	2,328
Non-current liabilities	12	1
Total liabilities	2,493	2,329
Net assets	1,009	1,302
Financial Performance		
Income	3,835	4,154
Expenses	(3,430)	(3,772)
Profit/(loss)	405	382

Capital commitments and contingent liabilities arising from the Group's interests in joint ventures are disclosed in notes 32 and 31 respectively.

21 Investment properties

	Consolida	ated	Parent	t
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
At Cost				
Balance at 1 January	1,000	1,258	1,000	1,258
Depreciation expense	(42)	(42)	(42)	(42)
Impairment loss	(133)	(216)	(133)	(216)
Balance at 31 December	825	1,000	825	1,000

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

21 Investment properties (continued)

(a) Amounts recognised in the income statement for investment properties

	Consolida	ated	Parent	t
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rental income	87	89	87	89
Direct operating expenses (rent generating properties)	(72)	(61)	(72)	(61)
Other direct operating expenses	(42)	(42)	(42)	(42)
Impairment losses	(133)	(216)	(133)	(216)
Total recognised in profit and loss	(160)	(230)	(160)	(230)

(b) Valuation basis

Investment properties are measured using the cost model. The fair value of investment properties is \$825,000 as at 31 December 2013. The valuation was carried out as an independent valuation prepared by Taylor Byrne on 28 January 2014.

(c) Non-current assets pledged as security

No non-current assets have been pledged as security.

(d) Contractual obligations

There are no comittments for investment properties.

(e) Leasing arrangements

The investment properties are managed by an external property management company for short term holiday letting.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

22 Property, plant and equipment

	Land 000's	Buildings 000's	Plant and equipment 000's	Infrastructure 000's	Infrastructure Improvements 000's 000's	Library collections 000's	Capital Works in Progress 000's	Total 000's
Parent	÷	÷	₽	Ð	so	æ	÷	₩
At 1 January 2012 At cost	13,722	159,064	30,939	16,499	926	10,337	22,397	253,914
Accumulated depreciation	1	(28,749)	(15,659)	(2,533)	(611)	(9,240)	1	(56,792)
Net book amount	13,722	130,315	15,280	13,966	345	1,097	22,397	197,122
Year ended 31 December 2012								
Opening net book amount	13,722	130,315	15,280	13,966	345	1,097	22,397	197,122
Additions	1	1	5,002	744	1	413	32,817	38,976
Disposals	ı	ı	(2,572)	ı	1	(396)	ı	(2,938)
Depreciation expense	1	(4,363)	(1,241)	(384)	(187)	(22)	•	(6,197)
Impairment loss in income	1	(461)	(30)	1	•	1	1	(491)
Transfers —		5,648	840	134	1	•	(6,622)	-
Closing net book amount	13,722	131,139	17,279	14,460	158	1,122	48,592	226,472
At 31 December 2012								
At cost	13,722	164,711	34,208	17,377	926	10,384	48,592	289,950
Accumulated depreciation	1	(33,111)	(16,899)	(2,917)	(198)	(9,262)	1	(62,987)
Accumulated impairment	1	(461)	(30)	1	1	1	1	(491)
Net book amount	13,722	131,139	17,279	14,460	158	1,122	48,592	226,472

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Infrastructure	Infrastructure Improvements	Library collections	Capital Works in Progress	Total
	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Parent	₩.	₩	₩	₩	₩	49	₩.	\$
Year ended 31 December 2013								
Opening net book amount	13,722	131,139	17,279	14,460	158	1,122	48,592	226,472
Additions	•	•	2,808	•	•	357	13,636	16,801
Disposals	(9)	(682)	(443)	(13)	•	(300)	•	(1,447)
Depreciation expense	•	(5,250)	(3,928)	(409)	(124)	(379)	•	(10,090)
Impairment loss in income	•	•	•	(1,058)	•	(683)	•	(1,741)
Impairment reversal in income	•	32	30	•	•	•	•	62
Transfers		39,201	7,687	1,373	•	1	(48,261)	•
Closing net book amount	13,716	164,437	23,433	14,353	34	117	13,967	230,057
At 31 December 2013								
At cost	13,716	202,701	43,483	18,728	168	8,828	13,967	301,591
Accumulated depreciation	•	(37,835)	(20,050)	(3,317)	(134)	(8,028)	•	(69,364)
Accumulated impairment		(429)	•	(1,058)	•	(683)	•	(2,170)
Net book amount	13,716	164,437	23,433	14,353	34	117	13,967	230,057

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

(56,969)(6,190)(63,025)(3,047)(491)290,006 (491)197,200 39,018 197,200 226,490 254,169 s,000 Total s (6,622)48,592 48,592 22,397 32,817 22,397 22,397 Capital Works in Progress s,000 (21) 10,339 (9,241)(366)10,384 (9,262)1,098 1,098 1,122 411 collections Library s,000 Infrastructure Improvements (187)(611)(798)926 345 345 926 158 (384)(2,917)16,503 (2,538)13,965 13,965 745 134 14,460 17,377 s,000 (16,937)(2,681)(1,235)(30) (30)31,116 840 34,264 (15,758)15,358 5,045 17,297 15,358 equipment Plant and s,000 s (33,111) (4,363)(28,821)130,315 130,315 5,648 (461) 164,711 (461) 159,136 131,139 Buildings s,000 s 13,722 13,722 13,722 13,722 13,722 s,000 Land Property, plant and equipment (continued) Year ended 31 December 2012 Closing net book amount Impairment loss in income Opening net book amount Accumulated depreciation Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment At 31 December 2012 Depreciation expense At 1 January 2012 Net book amount Consolidated Disposals Additions **Transfers** At cost At cost 22

226,490

48,592

1,122

158

14,460

17,297

131,139

13,722

Net book amount

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

22 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

22 Property, plant and equipment (continued)							- 1	
	200	מינים מינים	Plant and	Carrist Carried	Infractured Improvements	Library	Works in	-to-
	ב ב	efilling	manidinha	IIII asti ucture	miproveniens	collections	riogiesa	0.0
	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Consolidated	↔	ss	₩	ss	↔	s	s	s
Year ended 31 December 2013								
Opening net book amount	13,722	131,139	17,297	14,460	158	1,122	48,592	226,490
Additions	•	•	2,808	•	•	357	13,636	16,801
Disposals	(9)	(685)	(447)	(6)	•	(300)	•	(1,447)
Depreciation expense	•	(5,250)	(3,928)	(413)	(124)	(379)	•	(10,094)
Impairment loss in income	•	•	•	(1,058)	•	(683)	•	(1,741)
Transfers	ı	39,201	7,687	1,373		•	(48,261)	•
Impairment reversal in income	•	32	30	'	1	•	1	62
Closing net book amount	13,716	164,437	23,447	14,353	34	117	13,967	230,071
At 31 December 2013								
At cost	13,716	202,701	43,539	18,728	168	8,828	13,967	301,647
Accumulated depreciation	•	(37,835)	(20,092)	(3,317)	(134)	(8,028)	•	(69,406)
Accumulated impairment	•	(429)	•	(1,058)	1	(683)	•	(2,170)
Net book amount	13,716	164,437	23,447	14,353	34	117	13,967	230,071

(a) Valuations of land and buildings

The valuation basis of land and buildings is deemed cost. Refer to Note 1 (m).

(b) Non-current assets pledged as security

There are no non-current assets pledged as security by the parent entity and it's controlled entities.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

23 Intangible Assets

	Computer software 000's	Intangible assets under development 000's	Total 000's
Parent	\$	\$	\$
At 1 January 2012 At cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	148 (37)	242	390 (37)
Net book amount	111	242	353
Year ended 31 December 2012 Opening net book value Additions Amortisation Transfers	111 328 (71) 242	242 929 - (242)	353 1,257 (71)
Closing net book amount	610	929	1,539
At 31 December 2012 At cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	718 (108)	929	1,647
Net book amount	610	929	1,539
Year ended 31 December 2013 Opening net book value Disposals Amortisation	610 - (143)	929 (929) -	1,539 (929) (143)
Closing net book amount	467	-	467
At 31 December 2013 At cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	718 (251)	-	718 (251)
Net book amount	467	-	467

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

23 Intangible Assets (continued)

	Computer software 000's	Intangible assets under development 000's	Total 000's
Consolidated	\$	\$	\$
At 1 January 2012 At cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	148 (37)	242 -	390 (37)
Net book amount	111	242	353
Year ended 31 December 2012 Opening net book amount Additions Transfers Amortisation	111 328 242 (71)	242 929 (242)	353 1,257 - (71)
Closing net book amount	610	929	1,539
At 31 December 2012 At cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	718 (108)	929 -	1,647 (108)
Net book amount	610	929	1,539
Year ended 31 December 2013 Opening net book amount Disposals Amortisation	610 - (143)	929 (929) -	1,539 (929) (143)
Closing net book amount	467	-	467
At 31 December 2013 At cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	718 (251)	- -	718 (251)
Net book amount	467	•	467

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

24 Trade and other payables

25

Trade and enter payables	Consolid	ated	Paren	t
	2013 000's \$	2012 000's \$	2013 000's \$	2012 000's \$
Current Unsecured liabilities Trade creditors	10,779	11,795	10,694	11,705
Total current trade and other payables	10,779	11,795	10,694	11,705
Borrowings				
Current Unsecured Bank loans	2,440	-	2,440	<u>-</u>
Total current unsecured borrowings	2,440	-	2,440	_
Total current borrowings	2,440	<u>-</u>	2,440	
Non-current				
Unsecured Bank loans	18,340	-	18,340	

(a) Assets pledged as security

Total non-current borrowings

Total non-current unsecured borrowings

The Group and parent entity has no assets pledged as secruity for borrowings in 2013 (2012: Nil).

(b) Financing arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at reporting date to the following lines of credit:

	Consolid	ated	Parent	t
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bank loan facilities				
Total facilities	43,780	45,000	43,780	45,000
Used at balance date	(20,780)	-	(20,780)	
Unused at balance date	23,000	45,000	23,000	45,000

18,340

18,340

18,340

18,340

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

25 Borrowings (continued)

(c) Bank loans

On 27 February 2012, Southern Cross University signed an agreement with the ANZ Banking Group Limited for the provision of a \$45 million loan facility for a term of 7 years.

(d) Fair value

The carrying amounts and fair values of borrowings at reporting date are:

	20	2013		012
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
On-balance sheet				
Bank loans	20,780	20,780	-	-

The fair value of current borrowings equals their carrying amount as the impact of discounting is not significant.

(e) Risk exposures

Information about the Group and the parent entity's exposure to risks arising from borrowings is provided at note

26 Provisions

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current provisions expected to be settled wholly within 12 months Employee benefits				
Annual leave	6,161	5,736	6,133	5,679
Long service leave	3,927	3,146	3,926	3,127
	10,088	8,882	10,059	8,806
Current provisions expected to be settled wholly after more than 12 months				
Employee benefits				
Annual leave	1,808	1,828	1,791	1,828
Long service leave	9,796	11,618	9,796	11,581
	11,604	13,446	11,587	13,409
Total current provisions	21,692	22,328	21,646	22,215

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

26 **Provisions (continued)**

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2013 000's	2012 000's	2013 000's	2012 000's
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Non-current provisions Employee benefits				
	Long service leave	2,456	2,550	2,437	2,550
	Deferred non-government benefits for superannuation	53,233	66,841	53,233	66,841
	Total non-current provisions	55,689	69,391	55,670	69,391
27	Other liabilities				
	Current				
	Student fees in advance	4,827	3,341	4,827	3,333
	Unspent government financial assistance	3,071	2,571	3,071	2,571
	Total current other liabilities	7,898	5,912	7,898	5,904
28	Retained earnings Retained earnings (accumulated losses)				
	at the beginning of the financial year	207,991	204,730	210,165	206,339
	Net result for the period	(6,721)	3,347	(5,949)	3,912
	Net actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in respect of Defined Benefits Plans	325	(86)	325	(86)
	Retained earnings at end of the financial year	201,595	207,991	204,541	210,165

29 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

(a) Names of responsible persons and executive officers

The following persons were responsible persons and executive officers of Southern Cross University during the financial year:

(i) Names of Responsible Persons

Official Council Members

The Hon John Robert Arthur Dowd AO QC, Chancellor Professor Peter Leslie Lee, Vice Chancellor Professor John Jenkins, Chair Academic Board

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

29 Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)

(a) Names of responsible persons and executive officers (continued)

Ministerial Appointments

Neville Newell Janelle Saffin

Trevor Stanley Wilson, Deputy Chancellor

Elected Council Members

Professor William Boyd
Dr Amanda Reichelt-Brushett

Council Appointed Members

John B Shanahan Margot Ruth Sweeney Anthony Matis Julie Granger

Council members resigned from office in 2013 are as follows

Fiona Wright Hon Justice Terence Sheahan AO Warren Albert Grimshaw AM Rhonda Roberts

(b) Other key management personnel

The following persons also had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of Southern Cross University during the financial year:

Professor Peter Lee

Professor William MacGillivray

Professor Neal Ryan Professor Andrew McAuley

Chris Patton Helen Hughes Allan Morris Travis Walker Vice Chancellor

Deputy Vice Chancellor

Pro Vice Chancellor (Research)
Pro Vice Chancellor (Academic)

Pro Vice Chancellor (International and Enterprise)
Executive Director, Community and Corporate Relations
Executive Director, Information and Physical Resources
Executive Director, Financial and Human Resources

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

29 **Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)**

Remuneration of board members and executives (c)

Consolidated		Parent	
2013 2012		2013	2012
Number	Number	Number	Number
12	15	11	14
-	2	-	2
-	1	-	1
-	1	-	-
-	2	-	2
-	1	-	-
-	1	-	1
1	1	1	-
1	1	1	-
2	-	1	-
1	1	-	-
1	1	1	1
-	1	-	-
1	-	-	-
-	1	-	-
1	1	-	-
-	1	-	1
1	-	1	-
1	-	-	-
-	1	-	-
1	1	-	-
-	1	-	-
-	1	-	-
-	1	-	-
-	1	-	1
2	1	1	1
-	2	-	2
	1	2	1
2	-	2	-
-	1	-	1
1	-	1	-
-	1	-	1
1	1	1	1
-	1	-	1
1	-	1	-
	Consolice 2013 Number 12	Consolidated 2013 2012 Number Number 12 15 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 1 - - 1	Consolidated Parent 2013 2012 2013 Number Number Number 12 15 11 - 2 - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 2 1

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

29 Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)

(c) Remuneration of board members and executives (continued)

Remuneration bands for the Vice Chancellor appear in both tables above as this management position is a member of both Council and the Executive Committee.

(d) Key management personnel compensation

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	3,551	3,680	3,053	2,910
Post-employment benefits	550	571	470	456
Other long-term benefits	-	189	-	189
Termination benefits	213	132	54	79
	4,314	4,572	3,577	3,634

30 Remuneration of Auditors

During the year, the following fees were paid for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Audit and review of the Financial Statements				
Fees paid to the Audit Office of NSW	205	210	178	175
Total	205	210	178	175
Other audit and assurance services				
Fees paid to firms unrelated to the Audit Office of NSW	88	122	88	122
Total	88	122	88	122
Other services Fees paid to firms unrelated to the Audit				
Office of NSW	-	17	-	17
Total		17	-	17

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

31 Contingencies

(a) Contingent liabilities

The following guarantees have been entered into by the parent entity:

- The University has a bank guarantee of \$140,000 with ANZ Banking Group Limited in favour of Gold Coast Central Airport Pty Limited for lease premises.
- The University has bank guarantees totalling \$1,022,890 with Bank of Queensland Limited in favour of J Hutchinson Pty Ltd for construction works being carried out at the Gold Coast campus.
- The University has bank guarantees totalling \$80,170 with Westpac Banking Limited in favour of Bennett Constructions (NSW) Pty Ltd for construction at the Lismore campus.
- The University has bank guarantees totalling \$300,941 with Commonwelath Bank in favour of Electroboard Solutions Pty Ltd for construction works being carried out at the Lismore, Coffs Harbour and Gold Coast campuses.

(b) Claims

There are no litigation claims in progress against the parent entity or the group at balance date.

32 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are:

	Consolid	ated	Paren	t
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant and equipment				
Within one year	4,206	10,019	4,206	10,019
Total	4,206	10,019	4,206	10,019

(b) Lease commitments

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

Within one year	2,298	2,161	2,298	2,161
Between one year and five years	5,380	4,490	5,380	4,490
Later than five years	35,246	37,325	35,246	37,325
Total future minimum lease				
payments	42,924	43,976	42,924	43,976

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

32 Commitments (continued)

(c) Joint venture commitments

	Consolid	ated	Parent	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Within one year	497	662	497	662
Between one year and five years	1,053	1,384	1,053	1,384
Later than five years	220	386	220	386
Total	1,770	2,432	1,770	2,432

33 Related Parties

(a) Parent entities

The ultimate parent entity within the Group is Southern Cross University which is incorporated in Australia.

(b) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 34.

(c) Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to directors and specified executives are set out in note 29

(d) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	Parer	IT
	2013	2012
	000's	000's
	\$	\$
Sale of goods and services		
Telephone and postage cost		
recovery	5	6
Other costs recovered	44	124
Purchase of goods		
Catering and accomodation		
costs	238	149
Salary and related costs	296	343
Management fees	123	180
Other transactions		
Debts forgiven	3	91
Operating grants	1	251
Other costs	147	216

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

33 **Related Parties (continued)**

(e) **Outstanding balances**

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties:

	Pare	ent
	2013	2012
	000's	000's
	\$	\$
Current receivables (sale of goods and services)		
Subsidiaries	946	593
Current payables (purchase of goods)		
Subsidiaries	-	4

No provisions for doubtful debts have been raised in relation to any outstanding balances, and no expense has been recognised in respect of bad or doubtful debts due from related parties.

