Physiotherapy

Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales

Annual Report 2013

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The Hon Jillian Skinner MP Minister for Health Minister for Medical Research Level 31, Governor Macquarie Tower 1 Farrer Place SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dear Minister

Pursuant to the provisions of the *Annual Reports (Statutory Bodies) Act 1984* and the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*, we have pleasure in submitting this Annual Report of the Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales for the year ended 30 June 2013 for presentation to Parliament.

Yours sincerely

Anne Deans President David Cross

Deputy President

and Cross.

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About the Council

The Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales is a statutory body established to manage notifications (complaints) about conduct, performance and health matters concerning registered physiotherapists practising in New South Wales (NSW) and health and conduct matters related to students training in NSW.

The Council undertakes its regulatory functions in partnership with the Health Care Complaints Commission (HCCC), which is a separate statutory authority, established under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993*.

The Physiotherapy Council is one of 14 Councils in NSW. The Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) provides secretariat support to the NSW health professional Councils to assist them in carrying out their regulatory responsibilities.

Charter

The Council is constituted under the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW) No 86a* (the Law) to exercise the powers, authorities, duties and functions imposed by the Law.

Aims and Objectives

The purpose of the Council is to act in the interests of the public by ensuring that registered physiotherapists are fit to practise and physiotherapy students are fit to have contact with members of the public whilst they undertake approved programs of study.

The Council manages a range of programs, services and procedures to achieve this purpose. As a result, members of the public can be assured that registered physiotherapists are required to maintain proper and appropriate standards of conduct and professional performance.

Council Membership

Section 41E of the Law provides for membership of the Council. There are 10 members of the Council appointed by the Governor.

The following members held those positions for the full year of the reporting period:

(a) four registered physiotherapists with NSW as their principal place of practice:

Ms Anne Deans DipPhysio (President)

Mr David Cross BAppSc MPhty (Deputy President)



Ms Virginia Binns BSc(Anatomy) DipPhysio
Ms Maria Quinlivan BAppScPhysio

- (b) one physiotherapist nominated by the Minister, being a registered physiotherapist involved in conducting approved programs of study for the physiotherapy profession:
 - Dr Martin Mackey PhD MSafSc BAppSc BEcon GradCertEd
- (c) one physiotherapist with NSW as their principal place of practice nominated by the Minister from a panel nominated by the APA NSW Branch or other representative body determined by the Minister:
 - Mr Michael Ryan BAppSc(Phty) MHlthSc(ManipPhty) FACP
- (d) three persons, two of whom are not physiotherapists, nominated by the Minister to represent the community:
 - Dr Debra Shirley GradDipPhty BScPhysio BAppScPhysio PhD
 - $\hbox{Professor Ross Fitzgerald PhD MA BA} \\$
 - Ms Joanna Khoo MPubHlth BLibStud
- (h) one Australian lawyer nominated by the Minister:

Ms Christine Campbell BALLB

As at 30 June 2013, the Council had 10 members, including six female members.

Remuneration

Remuneration for members of the Council is as follows:

President	\$2,336 per annum
Members	\$1,752 per annum

Additionally, Council members receive sitting fees of \$436 per day and \$218 per half day for the conduct of Inquiries at a meeting of the Council and \$256 per day and \$128 per half day to members for attendance for participating in counselling sessions or at specially convened workshops, forums or meetings.

Council members are reimbursed for expenses incurred only when travelling on official business at Council direction.

Members of Council committees, Panels, Tribunals and other regulatory activities also receive remuneration and reimbursement of expenses.

Attendance at Council Meetings

The Council met on the second Tuesday of each month and met 11 times during the reporting period. The Council did not meet in January 2013.

Member	Meetings Attended
Ms Anne Deans	11
Mr David Cross	11
Dr Martin Mackey	9
Dr Debra Shirley	7
Ms Virginia Binns	11
Professor Ross Fitzgerald	10
Ms Christine Campbell	11
Ms Joanna Khoo	8
Ms Maria Quinlivan	11
Mr Michael Ryan	10

Committees of the Council

Section 41(f) of the Law provides that the Council may establish committees to assist it with the exercise of its functions. Members of committees need not be Council members.

Complaints and Notifications Committee

The Committee acts under Council delegation to deal with a diverse range of notifications (complaints) concerning health, conduct and performance issues as they impact on the professional conduct of registered physiotherapists and the provisions of physiotherapy services. This Committee reviews all new notifications (complaints) in consultation with the HCCC.

The Committee met on 11 occasions. Meetings of the Committee are held on the second Tuesday of each month and a senior officer of the HCCC also attends.

Member	Meetings Attended
Ms Christine Campbell	11
Mr David Cross	11
Mr Michael Ryan	10
Dr Debra Shirley	9

Regulatory Committees and Panels

Part 8 of the Law prescribes the committees that support the Council to undertake its regulatory functions. They include Assessment Committees, Impaired Registrants Panels and Performance Review Panels.

The Council did not constitute any Performance Review Panels this year.

Physiotherapy Assessment Committee

The Assessment Committee is established under s 172A and comprises four members appointed by the Minister of whom three are registered physiotherapists and one who is not a registered health practitioner. Members are:

Member
Dr Catherine Dean (Chairperson)
Mr John Davies
Ms Libby Loneragan
Mr Michael Ward

There were no matters considered by the Assessment Committee during the year.

Impaired Registrants Panels

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Impaired Registrants Panels are established under s 173 of the Law to deal with matters concerning practitioners who suffer from a physical or mental impairment which affects or is likely to affect their capacity to practise. The Panel consists of two or three members appointed by the Council. At least one member must be a registered medical practitioner and at least one member must be a registered physiotherapist. Panelists are drawn from a pool of members who are usually experienced in working with practitioners demonstrating problems with their health.

One matter was considered by an IRP which is reported in the *Regulatory Activities* section below. The IRP members for 2012/2013 are listed in Appendix 3.

Physiotherapy Tribunal

The Physiotherapy Tribunal of New South Wales is established under s 165 and comprises four members. The Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson is an Australian lawyer appointed by the Governor. For each Tribunal hearing, the three other members are appointed by the Council.

The Tribunal deals with serious notifications (complaints) that may lead to suspension or deregistration, appeals against Council decisions regarding disciplinary matters and appeals against decisions of the National Board in relation to registration matters.

Tribunal members are listed in Appendix 3. The current Tribunal appointments are for a period of three years from 1 March 2012 until 28 February 2015.

The Tribunal concluded two matters during the year. Refer to the Regulatory Activities section for details

Executive Officer

Under s 41Q of the Law the Council's Executive Officer is responsible for the affairs of the Council subject to any directions of the Council.

Ms Amanda McEacharn is the Executive Officer to the Council as established.

Meetings and Conferences

The Council was represented at the following meetings and conferences during the reporting period:

- AHPRA National Registration and Accreditation Scheme Combined Meeting 2012
- National Boards Chairs' Forum
- Council Presidents' Forum.

Education and Research

Section 41S of the Law allows the Council to establish an Education and Research Account. The Council may expend these funds for education and research purposes relevant to its regulatory functions, and for meeting any associated administrative costs.

The Council is currently developing guidelines for applicants to enable the disbursement of funds. Once these are completed, they will be available on the Council's website.

Overseas Travel

There was no overseas travel undertaken by Council members during the reporting period.

Promotion of Council Activities

The Council's website (www. physiotherapycouncil.nsw.gov.au) is updated on a regular basis and is the principal medium for disseminating information to physiotherapists, students and the public.

The Council's Annual Report and Annual Reports of the former Board are accessible on the website.

Complaints Received About Council Administrative Processes

The Council acknowledges that the trust and confidence of the public are essential to its role and values all forms of feedback. The Council has established a complaint handling policy and procedures for addressing complaints regarding its administrative processes or about its activities, staff or service delivery.

There were no complaints received from members of the public or external organisations.

Legislative Changes

Details of the legislative changes in 2012/2013 are at Appendix 1



Registrants

Regulatory Activities

The primary responsibility of the Council, in conjunction with the HCCC, is to protect the public by managing the performance, conduct and health concerns relating to physiotherapists practising and students training in NSW.

This section details the Council's regulatory programs and results for the year.

National Registration

NSW health professionals are registered under the National Registration and Accreditation Scheme. Through the Scheme, the Physiotherapy Board of Australia (National Board) is responsible for registering health practitioners and students and for determining the requirements for registration.

The National Board approves accredited programs of study which provide the necessary qualifications for registration. It also develops and approves standards, codes and guidelines for the profession which inform the Council's regulatory activities.

Further information about the operations of the National Board can be obtained on the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA) website (www.ahpra.gov.au).

Registrations in NSW

Information about registration and registrant numbers included in this Report provides context for the Council's regulatory activities and functions. Registration data is supplied by AHPRA.

At 30 June 2013, there were 7,191 registered physiotherapists whose principal place of practice was in NSW. This represents 29% of the total number of physiotherapists registered under the Scheme across Australia.

The graph below provides information about the number of physiotherapists registered in NSW from 2008/2009 to 2012/2013. There was a 4.4% increase in 2012/2013 (303 practitioners) compared with 2011/2012.



Students are also registered. AHPRA advised that the number of NSW students registered as at 30 June 2013 was 2,358. Figures are based on the student's residential address, not the location of the education provider.

Registrations by registration type as at 30 June 2013 were as follows:

NSW Share

Principal Place of

Registration

Type	Practice (PPP) in NSW	of registrants with no PPP listed	for whom fees were paid to NSW (PPP + no PPP)
General	6,905	184	7,089
Limited	48	0	48
Non-practising	238	18	256
Total	7,191	202	7,393

Notifications (Complaints) Received

Any person may make a notification (complaint) against a registered physiotherapist or student. Notifications (complaints) may relate to the conduct, health or performance of a registered physiotherapist or the health or conduct of a registered student. A notification (complaint) may be made to the HCCC, the Council, or AHPRA.

