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Phone: 9321 3356 Fax: 9232 4796 Email: nswgazette@pco.nsw.gov.au

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Close of business every Wednesday

Except when a holiday falls on a Friday, deadlines will be altered as per advice given on this page.

Special Supplements

A Special Supplement or Extraordinary Supplement is a document which has a legal requirement to commence on a certain date and time. Release of Publication is required on the same day. The request for a Supplement is received from the department to the *Government Gazette* by telephone. The copy must be accompanied by a letter or email requesting the Supplement and signed by a Minister or Head of a Department.

NOTE: Advance notice of a Special Supplement is essential as early as possible on the day required. On Thursdays early notice is a priority and when possible notice should be given a day prior being the Wednesday.

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OF THE STATE OF

NEW SOUTH WALES

Number 125 Tuesday, 8 October 2013

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SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT



Guidelines for Work Capacity Decision Internal Reviews by Insurers and Merit Reviews by the Authority

Workers Compensation Act 1987
Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998

I, Julie Newman, Chief Executive Officer of the WorkCover Authority of New South Wales, under section 376 (1) (c) of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998* (NSW) and section 44 (1) of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987* (NSW), issue the following guidelines.

Dated this fourth day of October 2013.

JULIE NEWMAN, P.S.M., Chief Executive Officer,

WorkCover Authority of NSW



Guidelines for Work Capacity Decision Internal Reviews by Insurers and Merit Reviews by the Authority

These Guidelines are issued pursuant to section 376 (1) (c) of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998* (NSW) and section 44 (1) of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987* (NSW). The Guidelines set out the procedures to be followed by insurers, workers and the WorkCover Authority when carrying out a review of work capacity decisions.

These Guidelines come into effect on 11 October 2013.

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Explanatory note

These Review Guidelines;

- are made with respect to the procedures to be followed by insurers and workers in undertaking an internal review of a work capacity decision under section 44 of the Workers Compensation Act 1987 (NSW) ('the 1987 Act') of.
- are made under section 376 (1) (c) of the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 (NSW) ('the 1998 Act') and section 44 (1) of the 1987 Act internal review by insurers and operate by force of law as if they were delegated legislation.
- are to assist implement and give effect to the operation of those sections of the 1987 Act relating to the Review by insurers of work capacity decisions made by insurers, and to instruct insurers and workers, and legal and other representatives of those parties how to make and deal with such applications for Review to be determined under the provisions of the 1987 Act.
- are to assist implementation and give effect to the operation of those section of the 1987 Act relating to the review by the Authority of work capacity decisions.
- are made to communicate to workers and employers to processes and procedures that will be used by the Authority relating to the review of a work capacity decision.

This new version of the Review Guidelines replaces the previous Review Guidelines gazetted 28 September 2012 and 7 December 2012. It applies to all new applications for review received by insurers and the Authority on or after 11 October 2013 and to all reviews lodged with insurers and the Authority at that date, that have not been determined.

Questions about these Guidelines should be directed to the Director, Assessment Services.

Julie Newman PSM

Chief Executive Officer Safety Return to Work and Support Division

Geniere Aplin

General Manager, Workers Compensation Insurance WorkCover Authority of NSW Safety Return to Work and Support Division

Cameron Player

Director, Assessment Services Motor Accidents Authority of NSW and WorkCover Authority of NSW Safety Return to Work and Support Division

Division 1. Introduction

1. Commencement, Definitions

- 1.1 These guidelines may be referred to as the 'Review Guidelines' and are made pursuant to section 44 (1) of the 1987 Act and section 376 (1) (c) of the 1998 Act. They apply in respect of all claims made by a worker, before or after 1 October 2012. Division 2 of these Guidelines, Internal Review by Insurers is delegated legislation.
- 1.2 These Review Guidelines replace the Review Guidelines that came into effect on 1 January 2013. They apply to all new applications for review received by insurers and the Authority on or after the date of their gazettal.
- 1.3 To the extent that they are not defined in clause 1.4, the words and expressions as defined in sections 3, 4 and 32A of the 1987 Act, and sections 4, 42 and 70 of the 1998 Act, apply to these Review Guidelines.
- 1.4 The terms used in these Review Guidelines have the following meanings:

1.4.1	1987 Act	Workers Compensation Act 1987
1.4.2	1998 Act	Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998
1.4.3	Application	The means by which a worker requests the referral of a work capacity decision by an insurer for a Review
1.4.4	Authority	WorkCover Authority of NSW, an agency in the Safety, Return to Work and Support Division
1.4.5	Days	A reference in these Guidelines to a number of days is a reference to a number of calendar days, unless otherwise stated
1.4.6	DX box	Exchange box in the Australian Document Exchange Pty Ltd
1.4.7	ECM system	An electronic case management system established by the Authority
1.4.8	Electronic Tra	nsactions Act
		Electronic Transactions Act 2000
1.4.9	Form	A form approved by the Authority that may be an application and/or a reply to an application
1.4.10	WIRO	The WorkCover Independent Review Officer
1.4.11	WorkCover Independent Review Officer	
		The person holding office under Chapter 2, Part 3 of the 1987 Act who may conduct a final work capacity review after an internal review by the insurer and a review by the Authority.
1.4.12	Insurer	Any party against whom a claim is made under the Workers Compensation Acts
1.4.13	Internal Revie	wer

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The person conducting an internal review by the insurer of

a work capacity decision made by the insurer

1.4.14	Matter	The application, reply and all supporting documents and correspondence held by the Authority in relation to one discrete application for review by the Authority. Each matter lodged with the Authority is given a discrete matter number.
1.4.15	Merit Reviewe	er
		The person conducting a review by the Authority of a work capacity decision made by an insurer
1.4.16	Officer	An officer of the Authority undertaking work in relation to Reviews of work capacity decisions as directed by, or as delegated by the Director, Assessment Services
1.4.17	Regulation	Workers Compensation Regulation 2010
1.4.18	Reply	The means by which an insurer answers an application lodged by a worker seeking a Review by the Authority
1.4.19	Workers Com	pensation Acts

The Workers Compensation Act 1987 and the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998

2. Time, Delivery of documents, ECM system

Reckoning of time

- 2.1 Any period of time fixed by these Guidelines for doing something is to be considered in accordance with clauses 2.2 and 2.3.
- 2.2 Where a time of 1 day or longer is to be calculated by reference to a given day or event, the given day or the day of the given event is not counted.
- 2.3 Where, apart from this sub-clause, the period in question, being a period of 5-days or less, would include a weekend or public holiday, those days are to be excluded.