(f) Guarantees

There have been no guarantees given by the parent entity to its subsidiaries as at balance date (2012: Nil)

A letter of unconditional financial support has been provided by Southern Cross University to Norsearch Limited. The ultimate parent entity will support the entities financial to ensure that the entities can pay their debts as and when they fall due.

Terms and Conditions (g)

Related party outstanding balances are unsecured and have been provided on interest-free terms.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

34 Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note1(b):

			Equity H	olding
	Country of		2013	2012
Name of Entity	Incorporation	Class of Shares	%	%
Norsearch Limited	Australia	Limited by guarantee	100.00	100.00
Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	-	100.00
SCU College Ptv Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	-	100.00

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

35 Jointly controlled operations and assets

The University has entered into the following joint ventures.

	ouring Jame Forter oo.	2013	2012
Name of venture	Principal activities	%	%
Coffs Harbour Education Campus (CHEC	Represents the development and continued operation of a joint educational precinct in Coffs Harbour	38.00	38.00
Australia Centre for Complimentary Medicine Education and Research (ACCMER)	Represents a collaboration for the research, teaching and training in the field of complimentary medicine.	50.00	50.00
Wound Management Innovation Cooperative Research Centre	Represents a collaboration for the research and development in strategies, diagnostics and treatments for wound management.	9.33	9.33
Cooperative Research Centre for Remote Economic Participation	Represents a collaboration for the research and developmentent to deliver solutions on economic disadvanatage in remote Australia	6.35	6.35
CRC for Infrastructure and Engineering Asset Management	Represents a collaboration for the research and developmentent to improve the efficiency of infrastructure and engineering management.	1.11	1.11

The assets employed in the above jointly controlled operations and assets is detailed below. The amounts are included in the financial statements under their respective categories.

	2013	2012
	000's	000's
	\$	\$
Non-current assets		
Land	3,000	3,000
Buildings	20,554	20,554
Accumulated depreciation	(4,909)	(4,411)
Plant and equipment	40	40
Accumulated depreciation	(29)	(25)
Infrastructure	1,066	1,066
Accumulated depreciation	(192)	(175)
Total non-current assets	19,530	20,049
Total assets	19,530	20,049

Capital commitments and contingent liabilities arising from the Group's interests in joint ventures are disclosed in notes 32 and 31 respectively.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

36 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

There has not occurred in the period between the balance date of 31 December 2013 and the date of this report, any item, transaction or event of a material nature that could significantly affect the financial position of the University.

37 Reconciliation of net result to net cash flows provided from operating activities

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		000's	000's	000's	000's
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Net result for the period		(6,721)	3,347	(5,949)	3,912
Depreciation and amortisation	10	10,280	8,674	10,276	8,655
Impairment loss on property, plant & equipment		1,812	707	1,812	707
Net (gain) / loss on sale of non-current assets		829	-	829	-
Net exchange differences		(99)	-	(99)	-
Share of profits of joint venture partnerships		(405)	(382)		-
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from purchase of controlled entity:					
(Increase) / decrease in trade debtors		(5,532)	(9,159)	(5,870)	(9,238)
(Increase) / decrease in inventories		9	(4)	3	(1)
(Increase) / decrease in other operating assets		(83)	(644)	(964)	(647)
Increase / (decrease) in trade creditors		(88)	(880)	(81)	(1,634)
Increase / (decrease) in other provisions		(728)	13,262	(680)	13,276
Increase / (decrease) in other operating liabilities		1,986	(133)	1,994	(142)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	_	1,260	14,788	1,271	14,888

38 Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

The Group uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks, ageing analysis or credit risk and beta analysis in respect of investment portfolios to determine market risk.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Financial Operations) under policies approved by the University Council. The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments for speculative purposes.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

38 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group undertakes transactions with other educational institutions denominated in foreign currencies, hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. At reporting date the transactions were insignificant and the movement in rates throughout the year was not considered high risk

(ii) Price risk

Price risk arises on financial instruments because of changes in, for example, commodity prices or equity prices. The Group is not exposed to price risk.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Group and the parent entity's main interest rate risk arises from borrowings, investments held as interest bearing deposits and on-call bank deposits. The Group aims to minimise risk through prudent financial management and diversification of investments. Term deposits are spread across financial institutions for varying terms with a maximum percentage for each institution. Interest is paid on maturity.

(iv) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities to interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risk.

31 December 2013

Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents Receivables

receivables

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables

Borrowings

Total

		mta	rate ris	le.	For	olan ov	change	wi o le
	·	nieresi	rate 115	r.	FOI	aigii ex	change	IISK
	-1	%	+1	۱%	-1	%	+1	۱%
Carrying	Result	Equity	Result	Equity	Result	Equity	Result	Equity
amount	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
								_
18,920	(189)	(189)	189	189	-	-	-	-
65,951	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(9,961)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(20,780)	208	208	(208)	(208)	-		-	-
54,130	19	19	(19)	(19)	-	-	-	-

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

38 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

31 December 2012

Financial assetsCash and cash equivalents

Receivables

Financial liabilitiesTrade and other payables

Total

	Interest rate risk					•	change	1
	-	%	-	% 	_	%		%
Carrying amount	Result 000's		Result 000's		Result 000's		Result 000's	Equity 000's
						000 5	000 5	
\$	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$	_	<u> </u>	\$
12,176	(122)	(122)	122	122	(6)	(6)	6	6
73,542	-	-	-	-	(3)	(3)	3	3
(11,792)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
73,926	(122)	(122)	122	122	(9)	(9)	9	9

(b) Credit risk

Trade accounts receivable consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. The receivables are assessed after 60 days and action taken to collect the debt. There has been no change in managing credit risk since the prior year.

(c) Liquidity risk

The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, the availability of funding through the Commonwealth, banking facilities and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows to ensure that there is adequate liquidity to meet the entity's obligations over the near term. The interest bearing deposits and deposits at call have an average maturity of 90 days. There has been no variation to the objectives, policies and processes for liquidity risk since the prior period.

The following tables summarise the maturity of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities:

		rage st rate	Varia interes		Non li	nterest	Withi	n 1 year	1 - 5	years	To	otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's
	%	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	3.87	5.73	2,920	2,676	_	-	18,920	12,176	_	_	18,920	12,176
Receivables		-	-	-	65,951	73,542	12,899	7,154	53,052	66,388	65,951	73,542
Total Financial Assets			2,920	2,676	65,951	73,542	31,819	19,330	53,052	66,388	84,871	85,718
Financial Liabilities:												
Payables	-	-	-	-	9,961	11,792	9,961	11,792	-	-	9,961	11,792
Bank loans	4.36	-	20,780	-	-	-	2,440	-	18,340	-	20,780	
Total Financial												
Liabilities			20,780		9,961	11,792	12,401	11,792	18,340		30,741	11,792

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

39 Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of certain financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

Due to the short-term nature of current receivables, the carrying value is assumed to approximate the fair value and based on credit history, it is expected that the receivables that are neither past due nor impaired will be received when due.

The carrying amounts and aggregate net fair values of financial assets and liabilities at balance date are:

	Carrying A	Amount	Fair Va	alue
	2013 000's	2012 000's	2013 000's	2012 000's
Consolidated	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets	18,920	12,176	18,920	12,176
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	65,951	73,542	65,951	73,542
Total financial assets	<u>84,871</u>	85,718	84,871	85,718
Financial Liabilities Payables Borrowings	9,961 20,780	11,792	9,961 20,780	11,792 -
Total financial liabilities	30,741	11,792	30,741	11,792

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

40 **Defined Benefits Plans**

Fund specific disclosure (a)

i) Nature of the Fund

The Pooled Fund holds in trust the investments of the following closed NSW public sector superannuation schemes:

- State Authorities Superannuation Scheme (SASS);
- State Superannuation Scheme (SSS); and
- State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Scheme (SANCS)

These schemes are all defined benefit schemes whereby at least a component of the final benefit is derived from a multiple of member salary and years of membership. All the schemes are closed to new members.

Regulatory framework

The schemes in the Pooled Fund are established and governed by the following NSW legislation: Superannuation Act 1916, State Authorities Superannuation Act 1987, Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act 1906, State Authorities Non-Contributory Superannuation Scheme Act 1987, and their associated regulations.

The schemes in the Pooled Fund are exempt public sector superannuation schemes under the Commonwealth Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (SIS). The SIS Legislation treats exempt public sector superannuation funds as complying funds for concessional taxation and superannuation guarantee purposes.

Under a Heads of Government agreement, the New South Wales government undertakes to ensure that the Pooled Fund will conform with the principles of the Commonwealth retirement incomes policy relating to preservation, vesting and reporting to members and that members' benefits are adequately protected.

The New South Wales government prudentially monitors and audits the Pooled Fund and the Trustee Board activities in a manner consistent with the prudential controls of the SIS legislation. These provisions are in addition to other legislative obligations on the Trustee Board and internal processes that monitor the Trustee Board's adherence to the principles of the Commonwealth retirement incomes policy.

An actuarial investigation of the Pooled Fund is performed every three years. The last actuarial investigation was performed as at 30 June 2012.

Responsibilities

The Fund's Trustee is responsible for the governance of the Fund. The Trustee has a legal obligation to act solely in the best interests of fund beneficiaries. The Trustee has the following roles:

- Administration of the fund and payment to the beneficiaries from fund assets when required in accordance with the fund rules;
- Management and investment of the fund assets; and
- Compliance with other applicable regulations.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

40 Defined Benefits Plans (continued)

(a) Fund specific disclosure (continued)

iv) Risks

There are a number of risks to which the Fund exposes the Employer. The more significant risks relating to the defined benefits are:

- Investment risk: The risk that investment returns will be lower than assumed and the Employer will need to increase contributions to offset this shortfall;
- Longevity risk: The risk that pensioners live longer than assumed, increasing future pensions;
- Pension indexation risk: The risk that pensions will increase at a rate greater than assumed, increasing future pensions;
- Salary growth risk: The risk that wages or salaries (on which future benefit amounts for active members will be based) will rise more rapidly than assumed, increasing defined benefit amounts and thereby requiring additional employer contributions.
- Legislative risk: The risk is that legislative changes could be made which increase the cost of providing the defined benefits.
- Compliance with other applicable regulations.

v) Significant events

There were no fund amendments, curtailments or settlements during the year.

vi) Contributions

The University expects to make a contribution of \$481,004 (2012: \$585,825) to the defined benefit plan during the next financial year.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 12.6 years (2012:13.1 years).

The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted benefit obligations is as follows:

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	000's	000's	000's	000's	000's
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Defined benefit obligations - 31 December 2013	5,095	5,206	16,698	141,268	168,267

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

40 **Defined Benefits Plans (continued)**

(b) Categories of plan assets

The analysis of the plan assets and the percentage invested in each asset class at the reporting date is as

		2013 (%)		2012 (%)
		No Active		
	Active Market	Market	Total	Total
Short term securities	8.0	-	8.0	-
Australian fixed interest securities	4.4	-	4.4	6.2
Overseas fixed interest securities	2.2	-	2.2	2.4
Australian Equities	33.9	-	33.9	31.0
Overseas equities	28.3	-	28.3	24.3
Property	3.8	4.3	8.1	8.7
Alternatives	7.6	7.5	15.1	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	13.4
Other		-	-	14.0
Total	88.2	11.8	100.0	100.0

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows (expressed as weighted averages):

	2013	2012
	%	%
Discount rate(s) at reporting date	4.27	3.30
Rate of CPI Increase at reporting date	2.50	2.50
Salary increase rate at reporting date	2.25	2.50
Expected return on plan assets backing current pension liabilities	8.30	8.30
Expected return on plan assets backing other liabilities	7.30	7.30
Expected rate(s) of salary increase (weighted average)	2.70	2.70
Expected rate of CPI increase (weighted average)	2.50	2.50

The overall expected rate of return is a weighted average of the expected returns of the various categories of plan assets held. The University's assessment of the expected returns is based on historical return trends and actuarial predictions of the market for the asset in the next twelve months.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

40 Defined Benefits Plans (continued)

(c) Actuarial assumptions and sensitivity

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to change in the significant assumptions is:

	Change in assumption	Impact on def	fined obligation
	%	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
Discount rate	1.00	Increase by 12.9%	Decrease by 10.6%
Rate of CPI	0.50	Increase by 5.5%	Decrease by 5.0%
Salary growth rate	0.50	Increase by 0.5%	Decrease by 0.5%
Pensioner mortality	5.00	Decrease by 0.8%	Increase by 0.9%

Comparative information has not been provided for the sensitivity analysis permitted by the transitional provisions of the revised standard

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all the other assumptions constant. In practice this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in the preparation of the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

40 **Defined Benefits Plans (continued)**

(d) Balance sheet amounts

		000's	000's	000's	000's
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Present value obligations - 2013	Note	SASS	SANCS	SSS	Total
Opening defined benefit obligation		10,024	2,395	86,794	99,213
Current service cost		329	94	432	855
Interest expense/(income)		313	76	2,811	3,200
		10,666	2,565	90,037	103,268
Remeasurements					
Actuarial losses/(gains) arising from		(076)	(407)	(40.405)	(40 500)
changes in financial assumptions		(276)	(107)	(10,185)	(10,568)
Experience (gains)/losses	_	615	15	(2,349)	(1,719)
		339	(92)	(12,534)	(12,287)
Contributions					
Plan participants	_	139		178	317
Payments from plan					
Benefits paid	_	(2,215)	(410)	(2,954)	(5,579)
Closing defined benefit obligation	_	8,929	2,063	74,727	85,719
Fair value of plan assets - 2013					
Opening fair value of plan assets		7,012	1,588	23,772	32,372
Interest expense/(income)	_	213	60	731	1,004
		7,225	1,648	24,503	33,376
Remeasurements					
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense		556	233	2,962	3,751
		330	233	2,302	3,731
Contributions		247	100	194	620
Employers Plan participants		317 139	109	178	620 317
rian participants	_				_
		456	109	372	937
Payments from plan Benefits paid		(2,214)	(410)	(2.954)	(E E79)
	_	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2,954)	(5,578)
Closing fair value of plans assets	=	6,023	1,580	24,883	32,486
Net liability - 2013				-	0
Defined benefit obligation		8,929	2,063	74,727	85,719
Fair value of plan assets	<u> </u>	(6,023)	(1,580)	(24,883)	(32,486)
Net liability	26 -	2,906	483	49,844	53,233
Total net liability/(asset) in statement		2.006	402	40.944	E2 022
of financial position	=	2,906	483	49,844	53,233

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

40 **Defined Benefits Plans (continued)**

(d) **Balance sheet amounts (continued)**

(u)	Balance sheet amounts (continued)		000's	000's	000's	000's
			\$	\$	\$	\$
	sent value obligations - 2012	Note	SASS	SANCS	SSS	Total
•	ening defined benefit obligation		10,638	2,906	76,713	90,257
	rent service cost		389	116	375	880
Inte	rest expense/(income)	-	369	97	2,786	3,252
_			11,396	3,119	79,874	94,389
	neasurements Actuarial losses/(gains) arising from					
C	changes in demographic assumptions		(9)	(21)	2,147	2,117
	Actuarial losses/(gains) arising from changes in financial assumptions		150	67	4,693	4,910
	Experience (gains)/losses	_	327	193	1,558	2,078
			468	239	8,398	9,105
	ntributions		4-0			
	Plan participants	_	159	-	378	537
•	ments from plan Benefits paid	_	(1,999)	(963)	(1,856)	(4,818)
Clos	sing defined benefit obligation	_	10,024	2,395	86,794	99,213
Fair	value of plan assets - 2012					
Оре	ening fair value of plan assets		7,805	2,201	23,103	33,109
Inte	rest expense/(income)	_	264	86	802	1,152
			8,069	2,287	23,905	34,261
F	neasurements Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense		439	153	1,053	1,645
Con	ntributions					
E	Employers		343	111	292	746
F	Plan participants	_	159	-	378	537
			502	111	670	1,283
_	ments from plan Benefits paid		(1,998)	(963)	(1,856)	(4,817)
	sing fair value of plans assets	-	7,012	1,588	23,772	32,372
0.0	onig ian value of plane access	=	7,012	1,000	20,112	02,012
Net	liability - 2012					
	ined benefit obligation		10,024	2,395	86,794	99,213
	value of plan assets		(7,012)	(1,588)	(23,772)	(32,372)
Net	liability	26	3,012	807	63,022	66,841
	al net liability/(asset) in statement inancial position	_	3,012	807	63,022	66,841
		=			·	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance

(a) Education - CGS and other Education grants

						Partnership &	hip &				
		Commonwealth Grants Scheme#1	alth Grants ne#1	Indigenous Support Program	Support	Participation Program	Program	Disability Support Program	Support am	Capital Development Pool	relopment ol
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
		s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Parent Entity (University) Only	Note	&	\$	↔	€9	\$	↔	\$	s	\$	\$
Financial assistance received in CASH											
during the reporting period (total cash											
received from Australian Government for the											
program)		74,181	73,924	1,002	868	3,491	1,764	152	133	•	'
Net accrual adjustments		•	•	•	•	(426)	•	•	•	•	1
Revenue for the period	2(a)	74,181	73,924	1,002	868	3,065	1,764	152	133	•	'
Surplus/(deficit) from the previous year		•	•	432	116	•	2,016	•	•	•	3,084
Total revenue including accrued revenue	•	74,181	73,924	1,434	1,014	3,065	3,780	152	133		3,084
Less expenses including accrued expenses	J	(74,181)	(73,924)	(1,434)	(582)	(3,065)	(3,780)	(152)	(133)	•	(3,084)
Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period		•	•	•	432	•	•	•	•	•	•
					1						

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(a) Education - CGS and other Education grants (continued)

	۵	Diversity and Structural Adjustment Fund #3	Structural Fund #3	Transitional Cost Program	al Cost am	Promo of Exc in Learning and Teaching	Exc in I Teaching	Reward Funding	guipur	Total	_
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
		s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Parent Entity (University) Only	Note	\$	s	s	s	\$	↔	\$	s	\$	s
Financial assistance received in CASH during the reporting period (total cash received from Australian Covernment for the											
program)		1,700	3,700	٠	89	144	225	351	319	81,021	81,031
Net accrual adjustments		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(426)	-
Revenue for the period	2(a)	1,700	3,700		89	144	225	351	319	80,595	81,031
Surplus/(deficit) from the previous year		2,366	20	•	-	201	-	•	-	2,999	5,266
Total revenue including accrued revenue		4,066	3,750	•	89	345	225	351	319	83,594	86,297
Less expenses including accrued expenses	ļ	(2,644)	(1,384)	•	(89)	(124)	(24)	(351)	(319)	(81,951)	(83,298)
Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period		1,422	2,366	•	-	221	201	-	-	1,643	2,999

#1 basic CGS grant amount, CGS - Regional Loading, CGS - Enabling Loading, Maths and Science Transition Loading and Full Fee Places Transition Loading.