The Health Care Complaints Act 1993 requires the Council and the HCCC to advise each other about notifications (complaints) received and to consult on the course of action to be taken. A notification made to the Council is deemed to be also made to the HCCC, and vice versa.

The Council received 30 new notifications (complaints) during the reporting period.

The following graph indicates the trend in notifications received since 2008/2009 and shows a slight increase in the past year.



The graph below shows the level of notifications (complaints) as a percentage of the number of registered physiotherapists in NSW, which is less than 0.5%.



A more accurate measure is the percentage of physiotherapists about whom a notification was received i.e. a physiotherapist with more than one notification is only counted once in the calculation. These data are only available since 1 July 2010. On this basis, the percentage of notifications (complaints) received on physiotherapists practising in NSW was 0.41% for the year.

	2012/2013	2011/2012	Variance
% of physiotherapists	0.41	0.39	0.02
with notifications received			

Of the physiotherapists with a new notification in 2012/2013, 28 had one notification, one physiotherapist had two notifications. Of the 28 physiotherapists with one notification, four had an additional notification that had been received in previous years.

The notifications (complaints) managed by the Council are as follows:

Notifications (complaints)	2012/2013	2011/2012
Case volume open* at year beginning	8	8
New notifications received	30	27
Notifications closed	27	27
Case volume open* at year end	11	8
Total case volume managed	38	35

^{*} See Glossary for definition of open matters.

When they are received, notifications (complaints) are classified to the conduct, health or performance stream, depending on the nature of the matter. In some instances, more than one stream may be applicable, however one stream is identified as the primary stream based on the seriousness of the matter. There

were 13 new notifications (complaints) classified as performance issues and 14 conduct issues. There were three notifications related to health issues.

Notifications are also allocated to an issue category. The Council has adopted the issue categories that have been developed by the AHPRA, which facilitates reporting across jurisdictions.

The number of notifications (complaints) received by the issue category was as below:

Category	Number
Behaviour	2
Billing	3
Boundary Violation	4
Clinical Care	7
Communication	1
Documentation	3
Health impairment	3
Medico-legal Conduct	1
National Law Breach	1
National Law Offence	4
Offence	1

The sources of notifications received in 2012/2013 were:



Of the 38 notifications (complaints) managed by the Council in 2012/2013, 55% (21) were related to the conduct of practitioners, 37% (14) were related to performance and 8% (three) related to health.

Mandatory Notifications

The Law requires health practitioners, employers and education providers to make mandatory notifications to AHPRA if they believe a physiotherapist or student has behaved in a way that constitutes notifiable conduct i.e.

For a health practitioner:

 the practice of the profession while intoxicated by alcohol or other drugs, engaging in sexual misconduct in connection with practice, placing the public at substantial harm because the practitioner has an impairment or placing the public at risk because the practitioner has practised in a way that constitutes a significant departure from accepted professional standards.

For a student:

 has an impairment that, in the course of the student undertaking clinical training, may place the public at substantial risk of harm.

AHPRA then refers the matter to the Council for management.

There were two mandatory notifications about physiotherapists and one report concerning a student was received during the reporting period as follows:

Category	Number
Sexual misconduct	1
Impairment	2

Mandatory notifications represent 10% of all notifications received in the reporting period. Two notifications were made by other health practitioners, and the student was notified by an education facility. No mandatory notifications resulted in the Council taking immediate action under s 150 of the Law.

Status of Mandatory Notifications	2012/2013	2011/2012
Mandatory notifications received in prior period but not completed at year beginning	1	2
Mandatory notifications received	3	2
Mandatory notifications closed	3	3
Mandatory notifications open at year e	nd 1	1
Total case volume managed	4	4

Notifications (Complaints) Management

A decision is made by the Council (in consultation with the HCCC) about which agency will manage the matter. Sometimes this decision is deferred until further assessment or investigation is carried out. Information on the processes for making and managing notifications (complaints) is available on the Council's website.

Following an assessment, the HCCC and the Council determine if the matter should be dismissed or whether the matter requires some form of action. A notification (complaint) may be dismissed if the matter falls outside the jurisdiction of the Council or the HCCC; if it does not raise issues of sufficient seriousness to warrant further action, or if the parties have resolved the matter.

When action is required, further assessment or investigation occurs. Some matters may also be referred for further inquiry by a Tribunal, Panel or Committee.

Following consultation with the HCCC, the majority of matters were either discontinued or referred to the Council for further management. Other outcomes included:

- referral to the HCCC for investigation
- referral to another body such as AHPRA, where the matter was outside the jurisdiction of the Council or HCCC.

Of notifications managed in 2012/2013, 15% (six) were referred during the period for management to other legislated committees or adjudication bodies other than regular Council meetings. Of those matters referred to an adjudication body in this or prior periods, 62.5% were completed in 2012/2013.

The volumes of new notifications in 2012/2013 that were referred to an adjudication body or for counselling were as follows:

Adjudication Body	Number
Assessment Committee	2
Counselling - conduct	2
Tribunal hearing	1
IRP hearing	1

Protective Orders - Immediate Action under s 150 of the Law

The Council must exercise its powers to either suspend a physiotherapist's registration, or impose conditions on the physiotherapist's practice if it is satisfied that such action is appropriate for the protection of the health or safety of the public, or is otherwise in the public interest.

During the reporting period, the Council did not take immediate action on any matter.

Assessment Committee

The Council may refer a notification (complaint) to the Assessment Committee if the HCCC has decided not to investigate it, or following an

investigation has decided not to refer the matter to a Tribunal. The Council may also direct the Committee to require that a practitioner undergo skills testing.

The Committee must investigate complaints referred to it and encourage the complainant and the practitioner to settle the complaint by consent. A complainant and the practitioner are not entitled to be legally represented at an appearance before a Committee.

The Committee may obtain the medical, legal, financial or other advice it thinks necessary or desirable to enable it to exercise its functions. Advice obtained by the Committee may not, unless otherwise ordered by the Council, be admitted or used in civil proceedings before a court and a person may not be compelled to produce the advice or to give evidence in relation to the advice in civil proceedings.

No matters were carried over from the previous year and two new matters in the period. The Committee has not considered either matter yet.

Health

The object of the Council's health program is to protect the public, while maintaining the high standards the public is entitled to expect, and enabling physiotherapists with an impairment to remain in practice when it is safe to do so.

During the reporting period the Council managed three matters in the health stream. The matters involved mental health issues and physical impairment.

Council Appointed Practitioner Assessments

The Council may refer a physiotherapist or student, who is the subject of a notification (complaint), for a health assessment to determine whether the person has an impairment. This may include a medical, physical, psychiatric or psychological examination or testing.

The Council managed two notifications by referral for a health assessment during the reporting period. Of those, one matter was referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.

Impaired Registrants Panels

The Law provides for the convening of Impaired Registrants Panels (IRPs) to deal with matters concerning physiotherapists who suffer from a physical or mental impairment which affects or is likely to affect the physiotherapist's capacity to practise.

An IRP is non-disciplinary and aims to assist physiotherapists to manage their impairment while remaining in professional practice as long as this poses no risk to the public. The Panel's role is to inquire into and assess the matter, obtain reports and other information from any source it considers appropriate, and to make recommendations to the Council.

The Panel may counsel the physiotherapist or, on the recommendation of the Panel, the Council may counsel the physiotherapist, impose conditions on the registration, or suspend the registration for a period if the Council is satisfied the physiotherapist or student has voluntarily agreed to the conditions or suspension.

One matter was referred to an IRP, which related to mental health. On the IRP's recommendation the Council imposed conditions on the practitioner's registration with consent.

Performance

Performance issues generally relate to concerns about the standard of a physiotherapist's clinical performance, that is, whether the knowledge, skill or judgement possessed, or care exercised, is significantly below the standard reasonably expected of a physiotherapist of an equivalent level of training or experience.

The Council's performance program provides an avenue for education and retraining where inadequacies in competency are identified, while at all times ensuring that the public is appropriately protected. The program aims to address patterns of practice rather than one-off incidents unless a single incident is thought to be demonstrative of a broader problem.

The total number of physiotherapists managed in the performance stream in 2012/2013 was 14: one matter carried over from the previous period and 13 new matters. The performance issues managed in the period were:

Performance Issues Managed	Number
Rough or painful examination	2
Inadequate or inaccurate health report	1
Inadequate or inaccurate health record	1
Inappropriate maintenance or disposal of health record	1
Delayed or inaccurate medico-legal assessment	1
Insensitive or inappropriate comments	1
Inadequate or inappropriate treatment	6
Disrespectful manner	1

Performance Assessments

The Council may require a physiotherapist to participate in a performance assessment to assist it in determining a course of action. The aim of such an assessment is to establish whether the physiotherapist's performance is at a standard expected of a similarly trained or experienced physiotherapist. Consequently, assessments are intended to be broad-based and not limited to the substance of the matter that triggered them.

The assessment is generally conducted in the physiotherapist's own practice environment by assessors appointed by the Council who are familiar with the area of practice of the physiotherapist concerned.

There were no matters managed by referral to a performance assessment in the period.

Performance Review Panel

If a performance assessment finds that the professional performance of a physiotherapist is unsatisfactory, the Council may decide to refer the matter to a Performance Review Panel (PRP). The role of the Panel is to review the professional performance of the physiotherapist by examining the evidence placed before it to establish whether the physiotherapist's practice meets the standard reasonably expected of a physiotherapist of 'an equivalent level of training or experience' at the time of the review.