Delivery of documents

- 2.4 Unless documents are lodged via an ECM system, delivery to an address for service is taken to have been effected at the following times:
 - 2.4.1 in the case of a physical address, on the day the document is left at that address;
 - 2.4.2 in the case of a postal address, on a day 4 days after the document is posted;
 - 2.4.3 in the case of an email address, on the day the email or email attachment is sent if sent before 5:00pm, or on the day after the email or email attachment is sent if sent at or after 5:00pm; or
 - 2.4.4 in the case of a facsimile number, on the day the facsimile is sent if sent before 5:00pm, or on the day after the facsimile is sent if sent at or after 5:00pm.
- 2.5 For matters lodged via the ECM system, for the purpose of these Guidelines the provisions of section 13 of the Electronic Transactions Act apply.

Electronic case management system

- 2.6 The Authority may establish an ECM system to do one or more of the following:
 - 2.6.1 enable documents with respect to applications for review to be created, exchanged, filed, issued and used in electronic form;
 - 2.6.2 enable parties to applications for review to communicate in electronic form with the Authority and with other parties to those disputes;
 - 2.6.3 enable information concerning the progress of applications to the Authority for review to be provided in electronic form to parties to those disputes; and/or
 - 2.6.4 enable the Authority to communicate in electronic form with parties to applications for review.
- 2.7 The Authority may establish a protocol for the use of the ECM system, and for persons to become registered users of the ECM system.
- 2.8 The protocol established under clause 2.7 may provide, amongst other things, for the specification of the level of access to the system to which persons or specified classes of persons are entitled, the conditions of use of the system applicable to persons generally or persons of any such class, the security methods by which persons using the system are identified and verified, and how users gain access to the system.

- 2.9 Subject to any protocol established under clause 2.7, a person may not use the ECM system for particular applications unless the person is a registered user of the ECM system and is:
 - 2.9.1 a party to the application for review; or
 - 2.9.2 a person representing a party to the application for review.
- 2.10 In relation to any application for review, the level of access to the ECM system to which a user is entitled, and the conditions of use applicable to a user, are subject to any decision of the Authority.
- 2.11 Documents and information lodged via the ECM system may be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the *Electronic Transactions Act*.
- 2.12 When the Authority sends documents, or forwards correspondence to a party who is a registered user of the ECM system, the Authority will generally only do so via electronic communication to that party.

3. Workers Compensation System Objectives

3.1 The 1998 Act sets out its purpose in section 3 as follows:

3 System objectives

The purpose of this Act is to establish a workplace injury management and workers compensation system with the following objectives:

- (a) to assist in securing the health, safety and welfare of workers and in particular preventing work-related injury,
- (b) to provide:
 - prompt treatment of injuries, and
 - effective and proactive management of injuries, and
 - necessary medical and vocational rehabilitation following injuries,

in order to assist injured workers and to promote their return to work as soon as possible,

- (c) to provide injured workers and their dependants with income support during incapacity, payment for permanent impairment or death, and payment for reasonable treatment and other related expenses,
- (d) to be fair, affordable, and financially viable,
- (e) to ensure contributions by employers are commensurate with the risks faced, taking into account strategies and performance in injury prevention, injury management, and return to work,
- (f) to deliver the above objectives efficiently and effectively.
- 3.2 In exercising their functions and interpreting the provisions of these Guidelines insurers, the Authority and its officers should have regard to these system objectives.

4. Work capacity decisions and Reviews

- 4.1 An application may be made by a worker for a review of a work capacity decision by an insurer in accordance with section 44 of the 1987 Act:
 - 4.1.1 to an insurer for an internal review, and then;
 - 4.1.2 to the Authority for a merit review, and then;
 - 4.1.3 to the WIRO for a procedural review.
- 4.2 Work capacity decisions by insurers are defined in section 43 of the 1987 Act, which states:

43 Work capacity decisions by insurers

- (1) The following decisions of an insurer (referred to in this Division as work capacity decisions) are final and binding on the parties and not subject to appeal or review except review under section 44 or judicial review by the Supreme Court:
 - (a) a decision about a worker's current work capacity,
 - (b) a decision about what constitutes suitable employment for a worker,
 - (c) a decision about the amount an injured worker is able to earn in suitable employment,
 - (d) a decision about the amount of an injured worker's pre-injury average weekly earnings or current weekly earnings,
 - (e) a decision about whether a worker is, as a result of injury, unable without substantial risk of further injury to engage in employment of a certain kind because of the nature of that employment,
 - (f) any other decision of an insurer that affects a worker's entitlement to weekly payments of compensation, including a decision to suspend, discontinue or reduce the amount of the weekly payments of compensation payable to a worker on the basis of any decision referred to in paragraphs (a)–(e).
- (2) The following decisions are not work capacity decisions:
 - (a) a decision to dispute liability for weekly payments of compensation,
 - (b) a decision that can be the subject of a medical dispute under Part 7 of Chapter 7 of the 1998 Act.
- (3) The Commission does not have jurisdiction to determine any dispute about a work capacity decision of an insurer and is not to make a decision in respect of a dispute before the Commission that is inconsistent with a work capacity decision of an insurer.
- 4.3 Jurisdiction for internal review by insurers, and merit review by the Authority, is established in section 44 of the 1987 Act. Those provisions as relevant are extracted in later sections of this Guideline relating to each specific review.

Legal practitioners may not recover costs from a worker or insurer

4.4 Workers' legal costs in relation to the review of work capacity decisions are referred to specifically in section 44 (6) of the 1987 Act, which states:

"A legal practitioner acting for a worker is not entitled to be paid or recover any amount for costs incurred in connection with a review under this section of a work capacity decision of an insurer."

4.5 Insurers' legal costs in relation to the review of work capacity decisions are referred to specifically in Schedule 8, clause 9 of the Regulation, which states:

"A legal practitioner is not entitled to be paid or recover any amount for a legal service provided to an insurer in connection with an internal or other review under section 44 of the 1987 Act in relation to a work capacity decision of the insurer."

Information for workers

4.6 Workers may obtain information about work capacity decision and review processes from the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50.