#2 Includes Equity Support Program.

#3 Includes Collaboration and Structural Adjustments Program

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(b) Higher education loan programmes (excl OS-HELP)

	HECS-HI Governme	HECS-HELP (Aust. Government payments						
	ō	only)	FEE-HELP #4	-P #4	SA-HELP	LP	Total	_
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Parent Entity (University) Only	Note \$	⇔	↔	\$	ዏ	\$	\$	↔
Cash Payable/(Receivable) at the beginning of the year	(390)	(1,075)	220	482	(240)	,	(410)	(593)
Financial assistance received in cash during the reporting period	40,132	39,080	6,246	5,934	1,071	131	47,449	45,145
Cash available for the period	39,742	38,005	6,466	6,416	831	131	47,039	44,552
Less: Revenue earned	2(b) (42,356)	(38,395)	(5,961)	(6,196)	(835)	(371)	(49,152)	(44,962)
Cash Payable/(Receivable) at the end of the year	(2,614)	(390)	202	220	(4)	(240)	(2,113)	(410)

#4 Program is in respect of FEE-HELP for Higher Education only and excludes funds received in respect of VET FEE-HELP

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(c) Scholarships

		Australian Po Awar	International stgraduate Research Scholarships	International ostgraduate Rese Scholarships	ional Research ships	Commonwealth Education Cost Scholarships #5	wealth Cost ips #5	Commonwealth Accommodation Scholarships #5	wealth dation ips #5	Indigenous Access Scholarship	s Access rship	Total	_
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
		s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Parent Entity (University) Only	Note	↔	↔	s	↔	\$	s	s	↔	s	s	s	s,
Financial assistance received in CASH during the reporting period (total cash													
received from Australian Government for the program)	!	1,580	1,556	133	128	(382)	518	(750)	580	(4)	110	577	2,892
Revenue for the period	2(c)	1,580	1,556	133	128	(382)	518	(150)	280	(4)	110	211	2,892
Surplus/(deficit) from the previous year	'	262	549	•	8	640	288	917	651	09	•	2,212	1,496
Total revenue including accrued revenue		2,175	2,105	133	136	258	908	167	1,231	99	110	2,789	4,388
Less expenses including accrued expenses	•	(1,705)	(1,510)	(113)	(136)	(138)	(166)	(100)	(314)	(26)	(20)	(2,112)	(2,176)
Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period	•	470	595	20	•	120	640	29	917	•	09	677	2,212

#5 Includes Grandfathered Scholarships, National Priority and National Accommodation Priority Scholarships respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(d) Education Research

										Sustainable Research	Research		
		Joint Research	search	Research Training	raining	Research Infrastructure	rastructure	Commercialisation	alisation	Excellence in	nce in		
		Engagement ^{#6}	nent#6	Scheme	ne	Block Grants	irants	Training Scheme	Scheme	Universities	sities	Total	=
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	20
		s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	Ö
Parent Entity (University) Only	Note	ss.	49	s	↔	s	ss.	\$	€9	\$	ss.	s	47
Financial assistance received in CASH during the reporting period (total cash received from Australian Government for the													
program)	!	1,552	1,673	3,584	3,605	466	341	•	•	729	521	6,331	_
Revenue for the period	2(d)	1,552	1,673	3,584	3,605	466	341	•		729	521	6,331	
Surplus/(deficit) from the previous year		•	•	•	٠	•	29	•	69	•	62	•	
Total revenue including accrued revenue	ı	1,552	1,673	3,584	3,605	466	408	٠	69	729	583	6,331	
Less expenses including accrued expenses		(1,547)	(1,673)	(3,584)	(3,605)	(466)	(408)	•	(69)	(729)	(583)	(6,326)	٥
Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period		ĸ	٠	٠	٠	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	ß	
	1.0												

6,140 6,140 198 6,338 (6,338)

2012 000's \$

#6 Includes Institutional Grants Scheme

The reported surplus for Joint Research Engagement of \$4,675 for 2013 is expected to be returned to Education.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(e) Other Capital Funding

Only
University)
arent Entity (

Financial assistance received in CASH during the reporting period (total cash received from Australian Government for the

Net accrual adjustments

Revenue for the period

Surplus/(deficit) from the previous year Total revenue including accrued revenue Less expenses including accrued expenses

Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period

	Teaching and Learning	l Learning	Education Investment	ivestment	Total	=
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Note	49	↔	\$	s	\$	\$
	•	•	2,500	8,093	2,500	8,093
	•	•	5,000	-	5,000	-
2(e)	•	•	7,500	8,093	7,500	8,093
	5,910	6,058	5,930	•	11,840	6,058
	5,910	6,058	13,430	8,093	19,340	14,151
	(148)	(148)	(7,751)	(2,163)	(2,899)	(2,311)
	5,762	5,910	5,679	5,930	11,441	11,840

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(f) Australian Research Council Grants

Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period

283 1,469 (841)

1,632 (1,443)

(43)

(286)

(691)

735 (512)

(752)

223

26

824

341

1,004

<u>3</u> <u>3</u> 2

555 555 72 627

483

631

483 341

631

585 585

2(f)(i)

104

223 808

628

107

2012 000's

2013 000's

2012 000's

2013 000's \$

2012 000's

2013 000's

2012 000's

2013 000's

Note

Projects

Fellowships

Total

Indigenous Researchers Development 628

189

8

	Infrastructure	ıcture	International	tional	Projects	cts	Total	-
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000	s,000
Note	es.	49	↔	s,	⇔	49	es.	49
	240	•		1	855	1,171	1,095	1,171
	•	450	•	٠	•	٠	•	450
2(f)(ii)	240	450	•		855	1,171	1,095	1,621
	114	•	•	4	719	514	833	518
•	354	450		4	1.574	1.685	1.928	2.139

(1,306)

(1,667)

(996)

(1,313)

4

(336)

(354)

261

719

261

(ii) Linkages

Parent Entity (University) Only

Financial assistance received in CASH during the reporting period (total cash received from Australian Government for the program)

Net accrual adjustments Revenue for the period

Surplus/(deficit) from the previous year

Total revenue including accrued revenue Less expenses including accrued expenses

Surplus/(deficit) for the reporting period

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

41 Acquittal of Australian Government Financial Assistance (continued)

(g) OS-HELP

Note	2013 000's	2012 000's
Note	·	\$
	208	185
_	(375)	(181)
	(167)	4
_	(13)	(17)
17 =	(180)	(13)
	Note	000's Note \$ 208 (375) (167) (13)

(h) Student Services and Amenities Fee

	2013 000's	2012 000's
Parent Entity (University) Only Note	\$	\$
Unspent/(overspent) revenue from previous period	571	-
SA-HELP revenue earned 2(b)	835	371
Student services fees direct from students 4	830	400
Total revenue expendable in period	2,236	771
Student services expenses during period	(1,344)	(200)
Unspent/(overspent) student services revenue	892	571



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Southern Cross University

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Southern Cross University (the University), which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the statements of comprehensive income, the statements of changes in equity and the statements of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information of the University and the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity comprises the University and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the University and the consolidated entity, as at 31 December 2013, and of the financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- are in accordance with section 41B of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (the PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010
- comply with the "Financial Statement Guidelines for Australian Higher Education Providers for the 2013 Reporting Period" (the Guidelines), issued by the Australian Government Department of Education, pursuant to the Higher Education Support Act 2003, the Higher Education Funding Act 1988 and the Australian Research Council Act 2001.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

University Council's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Council of the University is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the PF&A Act and the Guidelines, and for such internal control as the Council determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those Standards require that I comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- about the future viability of the University or the consolidated entity
- · that they have carried out their activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the effectiveness of their internal control
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Independence

In conducting my audit, I have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards and other relevant ethical pronouncements. The PF&A Act further promotes independence by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies, but precluding the provision
 of non-audit services, thus ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of
 New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by the possibility of losing clients or
 income.

Aaron Green

Director, Financial Audit Services

7 April 2014 SYDNEY

SCU College Pty Ltd

ABN 40 152 561 825

A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Financial Statements For the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Directors' report

The directors of the company present their report on the company for the period 1 January 2013 to 19. September 2013:

Principal activities

The company's principal activity is to facilitate higher education opportunities to people from all backgrounds

Review of operations

The net operating result of the company for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 was a profit of \$3,130 (2012; profit of \$270) effections \$\text{SNI} (2012; \$2,384) for depreciation.

Changes in state of affairs

On 28 June 2013 the directors resolved to deregister the company. Notice was received from the Australian Securities and Investment Commission dated 19 September 2013 stating that voluntary deregistration had been approved.

Environmental regulations

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or a state or territory.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied for leave of the court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the period.

Directors' report

Information about the directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the period and continued until the date of deregistration:

Professor Witliam MacGillivray BSc(Hons)(Qld), PhD(UQ)

Professor MacGillwray is the Deputy Vice Chancellor of Southern Cross University Appointed: 24 August 2011.

Company secretary

The following person was secretary of the company during the period and communed until the date of deregistration:

Ms Susan Gooley BBus(UNE), CPA

Ms Gooley is Manager Taxation and Transactions for Southern Cross University Appointed: 24 August 2011.

Meetings of directors

The numbers of meetings of directors held during the period and the number of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Professor William MacGittivray	1	1

Directors' benefits

During or since the financial period no director of the company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit because of a contract that:

- (a) the director; or
- (b) a firm of which the director is a member; or
- (c) an entity in which the director has a substant at financial interest, has made with the company, an entity controlled by the company or related body corporate, other than:
 - a benefit included in the aggregate amount of empluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company, and
 - (ii) the fixed salary of a full time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

During or since the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 Southern Cross University has insured all of the directors previously fisted against habilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any 'ega' proceedings arising out of their conduct white acting in the capacity of director of the company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the company.

Directors' report

Indemnification of officers and auditors

The company has not, during or since the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the company or related body corporate:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability incurred as an
 officer, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceeding; or
- (b) paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability incurred as an officer for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Auditors' independence declaration

The auditors' independence declaration for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 has been received and is included after the directors' declaration.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to S298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Dated this fourth day of April 2014

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of SCU College Pty Ltd and pursuant to section 41C (1B) and (1C) of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, we state:

- 1 The attached is a general purpose financial statement and gives a true and fair view of the financial position and performance for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.
- 2 The financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010, the Corporations Act 2001, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.
- 3 We are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars included in the financial report to be misleading or inaccurate.
- 4 At the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed this fourth day of April, 2014 in accordance with a resolution of the directors, made pursuant to \$295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Statement of comprehensive income for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	Noies	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 \$	23*2 \$
Revenue from continuing operations			
Debts forgiven by parest entity		3,460	90,732
Total revenue from continuing operations		3,460	90,732
Gair on 6 sposa l of essets	2	-	8,821
lietal reports from exect naming operations		3,480	9 9,553
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee panofis	4		59,519
Consultancy fees	۵		5,312
Minor equipment purchases		-	11,674
Depreciation on plant and equipment		-	2,384
Travel, accommodation and hospitality		-	1,849
Other expenses		330	18,045
Audit (ees	13	-	4,500
Total expenses from continuing operations		330	99,263
Profit ((loss) from continuing operations before knowns tax		3,130	270
troome tax expense	5		
Profit / (toss) from continuing operations after income tox		3,130	270
Profit ((loss) for the period		3,130	2 70
Total comprehensive profit f (lose) for the period		3,130	2 70
Total comprehensive income / (loss) attributable to:			
Members of SCU Callage Pty Ltd		3,130	270

The engine statement of comprehensive income should be road in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position as at 19 September 2013

	Notes	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 3	2312 S
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1	1
Trade and ower receivables	7		3.065
Total current as sais		1	3.068
Total assets		1	3 968
LIABILITES			
Current liabilities			
Trace and other payables	9		6.195
Folal corrent habilities		-	6,195
Total II≥blEtics			£.195
Met assets		1	(3,129)
EQUITY			
Retained losses	10	-	(3,120)
Issued capital	19	1	1_
Total equity		1	(3,129)

The above statement of linguistic position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of changes in equity for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	Notes	Share Capital \$	Rotelned Earnings \$	Total Equity \$
Datance at 1 January 2012		,	(3,400)	[3 399)
Total comprehensive income for the year	10	-	270	270
Balance at 31 December 2012			43,100)	(3.129)
		·		
Balance at 1 January 2013		:	(3,130)	(3.129)
Total comprehensive period for the period	16		3,130	3,130
Balance at 19 September 2013		1	•	. 1,

The above statement of changes in equity should be road in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	Notes	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013	2912
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		3,460	90,732
Payments to suppliers and employees		(3,670)	(97,509)
GST recovered (los d)		210	340
Not cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	16		(6,437)
Cash flows from Investing autivities			
Sale of plant and coulpment		-	36,732
Purchase of plant and equipment			(30,295)
Not cash provided by J (used in) investing activities			6.437
Net incrouse / (ducrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-	
Cash and cash equivernots at the beginning of the period		1	1
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	6	1	1

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the specimpanying notes.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies.

The principal accounting policies adapted in the prepartation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods reported, unless otherwise stated.

SCU College Pty Ltd is a small proprietory company limited by shares which is incorporated and domicillad in Australia. The company's principal activity is to facilitate it giver education opportunities to people from all backgrounds. The company was deregistered on 19 September 2013 and accordingly current year's figures from 1 January 2013 to date of deregistration are shown

The procipal address of SCU College Pty Ltd is Military Road Lismore MSW 2480.

Basis of preparation

The annual Financial statements represent the audited general curpose financial statements which have been prepared on an occural basis in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, AASB Interpretations, the Public Finance and Audit Act 1965, the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010 and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

Compliance with IFPS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards and have been prepared on a for profit basis.

Date of authorisation for issue

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 4 April 2014.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared on an accruais basis and are bases on the Nistorical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformally with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of section critical accounting estimates. These areas require a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements. No critical accounting estimates have been identified in these financial statements.

Going consern prinsiple

The directors resolved to directistic the company oursuant to a resolution on 26 June 2013. Notice was subsequently received from the Australian Securities and Investment Commission staling that the company was deregistered on 19 September 2013.

Accordingly, the Lagrangi statements for the period 7 Junuary 2013 to 19 September 2013 have been prepared on a liquidation basis.

When preparing the financial statements in accordance with the liquidation basis, adjustments have been made regarding the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amount to reflect the fact that the company will not realise its assets and examplish its Establishes in the normal course of business.

b) Significant revenues & expenses

Where an item of revenue or expense from ordinary activities is of such size, dature or incidence, that its disclosure is relevant or explaining the Science performance of the entity, its reduce and amount have been disclosed separately in the notes.

c) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue attend of rought to trade a lowerness, relicates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The company recognises revenue when the emount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and specific criteria have been mell for each of the company's activities as described between amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable that I all confingencies relating to the self-have been resolved. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking and consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each amangement.

Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as to lows:

Rendering of services

Revenue from sales of services is recognised in the period in which the service is provided.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and can be impasured reliably. Ricks and reward are considered passed to the buyer at the time of delivery to the customer.

Interest

Interest is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

d) Income tax

SCL College Pty Ltd is subject to income tax.

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax physible on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities atmostable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the linencial statements, and to unused tax bases.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary of Forences arising between the tax bases of assers and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if a erises from indial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a pusiness of maintain that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred Income tax is deformined using tax rates (and type) that have been enabled or substancially enabled by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related defense income tax asset is realised or the defense income tax asset is realised or the defense income tax asset.

Deferred law assets are recognised for deduct bis temporary differences and unused tax fosses only if it is probable that future tax which will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities relating to the same texation authority are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and flabilities and drey are intended to be either settled on a net pasts, or the asset is to be readed and the liability settled simultaneously.

Current and deterred tax belances applicable to amounts recognised outside profit and loss are also recognised dute de grefd and loss.

e) Canh and cash equivelents

For each flow statement presentation purposes, cash and each equivalents includes each on band, deposits held at Call with There all restructors, other short-term, highly liquid evectments with original materities of throo meeths or less that are readily conventible to incover amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignil cannotisk of changes in volue. Bank overdrafts are shown with a borrowings to coment liabilities on the balance sheet.

f) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised inhelity at fair value and subsequently measured at amortistic dost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are due to subtement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

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Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an engoing basis. Dotts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to be obtained at according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankhuptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days evenue) are considered independs that the trade roce vable is impaired. The amount of the provision between the asset flows relating amount and the present vable of estimated future cash flows, also unted at the effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amount of the provision is recognised in the importer stateored:

g) Investments and other financial assets.