Where deficiencies are identified, the physiotherapist is required to undertake remediation tailored to their individual needs. This may entail attending courses, undertaking supervision or engaging in additional continuing professional development. Conditions on practice may also be required to ensure the public is protected while the physiotherapist is undertaking remediation.

There were no PRPs held during the reporting period.

Conduct

Conduct issues generally relate to behavioural acts or omission and often go to the question of character and may be categorised as unsatisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct.

The total number of physiotherapists managed in the conduct stream in 2012/2013 was 21: seven

matters were carried over from the previous period and 14 new matters. The conduct issues managed in the period were:



Investigations by the Health Care Complaints Commission (HCCC)

During 2012/2013 a number of matters were investigated by the HCCC, resulting in the following:

- referred to the Director of Proceedings for consideration of prosecution before an adjudicating body
- referral to the Council for further management
- no further action.

Council Inquiry

Complaints of unsatisfactory professional conduct may be dealt with under Part 8 Division 3 Subdivision 5 of the Law by way of disciplinary proceedings held at a meeting of the Council. The resulting action taken may include a caution or reprimand, imposition of conditions on registration, issuing of an order requiring medical or psychiatric treatment or counselling, completion of an educational course or some other action.

There were no matters managed by Council Inquiry during the reporting period.

Reviews by the Council

Physiotherapists who have had conditions placed on their registration or had their registration suspended as a result of Council's immediate action powers under s 150 of the Law or on the recommendation of an IRP may request a review of the conditions or suspension by the Council.

There were no reviews conducted by the Council in the reporting period.

Physiotherapy Tribunal

The Physiotherapy Tribunal deals with serious notifications (complaints) that may lead to suspension or deregistration, appeals against Council decisions regarding disciplinary matters and appeals against decisions of the National Board in relation to registration matters.

Tribunal Matters	Number
Matters referred to a Tribunal but not completed at 1/7/2012	2
Matters referred to a Tribunal in 2012/2013	1
Matters completed by a Tribunal in 2012/2013	2
Matters referred to a Tribunal but not completed by 30/6/2013	1
Total case volume managed in 2012/2013	3

During the reporting period, the Tribunal finalised the following matters:

		-
Name	Date of	Outcome Summary
	Decisi	ion
Mr Trac Quan HA	1.5.13	Tribunal found Mr Ha guilty of professional misconduct. The Tribunal determined to reprimand Mr Ha and to suspend his registration for a period of 12 months from the date of the order. The Tribunal also required Mr Ha to undertake further education and imposed a number of conditions upon Mr Ha's registration to take effect at the end of the period of suspension. These conditions relate to supervision, continuing professional development and an audit of his clinical records.
Mr Hung Thanh VU	16.8.12	The Tribunal determined Mr Vu was guilty of unsatisfactory professional conduct and professional misconduct. Mr Vu is disqualified from being registered for a period of two years. The practitioner is not entitled to apply for registration as a physiotherapist for a period of two years from the date of the decision.

The Reasons for Decision of the Tribunal are published in full on the Australasian Legal Information Institute website (www.austlii. edu.au) or may be accessed via the Council's website.

Tribunal Reviews

Physiotherapists who have had restrictions placed on their practice or registration by a Tribunal may request a review of conditions and suspension or can request to be reinstated following cancellation of registration by the Tribunal.

There were no matters referred to or heard by the Tribunal for a review during the period.

Appeals to the Tribunal

Physiotherapists who have had conditions imposed on their registration by the Council or a PRP, had their registration suspended by the Council, or who have had a request for review of conditions or suspension refused by the Council, may appeal to the Tribunal. Practitioners may also lodge an appeal against a decision of the Physiotherapy Board of Australia regarding registration status.

There were no appeals referred or heard by the Tribunal during the reporting period.

Appeals to the Supreme Court

Physiotherapists may appeal a decision made by the Tribunal to the Supreme Court. There were no appeals in 2012/2013.

Notifications (Complaints) Outcomes

The outcomes of all notifications (complaints) closed in 2012/2013 are summarised below. The majority of matters were dealt with expeditiously and did not require investigation or referral to a regulatory or adjudicating body. The next most prevalent outcome was counselling followed by referral to AHPRA.

The outcomes of these matters were as follows:

Outcomes	Number
Referred to AHPRA	2
Conditions by consent	1
Counselled	2
HCCC discontinued	13
No further action with advice	1
No further action by Council	2
No jurisdiction	2
Resolved	1
Suspended	1

Of the notifications closed in 2012/2013, two were considered to require no action by the Council. One matter was dismissed following assessment by a Council Appointed Practitioner and the other was dismissed after consideration by the Complaints and Notifications Committee.

The stage at which matters were closed is as follows:

Stage* at Closure of Notification	Number
Assessment	21
Health	2
Performance	0
Investigation	2
Panel (IRP, PRP)	0
Tribunal	2
Appeal / Court	0

^{*}See Glossary for description of each stage

Notifications Received Under Former Physiotherapists Act 2001

The Council finalised one matter that had been lodged with the former Physiotherapists Registration Board. Complex matters in particular may take a number of years to finalise and at the end of the reporting period one matter was still to be completed, which has been referred to the Tribunal.

Matters under the former Act	2012/2013	2011/2012
Open matters under former Act at year beginning	3	4
Matters under former Act closed	2	1
Matters under former Act open at year end	1	3

Counselling

The Council may direct a physiotherapist or student to attend for counselling. This is a non-disciplinary process that enables the Council to address performance or conduct concerns in an informal but sound and influential manner. Counselling may be conducted by two or three Council members.

During the reporting period, the Council managed two notifications by directing the practitioners to attend for counselling. There were no students referred to counselling.

The issues managed by counselling were related to sexual misconduct and to the practitioner's manner. Both matters were finalised following counselling.

Council members who conducted counselling were:

Member

Ms Christine Campbell	
Mr David Cross	
Dr Debra Shirley	

One of the counselling sessions took place outside the Sydney metropolitan area.

Dr Genevieve Dwyer conducted the interview on behalf of the Council.

Matters Referred to Another Entity

During the reporting period, the Council directed three matters to other entities as follows:

Entity	Reasons(s) for Referral	Number
AHPRA	One matter concerned advertising and one matter concerned a marketing scheme	2
WorkCover	Fraud	1

Matters Referred to HCCC for Assisted Resolution and Conciliation

The Council may refer a notification to the HCCC for assisted resolution or conciliation to be dealt with under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993*. In 2012/2013, there were no matters referred to the HCCC for either of these actions.

Outcomes of Mandatory Notifications

The outcomes of the three mandatory notifications completed in the reporting period were as follows:

Outcome	Number
Conditions imposed on practice	1
No further action following advice	1
No further action by Council	1

Monitoring and Compliance of Orders and Conditions

The Council is responsible for monitoring compliance with orders made and conditions imposed by the Physiotherapy Tribunal, a Council Inquiry, a PRP, an immediate action (s 150) decision, or conditions following an IRP.

Conditions fall into two categories:

- a) practice conditions, which are published on the AHPRA website (www.ahpra.gov.au) or
- b) health conditions, which are not published.

During the year, three cases were monitored, and two remain active as at 30 June 2013, which are under review by the treating health practitioner.

One matter involved an impaired practitioner who was required to return for a review by the IRP and to make regular visits to his health practitioner. The other matter involves an audit of the practitioner's records which is still to take place.

Throughout the year effective working relationships with AHPRA facilitated compliance monitoring across both organisations.

Management and Administration

Shared Services

The HPCA provides shared executive and corporate services to the 14 NSW health professional Councils to support their regulatory responsibilities.

On behalf of the Councils, the HPCA liaises with:

- AHPRA regarding financial, registration and reporting matters
- the HCCC on notifications (complaints) management issues, and
- the Ministry of Health on human resources and providing advice and responses to the Minister for Health and the Director-General on regulatory matters and appointments.

This coordinated approach provides efficiencies through shared services that would be costly for small bodies like the Councils, to implement on their own. It also allows Councils to direct their attention to protection of the public by concentrating on their core regulatory functions.

The Council and the HPCA have signed a three year service level agreement (SLA) effective from 1 July 2012. The SLA articulates the services the HPCA provides and key performance indicators against which performance is assessed annually. It provides certainty and a shared understanding for the Council and the HPCA on the range and quality of services provided.

Access to Information - Government Information Public Access (GIPA)

The Council is committed to the principles of the *Government Information (Public Access)* Act 2009 (GIPA Act) and provides access to policies, publications and information through the Council website. The Council complies with the *Government Information (Public Access)* Regulation 2009 regarding annual reporting requirements.

The Agency Information Guide was updated and is accessible on the website.

Review of Proactive Release Program

The Council reviewed its program for the release of government information to identify the type of information that can be made publicly available.

The Council releases all new and revised policies and other information publicly on the website. In addition, the Council reviewed the program and the policy register including monitoring



the completion and approval of relevant information.

New and revised policies and documents released on the Council website are:

- Physiotherapy Council Annual Report 2012
- Conflict of Interest Policy
- Gifts and Benefits Policy
- Reporting Corrupt Conduct
- Member Remuneration and Payment Policy
- Official Travel Policy
- Audit and Risk Committee Charter.

The Council also complies with NSW Government policies and procedures including those that are available on the Department of Premier and Cabinet, Public Service Commission and the NSW Ministry of Health websites.

Number of Access Applications Received

The Council received no formal access applications (including withdrawn applications excluding invalid applications).