Division 2. Internal Review by insurers

5. Internal Review by insurers

- 5.1 A worker who has received a work capacity decision from an insurer may make an application to the insurer for an internal review of the work capacity decision, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1987 Act.
- 5.2 The jurisdiction for internal review by insurers is established in section 44 of the 1987 Act, and the relevant parts of that section are **emphasised** in **bold** below:

"44 Review of work capacity decisions

- (1) An injured worker may refer a work capacity decision of an insurer for review:
 - (a) by the insurer (an internal review) in accordance with the WorkCover Guidelines within 30-days after an application for Internal Review is made by the worker, or
 - (b) by the Authority (as a merit review of the decision), but not until the dispute has been the subject of internal review by the insurer, or
 - (c) to the Independent Review Officer (as a review only of the insurer's procedures in making the work capacity decision and not of any judgment or discretion exercised by the insurer in making the decision), but not until the dispute has been the subject of internal review by the insurer and merit review by the Authority.
- (2) An application for review of a work capacity decision must be made in the form approved by the Authority and specify the grounds on which the review is sought. The worker must notify the insurer in a form approved by the Authority of an application made by the worker for review by the Authority or the Independent Review Officer.
- (3) The following provisions apply to the review of a work capacity decision when the reviewer is the Authority or the Independent Review Officer:
 - (a) an application for review must be made within 30 days after the worker receives notice in the form approved by the Authority of the insurers decision on Internal Review of the decision (when the application is for review by the Authority) or the Authority's decision on a review (when the application is for review by the Independent Review Officer),
 - (b) an application for review by the Authority may be made without an Internal Review by the insurer if the insurer has failed to conduct an Internal Review and notify the worker of the decision on the Internal Review within 30-days after the application for Internal Review is made,
 - (c) the reviewer may decline to review a decision because the application for review is frivolous or vexatious or because the worker has failed to provide information requested by the reviewer,
 - (d) the worker and the insurer must provide such information as the reviewer may reasonably require and request for the purposes of the review,
 - (e) the reviewer is to notify the insurer and the worker of the findings of the review and may make recommendations to the insurer based on those findings (giving reasons for any such recommendation),
 - (f) the Independent Review Officer must also notify the Authority of the findings of a review and the Authority may make recommendations (giving reasons for any such recommendations) to the insurer based on those findings
 - (g) recommendations made by the Authority are binding on the insurer and must be given effect to by the insurer,
 - (h) recommendations made by the Independent Review Officer are binding on the insurer and the Authority.
- (4) A review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision.
- (5) The Commission is not to make a decision in proceedings concerning a dispute about weekly payments of compensation payable to a worker while a work capacity decision by an insurer about those weekly payments is the subject of a review under this section.
- (6) A legal practitioner acting for a worker is not entitled to be paid or recover any amount for costs incurred in connection with a review under this section of a work capacity decision of an insurer."

6. Applications to insurers for Internal Review

Form of application - Section 44 (2) 1987 Act

- An application for internal review must be made to the insurer by the worker in the form approved by the Authority, available on the Authority's website at http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au. The form approved by the Authority for that purpose is the 'Work capacity application for internal review by insurer' form.
- 6.2 The application form must set out the grounds on which the review is being sought and may attach any new or additional information relevant to the work capacity decision.
- 6.3 An insurer may decline to review a decision if an application for review is not lodged in the form approved by the Authority.
- 6.4 A worker may be assisted in completing the application form by another person such as the insurer, a support person, agent, union representative, employer, legal representative, or interpreter.

(**Note**: Legal practitioners may not recover costs from a worker or insurer, see Clause 4.4 and 4.5.)

Timely lodgement - Section 44 (4) 1987 Act

- An application for internal review should be lodged by the worker with the insurer as soon as practicable after receiving the work capacity decision from the insurer, noting that a work capacity decision is not stayed by any review process relating to that decision.
- 6.6 Section 44 (4) of the 1987 Act states:

"(4) A review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision."

Non-Review of an application - Section 44 (3) (b) 1987 Act

- 6.7 If an insurer declines to conduct an internal review for any reason or fails to conduct the review within 30 days as required by section 44 (1) (a) of the 1987 Act, the decision by the insurer, or its failure to conduct the review, exhausts the internal review process by the insurer. The worker may then apply for a Merit Review by the Authority.
- An insurer must give notice in writing to the worker of the reasons for declining to conduct an internal review for any reason, including information satisfying the requirements of guideline 7.7 which is made under section 44 (3) (a) of the 1987 Act.
- 6.9 Any application by a worker for review of an insurer's decision to decline (or the insurer's failure to conduct) an internal review application must be made within 30 days of the date of the notice given by the insurer to the worker, or where no notice has been given, within 30 days of the date that the insurer's internal review decision was due.

Multiple work capacity decisions or claims

6.10. An application may refer for internal review more than one work capacity decision, about one or more of the worker's related claims that are managed by the same insurer, however the time limit requirements must be met for each work capacity decision.

6.11. The insurer may determine whether or not such internal reviews of multiple work capacity decisions are most appropriately conducted together or separately as is appropriate in the circumstances of each particular case.

7. Internal Review process and decisions

Acknowledgement of application

- 7.1 The insurer shall write to the worker as soon as practicable and preferably within 7-days of receiving the application for review to acknowledge receipt of the application and to:
 - 7.1.1 explain the review process that will be undertaken;
 - 7.1.2 confirm that a review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision;
 - 7.1.3 confirm that the worker may provide any new or additional information relevant to the work capacity decision and advising when that information is due to be received; and
 - 7.1.4 indicate when and how the decision will be conveyed to the worker.

Internal Reviewer and decision

- 7.2 The internal review is to be undertaken by a person who was not involved in the making of the original work capacity decision.
- 7.3 The internal review is to be conducted by a person with the appropriate level of knowledge, expertise and skill relevant to the particular work capacity decision referred.
- 7.4 The Internal Reviewer may request additional information from the worker, and if doing so should allow the worker no less than 7-days to supply any such information.
- 7.5 The Internal Reviewer is to consider all of the material substantively and on its merits as if the original work capacity decision had not been made, and is obliged to make the decision that they think is more likely than not to be correct.

Notice of the Internal Review decision within 30 days - section 44 (1) (a) 1987 Act

7.6 The insurer must write to the worker within 30-days of receiving the application advising of the outcome of the internal review and if the insurer fails to do so the worker may then make an application for merit review by the Authority.