Classification

The company classifies its investments in the following dategories: If tancial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, hald-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sate functial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were appointed. Management determines the class Soution of its investments at in the recognition and, in the case of assets classified as hold-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category hit is acquired panel part for the outnose of setting in the sheet form. Derivatives are classified as held for tracing unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in the category are classified as current assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active stocket. They are included at current assets, except for those with materities ground than 12 months after the balance street date which are classified as non-corrent assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the balance sheet.

Held-to-maturity investments

He'd-to-maturity investments and non-perivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the company's management has the positive interborus of sibility to hold to maturity.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-forecally financial assets, comprising principally merketable equity securities, are not-derivatives that are either designated in this calegory or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date - the date on which the company commits to purchase or sell the easet, towastments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are in the tyrecognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transforred and the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Witten sequiffies classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as pains and losses from investment securities.

Subsequent measurement

Available-forwale financial assets and financial assets at tain value through crofit and loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Leans and repelvacios and helid-formati, ity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses a fishing from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets of fair value through profit or loss' epiegory are included in the invalue statement within either income or other expenses to like period in which they arise

Changes in the fair value of monetary security denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The trains stion differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in the fair value of other monetary and non-monetary socurities classified as available for-sale are recognised in equity.

Fak value

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a briand at asset is not active (and founlisted securities), the company establishes tair value by using valuation techniques. These include respector to the tair values of recent arms design transactions, involving the come instruments or other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific occumetances.

Impairment

The compuny assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a disaccal asset or group of fugacial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as evaluation-law-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a security bottom its cost is considered in determining whether the security is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available for sale if namical assets, the cumulative loss is measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current (air value, less any impairment loss on that financial assets previously recognised in pro/4 and loss it is removed from equity and recognised in the proof statement. Properminal losses recognised in the income statement, the equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement.

h] Property, plant and equipment

All plant and equipment is stated as historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributed at the acquisition of the detrail.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that tuture economic penefics associated with the sam will flow to the company and this cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incorred.

Depreciation of non-current assets

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the ricost or revalued amounts method the ricesidual values, over their estimated useful lives, as to lowe:

The annual rates for depreciation are:

	**
Motor Vehicles	20

The assets' residual values and useful leves an invitewest, and adjusted diagramphate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and leases or a sposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement

j) Trade and other payables

Those amounts represent (lab) bes for goods and services provides to the company prior to the end of financial year, which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 45 days of recognition.

k) Emptoyee benefits

Wages and setaries

Liable os for short-term employed benefits and using wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and profit-sharing bonuses due to pespelled within 12 months after are end of the period are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liability is settled and recognised in other payables, it applies for non-accumulating sickleave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates cold or payable.

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Annual leave and sick leave

The liability for lang-term employed benefits such as about loave and accumulating sick feave is recognised in partent provisions for employee behalfs as it is not due to be sented within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. It is measured at the amount expected to be part when the leability is settled. Regardless of the expected timing of settlements, provisions made unnespect of employee hereafts are classified us a current that by, unless there is an enconditional right to defer the settlement of the field by for at least 12 months after the reporting date, in which case 4 yould be classified as a non-current liability.

Long service lenve

The Nability for long service is average services in the proves on for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. The activate is assessment gives consideration to expected "uture wage and satury levels, experience of employee departures and benefits of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on Commencealth government bonds with terms to measurity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash out long.

Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the company are emitted to benefits on fet rement, disability or death from the company's superamount on plan. The company has a defined benefit section and a defined contribution section within its plan. The defined benefit section provides defined tump sum centered based on years of service and final average salary. The defined contribution section receives fixed confirmations from company and the company's legal or constructive obligation is limited to those contributions. The employees of the company are all members of the defined contribution section of the company are all members of the defined contribution section of the company are all members of the defined contribution section of the company.

A list ray or asset in respect of centred benefit superannuation plans is recognised in the balance sheet, and is measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting data plus unrecognised actuarial losses) loss the fair value of the superannuation fund's assets at that date and any unrecognised basis service cost. The present value of the defined benefit beligation is based on expected future payments which arise from membership of the fund to the reporting data, calculated actually by independent actuates using the projected unit orad timethod. Consideration is given to expected future wage and sidary levels, experience of employee dependings and periods of service.

Expected future payments are discounted using market yie as at the reporting date on national government behas with terms to mat, rity and currency that match, as obselv as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Actuarial gains and tosses areing from expenence adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, poliside the income statement. In the statement of comprehensive encome.

Past service costs are recognised immediately in incurrie, unless the changes to the superannuation field are conditional on the employees remaining in sense for a specified pende of time (the vesting period). In this case, the dash service costs are should on a straight-line basis over the vasting period.

Contributions to the defined contribution fund are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Preposition that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for those benefits. The entity recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without pass billy of withdrawallion providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Sensitis in a decimal plan 12 mentis, after beginning the date are discounted to present value.

I) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised not of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case, it is recognised as cart of the cost of acquisition of the asset of as cart of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash dows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from envesting or feterologically lies which are recoverable from or paynole to the total on authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

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m) Allocation between current and non-current

In determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or tability is expected to settle. The asset or bability is classified as current dit is expected to settle within the next 12 months, being the company's operational cycle. In this case of Nabilities, where the company does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long sexuod tooks, the liability is classified as current even if it is not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for Irading are classified as current even direct expected to be realised in the next 12 months.

n) Comparative amounts

When required by accounting standards, comparative figures have been adjusted in conform to changes in presentation for the current year.

Now accounting standards and interpretations

Gestain new accounting stendards and interpretations have been published that are not mandagory for 1 January 2013 to 19. September 2013 reporting period

It is considered that the impact of these new standards and interpretations in future periods will have no intellegable in the highest state trents of the company.

Notes to the financial statements

for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 2. Company Details

SCU College Pty tild is a small proprietary company, "imited by shares which is incorporated and operated in Australia.

The registered office and pencipal place of dulaness of the company (up to date of deregistration) was:

Red Treyvaud Building

Southern Ordes University		
Mitrary Road		
USMORE NSW 2480		
	1 January 2013 to	
	19 September 2013	2012
	\$	\$
Note 3. Gains / (losses) on disposal of assets		
Proceeds both sale	_	36.732
Carrying amount of assets sold		(27,911)
Total of net gain I (foss) on disposal of assats	-	9.821
·		
Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations		
Note 4.1. Employee benefits		
Salsries	•	47,364
Superannuation	•	8,787
Payrou tox Workers' compensation	•	3,7 0 9 269
Total emptoyee benefits	<u>-</u>	59,519
total ampoyee benefits		19,515
Note 4.2 Consultancy fees paid		
the company as part of its counst activities engages consultants		
to provide services not available with hits own resources		1 312
Note 5. Income tax		
Income tex expense		
Income tax on profit from continuing operations at 30%	939	61
Artd back non-deductible expenses		
Witte-oil deferred income tax as it is not probable that if will be recovered by future operations.		
Less reduction of deterred taxes from previous periods	(938)	(81)
Income tax attributable to the entity		- _
Deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets not brought to account, the benefits of which will only		
be realised if the conditions for deduct bility set out in Note 1 are setisfied.		
- operating losses		939

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013	2012
Note 6. Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
Cash on hand	1	1
Total cash and cash equivalents	1	
(e) Reconcilitation to cash at the end of the period		
The above figures are reconciled to easit at the end of the period as shown in the eash flow statement as follows:		
Balances as above	1	1
Balance per statement of cash flows	1	1
Note 7. Trade and other receivables		
Curent		
Trade receivables Net gloods and services tax receivable	•	2,655
Total trade and other receivables		2:0 3.065
Total Hade with bliner resolutions		0.010
No receivables were considered impained of 49 September 2013 (2012: \$\footnote{s}\)		
Note B. Plant and equipment		
Place and equipment		
At cost	-	-
Accemulated depreciation Net book amount		
Nei dock diriculti		<u> </u>
Movement in the carrying amounts		
Viovement in the carrying amounts of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current brancial period		
Opening net book amount		
Additions	-	33.2E5
Orsposals Depreciation expense	•	(27,911)
Cosing net book amount		(2,384)
C OBING INCI DEON SIND IN:		
Note 9. Trade and other payables		
Current		
Trade payables	•	1,245
Accrued expenses		4,950
Total trade and other payables		6,195

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 19. Retained earnings	1 January 2013 to 19 Septomber 2013	2012 (3,409)		
Retained earnings at 1 January 2013	(9,130)	(3,409)		
Tetal comprehensive arcaine for the period	3.130	273		
Rotained earnings at 19 September 2013		(8,130)		

Note 11. Key management personnel disclosures

Directors

The names of directors who held office during the financial period are:

Professor Wittam MacGillimay

The above persons have been in office since the stan of the period unless otherwise stated.

Directions remained state of the design and exhan mombers of key management personnel in the company and the groups 299,319 609,240		1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013	2012
Separate Separate	Directors remuneration	\$	\$
Number of directors whose income was within the following bands \$60,000 to \$74,999			
Number of directors without income was within the following bands	personnel in the company and the group:	290,319	609,240
1		Number	Number
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Member of directors whose income was within the following bands		
\$285,090 to \$289,899	\$60,000 to \$74,999		1
SS75,000 to \$395,898 1 This remaneration does not just relate to the directors role within SCU College Pty U.d. 7; in clodes remuneration from associated entities. 1	\$450,690 to \$164,999		1
This runnamentalized does not just relate to the directors to a within SCU College Pty UID. It includes remuneration from associated entities. 1	5285,090 to \$299,989	1	-
Lid. 2; in cludes remuneration from associated entities. 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 2012 Responsible Officer remuneration \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$375,000 to \$38\$,899	-	1
Responsible Officer remuneration \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			
Income paid or paych a to a staff member employed by SCU College Pty Ltd whose duries are uses management responsibilities for the company's operation. Number Number		-	2012
whose duries are uses management responsibilities for the company's operation. Number Number	Responsible Officer remuneration	\$	\$
Section Sect			52,672
Section Sect		Number	Souther
Key management personnel compensation \$ September 2013 2012 Short-term employee behalf is - 54,196 Post employment confils - 8,476	96 0, 000 to \$7 4,996	4	
Key management personnel compensation \$ September 2013 2012 Short-term employee behalf is - 54,196 Post employment confils - 8,476		1 feminary 2013 to	
Key management personnal componention \$ 5 Short-term employee benefits - 54,196 Post employment conefits - 8,476			2012
Post employment conefits	Key management personnel compensation	\$	•
Post employment conefits	Shortderm employee benefits	_	54,196
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.

Note 12. Related party transactions

Parent entity

The entity is a with tylowined subsidiary of Southern Cross University.

Related party transactions

Transactions with related postes are on normal terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

Transactions with related parties:

U Parent entity

Transactions with Southern Cross University for services provided are fully reimbursed by the company as charged. However, financial services and administration assistance are provided by the Chiversity at no cost. The value of these costs are not restilly quantified.

	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 S	2612 S
Revalue Southern Cross University cebrs forgived Southern Cross University sale of property, plant and equipment	3,450	90,732 36,732
Expenditure Morsearch Limited sonate fees		78

Terms and conditions

Related party dutstanding parameters are unsecured and have been provided on interest free terms.

A provision for impairment has not been raised in relation to any outstanding balances, and no expense has been recognised in respect of had or equiptly ideas true from related parties.

	1 January 2013 to	
Note 13. Remuneration of auditors	19 September 2013	2012
	5	\$
Our ng the year the following fees were paid for services provided by the auditor of the parameterity, its related practices and non-related audit time:		
Fors, prior to The Audit Office of New South Water		
Audit of financial statement	_	4.500

The 2013 auditities is being paid by the parent entry due to the deregistration of the company.

Note 14. Contingencies

Contingent Habilities

SCU College Pty I to comently has no legal contiens autistanding on other contingent liabilities which are expected to resort in material claims against it.

Note 15. Commitments for expenditure

[a] Capital expenditure commitments

There were no commitments for capital expenditure as at 19 September 2015 (2092; \$NII).

(b) Lease commitments

There were no leasing commitments as at 19 September 2013 (2042: \$Nil)

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.

Nate 16. Segment reporting

(a) loclustry segments

like company operates within the one industry for delivering region education opportunities to people from all economic backgrounds.

(b) Geographic segments

The company operates solely with a Australia.

Note 17. Events after balance sheet date

There were no events subsequent to reporting date that would have a material financial effection the financial report.

Note 18. Reconciliation of operating result for the year after income tax to net cash flows from operations

	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 3	2312 \$
feet operating result for the period	3,130	270
Add: Depreciation		2,384
Net (gard) / ides on sale of assets	•	(8.821)
(increase) / decrease in receivables	2,855	(2.866)
(Increase) / decrease in GST receivable	210	130
thoroase / (decrease), in payables and other liabilities	(6,195)	2,455
Not cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities	<u> </u>	(6,437)
Note 19. Contributed equity		
Oporang balance	1	1
Fully paid shares issued during the reporting period		
Classing balance (1 share, fully cold at \$1.00 each)	í	1

Fully paid shares.

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the process on winding up of the company in proportion to the cumber of shares. held. At the shareholders meating each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a pot is called, otherwise each shareholder has gse vote on a show of hands.

The company has the power to forfell any shares upon which the call remains unpaid for a period specified by the directors.

The company has a first and paramount tenion every share not fuQy paid for all money, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share.

Note 20. Economic depandency

A letter of unconstributal financial support has been provided for the reporting period by Southern Cross University. The parent entity will support the company financia by to the prensure the company can pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.

Note 21. Financial risk management

The entity's activities expass it to a variety of financial risks invaried disk, chedit risk, and laggidity risk. The company's overal risk management program focuses on the expredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimal potential adverse effects and the financial performance of the company.

The company uses deferant mathads to massare of flerant types of risk to which it is exposed. Those methods include sensitivity shallysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks, egeing analysis for credit risk and daily assessment of investment particlies to determine market risk.

Risk management assessment is undertaken by the parent artity. The company does not enter into or trade financial maturinents for speculative purposes.

(a) Market risk

(r) Foreign exchange risk

The company does not undertake transactions in other currencles so does not have exposure to exchange into fluctuations. (b) Price task

Price risk arises on financial instruments because of charges in, for example, commodity prices or equity prices. The company is not exposed to price risk.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk.

(aferest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument y/ (if included due to changes in market interest rates.) The cash management functions are performed by the parent onery.

(iv, Summarised sensitivity energy):

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the company's Anancial assets and financial l'opéries to interest rate risk

1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013	.	Interest Rate ReX			
ľ	Corrying	-1	%	1	%
	acheung	Result	Equity	Result	Equity
	\$	5	5	S	\$
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1				
Receivables			-	-	-
Total financial essets	1	-			,
Financial liabilities	l !				
Payables	j - i	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets / (liabilities)	ſτį	-	ı		

2012	<u> </u>	Le¢erest, Rate Risk			
	Carrying	-1'	%	19	it.
	amount (Result	Equity	Reşult,	€r,uity
	<u> </u>	5	\$	\$	ŝ
Fanancial assets				ī	
Cash and cosh equivalents	4!	-	-	-	-
Receivables	2,855	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	2,856	.]		- i	
Financial Babilities					
Preyables	(5.170)	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total financiolossets / ((lobiátios)	(2.314)	-	-	· ·	-

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.

Note 21. Financial risk management (cont)

(b) Credit risk

The company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the cerrying amounts of the financial assets included in the bathosa sheet.

Trade accounts payables are partied in the financial statement at net fair value unless otherwise stated. They have normal business trading terms.

(c) Liquidity risk

The company transges liquidity risk by maintaining banking facilities and communicity monitoring forecast and actual dash. flews:

(d) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities.

The carrying amounts of each asset and liability as stared in the balance sheet approximates their fair values.

Fair value measurements recognised in the balance sheet are caregorised into the following levels:

Level 1 - Derwed from quoted prices in active markets for identical lassets / liab.lities.

Level 2 - Donwed from inputs other than quoted phase that are observable directly or indirectly.

Level 3. Derived from valuation techniques that not use inputs for the asset / ksb. by not based on observable market data (whobservable inputs).

	19 Şopi 2013	. evel 1	L eval 7	.eve 3
	\$	\$	\$	S
Financial assets				
Non-traded financial assets	1	1	-	
	1	1	-	-
Financial habilities				
Not traded financial flabilities		-	-	-
			-	
			•	

Tend of Audited Financial Report?



To the Directors SCU College Pty Ltd

Auditor's Independence Declaration

As auditor for the audit of the financial statements of SCU College Pty Ltd for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013, I declare, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Aaron Green Director, Financial Audit Services

1 April 2014 SYDNEY



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

SCU College Pty Ltd

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament and Members of SCU College Pty Ltd

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of SCU College Pty Ltd (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 19 September 2013, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the period then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 19 September 2013 and its performance for the period ended on that date
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001
- are in accordance with section 41B of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (the PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the PF&A Act and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view and that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those Standards require that I comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- about the future viability of the Company
- that it has carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the effectiveness of its internal control
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Independence

In conducting my audit, I have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards, the Corporations Act 2001 and relevant ethical pronouncements. The PF&A Act further promotes independence by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies, but precluding the provision
 of non-audit services, thus ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of
 New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by the possibility of losing clients or
 income.

I confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, provided to the directors of SCU College Pty Ltd on 1 April 2014, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Aaron Green

Director, Financial Audit Services

7 April 2014 -SYDNEY

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

ABN 19 151 245 411

A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Financial Statements

For the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Directors' report

The directors of the company present their report on the company for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013:

Principal activities

The company's principal activities are as a training and development facility to enhance skills and provide educational pathways and development opportunities in Australian youth football.

Review of operations

The not operating result of the company for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 was a profit of SN8 (2012; profit of S158,652) after providing SN8 (2012; \$6,804) for depreciation

Changes in state of affairs

On 1 July 2013 the directors resolved to deregister the company. Notice was received from the Australian Securities and Investment Commission dated 19 September 2013 stating that voluntary dereg stration had been approved.

Environmental regulations

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or a state or territory.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied for leave of the court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the period.

Directors' report

Information about the directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the period and continued until the date of deregistration;

Ms Margot Sweeny MEc, BBus, CPA, SA Fin, FAMI, MACS CT.

Ms Sweeny is Chief Executive Officer of Summerland Credit Union

Professor Peter Lee SE(Chemical)(RMIT), PhD(Monash), FTSE

Professor Lee is Vice Chancellar of Southern Cross University

Company secretary

Ms Selena Arthur BComm(UNSW), CPA

Ms Arthur was Acting Director of Financial and Business Services at Southern Cross University (Resigned: 14 June 2013)

Meetings of directors

The numbers of meetings of directors held during the period and the number of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

	Number etgible to attend	Number attended
Margot Sweeny	1	1
Peler Lee	1	1

Directors' benefits

During or since the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013, no director of the company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit, because of a contract that

- (a) the director; or
- (b) a firm of which the director is a member, or
- (c) an entity in which the director has a substantial financial interest, has made with the company, an ontity controlled by the company or related body corporate, other than
 - (i) a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emploments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company, and
- (ii) the fixed salary of a full time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

During or since the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 Sculhern Cross University has insured all of the cirectors previously listed against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of director of the company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the company.

Directors' report

Indemnification of officers and auditors

The company has not, during or since the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the company or related body corporate:

- (a) indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability incurred as an
 officer, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceeding; or
- (b) paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability incurred as an officer for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Auditors' independence declaration

The auditors' independence declaration for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 has been received and is included after the directors' declaration.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to S298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Director

Dated this fourth day of April 2014

Annual Report 2013

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd and pursuant to section 41C (1B) and (1C) of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, we state:

- The attached is a general purpose financial statement and gives a true and fair view of the financial position and performance for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.
- The financial statement has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010, the Corporations Act 2001, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.
- We are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars included in the financial statement to be misleading or inaccurate.
- 4. At the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed this fourth day of April, 2014 in accordance with a resolution of the directors, made pursuant to S295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Director

Director

Statement of comprehensive income for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	1 January 2013 to		
	Notes	19 September 2013	2512
		\$	\$
Révéaué from continuing operations			
Grants received		1,242	251,023
Total revenue from continuing operations		1,242	251,023
Goir or disposal of assots	3	<u> </u>	19,926
Total income from continuing operations		1,242	270,959
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee benefits	4	1,242	76,995
Consultancy tees	4	-	1,314
Minor equipment ourshases			3,702
Degree ation on plant and equipment			6.804
Trave , accommodation and hospitality			1 768
Other expenses		•	17 /24
Aud t foes			4,500
Total expenses from continuing operations		1,242	117,307
Profer (loss) from continuing operations before income tex			158 652
Income lex expense	5		
Profit / (lose) from continuing operations after income tex		•	159,652
Profit / (loss) for the period		-	155,652
Total comprehensive profit / [loss) for the period	:	·	153,652
Total comprehensive income ettributable to:			
Members of Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd		-	158,652

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position as at 19 September 2013

•		1 January 2013 to	
	Notes	19 September 2013	2012
		\$	s
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1	1,443
Trade and other receivables	7 .	•	5,305
Total current assets		1	6,748
Non-current assets			
Other financial assets	9		10
Total non-current assets			10
Total asketh		11	6,758
LIABILITIES			
Correct Nabilities			
Trade and other payables	10		9,767
Total current liabilities			6,757
Total flubilities		<u> </u>	6,757
Net assuls		1	1
EQUITY			
Issued capital	20	1	1
Total equity			1

The above statement of financial position should be road in conjugation with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	Notes	Share Capital S	Retained Earnings 5	Total Equity
Balance of 1 January 2012			(158,652)	(458,651)
Total comprehensive income for the year	11		159,652	1,58,652
Balance at 31 December 2012	_	1		3
Balance at 1 January 2013		1		,
Total comprehensive income for the period	11_			
Balance at 19 September 2013	_	1	•	1

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

		1 January 2013 to	
	Notes	19 September 2013	2612
		5	5
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		1,604	251,023
Payments to suppliers and employees		(7,898)	(125,224)
GST recovered ((and)		1.063	979
Not cash provided by I (used in) operating activities	19	(5,332)	126,778
Cash flows from Investing activities			
Loans Form/ (to) related pasties		3,880	(178,140)
Sala shares in Summerland Croßii Union		10	-
Sorio of assects			52,794
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities		3,800	(125,345)
Net increase ((decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,442)	1,432
Gash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial based		1,443	11
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	6	. 1	1,443

The above statement of cash hows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting pot sies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These poisees have been consistently applied to all years reported, unless otherwise stated.

Asia Pacific Footbal Institute Operations Pty Ltd is a small proprietory company in test by shares which je incorporated and demicided in Australia. The company was deregistered on 19 Septembar 2013 and accordingly correct years I gures from 1 January 2013 to date of deregistration are shown.

The principal address of Asia Pacific Footbal Institute Operations Pty Etd is Mutary Road Camera NSW 2480

a) Basis of preparation

There general purpose I handial statements have trees precated on an accrual basis in accordance with Australan Accounting Standards: AASB Interpretations, the Polisic Founds and Austr And 1983, the Polisic Founds and Austr Regulation 2019 and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial statements are presented in Australian Collars.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards Include Avoltalian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards and have been prepared on a You prefit basis.

Date of authorisation for issue:

The Francial statements were authorised to issue by the directors on 4 April 2014.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been propored on an occavals basis and are based on the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Austral an Accounting Standards requires the use of cension of call accounting estimates. These areas require a fugner degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements. No critical accounting estimates have been identified in these financial statements.

Gamp cancern pancipie

The directors resolved to deregister the company pursuant to a resolution on 1 July 2013. Notice was subsequently received from the Australian Investment and Securities Commission stating that the company was deregistered on 19 September 2013.

Accordingly, the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 have been prepared on a liquidation basis.

When preparing the financial statements in accordance with the liquidation basis, adjustments have been made regarding the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, to reflect the fact that the company will not realise its assets and extinguish its liablities in the normal course of business.

b) Significant revenues & expenses

Where an 4pm of revenue or expense from ordinary activities is of such size, matter or molitoner, that its disclosure is referent in exclaiming the linearizet performance of the entity, its nature and amount have been disclosed seperately in the notes.

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

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A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

c) Revenue recognition

Reversue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received in movingle. Amounts disclosed as revenue are new of returns, trade allowances, relates and amounts of soled on behalf of third parties.

The company recognises reverse when the windum of revenue can be reliably impasured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and specific criteria have been mellfor each of the company's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be rebady measurable until all contingencies relating to the safe have been repoliced. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifies of leach prangement.

Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as to lower

Rendering of services

Revenue from sales of services is recognised in the period in which the service is provided.

Sale of poods

Revenue is recognised when the significant fisks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and can be measured adaptive. Sisks and reward are considered passed to the buyer at the time of delivery to the outpotter.

Interest

Interest is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

d) Income tax

Asia Pacific II polball instrute Operations Pty Ltd is subject to income text.

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the lax payable/reveivable on the corrent period's becable income based on the notional means lax rate for each jurisdiction sojusted by changes in defende tax eachs and liabilities attribute be to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the trianglet statements, and to should be set.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the fair braces of assets and liabilities and their carrying accounts in the consolidated mand a statemental However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for it transaction in that recognition of an asset or tablet, yin a transaction (other than is business combination) that et the time of the transaction affects mether accounting nor textellie profit or loss. Differred income tax is deferred using tax rates (and laws) that have been enabled or substantially enabled by annotated income tax asset is ras sec or the deterred income tax is offlice.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for peded**tible** temperary differences and unused tax fastes only if it is probable that future taxeste amounts will be available to asise insects imporery differences and losses.

Ourself, and defense (ax assets and liquidities relating to the same taxation sulfronity are offset when there is a legacy enforceable right to offset current tax assets and habilities and they are intended to be either settled on a net basis, or the asset is to he realised and the kability settled a multaneously.

Current and deferred lax balances attrabusable to amounts recognised outside profit and loss are also recognised outside profit and loss.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

e) Cash and cosh equivalents

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits hold at sail with Scandid Institutions, other shurt-term, highly fruid investments with engine) materities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an enaighticars risk of changes in value. Bank eventrafts are shown within borrowings in current liablines on the balance sheet.

f) Trade receivables

Trade race vables are recognised intially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for expainment. Trade receivables are due for self-ement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing pasts. Debts which era known to be uncellectable are written off. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be abby to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficult as of the coctor, probability that the debter will inster bankmoldy in the nacion reorganisation, and default or definquency in payments (more than 35 days overeige) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interesting interesting the amount of the prevision is recognised in the incidence statement.

g) Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The company classifies its investments in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, help-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, at the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss metude financial assets held to: trading. A farancial asset is classified in this category if it is accorded praiding for the purpose of setting in this short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current essets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and recervables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or detarminable payments that are not quoted in an edivermarket. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 metals after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables to the balance sheet.

Held-to-majority investments

Heid-to-maturity investments are non-cerivative (hand alsees with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the company's management has the positive intercon and alsi by to hold to maturity.

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

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A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Available-for-sale financial assets

Avoisible-for-sals financial assets, combinsing principally marketable equity securities, are non-conventives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are uncoded in non-current assets us easy management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the battange sheet date.

Regular purchases and sales of financial exaits are recognised on trade-care - the date on which the company commits to purchase or salitho passet, investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction coars for all financial assets not confided at fair value plus transaction coars for all financial assets carned at fair value profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction coars are expensed in the Hindme statement, filtrancial assets are derecognised when the highes to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the company has profitered substantially within risks and rewards of ownership

When securoes classified as available for sold ordisold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equally are installed in the income attempt as gains and losses from investment securities.

Subsequent глежичиетия

Available-for-sale tinancial assets and financial assets of fair value, through profit and loss are subsequently parried at fair value. Losna and receivables and held to implicitly investments are carried at environed bust using the officially interest included. Gains or losses are so from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category are included in the income statement within other income or other expenses in the peace; in which they arise.

Changes in the fair value of monetary security denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-tor-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences related to changes in the amort sed cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of other monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available for an excognised in equity.

Fair value

The fall values of quoted investments are based on current bld prices, of the thanket for a financial asset is not above (and for unfisted securities), the company establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include reference to the fair values of record arm's-length transactions, involving the same instruments or other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option is using models refined to reflect the issuants specific discounteds.

impainment

The company assesses at each balance date whether there is objective exidence that a financial asset or group of financial asset is impaired. If the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or profunged docting in the fair value of a security below its cost is considered in determining whether the security is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale sharped assets, the cumulative loss is most are objected as the difference between the adjustic oncost and the current for value, loss any important loss on that I hanced asset previously recognised in profit and loss is is removed from equity and recognised in the anomal statement. Impairment losses recognised in the anomal statement. Impairment losses recognised in the anomal statement.

h) Property, plant and equipment

As plant and equipment is stated at Pisturina, cost less depreniation, l'Estorical post induces expanditure that is directly atsibutable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits esset after with the item will flow to the company and the dast of the item can be awastered reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incomed.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

i) Deproclation of non-current assets

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to afsically the needs, needs residuals, evenths nestmated useful fives to the company.

The control rates for depreciation are:

≪p.s. Motor vehicles 29

The assets' residual values and use't likes are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet days

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its contrated recoverable amount.

Golds and losses on disposes are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the incompilatement.

il Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company open to the end of phasedal period, which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually good within 45 days of recognition.

k) Employee beneffls

Wages and salaries

Liabilities for short term employed benefits including wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and profit shoung bonuses due to be settled within 12 months after the and of the period are measured at the unicont expected to be paid when the Tabrity is settled and recognised in other payables. Liabilities for non-accumating sick, have are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid propayable.

Annual leave and sick leave

The Lability for long-term employed bedelils such as winned known and access jobing is at leave is recognised in correct provisions for employed benefits as it is included to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. It is included at the ambient expected to be paid when the hability is settled. Regardless of the expected timing of settlements, provisions made in respect of employed benefits are classified as a poment leability, unless there is an income timinal right to defer the settlement of the leability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, in which case it would be classified as a pomeounce I satisfy.

Long service leave

The liability for long sorvice leave is recognised in the provision for employee denetips and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of stemach provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. The actualist assessment gives consideration to expected future wage and so pay tovals, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are as counted using market yields at the reporting date on Commonwealth government bonds with terms to resturity and currency that materials also describe possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

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Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Retirement benefit obtigations

All employees of the company are entitled to benefits on represent, disability or coath from the company's superannuation plan. The company has a defined benefit section and a defined contribution section while delined benefit section provides defined turns some benefits based on years of service and final average scient. The defined contribution section receives fixed cost buttons from company and the company's legal or constructive obligation is limited to these contributions. The employees of the company are all mambers of the defined contribution section of the company's plan.

A hability or asset in respect of defined benefit subseries it, on stans is propagated in the balance sheet, and is measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date plus unrecognised actuarial gains (less unrecognised actuarial issees) less the fair value of the superannuation (und's assets at that date and extra unrecognised past service past. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is eased on expected future payments which case from membership of the fund in the reporting date, calculated amountly by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and safary levels, expensive departures and periods of springe.

Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting data on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estemptor future cash outliows.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes whactuarial assumptions are recognised in the period is which they occur, outside the income statement, in the statement of corporeherorive income.

Past sorvice coals are recognised. It mediately will home, unless the changes in the superanequation (and are conditional on the employees remaining this ervice for a specified period of employees remaining this east service costs are a morked on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

Convibutions to the defined contribution fund are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an expense is available.

Termination benefits

Town nation bondits are payable when employment is tarm nated before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these banefits. The company recognises to ministion benefits when it is demonstrably committed to other lenninating the employment of cument employees according to a datailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or providing term haton benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary reductionacy. Benefits falling due that 12 months offer balance date are discoursed to present value.

I) Goods and services tax (GST)

Reverses, expenses and useds are recognised not of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case, it is recognised as part of the cast of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receiverable from, or payable to, the taxable problem is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cosh flows.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

m) Allocation between current and non-current

In determination of whether an asset of Lability is current or non-dividual to consideration is given to their me when each papel or flability is expected to settle. The asset or liability is classified as current dilt is expected to settle within the next 12 months, being the company's operational cycle. In the case of Pabilities, where the company does not have the unconsidered ingirt to deter settlement occurrent 12 months, such as vested long service letting, the flability is classified as current even if it is not expected to be settled within the medi 12 months. Inventories held for Yading are classified as current even if not exceeded to be realised in the next 12 months.

o) Comparative amounts

When recurred by sectioning standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the purent year.

o) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for reporting period til January. 2013 to 19 September 2013.