Number of Refused Applications for Schedule 1 Information - Clause 7(c)

The Council refused no applications (either wholly or partly) for the disclosure of information (information for which there is conclusive presumption of overriding public interest against disclosure).

The Council's GIPA statistics are reported in Appendix 2.

Privacy

The Council is subject to the provisions of the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 and the Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002.

The Council received no complaints regarding privacy matters.

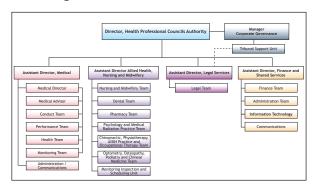
The Council has adopted the NSW Health Privacy Management policy pending development of a specific privacy management plan. A number of staff attended privacy awareness training conducted by the Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner.

Human Resources

The HPCA staff who support the Council are employed under Chapter 1A of the *Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002*.

As at 30 June 2013 the HPCA employed 97 permanent full-time equivalent (FTE) and two temporary FTE staff, of whom 1.05 FTE staff provided secretariat support directly to the Council.

HPCA Organisation Chart as at 30 June 2013



Learning and Development

Learning and development opportunities are available to staff to ensure that they have the skills and knowledge to support the Council's core business and the HPCA's organisational priorities. Individual staff training needs are identified through the Coaching and Performance System (CAPS).

Staff attended training sessions on:

- GIPA, privacy management and public interest disclosure provisions
- Writing procedures and policy documents, and minute taking
- Dealing with difficult complainants
- TRIM records management system and Monitoring and Complaints System (MaCS) for case management
- Understanding of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW) regulatory responsibilities and Council processes to protect the public.

Public Interest Disclosures

The Council is subject to the provisions of the *Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994* and the reporting requirements of the *Public Interest Disclosures Regulation 2011*. Staff and Council members comply with the policy and information is available on the requirements and processes for making and managing disclosures.

The Council provides six monthly reports to the NSW Ombudsman and Ministry of Health.

There were no public interest disclosures (PIDs) made by staff or Council members during the year:

July 2	012 - June 2013
Number of public officials who made PIDs	0
Number of PIDs received	0
Of PIDs received, number primarily about:	
Corrupt conduct	0
Maladministration	0
Serious and substantial waste	0
Government information contravention	0
Number of PIDs finalised	0

Audit and Risk Management

NSW Treasury has granted the Council an exemption from the Internal Audit and Risk Management Policy for the NSW Public Sector (TPP09-05) on the grounds that it is a small agency for which the administrative and cost burden of full compliance would be prohibitive. However the Council has appropriate internal audit and risk management practices in place in line with the core requirements of TPP09-05.

In 2012/2013 the HPCA Audit and Risk Committee continued to review and monitor the Risk Register, discussed and monitored internal audits and reviews, and received high level summaries on the Council's financial reports. On the Committee's advice the HPCA established the role of Chief Audit Executive, which is fulfilled by the HPCA Assistant Director, Legal.

During the year the HPCA implemented the recommendations of the Audit Office of NSW 2011/2012 Management Letter, developed a business continuity management framework and commissioned a review of the 2012/2013 budget process following the identification of certain errors and omissions in some budget line items. These matters have been addressed and monitored through the 2013/2014 budget development process.

The business continuity management framework comprises a policy, Business Continuity Plan and procedures. Members of the Recovery Team have received training and been issued with documents and resources in case of an emergency. Documentation of an IT disaster recovery plan has been initiated and will be completed during 2013/2014.

IAB is commissioned to undertake the internal audits nominated in the internal audit plan. The IAB conducted an internal audit of the HPCA's Workforce Management Framework, which identified the need for a more consistent approach to performance monitoring, and improving turnaround times on recruitment activity. All of the review's recommendations were accepted and are being addressed.

A review of monitoring of practitioners with orders and/or conditions on their registration commenced in June 2013.

Information Management and Systems

Further improvements have been achieved in information management, control and reporting. System modifications have been made to the case management system (MaCS) to improve usability and reporting. The MaCS user group guides priorities and contributes to user testing. Staff received ongoing training and support as changes are implemented and the accuracy and reliability of reporting is improving.

The TRIM records management system has been further embedded in practice. The Business Classification Scheme was reviewed and is being modified to address the specific needs of Councils. Training has been a focus and priorities developed to promote the use of TRIM to meet State Records compliance requirements.

Exemptions from the Reporting Provisions

As a small statutory body, the Council is exempt from certain reporting provisions and provides a triennial report in relation to:

- multicultural policies and services programs
- disability services
- equal employment opportunity
- · occupational health and safety, and
- waste management (WRAPP).

The Council last reported on these provisions in the 2010/2011 Annual Report and will next report in 2013/2014. The Council continued to meet its compliance obligations with regard to each of these matters and remains committed to implementing the relevant policy requirements.

Consultants

The health professional Councils together commissioned six consultancies related to Council business process improvement, system improvements and the ongoing development of

the HPCA's shared services to Councils.

The Council made the following contribution to these consultancies:

Engagements costing less than \$50,000

Service Provided	No.	Cost inc. GST \$
Administration	2	1,586.78
Council business processes	1	2,905.47
Financial management	1	1,146.42
Information management and systems	2	354.26
Total	6	5,992.93

Business Process Improvement

Through the course of several reviews (including of Council business planning processes), risk assessment and the 2011/2012 Council Satisfaction Survey a number of Councils and the HPCA identified the need to embark on a project to analyse selected core processes and to develop maps and procedure documents to guide work processes and decision-making. A consultant was engaged to undertake the project.

The purpose of process mapping is to optimise efficiency and provide support tools to staff and Councils and to help manage workflow and assist with sound decision-making.

The consultants are working with staff on process maps for the management of correspondence, handling notifications and immediate action, and refinement of the business classification scheme for records management.

Insurance

The Council's insurance activities are conducted by the HPCA through the NSW Ministry of Health's insurance cover with the NSW Treasury Managed Fund, and include:

- legal liability public liability, professional indemnity, product liability
- Comprehensive Motor Vehicle Insurance Policy
- Personal Accident Policy for volunteer workers
- property coverage, and
- workers' compensation.

Annual Report Costs

The Council did not produce printed copies of this Annual Report in accordance with the

Premier's Memorandum *Production Costs of Annual Reports* (M2013-09). The total cost of layout and design was \$624.77 (GST inc.), which is significantly lower than in previous years.

The report is published on the Council's website.

Financial Management

The HPCA provides financial management services to the Council including the payment of accounts, budget preparation and monitoring and coordination of regular financial reporting to the Council.

In signing the SLA, the Council endorsed a revised cost allocation methodology for the distribution of shared costs across all Councils. The methodology is largely based on Council activity and provides a formula to apportion shared services staff, facilities and other resources. The methodology will be reviewed in 2013/2014 to ensure that it is equitable and is the best means of cost allocation.

Format

The accounts of the Council's administrative operations, including the Education and Research activities, together with the Independent Auditor's Report are set out in the Financial Statements starting on page 20.

Performance

The Council's accounts performance as reported in the Financial Statements is as follows:

	\$
Operating expenditure	397,974
Revenue	480,060
Net profit/(loss)	85,711
Net cash reserves (cash and cash equivalents minus current liabilities)*	635,106
* Included in the net cash reserves is Education and Research bank account balance of:	176,167

Investment Performance

The Council, through a Special Interest Arrangement with the Commonwealth Bank of Australia earned an average of 2.81% p.a. on all bank account balances.

Payments Performance

The Council's accounts are managed by the Health Administration Corporation. The consolidated accounts payable performance report for all 14 Councils is as shown below:

Quarter	Current (within due date)	Less than 30 days overdue	Between 30 to 60 days overdue	Between 60 to 90 days overdue	More than 90 days overdue
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
All suppliers					
September	1,201,178	620	0	218	0
December	1,106,321	26,167	0	165	0
March	1,310,988	1,225	0	657	0
June	1,758,606	4,583	141	1,758	0
Small business suppliers					
September	426,997	620	0	218	0
December	255,185	11,203	0	165	0
March	501,058	1,225	0	657	0
June	678,088	3,106	0	706	0

Measure	Sept	Dec	Mar	June
All suppliers				
Number of accounts due for payment	158	130	130	198
Number of accounts paid on time	156	105	128	177
% of accounts paid on time (based on number of accounts)	98.7	80.8	98.5	89.4
\$ amount of accounts due for payment	1,202,016	1,132,653	1,312,870	1,765,088
\$ amount of accounts paid on time	1,201,178	1,106,321	1,310,988	1,758,606
% of accounts paid on time (based on \$)	99.9	97.7	99.9	99.6
Number of payments for interest on overdue accounts	0	0	0	0
Interest paid on overdue accounts	0	0	0	0

Sent	Dec	Mar	June
Зерс	Dec	Mai	Julie
141	112	120	170
139	96	118	156
98.6	85.7	98.3	91.8
427,835	266,553	502,940	681,900
426,997	255,185	501,058	678,088
99.8	95.7	99.6	99.4
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
	139 98.6 427,835 426,997 99.8 0	141 112 139 96 98.6 85.7 427,835 266,553 426,997 255,185 99.8 95.7 0 0	141 112 120 139 96 118 98.6 85.7 98.3 427,835 266,553 502,940 426,997 255,185 501,058 99.8 95.7 99.6 0 0 0

The HPCA is confirming relevant details with our small business suppliers in accordance with Treasury Circular TC11/21.