Notice in the form approved by the Authority – section 44 (3) (a) 1987 Act

- 7.7 The notice of the decision must be in the form approved by the Authority, must be in writing and must include:
 - 7.7.1 details of the decision and its impacts:
 - 7.7.2 a statement of reasons which includes the following:
 - 7.7.2.1 findings on material questions of fact, referring to the documents or other material on which those findings were based;
 - 7.7.2.2 the Internal Reviewer's understanding of the applicable law and rules, including the legislation, regulations or guidelines;
 - 7.7.2.3 the reasoning process that led the Internal Reviewer to the decision.
 - 7.7.3 advice to the worker about the availability of further review options including:
 - 7.7.3.1 that the worker may make an application to the Authority for a merit review within 30-days after receipt of the internal review decision;

- 7.7.3.2 a copy of, or a website link to, the application form approved by the Authority; and
- 7.7.3.3 advice on where and how such an application is to be made.
- 7.8 The internal review decision does not replace the original work capacity decision by the insurer, which is not stayed by any review process under section 44 (4) of the 1987 Act. The internal review decision is a new decision by the insurer, which must take effect independently of the original decision.

Legislative Notice requirements apply to new work capacity decisions

- 7.9 If as a result of the internal review the Insurer makes a new work capacity decision, any relevant legislative notice requirements applicable to that new work capacity decision must be complied with by the insurer before they have effect, including the requirements of;
 - 7.9.1 Section 54 of the 1987 Act regarding 'Notice required before termination or reduction of payment of weekly compensation'. As section 54 (4) of the 1987 Act requires the insurer to give notice personally or by post, the postal service rule is automatically invoked. The postal service rule (section 76 (1) (b) of the *Interpretation Act 1987*) requires an additional 4 working days notice to be provided after the notice was posted; and
 - 7.9.2 Clause 21, Schedule 8 of the Regulation regarding 'Notice of increase in weekly payments of compensation' for 'existing recipients of weekly payments', that is an injured worker in receipt of weekly payments immediately prior to 1 October 2012.

Insurer Internal Review Process

Work Capacity Decision

Worker receives a work capacity decison from the Insurer



Application for Internal Review

Worker may lodge an Internal Review application with the Insurer, as soon as practicable after receiving the work capacity decision, as the decision is not stayed by any review processes



Application Acknowledged

The Insurer must confirm receipt of the application, preferably within 7 days of receiving it, advising the Worker how the Internal Review is to proceed



Additional Documentation

Worker may submit additional relevant documents to the Insurer Insurer may request additional documents from the Worker



Internal Review Decision

Within 30 days of receiving the Internal Review application the Insurer must notify the Worker of the Internal Review decision, with reasons, and advise the Worker of their further review rights

Division 3. Merit Review by the Authority

8. Merit Review by the Authority

- 8.1 The material provided under this Division is guidance material that demonstrates how the Authority will put into effect the provisions of the 1987 Act with respect to review of work capacity decisions by the Authority and communicate to workers and employers the processes and procedures used by the Authority.
- 8.2 A worker may refer a work capacity decision to the Authority for merit review, but only after the dispute has been the subject of an internal review by the insurer, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1987 Act.
- The jurisdiction for merit review by the Authority is established in section 44 of the 1987 Act, and the relevant parts of that section are **emphasised** in **bold** below:

"44 Review of work capacity decisions

- (1) An injured worker may refer a work capacity decision of an insurer for review:
 - (a) by the insurer (an internal review) in accordance with the WorkCover Guidelines within 30-days after an application for Internal Review is made by the worker, or
 - (b) by the Authority (as a Merit Review of the decision), but not until the dispute has been the subject of Internal Review by the insurer, or
 - (c) to the Independent Review Officer (as a review only of the insurer's procedures in making the work capacity decision and not of any judgment or discretion exercised by the insurer in making the decision), but not until the dispute has been the subject of internal review by the insurer and merit review by the Authority.
- (2) An application for review of a work capacity decision must be made in the form approved by the Authority and specify the grounds on which the review is sought. The worker must notify the insurer in a form approved by the Authority of an application made by the worker for review by the Authority or the Independent Review Officer.
- (3) The following provisions apply to the review of a work capacity decision when the reviewer is the Authority or the Independent Review Officer:
 - (a) an application for review must be made within 30 days after the worker receives notice in the form approved by the Authority of the insurers decision on Internal Review of the decision (when the application is for review by the Authority) or the Authority's decision on a review (when the application is for review by the Independent Review Officer),
 - (b) an application for review by the Authority may be made without an Internal Review by the insurer if the insurer has failed to conduct an Internal Review and notify the worker of the decision on the Internal Review within 30-days after the application for Internal Review is made,
 - (c) the reviewer may decline to review a decision because the application for review is frivolous or vexatious or because the worker has failed to provide information requested by the reviewer,
 - (d) the worker and the insurer must provide such information as the reviewer may reasonably require and request for the purposes of the review,
 - (e) the reviewer is to notify the insurer and the worker of the findings of the review and may make recommendations to the insurer based on those findings (giving reasons for any such recommendation),
 - (f) the Independent Review Officer must also notify the Authority of the findings of a review and the Authority may make recommendations (giving reasons for any such recommendations) to the insurer based on those findings.
 - (g) recommendations made by the Authority are binding on the insurer and must be given effect to by the insurer.
 - (h) recommendations made by the Independent Review Officer are binding on the insurer and the Authority.
- (4) A review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision.
- (5) The Commission is not to make a decision in proceedings concerning a dispute about weekly payments of compensation payable to a worker while a work capacity decision by an insurer about those weekly payments is the subject of a review under this section.
- (6) A legal practitioner acting for a worker is not entitled to be paid or recover any amount for costs incurred in connection with a review under this section of a work capacity decision of an insurer."

9. Applications to the Authority for Merit Review

Form of application - Section 44 (2) 1987 Act

- 9.1 An application for merit review to the Authority must be made by the worker in the form approved by the Authority, available on the Authority's website at http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au. The form approved by the Authority for that purpose is the 'Work capacity application for merit review by the authority' form.
- 9.2 The application form must set out the grounds on which the Review is being sought and may attach any new or additional information relevant to the work capacity decision.
- 9.3 The Authority may decline to review a decision if the worker has not complied with section 44 (2).
- 9.4 The worker does not need to attach to their application all of the existing documents and information relating to the claim or the work capacity decision, as the insurer will be required to provide all relevant information to the Authority as part of their reply to the application.
- 9.5 A worker may be assisted in completing the application form by another person such as the insurer, a support person, agent, union representative, employer, legal representative, or interpreter.