It is considered that the support of these new standards and interpretations in future gonods will have no meterial support on the Enumerical statements of the company

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 2. Company details

As a Pacific Feetball test/tike Operations Pty Ltd is a small proprietary company, limited by		
shares which is incorporated and operates in Austra, a.		
The registered office and praisipal place of business of the company (up to date of congistrate	an) mae:	
Rod Treyvaud Building	4 i)as.	
Southern Cross University		
Military Hoad		
USWORE MSW 2480	4 5 7545	
WY TO THE TOTAL ENDO	1 Jan very 2013 to 19 September 2013	2012
	5	5
	•	3
Note 3. Gains / (losses) on disposal of assets		
Proceeds from sale	-	52,794
Carrying amount of assets sold		(32,858)
Total of net gain / (loss) on disposal of assets	.	19,938
Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations		
Note 4.1. Employee benefits		
Salares		67,929
Superannuation		4,934
Payroll tax	1,242	4,016
Workers' compensation		122
Total emplayed benefits	1,242	7 <u>6,995</u>
Note 4.2. Consultancy fees paid		
The company as part of its normal act vives engages consultants		
to provide services not available within its own resources		1,314
Note 5. Income tax		
fluctorne tax expense		
Current tax		39,673
Defended that	-	7,972
Less reduction of deferred taxes from previous years		(47,595)
Income tox attributable to the entity		- .
Duferred (ax assets		
Deferred tax assets not brought to account the carrefits of which will only be realised if the conditions for caducito fly set out in Note 1 are satisfied.		
- operating lesses		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

dates attached to these investments.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	1 January 2019 in	2272
	19 September 2015 S	23°2 3
Note 8. Cash and cash equivalents	Ť	Ů
Cash al bank	•	1,442
Cash outpand	1	
Total cash and cash equivalents	1	1,448
(a) Reconciliation to cash at the end of the period		
The above figures are recond\$ed to sesh at the end of the period as shown in the cash. Sow statement as follows:		
Relances as above	1	1,443
Balance per statement of cash flows	1	1, 41 3
Note 7. Trade and other receivables		
Current		
Trade receivables		362
Amounts receivable from parent entity		3.880
Net goods and services tax receivable		1.063
Total trade and other receivables		5.305
No receivables were considered impaired at 19 September 2013 (2012; SNII)		
Note 8. Plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment		
Alcost		-
Accumulated depreciation		
Total plant and equipment	<u> </u>	-
Movement to the carrying amounts		
Movement in the carrying amounts of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial period.		
Carrying amount as at 1 January 2013		35,682
Disposals		(32,858)
Depreziation expense		(6,894)
Carrying amount as at 19 September 2013		
Note 9. Other financial assets		
Note 9. Other financial assets		
		10 10

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

	1 January 2013 to	
	19 Suptember 2013	20:2
	\$	S
Note 10. Trade and other payables		
Current		
Accrued expenses	•	0.757
Total trade and other payables		6 757
	_	
Note 11. Retained earnings		
Relained earnings at 1 January 2013		(158,552)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	159,352
Retained earnings at 19 September 2013	 -	
		<u>-</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 12. Key management personnel disclosures

Directors

The names of directors who held office during the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 are:

Margot Sweetry Poter Lee

	 January 2013 to 19 Suprember 2023 	2012
Directors remuneration	2	\$
Income baid or payable to directors and other metribers of key management personnel in		-
the company and the group.	474,615	411.717
	Number	Number
Number of directors whose income was within the following bands:		
\$0 to \$14,998	1	2
3/5,000 tu 389,999		ī
\$120,000 to \$134,999		i
\$195,000 to \$209,999		1
5465.CD3 to \$479,989	1	
This remunoration does not just relate to the directors, roles within Asia Pacific Football Institute Operation Pty Ltd, It Includes remunoration from associated and; as.		
	1 Senarry 2013 to	
	18 September 2013	
Résponsible officer remuneration	,	2012 \$
Responsible officer remuneration Income paid or payable to a stall member employed by Southern Cross Universaly whose dutes includes management responsibilities for the company's operation	18 September 2013	
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose	18 Suptomber 2013	\$ E1,227
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose duties includes management responsibilities for the company's operation	18 September 2013	\$
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose	18 Suptomber 2013	\$ E1,227
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose duties includes management responsibilities for the company's operation	Number 1 January 2013 to	\$
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose dutes includes management responsibilities for the company's operation \$20,000 to \$704,999	18 September 2013 3 - Number	\$ 51,227 \umber 1
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose duties includes management responsibilities for the company's operation	Number 1 January 2013 to	\$
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose dutes includes management responsibilities for the company's operation \$20,000 to \$704,999	Number 1 January 2013 to 14 September 3013	\$ 51,227 \umber 1
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose duties includes management responsibilities for the company's operation \$20,000 to \$704,999 Key management personnel compensation	Number 1 January 2013 to 14 September 3013	\$1,227 \umber 1 2012 5
Income paid or payable to a staff member employed by Southern Cross University whose duties includes management responsibilities for the company's operation \$90,000 to \$104,999 Key management personnel compensation Short-term employee benefits	Number 1 January 2013 to 14 September 3013	\$ 51,227 \umber 1 2012 \$ 76,991

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

ABN 19 151 245 411

A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 13. Related party transactions

Parent entity

The entity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Southern Cross University.

Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are or normal terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties on essibilities stated.

Transactions with related parkes:

i) Parent entity

Transactions with Southern Cross Sciviors ty for services provided one fully relimbursed by the company as charged, however themolal services and admit shall on assistance are provided by the University of no cost. The value of these costs are not teadily quantitied

	1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013 \$	20°2 S
Remains		
Southern Cross University grant received. Southern Cross University sale of property in and equipment.	1,242	251.023 17.984
Expend/ure Southern Cross University service fees	-	673
Outstanding balances		
Aggregate amounts receivable from, and payable to related parties at belance that will issue follows.		
Current receivables Parent entity		\$. 68 0_

Terms and conditions

Related party outstanding balances are unsecured and have been provided on inferestfree terms.

A provision for impairment has not been raised in relation to any outstanding be sneed, and no expense has been recognised in respect of bad or doubtful debte due from related parties.

Note 14. Remuneration of auditors

During the period the following fees were paid for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, denetated practices and non-veleted audit firms:

Assurance services

Fees paid to The Audo Office of New South Wales. Auxit of financial statements

4,500

The 2013 audit fee at being paid by the parent critiy due to the deregistration of the company.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.

Note 15. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

As a Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd currently has no legal matters outstanding or other contingent liabilities which are expected to test I in matter at others against it.

Note 16. Commitments for expenditure

(a) Capital expanditure commitments

There were no commitments for capital expenditure as at 19 September 2013 (2012; \$Nit)

(b) Lease commitments

There were no leasing commitments as at 19 September 2013 (2012; \$NIII)

Note 17. Segment reporting

(a) Geographic segments

The company operates solely with a Australia.

Note 18. Events after balance sheet date

There were no avents subsequent to reporting care that would have a material financial effect on the financial report.

Note 19. Reconcillation of operating result for the period after income tax to net cash flows from operations

	1 January 2012 to	
	s9 September 2011	2012
	\$	\$
Not operating result for the seried		239
Add: Depreciation		6,804
Net (gain) / loss on sate of assets	•	(19 936)
Change in operating assets and Vabilities		
(Increase) / decrease in receivables	362	(362)
(Increase) / decroase in GST receivable	1,063	(84)
Increase / (decrease) in provision for employee benefits		(5 439)
Increase / (decrease) in payables and other liabitation	(6,757)	(12,866)
Maticush inflow I (outflow) from operating activities	(5.332)	(31,664)

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations

ABN 19 151 245 411

A controlled entity of Southern Cross University

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 20. Contributed equity	1 January 2019 to 19 September 2019 \$	2012 \$
Opening balance	1	1
Fully paid shares resued during the reporting pariod		
Closing balance (1 share, fully peid at \$1.00 dech)	t	

Fully paid shores

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholders meeting each ordinary share is east ed to one votal when a politis called, otherwise each shareholder has one show of hands.

The company has the power to forfelt any shares upon which the call remains caps difor a period specified by the chectors.

The company has a first and paramount for on every share not (UP) paid for all money, whether presently payoble or bot, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share.

Note 21. Economic dependency

A letter of unconditional financial support has been provided for the reporting period by Southern Cross Groversity. The assent entry was support the company financially to help ensure the company can pay its dobts as and when they fail due.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013.

Note 22. Financial risk management

The company's activities expose I to a variety of financial risks; market risk, area risk and the day risk. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to man mise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company.

The company uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks, egoing analysis for credit risk and daily assessment of investment particles to determine market risk.

Hisk management assessment is undertaken by the purrot onlity. The company does not enter into or trade financial instruments for specurative purposes,

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk.

The company does not undertake transactions in other currencies so does not have exposure to exchange rate factuations. (ii) Poes risk

Price risk arises on financial instruments because of changes in, for example, currence typrices or equity prices. The company is not exposed to price risk.

(Ai) Cash flow and lair value interest rate had

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or each flows associated with the instrument wall fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The each management functions are performed by the percent entity.

(N) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the company's Enancial assets and than out Robatos to interest rate risk.

1 Jenuary 2013 to 19 September 2013	I ⁻ 7	Interest Rate Rest			
	1	Carnyong -17		1	g. *)
	aranund	Sest.#;	Equity	Result	Equity
	\$	\$	\$	s —	. s
Financia) assets	$\overline{}$				İ
Cash and cash emiss ents	1 1	-	-	-	
Receivables			-	-	-
Total financial assets	1		-	· -	-
Financial Habilities					
Poyables	1		-	-	-
Net financial assets/fiabilities)	1			-	<u> </u>

2012		Interest Rute Risk			
_	Свтуес '	-1	K		%
	amourt -	Resull	Equity	Result	Ecuty
ļ	- 5	S	£	. 5	*
Financial assets			'		
Cash and cash ere valents	1,443	.	-		
Receivables	4,242	.			
Total financial assets	5,685		-	-	—· .
Financial liabilities					
Payables	5,170	.	-	_	
Net financial assets/(tabl@bas)	515	- '	-		

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013

Note 22. Financial risk management (cont)

(b) Credit risk

The company's maximum exposure to crosh risk is represented by the carrying amounts of the (linancial aspers included in the balance sheet).

Trade accords payables are carried in the financial statement at net fair value on eac otherwise stated. They have normal business trading terms.

(c) Liquidity risk

The company manages liquidity risk by maintaining banking fao ities and cordinacisty movitoring lorecast, and actual cash flows.

(d) Fall value of financial assets and itabilities

The carrying amounts of each asset and liability as stated in the balance sheet approximates their fair values,

Fair value measurements recognised in the balance sheet are estegorised into the following levels:

Ceval 1 - Derived from quoted prices in active markets for Idemiçal assets (Isabilities,

Level 2 - Derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for this least / firth I tyling topsed on observable imprisol data (unobservable inputs).

	19 Sept	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2013			
	\$	5	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Non-traded finencial sesets	1	L	-	
	t	1	-	
Financial liabilities				
Ken traded financia. Tablities		-		
	•			

[&]quot;End of Audited Financia, Report"



To the Directors Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd

Auditor's Independence Declaration

As auditor for the audit of the financial statements of Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd for the period 1 January 2013 to 19 September 2013, I declare, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Director, Financial Audit Services

1 April 2014 SYDNEY



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament and Members of Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 19 September 2013, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows, for the period then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 19 September 2013 and its performance for the period ended on that date
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001
- are in accordance with section 41B of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (the PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Directors Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the PF&A Act and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view and that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those Standards require that I comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- about the future viability of the Company
- that it has carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the effectiveness of its internal control
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Independence

In conducting my audit, I have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards, the Corporations Act 2001 and relevant ethical pronouncements. The PF&A Act further promotes independence by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies, but precluding the provision
 of non-audit services, thus ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of
 New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by the possibility of losing clients or
 income.

I confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, provided to the directors of Asia Pacific Football Institute Operations Pty Ltd on 1 April 2014, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Aaron Green

Director, Financial Audit Services

7 April 2014 SYDNEY

Norsearch Limited

ABN 57 003 082 406

A subsidiary of Southern Cross University

Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

Norsearch Limited

A subsidiary of Southern Cross University

Contents

31 December 2013

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Directors' Report

31 December 2013

The directors present their report on Norsearch Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

Information on directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Chris Patton

Qualifications BA (UBC), MA (Guelph)

Special responsibilities Pro Vice Chancellor - International and Enterprise at Southern Cross

University

David Lynch

Qualifications BEd (JCU), Med (School Admin) (JCU), DipTeach (JCU), EdD (CQU),

FAACLM (OTHAUS)

Special responsibilities Head, Coffs Harbour campus at Southern Cross University

Donna Moffit

Qualifications BCom (Griffith), MStratHRM (UOW)

Special responsibilities Director of Student Services at Southern Cross University

Paul Deegan

Qualifications BBuild (UNSW), Licensed Real Estate Agent

Special responsibilities Principal of LJ Hooker Francise, Lismore NSW 2480

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Principal activities

The principal activitiy of Norsearch Limited ('the company') during the financial year was to provide on-campus amenities and services to students and staff of Southern Cross University. These principal activities included the following:

- operation of a licensed bar, function room, pool and gymnasium.
- operation of on-campus catering services and an off-campus conference facility.

No significant changes in the nature of the Company's activity occurred during the financial year.

Short term and long term objectives

The Company's short and long term objective is to:

Provide services and amenities to students and staff of Southern Cross University.

Strategy for achieving the objectives

To achieve these objectives, the Company has adopted the following strategies:

Provide high quality service in the provision of on-campus food and beverage services and other amenities.

Directors' Report

31 December 2013

Performance measures

The following measures are used within the Company to monitor performance:

 The company measures performance through the the analysis of metrics relating to the client usage of facilities provided.

Members guarantee

Norsearch Limited is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each members and any person or association who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$ 20, subject to the provisions of the company's constitution.

At 31 December 2013 the collective liability of members was \$ 80 (2012: \$ 80).

Going concern

Notwithstanding the deficiency of net assets, the financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis as the directors have received a guarantee of continued financial support from the Company's ultimate parent entity, Southern Cross University and the directors believe that such financial support will continue to be made available.

Meetings of directors

During the financial year, 3 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

		Directors' Meetings		
	Number eligible to attend	Number		
Chris Patton	3	3		
David Lynch	3	3		
Donna Moffit	3	1		
Paul Deegan	3	2		

Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, for the year ended 31 December 2013 has been received and can be found on page 3 of the financial report.

Director: .

Signed on behalf of and in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Chris Patton

Donna Moffit

Dated 4 April 2014

Director:



To the Directors Norsearch Limited

Auditor's Independence Declaration

As auditor for the audit of the financial statements of Norsearch Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, I declare, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Aaron Green

Director, Financial Audit Services

1 April 2014 SYDNEY

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	2013	2012
Note	\$	\$
2	1,377,268	1,447,327
2	568,420	740,442
3	(247,298)	(264,973)
3	(1,224,626)	(1,262,157)
3	(3,427)	(9,673)
3	-	(1,213)
3 _	(763,378)	(984,986)
=	(293,041)	(335,233)
	(293.041)	(335,233)
	2 2 3 3 3 3	Note \$ 2 1,377,268 2 568,420 3 (247,298) 3 (1,224,626) 3 (3,427) 3 - 3 (763,378)

Statement of Financial Position

As At 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	60,630	67,144
Trade and other receivables	5	43,915	24,643
Inventories	6	20,884	25,710
Other assets	7 _	5,351	
Total current assets		130,780	117,497
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	14,288	17,715
Total non-current assets	_	14,288	17,715
Total assets		145,068	135,212
Liabilities Current liabilities Trade and other payables	0	4 024 745	000 240
Trade and other payables Provisions	9 10	1,031,745 44,980	669,349 93,975
Other liabilities	11	44,960 651	12,255
Total current liabilities	'' -	1,077,376	
Non-current liabilities	_	1,077,376	775,579
Provisions	10	19,751	18,651
Total non-current liabilities		19,751	18,651
Total liabilities		1,097,127	794,230
Net assets	_	(952,059)	(659,018)
	_		
Equity Retained earnings	12	(952,059)	(659,018)
		(952,059)	(659,018)
Total equity	_	(952,059)	(659,018)

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Retained Earnings	Total
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2012 Net result attributable to members of the	(323,785)	(323,785)
entity	(335,233)	(335,233)
Balance at 31 December 2012	(659,018)	(659,018)
Balance at 1 January 2013	(659,018)	(659,018)
Net result attributable to members of the entity	(293,041)	(293,041)
Balance at 31 December 2013	(952,059)	(952,059)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers		2,035,635	2,337,254
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,973,447)	(2,273,141)
Interest received		-	1,484
GST recovered/paid	_	(68,702)	(67,693)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	18	(6,514)	(2,096)
Cash flow from investing activities: Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment Purchase of property, plant and equipment		- -	23,318 (12,525)
Net cash used by investing activities	_	-	10,793
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		(6,514)	8,697
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	67,144	58,447
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	4	60,630	67,144

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years reported, unless otherwise stated.

Norsearch Limited is a not-for-profit company limited by guarantee, which is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

(a) **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001.

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The annual financial statements represent the audited general purpose financial statements of Norsearch Limited. They have been prepared on an accrual basis in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Additionally the statements have been prepared in accordance with following statutory requirements:

- Corporations Act 2001
- Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010

Norsearch Limited is a not-for-profit entity and these statements have been prepared on that basis. Some of the requirements for not-for-profit entities are inconsistent with the IFRS requirements. The main impact is in the following accounting treatments:

- the offsetting of impairment losses within a class of assets
- the timing of the recognition of non-reciprocal revenue

Date of authorisation for issue

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the members of Norsearch Limited on 4 April 2014.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property, where applicable.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates.

It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying Norsearch Limited's accounting policies.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Basis of Preparation (continued)

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed below:

- Measurement and recognition of employee benefits provisions
- Impairment of trade and other receivables
- Estimated useful life assessments of property, plant and equipment assets
- Impairment of property, plant and equipment assets

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

A letter of unconditional financial support has been provided by Southern Cross University, the Company's ultimate parent entity. The parent entity will support the Company financially to ensure the Company can pay its debts as and when they fall due.

(b) Comparative Amounts

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified to enhance comparability in respect of changes in presentation adopted in the current year. Comparative information has been reclassified to enhance comparability in respect of changes in presentation adopted in the current year.

The comparative information in the income statement for expenditure items was consolidated into Costs of goods sold and Other expenses in order to group items of similar nature and simplify the disclosure. Comparative information in the related notes has also been amended.

The comparative information in the statement of financial position related to Other liabilities and Trade and other payables has been amended to group items of similar nature. Comparative information in the related notes has also been amended.

(c) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and specific criteria relating to the type of revenue as noted below, has been satisfied.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is presented net of returns, discounts and rebates.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Revenue and other income (continued)

Rendering of services

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depends on whether the outcome of the services can be measured reliably. If this is the case then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period.

If the outcome cannot be reliably measured then revenue is recognised to the extent of expenses recognised that are recoverable. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and can be measured reliably. Risks and rewards are considered passed to the buyer at the time of delivery to the customer.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised on transfer of goods to the customer as this is deemed to be the point in time when risks and rewards are transferred and there is no longer any ownership or effective control over the goods.

Interest revenue

Interest is recognised using the effective interest method.

(d) Employee benefits

i) Wages and salaries

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits including wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and profitsharing bonuses due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liability is settled and recognised in other payables. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

ii) Annual leave and sick leave

The liability for long-term employee benefits such as annual leave, is recognised in current provisions for employee benefits as it is not due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Regardless of the expected timing of settlements, provisions made in respect of employee benefits are classified as a current liability, unless there is an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, in which case it would be classified as a non-current liability.

iii) Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial assessment is performed every two years and gives consideration to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on Commonwealth government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Employee benefits (continued)

v) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The company recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance date are discounted to present value.