Budget

The budget for the period 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014 is as follow:

	\$
Revenue	487,313
Operating expenses	446,575
Education and research	10,000
Net profit/(loss)	30,738



PHYSIOTHERAPY COUNCIL OF NEW SOUTH WALES

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

STATEMENT BY MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

Pursuant to s 41C(1B) *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*, and in accordance with the resolution of the members of the Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales, we declare on behalf of the Council that in our opinion:

- The accompanying financial statements exhibit a true and fair view of the financial position of the Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales as at 30 June 2013 and financial performance for the year then ended.
- 2. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Australian Accounting Standards, Accounting Interpretations, the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*, the *Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010*, and the Treasurer's Directions.

Further, we are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars included in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.

Council Member:

Date: 21.10.13

Council Member:

Date: 22 10 3





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales (the Council), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows, for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2013, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- are in accordance with section 41B of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983* (the PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

The Council's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The members of the Council are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the PF&A Act, and for such internal control as the members of the Council determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view and that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those Standards require that I comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Council's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the members of the Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

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My opinion does not provide assurance:

- about the future viability of the Council
- that it has carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the effectiveness of its internal control
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Independence

In conducting my audit, I have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards and other relevant ethical pronouncements. The PF&A Act further promotes independence by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies, but precluding the provision
 of non-audit services, thus ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of
 New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by the possibility of losing clients or
 income.

C J Giumelli

Director, Financial Audit Services

24 October 2013

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SYDNEY



Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
	Notes	\$	\$
EXPENSES EXCLUDING LOSSES			
Operating expenses			
Personnel services	2(a)	(199,895)	(234,761)
Other operating expenses	2(b)	(124,022)	(115,647)
Depreciation and amortisation	2(c)	(12,700)	(20,481)
Finance costs	2(d)	(337)	(602)
Other expenses	2(e)	(57,161)	(75,213)
Education and research expenses	3	(3,859)	(3,738)
Total Expenses Excluding Losses		(397,974)	(450,442)
REVENUE			
Registration fees		453,073	444,308
nterest revenue	5(a)	23,906	33,061
Other revenue	5(b)	3,081	617
Total Revenue		480,060	477,986
Gain/(Loss) on disposal/additions	6	3,625	211
Net Result		85,711	27,755
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	-

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	886,791	813,948
Receivables	8	12,679	20,588
Total Current Assets	-	899,470	834,536
Non-Current Assets			
Plant and equipment	9		
Leasehold improvements		32,862	26,741
Motor vehicles		345	968
Furniture and fittings		6,972	6,074
Other		5,298	14,840
Total plant and equipment		45,477	48,623
Intangible assets	10	11,183	22,285
Total Non-Current Assets		56,660	70,908
Total Assets		956,130	905,444
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	11	61,584	101,179
Fees in advance	12	190,101	177,145
Total Current Liabilities	-	251,685	278,324
Non-Current Liabilities			
Fees in advance	12	2,548	-
Provisions	13	7,820	18,754
Total Non-Current Liabilities		10,368	18,754
Total Liabilities		262,053	297,078
Net Assets	_	694,077	608,366
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds		694,077	608,366
Total Equity		694,077	608,366



Statement of Changes In Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	Accumulated Funds \$
Balance at 1 July 2012		608,366
Net Result for the Year		85,711
Other comprehensive income		-
Balance at 30 June 2013		694,077
Balance at 1 July 2011		580,611
Net Result for the Year		27,755
Other comprehensive income		-
Balance at 30 June 2012		608,366

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments			
Personnel services		(215,902)	(225,049)
Other		(223,183)	(188,477)
Total Payments		(439,085)	(413,526)
Receipts			
Receipts from registration fees		492,106	447,508
Interest received		22,842	35,125
Other		698	617
Total Receipts		515,646	483,251
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	17	76,561	69,725
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		-	2,560
Purchases of plant and equipment and intangible assets		(3,718)	(46,353)
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(3,718)	(43,793)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash		72,843	25,932
Opening cash and cash equivalents		813,948	788,016
Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	886,791	813,948

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Reporting Entity

The Physiotherapy Council of New South Wales (the Council) as a not-for-profit reporting entity with no cash generating units, performs the duties and functions contained in the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW) No 86a* (the Law).

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2013 have been authorised for issue by the Council on 21 October 2013.

b. Basis of Preparation

The Council has adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements. The Council's financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with:

- · applicable Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations), and
- the requirements of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 and Regulation.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost.

Judgements, key assumptions and estimations management has made are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

All amounts are rounded to the nearest dollar and are expressed in Australian currency.

c. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian Accounting Interpretations.

d. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

Effective from 1 July 2012, the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) introduced an agreed cost sharing arrangement for the distribution of pooled costs between health professional Councils. This was a change from the cost sharing arrangements from prior years.

These indirect costs are shown as part of the Council's statement of comprehensive income under the following expense line items:

- 1. Personnel services
- 2. Rent and building expenses
- 3. Contracted labour
- 4. Depreciation and amortisation
- 5. Postage and communication
- 6. Printing and stationery

e. Insurance

The Council's insurance activities are conducted through the NSW Treasury Managed Fund Scheme of self-insurance for Government entities. The expense (premium) is determined by the Fund Manager based on past claim experience.



Notes to the Financial Statements

f. Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except that:

- the amount of GST incurred by the Council as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense, and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. However, the GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office are classified as operating cash flows.

g. Income Recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration or contribution received or receivable.

The National Registration and Accreditation Scheme for all health professionals commenced on 1 July 2010. NSW opted out of the complaint handling component of the National scheme and the health professional Councils were established in NSW effective from 1 July 2010 to manage the complaints function in a coregulatory arrangement with the NSW Health Care Complaints Commission (HCCC).

Under s 26A of the Law, the complaints element of the registration fees payable during 2013 by NSW health practitioners was decided by the Council established for that profession subject to approval by the Minister for Health.

The Council, under the Law, receives fees on a monthly basis from the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA) being the agreed NSW complaints element for the 2013 registration fee.

Fees are progressively recognised as income by the Council as the annual registration period elapses. Fees in advance represent unearned income at balance date.

h. Personnel Services

The Ministry of Health (MOH) being the employer charges the Council for personnel services relating to the provision of all employees. Staff costs are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as personnel services in the financial statements of the Council. Amounts owing for personnel services in the Statement of Financial Position represent amounts payable to the MOH in respect of personnel services.

i. Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method as set out in AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

j. Education and Research

The Council is responsible for the administration of the Education and Research account. The Minister for Health may determine that a set amount of funds out of the fees received to be transferred to the Education and Research account.

k. Assets

i. Acquisition of Assets

The cost method of accounting is used for the initial recording of all acquisitions of assets controlled by the Council. Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the other consideration given to acquire the asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the requirements of other Australian Accounting Standards.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised at their historical cost at the date of acquisition.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arms-length transaction.

Where payment for an item is deferred beyond normal credit terms, its cost is the cash price equivalent, i.e. the deferred payment amount is effectively discounted at an asset-specific rate.

ii. Capitalisation Thresholds

The Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) acquires all assets on behalf of the Council. Shared use assets that cost over \$5,000 at the time of purchase by the HPCA are capitalised. These capitalised shared use assets are then allocated to the Council using an appropriate allocation method. The minimum capitalisation threshold limits applied to the Council for the asset are \$110 (2011/2012 - \$206) (all Council shared use asset), or \$170 (2011/2012 - \$259) (Pitt Street shared use asset), whichever is applicable.

iii. Impairment of Plant and Equipment

As a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets* effectively is not applicable. AASB 136 modifies the recoverable amount test to the higher of fair value less costs to sell and depreciated replacement cost. This means that, where an asset is already measured at fair value, impairment can only arise if selling costs are material. Selling costs for the entity are regarded as immaterial.

iv. Depreciation of Plant, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Depreciation and amortisation is provided for on a straight-line basis for all depreciable assets so as to write off the amounts of each asset as it is consumed over its useful life to the Council.

Depreciation and amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Depreciation rates used are as follows:

Plant and equipment 20% - 25%

Furniture and fittings 16% - 20%

Motor vehicles 25% - 29%

Leasehold improvements 1.7% - 4%

v. Revaluation of Plant and Equipment

There has been no revaluation on any of the Council's plant and equipment as they are non-specialised assets. Non-specialised assets with short useful lives are measured at depreciated historical cost as a surrogate for fair value.

vi. Maintenance

Day-to-day servicing costs or maintenance are charged as expenses as incurred, except where they relate to the replacement of a component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

vii. Intangible Assets

The Council recognises intangible assets only if it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. Where an asset is acquired at no or nominal cost, the cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

All research costs are expensed. Development costs are only capitalised when certain criteria are met.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be finite.

Intangible assets are subsequently measured at fair value only if there is an active market. As there is no active market for the entity's intangible assets, the assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount and the reduction is recognised as an impairment loss.



Notes to the Financial Statements

The Council's intangible assets are amortised using the straight line method over a period of four years. In general, intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists. However, as a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, the Council is effectively exempted from impairment testing.

viii. Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less an allowance for any impairment of receivables. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial. An allowance for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Council will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

l. Liabilities

i. Trade and Other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council and other amounts. Payables are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Short-term payables with no stated interest rates are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

ii. Personnel Services - Ministry of Health

Personnel services are acquired from the MOH. As such the MOH accounting policy is below.

Liabilities for salaries and wages (including non-monetary benefits), annual leave and paid sick leave that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are recognised and measured in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date at undiscounted amounts based on the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Unused non-vesting sick leave does not give rise to a liability as it is not considered probable that sick leave taken in the future will be greater than the benefits accrued in the future.