(**Note**: Legal practitioners may not recover costs from a worker or insurer, see Clause 4.4 and 4.5.)

Multiple work capacity decisions or claims

- 9.6 An application may refer for review by the Authority more than one work capacity decision, about one or more of the worker's claims, whether or not they are managed by the same insurer, however the time limit requirements must be met for each decision.
- 9.7 The Authority may determine whether or not such merit reviews of multiple work capacity decisions are most appropriately conducted together or separately as is appropriate in the circumstances of each particular case.

Exchange and lodgement of application by worker – Section 44 (2) 1987 Act

- 9.8 Section 44 (2) of the 1987 Act requires the worker to notify the insurer of an application for review by the Authority, in a form approved by the Authority. The form approved by the Authority for that purpose is the 'Work capacity application for merit review by the authority' form.
- 9.9 The approved form requires that the worker must send the insurer a copy of the form before, or at the same time as, lodging the application with the Authority.
- 9.10 The Authority may decline to review a decision unless and until the worker has complied with section 44 (2) of the 1987 Act.

Time limit for lodging an application with the Authority – Section 44 (3) (a) 1987 Act, Section 44 (3) (b) 1987 Act

- 9.11 An application for merit review must be lodged by the worker with the Authority within:
 - 9.11.1 30-days of receiving the internal review decision from the insurer; or

9.11.2 if the insurer failed to issue an internal review decision on time under section 44 (1) (a) of the 1987 Act, within 30-days of the date that the insurer's internal review decision was due.

noting that a work capacity decision is not stayed by any review process relating to that decision. Section 44 (4) of the 1987 Act states:

"(4) A review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision."

Frivolous or vexatious applications - Section 44 (3) (c) 1987 Act

9.12 The Authority may decline to review a decision at any stage of the merit review process if an application for review is, or becomes, frivolous or vexatious.

Declining to Review a decision

- 9.13 The Authority will notify the worker and insurer in writing if the Authority declines to review a decision under section 44 (2) of the 1987 Act (approved form), section 44 (3) (a) of the 1987 Act, section 44 (3) (a) and (b) of the 1987 Act (time limit) or section 44 (3) (c) of the 1987 Act (frivolous or vexatious).
- 9.14 If the Authority declines to review a decision the dispute has not 'been the subject of Merit Review by the Authority' as required by section 44 (1) (c) of the 1987 Act. Under these circumstances, an application may not be made to the WIRO for procedural review until the Authority has been able to conduct a merit review.

Lodging an application with the Authority

9.15 The Authority will establish and maintain a registry for the referral of applications for review by the Authority. For the purposes of delivery or sending of documents for lodgement the address is:

Merit Review Service

WorkCover Authority of NSW

Level 19, 1 Oxford Street, Darlinghurst, NSW, 2010

Email: wcdmeritreviewservice@workcover.nsw.gov.au

- 9.16 Access may be made available to registered ECM users via password login to the Authority's website address at http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au.
- 9.17 Except on Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, the registry is open to the public for lodgement of documents in person between 8.30am and 5:00pm. This clause is subject to clause 9.19.
- 9.18 The registry may make provision for lodgement of documents electronically and also outside the registry's usual opening hours. Any documents lodged electronically after 5:00pm are deemed to be received on the next registry business day.
- 9.19 The registry may be kept open to the public for business or closed for business, at such times and on such days as the Authority shall determine.
- 9.20 The Authority will arrange for all applications made to the Authority under these Guidelines to be allocated a matter number and registered. All subsequent correspondence concerning the merit review application is to quote that matter number.

Exchange and lodgment of reply by insurer

- 9.21 A reply to an application for merit review must be lodged by the insurer with the Authority in the form approved by the Authority, as quickly as possible and preferably within 7 days of receiving the worker's application. The form approved by the Authority for that purpose is the 'Work capacity reply to an application for merit review by the authority' form.
- 9.22 The reply lodged with the Authority must be submitted electronically via email or via the ECM system and must:
 - 9.22.1 include a detailed list of all documents relevant to the work capacity decision and the Review of that decision, including documents supplied by the worker:
 - 9.22.2 attach electronic copies of all of the documents included in the list of relevant documents, including documents supplied by the worker.
- 9.23 The insurer must first notify the worker of its reply to the application, by sending the worker a copy of the reply before, or at the same time as, lodging the reply with the Authority.
- 9.24 The reply provided to the worker must include the list of all relevant documents but does not need to attach copies of all the relevant documents being lodged with the reply. The insurer must provide the worker with copies of any of those documents which have not already been provided to the worker previously.

Surveillance images

- 9.25 Any surveillance images to be lodged with the Authority are to be provided by the insurer in DVD format and must first be provided to the worker. Any investigator's or loss adjuster's report concerning those surveillance images must also be provided with the images when they are provided to the worker and when lodged with the Authority.
- 9.26 If surveillance images have been provided by an insurer to a worker for the first time in support of a reply lodged with the Authority, the worker will be offered an opportunity to respond to the surveillance images.
- 9.27 Surveillance images held by the Authority are, where they contain personal information, subject to the *Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act* 1998 (NSW).

Privacy

9.28 Merit reviews by the Authority are to be conducted in private and are not open to the public. Any decision, recommendations or statement of reasons are not available to the public. The Authority may however publish de-identified decisions, ensuring that the privacy of individuals is respected.

Note: An individual's privacy should be respected. Failure to respect the privacy of an individual may result in a breach of the *Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act* 1998 (NSW) and/or the *Health Records and Information Privacy Act* 2002 (NSW).

The Authority recommends that no application, reply, decision, recommendation, or statement of reasons should be published, distributed or used in any way unless the privacy of all individuals referred to in the documents is respected, including the privacy of workers, their relatives, support persons, employers and their staff, insurers' staff, officers of the Authority, legal representatives, medical practitioners, witnesses, interpreters, Internal Reviewers, Merit Reviewers, and any other individual person.

The Authority recommends that no such documents should be published, distributed or used in any way unless the express consent of any such identified individuals has first been obtained, or unless the documents have been thoroughly and sufficiently de-identified to ensure that the privacy of those individuals is respected.