(e) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year, which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(f) Leases

(i) Finance leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that are transferred to the Company are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for that period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the Company will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease.

(ii) Operating leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all of the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(h) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(h) Trade receivables (continued)

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired.

The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivable are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is determined using the first-in-first-out basis and are net of any rebates and discounts received.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale. Net realisable value is estimated using the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date and inventory is written down through an obsolescence provision if necessary.

(j) Property, Plant and Equipment

All property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include gains or losses that were recognised in other comprehensive income on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Useful Life (years)

Plant and Equipment 7-10

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(k) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is the equivalent to the date that the Company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss' in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at either amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition
- (b) less principal repayments
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the *effective interest method*
- (d) less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

The classification of financial instruments depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period for held-to-maturity assets.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets, except for those which are not expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting year.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Fees payable on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(k) Financial instruments (continued)

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Impairment

At the end of the reporting period the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate.

Impairment on loans and receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance accounts, all other impairment losses on financial assets at amortised cost are taken directly to the asset.

(I) Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the Company is exempt from income tax under Div 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

(m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(n) Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(o) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

During the current year, the following standards became mandatory and have been adopted retrospectively by the Company:

- AASB 119 Employee Benefits
- AASB 2012-9 Amendments to AASB 1048 arising from the Withdrawal of Australian Interpretation 1039
- AASB 2012-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Disclosures Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The accounting policies have been updated to reflect changes in the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the impact of adoption of these standards is discussed below.

AASB 119 *Employee benefits* changes the basis for determining the income or expense relating to defined benefit plans and introduces revised definitions for short-term employee benefits and termination benefits.

The Company reviewed the annual leave liability to determine the level of annual leave which is expected to be paid more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Whilst this has been considered to be a long-term employee benefits for the purpose of measuring the leave under AASB 119, the effect of discounting was not considered to be material and therefore has not been performed.

(p) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Company has decided against early adoption of these Standards. The following table summarises those future requirements, and their impact on the Company:

Standard Name	Effective date for entity	Requirements	Impact
AASB 9 Financial Instruments and amending standards AASB 2010-7 / AASB 2012-6	1 January 2017	Changes to the classification and measurement requirements for financial assets and financial liabilities.	The impact of AASB 9 has not yet been determined as the entire standard has not been released.
		New rules relating to derecognition of financial instruments.	f
AASB 11 Joint Arrangements, AASB 128 Investments in Associates and AASB 2012-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Transition Guidance and Other Amendments	1 January 2014	AASB 11 focuses on the rights and obligations of a joint venture arrangement, rather than its legal form (as is currently the case). AASB 11 requires equity accounting for joint ventures, eliminating proportionate consolidation as an accounting choice.	All joint ventures of the group are equity accounted and therefore minimal impact is expected due to the adoption of AASB 11.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations (continued) (p)

Standard Name	Effective date	Paguiramento	Impost
Standard Name	for entity	Requirements	Impact
AASB 13 Fair Value	1 January	AASB 13 provides a precise	Fair value estimates
Measurement.	2014	definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement	currently made by the entity will be revised
AASB 2011-8 - Amendments to		and disclosure requirements for use	and potential changes
Australian Accounting		across Accounting Standards but	to reported values may
Standards arising from AASB 13		does not change when fair value is required or permitted.	be required.
[AASB 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 2009-		·	The entity has not yet
11, 2010-7, 101, 102, 108, 110, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 1004, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 4,		There are a number of additional disclosure requirements.	determined the magnitude of any changes which may be needed.
12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 131 & 132]			Some additional disclosures will be needed.
AASB 2012-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities [AASB 132]	1 January 2014	This standard adds application guidance to AASB 132 to assist with applying some of the offset criteria of the standard.	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

2	Revenue a	nd Other Income		
			2013	2012
			\$	\$
	Revenue			
	Membersh	p revenue	510,847	494,379
	Conference	esales	147,387	220,642
	Catering re	venue	417,295	406,589
	Bar sales	_	157,551	218,666
		_	1,233,080	1,340,276
	Other reve	nue	144,188	107,051
	Total Reve	nue _	1,377,268	1,447,327
	Other Incommon Management		568,420	740,443
	Total Other	er income	568,420	740,443
	(a) Inte	rest Revenue		
		nterest revenue from: Financial institutions	1,086	1,425
3	Expenses	from continuing operations		
	Costs of g	pods sold	247,298	264,973
		benefits expense	1,224,626	1,262,157
	Depreciati	on and amortisation		
	Plant ar	d equipment	3,427	9,673
		t loss - trade receivables	-	1,213
	Other expe	enses	763,378	984,986
	Total Exp	enses	2,238,729	2,523,002
4	Cash and	cash equivalents		
	Cash at ba	nk and in hand	60,630	67,144
	Total cash	and cash equivalents	60,630	67,144
	(a) Rec	onciliation to cash at the end of the year		
	The	above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the year as shown in the st	atement of cash	flows as
		nces as above	60,630	67,144
		ance as per cash flow ement	60,630	67,144

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

4 Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

(b) Cash at bank

Cash in operating accounts earns interest at variable interest rates.

5 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables	2013 \$	2012 \$
Current		
Trade receivables	41,258	23,139
Provision for impairment		(1,624)
	41,258	21,515
Other receivables	2,657	3,128
Total current trade and other receivables	43,915	24,643

(a) Impaired receivables

As at 31 December 2013 current receivables of the Company with a nominal value of \$Nil (2012: \$1,624) were impaired. The amount of the provision was \$Nil (2012: \$1,624). The individually impaired receivables relate to a variety of debtors, who are in unexpectedly difficult economic situations. It was assessed that the receivables are expected to be recovered.

The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current receivables		
3 to 6 months	-	1,301
Over 6 months		323
		1,624

As at 31 December 2013 trade receivables of \$37,441 (2012:\$Nil) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these receivables is as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Trade receivables		
Between 0 to 3 months	37,421	-
Over 6 months	20	_
	37,441	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

5 Trade and other receivables (continued)

(a) Impaired receivables (continued)

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Movements in the provision for impaired receivables are as follows:		
At 1 January	1,624	290
Provision for impairment recognised during the year Unused amount reversed	- (1,624)	1,334
	-	1,624

The creation and release of the provision for impaired receivables has been included in impairment losses in the statement of comprehensive income. Amounts charged to the provision account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

The other amounts within receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due. Based on credit history, it is expected that these amounts will be received when due.

The carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable in the financial statements.

6 Inventories

	2013	2012 ¢
Current	\$	\$
At cost: Finished goods	20,884	25,710
Total inventories	20,884	25,710
7 Other non-financial assets	2013	2012
Current Prepayments	\$ 5,351	\$ -
Total other non-financial assets	5,351	

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

8	Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment		
At cost	55,706	55,706
Accumulated depreciation	(41,418)	(37,991)
Total plant and equipment	14,288	17,715
Total property, plant and equipment	14,288	17,715

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year are as follows:

	Plant and Equipment \$	Total \$
Year ended 31 December 2012		
Opening net book amount	38,181	38,181
Additions	12,525	12,525
Disposals	(23,318)	(23,318)
Depreciation expense	(9,673)	(9,673)
Closing net book amount	17,715	17,715
	Plant and Equipment \$	Total \$
Year ended 31 December 2013		
Opening net book value	17,715	17,715
Depreciation expense	(3,427)	(3,427)

Trade and other payables

Closing net book amount

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade payables	63,235	35,415
Related party payables 17(c)	946,247	593,057
Other payables	22,263	40,877
Total current payables	1,031,745	669,349

14,288

14,288

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

10	Provisions		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Current provisions expected to be settled wholly within 12 months		
	Employee benefits		
	Annual leave	27,806	35,770
	Long service leave	462	37,038
		28,268	72,808
	Current provisions expected to be settled wholly after more than 12 months		
	Employee benefits		
	Annual leave	16,712	21,167
		16,712	21,167
	Total current provisions	44,980	93,975
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Non-current provisions Employee benefits		
	Long service leave	19,751	18,651
	Total non-current provisions	19,751	18,651
11	Other liabilities		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Current	054	40.055
	Income received in advance	651	12,255
	Total other liabilities	<u>651</u>	12,255
12	Retained Earnings		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Retained earnings (accumulated losses) at the beginning of the financial year	(659,018)	(323,785)
	Total comprehensive income for the year	(293,041)	(325,765)
	•	(200,041)	(000,200)
	Retained earnings at end of the financial year	(952,059)	(659,018)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

13 Remuneration of Auditors

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the Company, Audit Office of NSW, for:		
Auditing or reviewing the financial report	27,000	26,000

14 Contingencies

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any contingencies at 31 December 2013 (31 December 2012:None).

15 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

The financial report was authorised for issue on 4 April 2014 by the Board of Directors.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

16 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

(a) Directors

The names of directors of Norsearch Limited who held office during the financial year are:

Donna Moffitt

Paul Deegan

Chris Patton

David Lynch

The above persons have been in office since the start of the year unless otherwise stated.

(b) Directors and responsible officers remuneration

Directors remuneration

Income paid or payable, or otherwise made available, to all board members by the Company in connection with the management of affairs of the Company during the financial year was \$715,174 (2012: \$978,439).

	2013 Number	2012 Number
Nil to \$14,999	1	1
\$75,000 to \$89,999	-	1
\$90,000 to \$104,999	-	1

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

16 **Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)**

(b)	Directors and	responsible officers	s remuneration	(continued)	

	2013 Number	2012 Number
\$105,000 to \$119,999	-	1
\$135,000 to \$149,999	-	1
\$150,000 to \$164,999	-	1
\$165,000 to \$179,999	-	1
\$180,000 to \$194,999	1	-
\$210,000 to \$224,999	1	1
\$300,000 to \$314,999	1	
Total	4	8

Responsible officers remuneration

Income paid or payable, or otherwise made available, to all responsible officers by the Company in connection with the management of affairs of the Company during the financial year was \$334,188 (2012: \$237,224).

2013 Number	2012 Number
1	-
-	1
1	1
-	1
1	-
3	3
	Number 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

(c) Key management compensation

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	150,275	167,080
Post-employment benefits	23,895	24,653
Termination benefits	160,018	45,491
Total	334,188	237,224

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

17 Related Parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Transaction with related parties:

(a) Ultimate Parent Entity

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of its ultimate parent entity, Southern Cross University.

Transactions with Southern Cross University for services provided are fully re-imbursed by the Company. The Company operates from premises owned by Southern Cross Unviersity at no charge and the Company is unable to determine the value for this charge.

(b) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

		Purchases	Sales
	Parent		
	Catering services	-	809,701
	Cost recoveries	48,868	-
(c)	Balances to related parties		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Current		
	Amount payable to:		
	Ultimate parent entity	946,247	593,057

(d) Terms and Conditions

Related party outstanding balances are unsecured and have been provided on interest-free terms.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

18 Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Net result for the year	(293,041)	(335,233)
Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities		
Non-cash flows in net result:		
Depreciation	3,427	9,673
Impairment losses	-	1,213
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(19,272)	11,445
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(5,351)	-
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	4,826	(3,226)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other		
payables	362,396	311,911
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	(47,895)	2,121
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(11,604)	-
Cashflow from operating activities	(6,514)	(2,096)

19 Financial Risk Management

(a) Financial risk management policies

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity.

The Company uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks, ageing analysis for credit risk and daily assessment of investment portfolios to determine market risk.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options.

(b) Market risk

(i) Foreign currency sensitivity

The company does not undertake transactions in foreign currency or hold any financial instruments in a foreign currency. As such the company is not exposed to currency risk.

ii) Price risk

Price risk arises on financial instruments because of changes in commodity prices or equity prices. The Company is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

19 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

At 31 December 2013, the effect on profit and equity from the sensitivity of the company's financial assets and liabilities as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant, would be as follows:

	2013	2012	
	\$	\$	
Change in profit			
Cash	-	-	
- Increase 1% in interest rates	606	408	
- Decrease in 1% in interest rates	(606)	(408)	
Change in equity			
Cash	-	-	
- Increase 1% in interest rates	606	408	
- Decrease 1% in interest rates	(606)	(408)	

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable. Trade receivables are assessed after 60 days and action taken to collect the debt. There has been no change in managing credit risk since the prior year.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital and the finance charges and principal repayments on its debt instruments. It is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company manages its liquidity needs by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and continously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

The interest bearing deposits and deposits at call have an average maturity of 45 days.

There have been no variations to the objects, policies and processes for liquidity risk since the prior period.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

19 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables summarise the maturity of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities:

	Average Interest rate		Variable interest rate		Non Interest		Within 1 year		Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	%	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	2.54	3.49	54,190	60,704	6,440	6,440	60,630	67,144	60,630	67,144
Receivables		-	-	-	41,362	21,626	41,362	21,626	41,362	21,626
Total Financial Assets			54,190	60,704	47,802	28,066	101,992	88,770	101,992	88,770
Financial Liabilities:	-			-	-		-		-	-
Payables		-	-	-	1,028,209	665,680	1,028,209	665,680	1,028,209	665,680
Total Financial Liabilities		_	-	-	1,028,209	665,680	1,028,209	665,680	1,028,209	665,680

20 Fair Value Measurement

(a) Fair value measurements

The fair value financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes, where applicable.

Due to the short-term nature of the current receivable, the carrying value is assumed to approximate the fair value and based on credit history it is expected that the receivable that are neither past due nor impaired will be received when due.

The carrying amounts and aggregate net fair values of financial assets and liabilities at balance date are:

	Carrying Amount		Fair Va	lue
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	60,630	67,144	60,630	67,144
Receivables	41,362	21,626	41,362	21,626
Total financial assets	101,992	88,770	101,992	88,770
Financial Liabilities				
Payables	1,028,209	665,680	1,028,209	665,680
Total financial liabilities	1,028,209	665,680	1,028,209	665,680

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

21 Company Details

The registered office of and principal place of business of the company

Norsearch Limited Southern Cross University Military Road EAST LISMORE NSW 2480

22 Members' Guarantee

The Company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$ 20 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the Company. At 31 December 2013 the number of members was 4 (2012: 4).

The company was incorporated on 11 July 1986 and commenced trading on 1 January 1987. The company can make donations and gifts to Southern Cross University (ultimate parent) from time to time as well as other organisations and bodies which may be related to the work of Southern Cross Unviersty. In the event of the winding up or dissolution of the company any property shall be given to some other institution or institutions, which may include Southern Cross Unviersity.

Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, set out on pages 4 to 28, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 and Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010; and
 - give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2013 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.
- In the directors opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable with the continuing support of creditors.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director Chris Patton

Director Donna Moffit

Dated 4 April 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Norsearch Limited

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament and Members of Norsearch Limited

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Norsearch Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows, for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2013 and its performance for the year ended on that date
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001
- are in accordance with section 41B of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (the PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the PF&A Act and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view and that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those Standards require that I comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- about the future viability of the Company
- that it has carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the effectiveness of its internal control
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Independence

In conducting my audit, I have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards, the *Corporations Act 2001* and relevant ethical pronouncements. The PF&A Act further promotes independence by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies, but precluding the provision
 of non-audit services, thus ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of
 New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by the possibility of losing clients or
 income.

I confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, provided to the directors of Norsearch Limited on 1 April 2014, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Aaron Green

Director, Financial Audit Services

7 April 2014 -SYDNEY

Appendix A:

Staff Employment

Nominal FTE	2010	2011	2012	2013
Academic	347.7	332.0	347.5	363.9
Professional	561.5	557.5	563.2	575.2
TOTAL	909.2	889.5	910.7	939.1

Academic staff				
Nominal FTE	2010	2011	2012	2013
Above senior lecturer	71.2	71.1	73.0	75.6
Senior lecturer	82.6	85.2	88.1	91.4
Lecturer	125.5	113.9	147.3	152.9
Below lecturer	68.4	61.8	39.1	44.0
TOTAL	347.7	332.0	347.5	363.9

Above senior lecturer = Levels D, E (plus VC and DVC)

Senior lecturer = Level C

Lecturer = Level B

Below lecturer = Level A

Professional staff				
Nominal FTE	2010	2011	2012	2013
HEW 1	1.6	1.6	8.2	6.6
HEW 2	6.5	2.5	2.5	3.1
HEW 3	29.1	30.7	20.6	16.0
HEW 4	150.5	143.2	145.2	146.3
HEW 5	149.7	148.3	142.6	149.5
HEW 6	84.7	86.2	90.4	92.5
HEW 7	69.7	69.9	73.9	82.6
HEW 8	36.1	42.2	42.9	38.5
HEW 9	11.4	10.4	10.4	12.1
HEW 10 and above	22.2	22.5	26.5	28.0
TOTAL	561.5	557.5	563.2	575.2

Note: these data exclude staff employed on a casual / sessional basis

Source: MIS DEEWR staff cube

17/02/2014

Appendix B:

Trends in the Representation of EEO Target Groups

Data extracts from Reporting Period 2012-2013 as at 31 March 2013 (excludes casuals)

Academic Staff	Benchmark or Target	2010	2011	2012	2013
Women	50%	54%	49%	48%	49.3%
Aboriginal people and Torres Strait Islanders	2.6%	3.9%	2.7%	2.1%	1.3%
People whose first language was not English	19%	10%	9%	8.8%	9.0%
People with a disability	N/A	8%	8%	5.1	5.8%
People with a disability requiring work-related adjustment	1.3%	1.4%	1.0%	0.5%	0.8%

Professional Staff	Benchmark or Target	2010	2011	2012	2013
Women	50%	67%	67%	67%	67.4%
Aboriginal people and Torres Strait Islanders	2.6%	4.1%	4.2%	3%	2.9%
People whose first language was not English	19%	5%	3%	2.3%	2.8%
People with a disability	N/A	5%	5%	3.5%	3.8%
People with a disability requiring work-related adjustment	1.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.3%

Distribution Index

Academic Staff	Benchmark or Target	2010	2011	2012	2013
Women	100	78	78	81	83
Aboriginal people and Torres Strait Islanders	100	n/a	n/a	121	120
People whose first language was not English	100	92	81	79	84
People with a disability	100	81	74	89	90
People with a disability requiring work-related adjustment	100	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Distribution Index

Professional Staff	Benchmark or Target	2010	2011	2012	2013
Women	100	89	91	92	90
Aboriginal people and Torres Strait Islanders	100	75	73	81	77
People whose first language was not English	100	99	99	103	94
People with a disability	100	94	98	98	102
People with a disability requiring work-related adjustment	100	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

^{*} A Distribution Index of 100 indicates that the centre of the distribution of the EEO groups across salary levels is equivalent to that of other staff. Values less than 100 mean that the EEO group tends to be more concentrated at lower salary levels than is the case for other staff. The more pronounced this tendency is, the lower the index will be. In some cases the index may be more than 100, indicating that the EEO group is less concentrated at lower salary levels.