The outstanding amounts of payroll tax, workers' compensation insurance premiums and fringe benefits tax, which are consequential to employment, are recognised as liabilities and expenses where the employee benefits to which they relate have been recognised.

All employees receive the Superannuation Guarantee Levy contribution. All superannuation benefits are provided on an accumulation basis - there are no defined benefits. Contributions are made by the entity to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as an expense when incurred.

iii. Provision for Make Good

Provisions include the Council's proportionate liability (allocated to the Council using an appropriate allocation method) of the estimated make good liability, discounted to today's present value.

m. Equity/Accumulated Funds

The category 'Accumulated Funds' includes all current and prior period funds.

n. Comparative information

Except when an Australian Accounting Standard permits or requires otherwise, comparative information is disclosed in respect of the previous period for all amounts reported in the financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements

o. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent assets in the statement of financial position would normally comprise cash on hand, cash at bank and short-term deposits and include deposits in the NSW Treasury Corporation's Hour-Glass cash facility, other Treasury Corporation deposits (less than 90 days) and other at-call deposits that are not quoted in the active market.

Bank overdrafts are included within liabilities.

p. Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2013, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Council.

NSW Treasury issued NSWTC13/02 circular which states none of the new or revised Standards of Interpretations are to be adopted early.

List of new standards that are relevant to the Council are as follows:

- a) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2010), AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2009)
- b) AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement (2011)



Notes to the Financial Statements

2. EXPENSES EXCLUDING LOSSES		
a. Personnel Services ExpensesPersonnel services expenses are acquired from the MOH and cor	morise the following:	
reasonner services expenses are acquired from the more and con	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Salaries and wages (including recreation leave)	169,324	198,832
Superannuation	15,650	19,053
Payroll taxes	12,487	14,260
Workers' compensation insurance	2,435	2,616
	199,895	234,761
b. Other operating expenses		
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Auditor's remuneration	5,535	6,000
Rent and building expenses	39,878	50,876
Council fees	16,681	17,959
Sitting fees	28,987	21,031
Contracted labour	32,941	19,781
	124,022	115,647
c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Depreciation		
Motor vehicles	160	510
Furniture and fittings	1,743	-
Other	3,558	4,814
	5,461	5,324
Amortisation		
Leasehold improvement	2,049	1,103
Intangible assets	5,190	14,054
	7,239	15,157
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	12,700	20,481



Notes to the Financial Statements

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2.	EXPENSES EXCLUDING LOSSES (continued)		
	d. Finance Costs		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision	337	602
	J .	337	602
	a Other Evpenses		
	e. Other Expenses		
		2013 \$	2012 \$
	Subsistence and transport	9,242	13,635
	Fees for service	29,929	42,944
	Postage and communication	2,812	3,516
	Printing and stationery	5,336	6,965
	Equipment and furniture	559	613
	General administration expenses	9,283	7,540
		57,161	75,213
3.	EDUCATION AND RESEARCH		
	a. Education and Research Expenses		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Grants	3,859	3,738
	Other expenses	-	-
	Total (excluding GST)	3,859	3,738
	b. Education and Research Account Receipts and Payments Reconciliation	n	
		2013	2012
	Notes	\$	\$
	Opening balance 1 July 2012	176,858	173,595
	Deposits	-	-
	Interest	4,809	7,000
		181,667	180,595
	Outgoings	(5,500)	(3,737)
	Closing Balance 30 June 2013 7	176,167	176,858



Notes to the Financial Statements

4. EXPENDITURE MANAGED ON BEHALF OF THE COUNCIL THROUGH THE HEALTH ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION

The Council's accounts are managed by the Health Administration Corporation (HAC). Executive and administrative support functions are provided by the HPCA, which is an administrative unit of the HAC. The HAC has determined the basis of allocation of material costs to the Council.

Salaries and associated oncosts are paid by the MOH. The MOH continues to pay for the staff and associated oncosts. These costs are reimbursed by the Council to the MOH.

Details of transactions managed on behalf of the Council through the HAC are detailed above in Notes 2 to 11.

5. (a) INTEREST REVENUE

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Interest revenue from financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	23,906	33,061
	23,906	33,061

The interest received was paid under a Special Interest Arrangement with the bank which applied to all daily balances of bank accounts administered on behalf of all health professional Councils by the HAC. In addition to daily balances receiving interest at a rate revised each week, the bank also waived normal bank fees payable such as transaction fees, dishonoured cheque fees and overseas draft fees.

	2013 %	2012 %
Weighted Average Interest Rate	2.81	3.65
(b) Other revenue		
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Recoupment of costs	347	-
Make good revenue resulting from decrease in make good provision	2,381	-
Legal fee recoveries	353	-
Other		617
	3,080	617



Notes to the Financial Statements

o. GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL/ADDITIONS		
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Plant and equipment Net book value disposed/acquired during the year Proceeds from sale/acquisition costs	11,190	(2,349) 2,560 211
Intangible assets Net book value disposed/acquired during the year Proceeds from sale/acquisition costs	(7,565) - (7,565)	- - -
Total Gain/(Loss) on Disposal/Additions	3,625	211

Included in the above Gain/(Loss) on disposal for 2013 is an adjustment arising from the Council's decision to acquire an increased portion of its share of the opening carrying values of the pooled assets located at Level 6, 477 Pitt Street, Sydney for no charge.

This adjustment was necessary as the HPCA introduced a revised cost sharing arrangement with the agreement of all the health professional Councils for the distribution of costs of depreciation of the pooled assets between all the health professional Councils effective from 1 July 2012 - refer Note 1.d.

7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	397,857	407,480
Short-term bank deposits	268,150	268,150
Cash at bank - held by HPCA*	220,784	138,318
	886,791	813,948

^{*} This is cash held by the HPCA, an administrative unit of the HAC, on behalf of the Council for its operating activities.

The Council operates the bank accounts shown below:

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
Operating account**		221,690	230,622
Education and research account**	3	176,167	176,858
		397,857	407,480

^{**} managed by the HPCA, an administrative unit of the HAC.



Notes to the Financial Statements

8. RECEIVABLES		
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Prepayments	595	1,460
Other receivables	(132)	13,095
Interest receivable	3,029	4,093
Trade receivables	9,188	1,940
Less: allowance for impairment	-	-
	12,679	20,588
Movement in the Allowance for Impairment		
Balance at 1 July 2012	-	-
Amounts written off during the year	-	-
Amounts recovered during the year Increase/(decrease) in allowance recognised in profit	-	-
or loss Balance at 30 June 2013		

No receivables are considered impaired.

The trade receivables include monies that AHPRA has collected from registrants as at 30 June 2013 and has remitted the monies to HPCA in July 2013.

Analysis of Trade Debtors Overdue

2013	Total	Past due but not impaired	Considered impaired
	\$	\$	\$
< 3 months overdue	-	-	-
3-6 months overdue	-	-	-
> 6 months overdue	-	-	-
2012			
< 3 months overdue	-	-	-
3-6 months overdue	-	-	-
> 6 months overdue	-	-	-

Notes

- 1. Each column in the table represents the 'gross receivables'.
- 2. The ageing analysis excludes statutory receivables that are not past due and not impaired.



Notes to the Financial Statements

The Council has an interest in plant and equipment used by all health professional Councils. Plant and equipment is not owned individually by the Council. The amounts recognised in the financial statements have been calculated based on the benefits expected to be derived by the Council.

Net Carrying Amount	32,862	345	6,972	5,298	45,477
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(1,541)	(293)	(1,743)	(16,443)	(20,020)
Gross carrying amount	34,403	638	8,715	21,741	65,497
At 30 June 2013					
Net Carrying Amount	26,741	968	6,074	14,840	48,623
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(190)	(274)	-	(20,094)	(20,558)
Gross carrying amount	26,931	1,242	6,074	34,934	69,181
At 1 July 2012					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehi- cles	Furniture & Fittings	Other	Total

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amount of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current reporting period is set out below:

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2013					
Net carrying amount at start of year	26,741	968	6,074	14,840	48,623
Additions	1,060	-	-	1,005	2,065
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Other ¹	7,110	(463)	2,641	(6,989)	2,299
Depreciation	(2,049)	(160)	(1,743)	(3,558)	(7,510)
Net Carrying Amount at End of Year	32,862	345	6,972	5,298	45,477

1. Other includes:

a. Adjustments required to opening balances due to the implementation of agreed Cost Allocation Methodology as at 1 July 2012.

b. Adjustments required to make good asset/liability in accordance with AASB 137.



Notes to the Financial Statements

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2011					
Gross carrying amount	8,672	3,745	-	31,537	43,954
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(52)	(1,160)	-	(17,556)	(18,768)
Net Carrying Amount	8,620	2,585	-	13,981	25,186
At 30 June 2012	26,931	1,242	6,074	34,934	69,181
Gross carrying amount	•	,	,	•	•
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(190)	(274)	<u> </u>	(20,094)	(20,558)
Net Carrying Amount	26,741	968	6,074	14,840	48,623

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amount of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current reporting period is set out below:

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2012					
Net carrying amount at start of year	8,620	2,585	-	13,981	25,186
Additions	19,224	1,242	6,074	5,673	32,213
Disposals	-	(2,349)	-	-	(2,349)
Depreciation	(1,103)	(510)	-	(4,814)	(6,427)
Net Carrying Amount at End of Year	26,741	968	6,074	14,840	48,623



Notes to the Financial Statements

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Council has an interest in intangible assets used by all health professional Councils. The asset is not owned individually by the Council. The amounts recognised in the financial statements have been calculated based on the benefits expected to be derived by the Council.