10. Merit Review process and findings

Acknowledgement of worker's application

- 10.1 The Authority will write to the worker and insurer as soon as practicable and preferably within 7 days of receiving the application for review to acknowledge receipt of the application and to:
 - 10.1.1 explain the review process that will be undertaken;
 - 10.1.2 confirm that a review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision;
 - 10.1.3 confirm that the worker or insurer may provide any new or additional information relevant to the work capacity decision, after first exchanging that with the other party, and advising when that information is due to be received:
 - 10.1.4 indicate when and how the decision will be conveyed to the worker and insurer.

Acknowledgement of insurer's reply

- 10.2 The Authority will write to the worker and insurer as soon as practicable and preferably within 7-days of receiving the reply from the insurer to acknowledge receipt of the reply and to:
 - 10.2.1 advise whether any further information is required from either of the parties for the purposes of the review; and
 - 10.2.2 confirm that a review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision.

Exchange of Information by workers and insurers

- 10.3 Any information that the worker sends to the Authority, whether as part of an Application, in response to a request by the Authority, or otherwise, must be sent to the insurer before, or at the same time as, sending the information to the Authority.
- 10.4 Any information that the insurer sends to the Authority, whether as part of a Reply, in response to a request by the Authority, or otherwise, must be sent to the worker before, or at the same time as, sending the information to the Authority.

Merit Reviewer and findings - Section 44 (3) (e) 1987 Act

- 10.5 The merit review by the Authority is to be undertaken by a person:
 - 10.5.1 who was not involved in the making of the original work capacity decision or the internal review by the insurer; and
 - 10.5.2 with the appropriate level of knowledge, expertise and skill relevant to the particular work capacity decision referred.
- 10.6 The Merit Reviewer may determine his or her own procedure, is not bound by the rules of evidence and may inquire into any matter relating to the review of the work capacity decision in such manner as they think fit. Merit reviewers are subject to the rules of procedural fairness.

- 10.7 The Merit Reviewer is to take such measures as are reasonably practicable to ensure that the parties understand the nature of the application, the issues to be considered and the role of the Reviewer as an independent decision-maker, and that the parties have had an opportunity to have their submissions and any relevant documents or information considered.
- 10.8 The Merit Reviewer is to act with as little formality as the circumstances of the matter permit and according to equity, good conscience and the substantial merits of the matter without regard to technicalities and legal forms.
- 10.9 The Merit Reviewer will take into account the workers compensation system objectives at all times.
- 10.10 The Merit Reviewer may reasonably require additional information from the worker or the insurer for the purposes of the review, which the worker and insurer must provide, under section 44 (3) (d) of the 1987 Act.
- 10.11 If requiring additional information from the worker the Merit Reviewer should allow the worker no less than 7-days to supply any such information. The Merit Reviewer may decline to review a decision if the worker fails to provide information requested by the reviewer within the time allowed.
- 10.12 The Merit Reviewer is to consider all of the material substantively and on its merits as if the original work capacity decision had not been made, and is obliged to make findings that they think are more likely than not to be correct.

Recommendations to the Insurer – Section 44 (3) (e) 1987 Act, Section 44 (3) (g) 1987 Act

10.13 The Merit Reviewer may also make recommendations to the insurer based on their findings, which are binding on the insurer and must be given effect to by the insurer.

Notification of findings and any recommendations- Section 44 (3) (e) 1987 Act

- 10.14 The Authority will write to the worker and insurer as soon as practicable and preferably within 30-days of receiving the application advising of the outcome of the merit review.
- 10.15 The notification of the decision must be in writing and will include:
 - 10.15.1 details of the findings of the review;
 - 10.15.2 details of any recommendations to the insurer based on those findings;
 - 10.15.3 a statement of reasons which includes the following:
 - 10.15.3.1 findings on material questions of fact, referring to the documents or other material on which those findings were based;
 - the Merit Reviewer's understanding of the applicable law and rules, including the legislation, regulations or guidelines;
 - 10.15.3.3 the reasoning process that led the Merit Reviewer to the findings and to any recommendations made.
 - 10.15.4 advice to the worker about the availability of further review options including:
 - 10.15.4.1 that the worker may make an application to the WorkCover Independent Review Officer (WIRO) for a review of the insurer's procedures in making the work capacity decision, within 30-days after receipt of the merit review decision from the Authority (section 44 (1) (c));

- 10.15.4.2 advice on where the worker can obtain the application form approved by the Authority under section 44 (2); and
- 10.15.4.3 advice on where and how such an application is to be made.
- 10.16 The merit review findings and any recommendations to the insurer based on those findings do not replace either the original work capacity decision by the insurer, which is not stayed by any review process under section 44 (4) of the 1987 Act, and do not replace any internal review decision by the insurer. Recommendations made by the Authority are however binding on the insurer and must be given effect to by the insurer, independently of the original work capacity decision and any internal review decision.

Legislative Notice requirements apply to new work capacity decisions

- 10.17 Where as a result of any recommendations to the insurer by the Authority, the Insurer makes a new work capacity decision, any relevant legislative notice requirements applicable to that new work capacity decision must be complied with by the insurer before they have effect, including the requirements of;
 - 10.17.1 Section 54 of the 1987 Act regarding 'Notice required before termination or reduction of payment of weekly compensation'. As section 54 (4) of the 1987 Act requires the insurer to give notice personally or by post, the postal service rule is automatically invoked. The postal service rule (Section 76(1)(b) of the Interpretation Act 1987) requires an additional 4 working days notice to be provided after the notice was posted; and
 - 10.17.2 Clause 21, Schedule 8 of the Regulation regarding 'Notice of increase in weekly payments of compensation' for 'existing recipients of weekly payments', that is an injured worker in receipt of weekly payments immediately prior to 1 October 2012.

Authority Merit Review Process

Internal Review Decision

Worker receives an Internal Review decison from the Insurer

erit Revie

Application erit Review

Worker may lodge a Merit Review application, which must be sent to the Insurer and lodged with the Authority within 30 days of receiving the Internal Review decision



Application Acknowledged

The Authority must confirm receipt of the application, preferably within 7 days of receiving it, and advise the Worker and Insurer how the Merit Review is to proceed



Reply temperication

The Insurer must lodge a reply with the Authority and send a copy to the Worker as quickly as possible, preferably within 7 days of receiving the application



Reply A ledged

The Authority must confirm receipt of the reply, preferably within 7 days of receiving it, and advise the Worker and Insurer whether any further information is required and when by



Merit Review Finding Recommendations

The Authority shall notify the parties of the findings and reccomendations, preferably within 30 days of receiving the application, advising the Worker of their review rights



WorkCover Guidelines for Claiming Compensation Benefits

Workers Compensation Act 1987
Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998

I, Julie Newman, Chief Executive Officer of the WorkCover Authority of New South Wales, under sections 376 (1) and 260 of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act* 1998 and section 60 (2A) of the *Workers Compensation Act* 1987, issue the following guidelines.