Appendix C:

Multicultural Policies and Services Program Report - 2013

Southern Cross University is committed to fostering equity for all its staff and student community and to reflecting the multicultural diversity of Australia.

1. PLANNING AND EVALUATION

Outcome 1: Planning

Multicultural policy goals are integrated into the overall corporate and business planning

The University's Strategic Plan 2011-2015 reflects the University's commitment to equity and diversity within its mission, values, goals and strategies. The University values scholarship, innovation, social justice, ethical behaviour, sustainable practice and engagement. Its graduate attributes include intellectual vigour, creativity, ethical practice, knowledge of a discipline, lifelong learning, communication and social skills and cultural competence - an ability to engage with diverse cultural and Indigenous perspectives in both global and local settings.

In alignment with the Strategic Plan, the Equity and Diversity Plan 2011- 2015 includes goals and objectives specifically targeted at providing an environment for staff and students that embraces and supports knowledge of and respect for equity and cultural diversity. Strategies within the plan include the promotion and affirmation of diversity through celebrations, workshops, promotional materials and events and the implementation of globally relevant and inclusive teaching plans that value diverse ways of knowing and learning.

The staffing profile of people from culturally diverse backgrounds was analysed and is reported in the University's Annual Report. See Appendix B.

Outcome 2: Consultation and Feedback

Policy development and service delivery is informed by expertise and client feedback

The Equity and Diversity Committee is responsible for ensuring comprehensive integration of diversity and equity matters across the University. The committee is chaired by the Pro Vice Chancellor (Academic) and membership includes the Director, GNIBI College of Indigenous Australian Peoples,

the Head of the Gold Coast and Coffs Harbour campuses, the Directors of the International Office, Human Resources and Student Services, Senior Manager Student Health Services and the Head of the Equity and Diversity Office. The committee convenes four times each year and provides a consultative mechanism for the University community regarding equity and diversity matters. University staff with specific expertise in Equity and Diversity matters may attend in an advisory capacity, to provide information and/or assistance at the request of the Committee. The Committee also has the authority to appoint specialist working parties for consultation in relation to equity and diversity issues.

2. CAPACITY BUILDING AND RESOURCING

Outcome 3: Leadership

The implementation of the Principles of Multiculturalism are actively promoted and accountable

- The University provides intranet based anti-discrimination training modules for all staff, plus an additional module for supervisors and managers.
- The University celebrates and recognises cultural diversity and harmony by holding cultural celebrations and cultural events during the year with staff, students and the community.
- The University's Equity and Diversity website contains a Cultural Diversity Annual Calender with links to local, national and international cultural activities.
- The University's HR Services conducts "No Bullying at SCU" workshops for staff.

Outcome 4: Human Resources

Capacity is enhanced by the employment and training of people with linguistic and cultural expertise

- The University continues to ensure employment related policies and practices promote and support work and life balance, EEO and cultural diversity, safety and security principles.
- The Recruitment and Appointment Policy requires that all staff participating on staff selection panels must have

completed training in staff selection and interviewing. This training includes anti-discrimination and cultural diversity segments, with an emphasis on the principles of merit selection and highlighting the value of a culturally diverse workplace.

- Position descriptions for staff include the selection criteria: 'A demonstrated commitment to cultural diversity and equity within the workplace' (non-supervisory levels) and; 'A demonstrated commitment to cultural diversity and a working knowledge of equity and OH&S principles in the workplace' (supervisory or senior levels).
- Induction materials contain comprehensive staff equity information including EEO, non-discriminatory language guidelines, and staff responsibilities for international students.
- Staff selection panels may include a representative from Human Resources or Equity and Diversity which is a resource that provides additional support to ensure that staff selection is based on merit.
- All advertised vacancies express the University's commitment to equal opportunity, workplace health and safety and cultural diversity.
- The University has staff and student Equity and Diversity contacts to assist with equity and diversity matters and its' Grievance Policy ensures the needs of people from backgrounds other than English are met.
- The University provides intranet based anti-discrimination training modules for all staff, plus an additional module for managers. EO Online anti-discrimination training modules are provided for completion as part of Staff Selection and Interview Training and as a pre-requisite for the role of an Equity and Diversity contact. Completion of EO Online is a compulsory part of the Induction Program for all new staff and regular reminders are sent to all staff as part of the University's overall commitment to equal employment opportunity and anti-discrimination.
- A series of workshops and activities as part of the Courageous Conversations about Race (CCAR) Program was implemented and delivered in 2013. The program specifically addresses a model of cultural competence training for the Australian higher education context. SCU is part of a consortium of universities, led by the University of Western Australia, who have participated on the project in consultation and collaboration within a 'community of practice' framework.

3. PROGRAMS AND SERVICES DELIVERY

Outcome 5: Access and Equity

Programs and services are developed to address barriers to accessibility for people from culturally, linguistically and religiously diverse backgrounds

The University has a strategic commitment which is reflected in its graduate attribute, to provide courses that equip students with an ability to engage with diverse cultural and Indigenous perspectives in both global and local settings.

- In line with the University's policy on Learning, Teaching and Curriculum; the University designs its courses to meet the learning needs of its diverse student body which includes but is not limited to international students, mature age students, school-leavers and a wide variety of ethnic, regional and remote students. Additionally, in the delivery of courses, the University requires that consideration is given to the diverse range of backgrounds and learning needs of students.
- All University course reviews are required to indicate how cultural diversity is recognised and addressed within the course and units, including how the course exposes students to a variety of cultural perspectives and how cultural diversity is assessed and incorporated into graduate attributes.
- Students in the School of Education participate in the 'Beyond the Line' program which involves immersing students in regional and rural contexts that include a diverse cultural population of students. The School routinely addresses multicultural policies and services as an important component of all courses and students are taught the meaning and national policy of multiculturalism and the implications for their teaching practice and careers. The School of Environment, Science and Engineering has a unit of study designed to incorporate concepts of differing schema in working in multicultural Australia. The School includes as a graduate attribute "Cultural awareness - an awareness and respect for cultural diversity and relationship between people and their environment, both regionally and globally" which is assessed throughout the degree.
- The School of Law and Justice integrates Indigenous and multicultural content in all courses in line with the University's cultural competence graduate attribute.
- The Division of Teaching and Learning produces resources to support the University's Professional Learning Framework for teaching and learning. One of the features of this framework is web-based resources on key teaching and learning topics such as Inclusive Curriculum.

- SCU College promotes its programs to recently arrived refugees and newly settled migrants. The College's support strategy includes dedicated language classes for students with English as an additional language.
- A Student Peer Mentor program is available to students in all on-campus and distance education courses across the University. A specific target group is students from non-English speaking backgrounds.
- Students are given the opportunity to study elective units overseas which provides experience living and studying in culturally diverse countries.
- A wide range of welfare-related support services are available for students including counselling, medical, childcare, chaplaincy, disability services, students loans and careers advice.
- The Equity and Diversity Office holds cultural diversity events such as Harmony Day and the Fusion Festival and its committee actively seeks input and involvement from staff and students from culturally diverse backgrounds.
- The UniLife Office helps students become fully engaged with University life by organising cultural events, social sports and clubs and societies.
- A list of languages spoken by staff is maintained, updated annually, and accessible to all staff via the University intranet. It is used as a resource to support students, via the Student Support Centre and Schools.
- The International Office offers language courses to staff, to assist in the development of language skills.
- The English Language Centre runs Cross-Cultural Integration Sessions throughout the year with the University community including student volunteers and students from non-English speaking backgrounds.
- The Chaplaincy is ecumenical and multi-faith in nature and maintains strong links with the major denominational churches and other major faiths in the area. The membership comprises local clergy and non-clergy persons from the region's major churches, religious and spiritual organisations as well as members of the University community. The co-ordination and facilitation of the Chaplaincy is overseen by a multi-faith Advisory Committee and the Pastoral Care Co-ordinator's role is to develop and facilitate campus-wide initiatives in a multicultural and multi-religious environment that fosters tolerance and respect for individual differences. Muslim Prayer Rooms are located at the Lismore and Tweed Gold Coast campuses and the Coffs Harbour campus has the Sacred Garden which is an outdoor sacred space designed as a place for dialogue, reflection and remembrance, as well as the Reflection Room which is available for prayer.

• The Library holds a number of exhibitions open to students, staff and the community celebrating the University's multicultural community. It also has a designated staff member responsible for monitoring English as a Second Language resources and has a webbased guide to its resources and services with embedded translation links. The Library provides resources for its collections to support ESL students which included multilanguage disciplinary dictionaries and encyclopaedias. The collection development policy focus is for e-books to contain embedded translation links and dictionary tools. A Chinese language guide to Library services and resources is available and a Chinese-speaking Liaison Librarian is available for assistance.

Outcome 6: Communication

A range of communication strategies are used to inform people from culturally, linguistically and religiously diverse backgrounds about programs, services and activities

- The University displays posters for international, national and local multicultural events and promotes events that support intercultural understanding. Relevant culturally diverse event information is also placed on the University website.
- The University promotes staff and student awareness of equal opportunity and cultural diversity through cultural celebrations, workshops, promotional materials and events.
- The University has in place Equity and Diversity contacts across the three campuses, who are volunteer staff members with a genuine commitment to the principles of equity and social justice. Equity and Diversity contacts act as a contact point for staff and students who have a query or concern relating to an equity or diversity matter. Their role is in an advisory capacity assisting in clarification of the situation, identifying the nature of the enquiry and providing information on the scope of the University policies/procedures and possible options for resolution.
- Media coverage and University publications reflect and celebrate cultural diversity and inclusion at the University.
- Cultural diversity resources and electronic links are available via the Equity and Diversity website.
- All externally advertised staff vacancies express
 the University's commitment to equity and cultural
 diversity. Position descriptions in the newly established
 Sustainability, Partnerships and Community Engagement
 work unit have been revised to reflect participatory forms
 of engagement with an emphasis on inclusivity and
 diversity.

Outcome 7: Social and Economic Development

Programs and activities are in place to develop and use the skills of a culturally diverse population for the social and economic benefit of the State

- The University promotes staff and student awareness of equal opportunity and cultural diversity through cultural celebrations, workshops, promotional materials and events.
- The University's Centre for Peace and Social Justice (CPSJ) is an interdisciplinary community of scholars, focusing on difference. Researchers in the Centre are committed to strengthening core values of diversity including tolerance, mutual respect and mutual recognition. The Centre presents seminars throughout the year which are publicised and available to staff, students and the community. These seminars focus on social justice and harmony, including issues and ideas that spring from the multicultural Australian and SCU context.
- The University's Equity and Diversity website contains a Cultural Diversity Annual Calender with links to local, national and international cultural activities.

4. KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND THE RESULTS OF EVALUATIONS

No overall program evaluation was carried out in 2013. The University's Equity and Diversity Committee will lead the development of the 2014 Multicultural Policies and Services Program (MPSP) which will include key strategies which address program requirements and how these will be evaluated.

A range of partnership assessment tools have been developed that are used by Engagement Facilitators in SPaCE to improve partnership health.

An audit of regional engagement activity was completed through the Regional Universities Network. This focused on the nature of contribution of universities to their region.

5. PATHWAYS BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AGENCIES FOR PEOPLE FROM CULTURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY DIVERSE BACKGROUNDS

The Equity and Diversity Office closely partners with other units across the University in particular in relation to multicultural celebrations such as Harmony Day and the Fusion Festival.

The Sustainability, Partnerships and Community Engagement (SPaCE) work unit distribute engagement opportunities to students interested in partnering with organisations in the regions' diverse communities. SPaCE supports 'Community Engaged Learning' activities undertaken by Academic Schools and facilitates connectivity between organisations from a range of communities. The work unit also manages key relationships across the SCU Partner Network which comprises relationships and partnerships across communities within the SCU footprint. The scope of the SCU Partner Network is broad and includes a range of matters spanning student, staff and institutional issues and opportunities.

6. SERVICES FOR HUMANITARIAN ENTRANTS

SCU offers a range of services inclusive to refugees and humanitarian entrants such as academic skills development, careers advice, chaplaincy, childcare, counselling, cultural events, disability, equity, financial, medical, social and sporting clubs and societies. Academic Schools and Student Services also have support strategies in place for students potentially at risk during their studies.

Appendix D:

Right to Information

Statistical information about access applications

Table A: Number of applications by type of applicant and outcome*								
Access granted in	n full	Access	Access	Information	Information	Refuse to	Refuse to	Application
		granted	refused	not held	already	deal with	confirm/deny	withdrawn
		in part	in full		available	application	whether	
							information	
							is held	
Media	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Members of	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parliament	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Private sector	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
business	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Not for profit								
organisations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
or community	U	0	U	U	U	0	U	U
groups								
Members of								
the public								
(application	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
by legal								
representative)								
Members of the	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
public (other)	U		'	I	U	0	U	U

^{*}More than one decision can be made in respect of a particular access application. If so, a recording must be made in relation to each such decision. This also applies to Table B.

Table B: Num	Table B: Number of applications by type of application and outcome							
	Access granted in full	Access granted in part	Access refused in full	Information not held	Information already available	Refuse to deal with application	Refuse to confirm/ deny whether information is held	Application withdrawn
Personal information applicants*	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Access applications (other than personal information applications)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Access applications that are partly personal information applications and partly other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{*}A personal information application is an access application for personal information (as defined in clause 4 of Schedule 4 to the Act) about the applicant (the applicant being an individual).

Table C: Invalid applications	
Reason for invalidity	No of applications
Application does not comply with formal requirements (section 41 of the Act)	0
Application is for excluded information of the agency (section 43 of the Act)	0
Application contravenes restraint order (section 110 of the Act)	0
Total number of invalid applications received	0
Invalid applications that subsequently became valid applications	0

Table D: Conclusive presumption of overriding public interest against disclosure: matters listed in Schedule 1 to Act

	Number of times consideration used*
Overriding secrecy laws	0
Cabinet information	0
Executive Council information	0
Contempt	0
Legal professional privilege	2
Excluded information	0
Documents affecting law enforcement and public safety	0
Transport safety	0
Adoption	0
Care and protection of children	0
Ministerial code of conduct	0
Aboriginal and environmental heritage	0

^{*}More than one public interest consideration may apply in relation to a particular access application and, if so, each such consideration is to be recorded (but only once per application). This also applies in relation to Table E.

Table E: Other public interest considerations against disclosure: matters listed in table to section 14 of Act

	Number of occasions when application not
	successful
Responsible and effective government	1
Law information and security	0
Individual rights, judicial processes and natural justice	1
Business interests of agencies and other persons	2
Environment, culture, economy and general matters	0
Secrecy provisions	0
Exempt documents under interstate Freedom of Information	0
legislation	0

Table F: Timeliness	
	Number of applications
Decided within the statutory timeframe (20 days plus any extension)	3
Decided after 35 days (by agreement with applicant)	1
Not decided within time (deemed refusal)	0
Total	4

Table G: Number of applications reviewed under Part 5 of the Act (by type of review and

	Decision Varied	Decision Upheld	Total
Internal review	0	1	1
Review by Information Commissioner*	0	2	2
Internal review following recommendation under section 93 of Act	0	0	0
Review by ADT	0	0	0
Total	0	3	3

^{*}The Information Commissioner does not have the authority to vary decisions, but can make recommendations to the original decision-maker. The data in this case indicates that a recommendation to vary or uphold the original decision has been made by the Information Commissioner.

Table H: Applications for review under Part 5 of the Act (by type of applicant)		
	Number of applications for review	
Applications by access applicants	2	
Applications by persons to whom information the subject of access	2	
application relates (see section 54 of the Act)	2	

Appendix E:

Council Attendance

Council 2013 Attendance						
	February	April	June	August	September	November
J Dowd	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
P Lee	\checkmark	✓		✓	✓	✓
J Jenkins	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
W Boyd				✓		✓
J Granger	\checkmark	✓	✓		√	✓
A Matis	\checkmark		✓	✓	✓	✓
M Newell	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
N Newell	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
A Reichelt-Bruschett	✓		✓	✓	✓	
J Saffin			√		√	✓
J Shanahan	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓
M Sweeny				✓		
T Wilson	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓
R Roberts Resigned 14 April 2013						
T Sheahan Resigned effective 31 Dec 2013			√	✓	✓	
W Grimshaw Resignation letter dated 9 Aug 2013		✓		✓		
F Wright Resigned effective 13 Dec 2013	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓

Legend

Attended meeting Absent from meeting Not on Council



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