	Software Work in Progress	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2012			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	819	59,197	60,016
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(37,731)	(37,731)
Net Carrying Amount	819	21,466	22,285
At 30 June 2013			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	2,359	38,997	41,356
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	<u>-</u>	(30,173)	(30,173)
Net Carrying Amount	2,359	8,824	11,183
	Software Work in Progress	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Year Ended 30 June 2013			
Net carrying amount at start of year	819	21,466	22,285
Additions	1,540	113	1,653
Disposals	-	-	-
Other¹	-	(7,565)	(7,565)
Amortisation	-	(5,190)	(5,190)
Net Carrying Amount at End of Year	2,359	8,824	11,183

1. Other includes:

a. Adjustments required to opening balances due to the implementation of agreed Cost Allocation Methodology as at 1 July 2012.



Notes to the Financial Statements

At 1 July 2011 Cost (gross carrying amount) Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net Carrying Amount	Progress \$ 3,313 - 3,313	Software \$ 40,287 (21,401)	Total \$
Cost (gross carrying amount) Accumulated amortisation and impairment	3,313 -	40,287	
Cost (gross carrying amount) Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-		/2 / 22
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-		43.600
	3 313		43,600 (21,401)
Net carrying Amount		18,886	22,199
	3,313	10,000	22,177
At 30 June 2012			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	819	59,197	60,016
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(37,731)	(37,731)
Net Carrying Amount	819	21,466	22,285
Year Ended 30 June 2012 Net carrying amount at start of year Additions	Software Work in Progress \$ 3,313 819	Software \$ 18,886 13,321	Tota \$ 22,199 14,140
Transfers Disposals	(3,313)	3,313	
Amortisation		(14,054)	(14,054
Net Carrying Amount at End of Year	819	21,466	22,285
1. PAYABLES		2013 \$	2017
Personnel services - Ministry of Health		20,616	36,623
Trade and other payables		40,968 61,584	64,556



Notes to the Financial Statements

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	2013	2012
Current	\$	\$
Registration fees in advance	190,101	177,145
	190,101	177,145
Non-Current	2,548	
Registration fees in advance	2,548	

Registration fees in advance is the unearned revenue from NSW Regulatory Fees received on behalf of the Council by the HPCA from the AHPRA.

13. PROVISIONS

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Non-Current		
Make good	7,820	18,754
mane 5000	7,820	18,754

Movement in Provisions (other than personnel services)

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year, other than personnel services, are set out below:

Make
Good
2013
\$

Carrying amount at the beginning of financial year

Increase in provisions recognised due to re-allocation of opening balances as at 1 July 2012 Decrease in provisions recognised due to the decrease in the provision for make good due to changes in restoration costs and interest rates

(6,667)

Amount used

Unused amounts reversed

Unwinding/change in discount rate

Carrying Amount at the End of Financial Year 7,818



Notes to the Financial Statements

The HPCA recognised a lease make good provision on entering into lease arrangements for Level 6, 477 Pitt Street. The provision was first included in the financial statements for 30 June 2011 and was based on a market-based estimate of the cost per square metre to make good the areas of the Pitt Street building that the HPCA occupies at the end of the lease.

As required under paragraph 59 of AASB 137, provisions are required to be reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the provision. The HPCA has recalculated the estimated lease make good provision as at 30 June 2013, taking into account the updated discount rate and inflation rates that are required under TC 11/17 and an updated estimate of the cost per square metre to make good the leased areas.

The impact of the changes to the three inputs to the overall lease make good provision has been to reduce the required provision as at 30 June 2013.

The lease arrangements for the Pitt Street building will expire on November 2016.

14. COMMITTMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

a. Capital Commitments

There is no aggregate capital expenditure contracted (2012 acquisition of audio-visual equipment and furniture at Level 6, 477 Pitt Street office) for at balance date and not provided for.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Not later than one year	-	1,115
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	-
Total (including GST)		1,115
b. Operating Lease Commitments Future non-cancellable operating lease rentals not provided for and paya	able: 2013	2012
Not later than one year	47,181	55,708
Later than one year and not later than five years	122,438	205,757
Total (including GST)	169,619	261,465

15.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Council has only one related party, being the HPCA, an administrative unit of the HAC.

The Council's accounts are managed by the HAC. Executive and administrative support functions are provided by the HPCA. All accounting transactions are carried out by the HPCA on behalf of the Council.

16.CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There are no material unrecorded contingent assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2013.



Notes to the Financial Statements

17. RECONCILIATION OF NET RESULT TO CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2013	2012
	*	*
Net result	85,711	27,755
Depreciation and amortisation	12,700	20,481
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	7,909	826
Increase/(Decrease) in fees in advance	15,505	955
Increase/(Decrease) in payables	(39,595)	19,316
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	(2,045)	603
Net gain/(loss) on sale of plant and equipment	(3,624)	(211)
Net Cash used on Operating Activities	76,561	69,725

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Council's main risks arising from financial instruments are outlined below, together with the Council's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included throughout the financial statements.

The Council has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of risk management and reviews and agrees on policies for managing each of these risks.

a. Financial Instrument Categories

Financial Assets Class	Note	Category	Carrying Amount 2013 \$	Carrying Amount 2012 \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	N/A	886,791	813,948
Receivables ¹	8	Loans and receivables (measured at amortised cost)	12,217	6,033
Financial Liabilities	Note	Category	Carrying Amount 2013	Carrying Amount 2013
Class Payables ²	11	Financial liabilities (measured at amortised cost)	\$ 61,584	\$ 101,179

Notes:

- 1. Excludes statutory receivables and prepayments (i.e. not within scope of AASB 7).
- 2. Excludes statutory payables and unearned revenue (i.e. not within scope of AASB 7).
- 3. There are no financial instruments accounted for at fair value.



b. Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility of the Council's debtors defaulting on their contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Council. The maximum exposure to credit risk is generally represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets (net of any allowance for impairment).

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Council, including cash, receivables, and authority deposits. No collateral is held by the Council. The Council has not granted any financial guarantees.

Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and bank balances held by the Council and the HPCA on behalf of the Council. Interest is earned on daily bank balances.

Receivables - Trade Debtors

All trade debtors are recognised as amounts receivable at balance date. Collectability of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance for impairment is raised when there is objective evidence that the entity will not be able to collect all amounts due. This evidence includes past experience, and current and expected changes in economic conditions and debtor credit ratings. No interest is earned on trade debtors. The Council is not materially exposed to concentrations of credit risk to a single trade debtor or group of debtors.

Authority Deposits

The Council has placed funds on deposit with the Commonwealth Bank. These deposits are fixed term, the interest rate payable by the bank is negotiated initially and is fixed for the term of the deposit. The deposits at balance date were earning an interest rate of 2.65%, while over the year the weighted average interest rate was 2.98%. None of these assets are past due or impaired.

c. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due. The HPCA on behalf of the Council continuously manages risk through monitoring future cash flows and maturities planning to ensure adequate holding of high quality liquid assets.

The liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not invoiced. Amounts owing to suppliers (which are unsecured) are settled in accordance with the policy set out in Treasurer's Direction 219.01. If trade terms are not specified, payment is made no later than the end of the month following the month in which an invoice or a statement is received. Treasurer's Direction 219.01 allows the Minister to award interest for late payment.

All payables are current and will not attract interest payments.

d. Market Risk

The Council does not have exposure to market risk on financial instruments.

19. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no events after the reporting period to be included in the financial statements as of 30 June 2013.

End of Audited Financial Statements

Appendix 1 - Legislative Changes

Health Practitioner Regulation National Law

During 2012/2013 the NSW Parliament passed two minor amendments to the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW)* (the Law).

Amendments were made by the Health Legislation Amendment Act 2013 and are:

- 1. The inclusion of s 150D(4A) to provide that notwithstanding ss 150D(3) and (4), the Health Care Complaints Commission is not required to investigate a complaint that is referred to it following the taking of immediate action under s 150 if the matter that is the subject of the complaint is being, or has been, investigated as, or as part of, another complaint to the Commission.
- 2. Amendment of s 152J(b) to provide that a practitioner's consent is required before the Council suspends his or her registration following the recommendation of an Impaired Registrants Panel (IRP). The amendment clarifies that, in keeping with the cooperative and remedial nature of the impaired practitioner process, both suspension and conditions on registration following an IRP require the practitioner's consent.
- 3. Amendment of clause 11 of Schedule 5C to provide that the appointment of a person as an acting member of a Council or of a member as the acting President of a Council is by the Minister for Health rather than by the Governor.

Health Practitioner Regulation (New South Wales) Regulation 2010

The Governor approved amendments to the *Health Practitioner Regulation (New South Wales)* Regulation 2010 concerning the composition of certain Councils.

Amendments were made by the *Health Practitioner Regulation (New South Wales) Amendment (Health Professional Councils) Regulation 2012*. They comprised minor amendments to the membership composition of the Dental Council, Medical Council, Nursing and Midwifery Council, Pharmacy Council, Physiotherapy Council and Psychology Council.

Appendix 2 - GIPA Statistics 2012/2013

Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009

Table A: Number of applications by type of applicant and outcome*

			refused	Information not held	Information already available	deal with	Refuse to confirm/ deny whether information is held	Application withdrawn
Media	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Members of Parliament	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Private sector business	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not for profit organisations or community groups	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Members of the public (application by legal representative)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Members of the public (other)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

 $^{^{\}star}$ More than one decision can be made in respect of a particular access application. If so, a recording must be made in relation to each such decision. This also applies to Table B.