Dated this fourth day of October 2013.

Julie Newman PSM

Chief Executive Officer

WorkCover Authority of NSW



Guidelines for Claiming Compensation Benefits

The guidelines set out the procedures for:

- the initial notification of an injury and making provisional liability payments
- the making and handling of claims for weekly payments and medical expenses compensation
- · exemptions from prior approval for medical and hospital treatments
- disputing all or part of the claim
- reducing or terminating weekly payments
- making and handling claims for lump sum compensation
- making and handling claims for work injury damages.

These Guidelines come into effect on 11 October 2013.

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Introduction

Explanatory Note

These guidelines are made under section 376 (1) and section 260 of the *Workplace Injury Management* and *Workers Compensation Act 1998* and section 60 (2A) of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987*. The guidelines refer to sections in both the *Workers Compensation Act* 1987 (referred to as 'the 1987 Act') and the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998* (referred to as 'the 1998 Act').

The guidelines set out the procedures for:

- the initial notification of an injury and making provisional liability payments
- the making and handling of claims for weekly payments and medical expenses compensation
- exemptions from prior approval for medical and hospital treatments
- · disputing all or part of the claim
- reducing or terminating weekly payments
- making and handling claims for lump sum compensation
- making and handling claims for work injury damages.

These guidelines replace guidelines dated 27 September 2012 and published in the *NSW Government Gazette* on 28 September 2012 (page 4143).

These guidelines commence on 20 September 2013. A step taken in claims making or handling in accordance with the replaced guidelines is as valid as it would have been if done under these guidelines.

Questions about these guidelines should be directed to the WorkCover NSW Information Centre on 13 10 50.

Application Of These Guidelines

The Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2012 introduced changes to a number of provisions of the workers compensation legislation. The following dates may be relevant to a worker's claim for weekly payments:

- 19 June 2012: New provisions apply for claims for permanent impairment lump sum compensation and damages for nervous shock
- 17 September 2012: New weekly payments provisions commenced for seriously injured workers.
- 1 October 2012: New weekly payments provisions commence for claims made on or after
 1 October 2012.
- 1 January 2013: New weekly payments provisions for claims made by workers (other than seriously injured workers) who had made a claim prior to 1 October 2012.

These guidelines apply to workers, employers and insurers within the meaning of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987* and the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*. Insurers include Scheme Agents for the Nominal Insurer and self and specialised insurers who hold a licence under Division 3 of Part 7 of the 1987 Act.

These guidelines do not apply to:

- coal miner matters as defined in the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998; or
- claims arising from the dust diseases which are referable to the NSW Dust Disease Board or the NSW Dust Disease Tribunal.

Definition

Injury is defined in Section 4, Part 1 of the 1987 Act:

- (a) means personal injury arising out of or in the course of employment;
- (b) includes a **disease injury**, which means:
 - (i) a disease that is contracted by a worker in the course of employment but only if the employment was the main contributing factor to contracting the disease, and
 - (ii) the aggravation, acceleration, exacerbation or deterioration in the course of employment of any disease, but only if the employment was the main contributing factor to the aggravation, acceleration, exacerbation or deterioration of the disease, and
- (c) does not include (except in the case of a worker employed in or about a mine to which the Coal Mines Regulation Act 1982 applies) a dust disease, as defined by the Workers Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942 or the aggravation, acceleration, exacerbation or deterioration of a dust disease, as so defined".

The definition of disease injury does not apply to police officers, fire fighters and paramedics. For these classes of workers refer to the definition of injury in the historical version of the 1987 Act as at 26 June 2012.

Structure Of These Guidelines

These guidelines contain six parts:

- Part 1 Initial Notifications and Provisional Liability
- Part 2 Making and Handling a Claim for Weekly Payments and Medical Expenses Compensation
- Part 3 Exemptions from prior approval for medical hospital treatment
- Part 4 Disputing all or Part of the Claim
- Part 5 Terminating or Reducing Weekly Payments of Compensation
- Part 6 Making and Handling a Claim for Lump Sum Compensation
- Part 7 Making and Handling a Claim for Work Injury Damages

Appendix 1 Application for Review by Insurer

Governing Principles

The WorkCover guidelines are founded on the following principles:

- timeliness To satisfy legislative requirements, workers, employers, insurers and other persons
 acting on behalf of the worker or employer will obtain and provide information about the injury
 in a timely manner.
- 2. *active decision making* Insurers are required to obtain certain information to make certain assessments.
- 3. **sound up-to-date decisions** Insurers will make sound decisions on the information available within the timeframes the law allows and they will review and update decisions as they receive new information.

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- 4. **documented reasons** Insurers will record the reasons for their decisions and show that they have considered all relevant information.
- 5. **peer review** Insurers will arrange for all decisions to dispute all or part of a claim, to terminate or reduce weekly payments or to decline provisional payments on the basis of a reasonable excuse, to be reviewed by a suitably experienced person
- 6. **consent** Worker's consent to the collection, use and disclosure of personal and health information when they sign the claim form, WorkCover Certificate of Capacity
- 7. **privacy** The relevant privacy legislation and principles and non disclosure requirements are to apply.

Aims

The aims of these guidelines are to:

- ensure the prompt management of a worker's injuries
- ensure a worker's timely, safe and durable return to work as early as possible having regard to the nature of the injury
- give workers certainty and proper income support while their capacity for work is effected by work injuries and they are returning to employment
- facilitate timely and sound decision-making
- reduce disputes
- maintain the employment relationship between the worker and the employer
- clarify all issues in dispute and promptly resolve disputes if they do occur
- set the requirements for making a claim under the 1998 Act for compensation benefits pursuant to the 1987 Act.

1. Initial Notifications and Provisional Liability

Chapter 3 of the 1998 Act sets out workers', employers' and insurers' obligations to participate and co-operate in injury management for injured workers.