Table B: Number of applications by type of application and outcome

			refused	Information not held	Information already available	Refuse to deal with application	Refuse to confirm/ deny whether information is held	Application withdrawn
Personal information applications*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Access applications (other than personal information applications)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Access applications that are partly personal information applications and partly other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{*} A *personal information application* is an access application for personal information (as defined in clause 4 of Schedule 4 to the Act) about the applicant (the applicant being an individual).

Appendix 2 - GIPA Statistics 2012/2013 (con'td)

Table C: Invalid applications

Reason for invalidity	No of applications
Application does not comply with formal requirements (s 41 of the Act)	0
Application is for excluded information of the agency (s 43 of the Act)	0
Application contravenes restraint order (s 110 of the Act)	0
Total number of invalid applications received	0
Invalid applications that subsequently became valid applications	0

Table D: Conclusive presumption of overriding public interest against disclosure: matters listed in Schedule 1 to Act

	Number of times consideration used*
Overriding secrecy laws	0
Cabinet information	0
Executive Council information	0
Contempt	0
Legal professional privilege	0
Excluded information	0
Documents affecting law enforcement and public safety	0
Transport safety	0
Adoption	0
Care and protection of children	0
Ministerial code of conduct	0
Aboriginal and environmental heritage	0

^{*}More than one public interest consideration may apply in relation to a particular access application and, if so, each such consideration is to be recorded (but only once per application). This also applies in relation to Table E.

Table E: Other public interest considerations against disclosure: matters listed in table to s 14 of Act

	Number of occasions when application not successful
Responsible and effective government	0
Law enforcement and security	0
Individual rights, judicial processes and natural justic	e 0
Business interests of agencies and other persons	0
Environment, culture, economy and general matters	0
Secrecy provisions	0
Exempt documents under interstate Freedom of Infor	mation legislation 0

Appendix 2 - GIPA Statistics 2012/2013 (con'td)

Table F: Timeliness

	Number of applications
Decided within the statutory timeframe (20 days plus any extensions)	0
Decided after 35 days (by agreement with applicant)	0
Not decided within time (deemed refusal)	0
Total	0

Table G: Number of applications reviewed under Part 5 of the Act (by type of review and outcome)

	Decision varied	Decision upheld	Total
Internal review	0	0	0
Review by Information Commissioner*	0	0	0
Internal review following recommendation under s 93 of Act	0	0	0
Review by ADT	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

^{*} The Information Commissioner does not have the authority to vary decisions, but can make recommendations to the original decision-maker. The data in this case indicates that a recommendation to vary or uphold the original decision has been made by the Information Commissioner.

Table H: Applications for review under Part 5 of the Act (by type of applicant)

	Number of applications for review
Applications by access applicants	0
Applications by persons to whom information the subject of access application relates (see s 54 of the Act)	0

Appendix 3 - Members of Committees, Panels and Tribunals 2012/2013

Physiotherapy Tribunal

Chairperson

Ms Diane Robinson

Deputy Chairpersons

The Hon. Jennifer Boland AM

Ms Mary Brennan

Mr Peter Dwyer

Ms Julie Hughes

Mr Michael Joseph sc

Mr Mark Lynch

The Hon. Graham Mullane

Ms Joanne Muller

Mr Ian Newbrun

Mr Nicholas O'Neill

Mr Oscar Shub

Mr Robert Titterton

Assessment Committee

Term of appointment: 16 November 2012 to 30 June 2016

Role Name

Chair (Practitioner) Associate Professor Catherine Dean

Member (Practitioner) Mr Michael Ward

Member (Practitioner) Ms Libby (Nicki) Loneragan

Member(Not registered health practitioner) Mr John Davies

Impaired Registrants Panel

Dr Sue Messner (Medical Practitioner)

Ms Maria Quinlivan (Practitioner)

Glossary

Adjudication Body

The Council, a Panel, Tribunal or Court can be declared an adjudication body for the purposes of the Law

Cancellation

- A Council may recommend the cancellation of a practitioner's registration to the Tribunal Chair if the practitioner does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practice the profession
- A Council may recommend the cancellation of a student's registration if the student has an impairment
- The Tribunal may order the cancellation of a practitioner's or student's registration if it is satisfied that the practitioner is not competent to practise or is guilty of professional misconduct, or if the practitioner/student is unfit in the public interest to practise/to undertake clinical training or is not a suitable person for registration in the profession
- The Tribunal must cancel a practitioner's or student's registration if he/she has contravened a critical compliance order

Closed Notification

A notification (complaint) is closed when a final outcome/decision has been determined by the Council or other decision-making entity under the Law, such as a Tribunal, Professional Standards Committee, Performance Review Panel or Court. This decision disposes of the matter

Complainant

A person who makes a notification (complaint) to a health complaint entity:

- A health professional Council of NSW
- Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA)
- Health Care Complaints Commission (HCCC)
- Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA)

Conciliation

The Council may refer a notification (complaint) to the HCCC for conciliation, whereby the parties involved can negotiate a resolution

Caution

A caution is a formal warning intended to act as a deterrent to a practitioner not to repeat conduct. This is a less serious outcome than a reprimand

Condition

A condition aims to restrict a practitioner's practice in some way or may relate to the management of the practitioner's health, to protect the public. Conditions on practice are displayed on the public register maintained by AHPRA

Notification (Complaint)

A notification (complaint) can be either a voluntary notification or a mandatory notification. A voluntary notification is about behaviour which presents a risk but is not as serious as a mandatory notification

Notifiable Conduct/Mandatory Reporting

Notifiable conduct includes practising whilst intoxicated, engaging in sexual misconduct, placing the public at risk of substantial harm due to an impairment or a significant departure from accepted professional standards

Open Matter

A notification (complaint) remains open until such time as a final outcome/decision has been determined by the Council or other decision-making entity under the Law, such as a Tribunal, Professional Standards Committee, Performance Review Panel or Court. This decision disposes of the matter

Order

An order is a decision, condition or restriction placed on a practitioner's registration or practice

Professional Misconduct

Unsatisfactory professional conduct of a sufficiently serious nature to justify suspension or cancellation of the practitioner's registration

Reprimand

A reprimand is a formal rebuke or chastisement for inappropriate and unacceptable conduct and appears on a practitioner's registration

Stage

This refers to the stage at which a matter was at any point in time. These are:

- Assessment by the HCCC and/or Council to determine the course of action to be taken
- Health the matters primarily relates to determining if the registrant has a health issue that impacts on practice and the support of the registrant in managing the health issues to remain in practice
- Performance the matters primarily relates to determining if the registrant has a performance issue that impacts on practice and the support of the registrant in managing the health issues to remain in practice
- Investigation by the HCCC or being considered by the HCCC for prosecution
- Panel the matter has been referred to or is being considered by an Impaired Registrants
 Panel (IRP) a Performance Review Panel (PRP) and Inquiry at a meeting of the Council [except
 for medical, nursing and midwifery registrants] or a Professional Standards Committee (PSC)
 [only for medical, nursing and midwifery registrants]
- Tribunal the matter has been referred to or is being heard by the Tribunal
- Appeal/Court appeals against the decisions of an adjudicating body

Stream

Health: a practitioner who may have a physical or mental impairment, disability, condition or disorder that detrimentally affects, or is likely to detrimentally affect their capacity to practise their profession

Conduct: behaviour by a practitioner that may be categorised as professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct

Performance: professional performance that is considered unsatisfactory because it is below the standard reasonably expected of a practitioner of an equivalent level of training or experience

Supervision

Supervision is the performing of one's duties or practice under the supervision of another similarly qualified practitioner

Suspension

- A Council may suspend a practitioner's registration for an interim period if it determines that immediate action is required to protect the health or safety any person(s) or the action is in the public interest
- With the voluntary agreement of the practitioner or student, a Council may suspend registration if recommended by an Impaired Registrants Panel
- A Council may recommend the suspension of a practitioner's registration to the Tribunal Chair
 if the practitioner does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practice the
 profession. It may recommend the suspension of a student's registration if the student has an
 impairment
- The Tribunal may order the suspension of a practitioner's or student's registration if it is satisfied that the practitioner is not competent to practise or is guilty of professional misconduct, or if the practitioner/student is unfit in the public interest to practise/to undertake clinical training or is not a suitable person for registration in the profession

Unsatisfactory Professional Conduct

Conduct which is:

- · significantly below reasonable standards
- in contravention of the Law or regulations
- in contravention of conditions of registration
- failure to comply with order/decision of a Professional Standards Committee or Tribunal
- accepting or offering a benefit for referral or recommendation to a health service provider or a health product
- · engaging in over servicing
- failure to disclose pecuniary interest in giving a referral or recommendation
- permitting assistants not registered in the profession to provide services requiring professional discretion or skill, or
- · other unethical or improper behaviour.

Additional matters apply to medical practitioners and pharmacists.

Abbreviations

AABS Australian Accounting Standards Board Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency ARC Australian Research Council ATO Australian Taxation Office AustLII Australasian Legal Information Institute CAP Council appointed practitioner Coaching and Performance System CPI Consumer Price Index DP **Director of Proceedings DPP Director of Public Prosecutions EEO Equal Employment Opportunity** Full-time Equivalent GIPA Act Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 **GST**

Goods and Services Tax

Health Administration Corporation

HAC

HCCC Health Care Complaints Commission Health Professional Councils Authority IAB Internal Audit Bureau IRP Impaired Registrants Panel MaCS Monitoring and Complaints System MOH Ministry of Health NB National Board NRAS National Registration and Accreditation Scheme PA Performance Assessment **PRP** Performance Review Panel SLA

Service level agreement

Law (NSW) No 86a

The Law

TRIM

Health Practitioner Regulation National

Total Records Information Management - the

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