Part 3 of Chapter 7 of the 1998 Act sets out an insurer's duty to accept provisional liability and commence weekly payments to an injured worker.

Part 3 of the 1987 Act sets out compensation benefits payable to injured workers.

1.1. Provisional Liability

Provisional liability enables an insurer to make available compensation benefits to provide income support and effect injury management strategies for an injured worker without admitting liability. An insurer that fails to commence weekly payments as required by section 267 of the 1998 Act is guilty of an offence. *Reference section 267* (5) of the 1998 Act.

Provisional liability requires an insurer to commence making weekly payments by way of income support on a provisional basis within 7 days of receiving initial notification, unless the insurer is able to properly rely on one of the 7 formal reasonable excuses (see Clause 1.7, Part 1 below) and this is communicated to the worker within the 7 days. This enables payments to be made to an injured worker without delay. *Reference section 267 of the 1998 Act.* These weekly payments may be made under section 36 of the 1987 Act except for police officers, fire fighters and paramedics. For these classes of workers weekly payments may be made under section 36, 38 or 40 of the 1987 Act in the historical version of the 1987 Act as at 26 June 2012.

An important feature of provisional liability is that, after initial notification, the insurer is to collect information that is sufficient to enable them to make a soundly based decision to commence weekly payments.

The insurer will need to promptly identify the injured worker's pre injury average weekly earnings so that weekly payments can be commenced within the legislated timeframe. The insurer should ask the employer and the worker what were the worker's pre injury average weekly earnings. To avoid the worker being disadvantaged, the information obtained at the initial notification should be used to calculate the weekly entitlements. The employer should within 7 days of commencement of the provisional weekly payment, provide to the insurer a completed pre injury average weekly earnings form. The insurer is to arrange any adjustment to the past and future weekly benefit payments to correct the amount in line with the information provided in the form.

Provisional liability also applies to provision of compensation benefits under section 60 (eg ambulance services, medical or related treatment, hospital treatment and workplace rehabilitation services, etc). *Reference section 280 of the 1998 Act*.

1.2. Initial Notification of Injury

An initial notification means the first notification of a workplace injury that is given to the relevant insurer. *Reference section 266 of the 1998 Act*. A worker, employer or their representative (for instance, a medical practitioner) can make the initial notification of workplace injury to the relevant insurer.

It is the obligation of the employer that all incidents involving an injury, where workers compensation is payable or may be payable, are to be notified to the insurer within 48 hours. *Reference section 44 of the 1998 Act.*

The notification may be in writing (including by electronic means) or verbally (including over the phone).

The insurer must have implemented systems and allocated sufficient resources to make sure that the person giving the information is guided through the process to

assist them to give all the information needed for the notification to be handled swiftly, efficiently and fairly.

Minimum Identifying Information for Initial Notification

At the initial notification, the insurer is to gather the following information.

1.2.1 Worker's information:

- name
- · contact details
- · residential address
- date of birth.

1.2.2 Employer's information:

- · business name
- business address.

1.2.3 Treating doctor information:

- name (the insurer may need to be flexible in relation to workers in remote rural areas where access to medical treatment is not readily available); or
- if the worker is hospitalised, name of hospital.

1.2.4 Injury or illness and accident details:

- date and time of workplace injury or period of time over which the illness/injury emerged from date of first symptoms
- · description of how the workplace injury happened
- · description of the workplace injury.

1.2. 5 Notifier information:

- · name of person making the initial notification
- · relationship to worker or employer
- contact details, telephone and address.

1.2.6 Supporting Information

It is good practice to gather supporting information at the initial notification. This may include:

- · employer's policy number
- · employer contact name and position/title
- employer's telephone number and/or email address
- telephone number of treating doctor
- date of consultation with treating doctor
- diagnosis of workplace injury
- · worker's capacity to work and expected return to work date
- · details of any time off work
- person to whom the payment is to be paid
- the worker's pre injury average weekly earnings (PIAWE).

The initial notification is complete when the worker, employer or representative has provided the minimum identifying information to the insurer. If information is missing which is essential for the insurer to make a decision about the worker's entitlement to provisional liability, the insurer must, within the next 3 working days, inform the person (verbally or in writing) who made the notification that the notification is incomplete. The person may then make another initial notification. If the missing information does not prevent a decision being made, the insurer may start payments.

1.3. No Identifiable Workers Compensation Policy

If the insurer cannot identify a current policy that covers the worker who is the subject of an initial notification within 7 days after the notification is made, then the insurer is to either:

- contact the employer, and the person who made the notification and request more
 information in order to identify the policy. If the policy still cannot be identified, then
 the insurer is to inform the employer and the person who made the notification that
 the insurer is not the current insurer. The insurer must then refer the notification to
 the WorkCover Customer Service Centre and notify the worker; or
- pass the notification to the current insurer, if the identity of the current insurer can be determined, and notify the worker.

1.4. Consideration that the Injury is Work Related

After the initial notification, the insurer is to obtain medical information to verify that the worker has sustained a work related injury or disease injury and to determine the worker's expected capacity for work. This information may be obtained from:

- the treating doctor or hospital, subject to authority completed by the worker,
- the employer or the employer's representative; or
- the worker or the worker's representative.

The information may be in any form, including a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity. Information from the employer or a representative of the employer may:

- confirm or refute the claim that the worker has sustained a work related injury
- confirm or refute the details of the injury and the worker's expected capacity for work, if the employer has those details.

If the employer believes the injury is not work related, the employer must provide evidence to support the assertion, eg medical evidence that the medical condition already existed and has not been aggravated by work or factual evidence that the injury occurred in circumstances not arising out of or in the course of employment.

However, suspicion, innuendo, anecdotal or unsupported information received from any source, including the employer alone, is not acceptable evidence and cannot be the basis for not commencing provisional payments.

1.5. Confirm Worker Status

If there is any doubt that the injured person is a worker within the meaning of the workers compensation legislation, the insurer is to verify the worker's status.

The relevant definition of worker is in section 4 of the 1998 Act and provisions in regard to deemed workers are in section 5 and Schedule 1 of the 1998 Act which

concerns the special categories of "Deemed employment" of workers, i.e. various factual situations outlined in the schedule where the legislation deems or makes a person a worker under the Act although they may not satisfy the common law test of an employment relationship.

Acceptable evidence of the worker's status is the employer agreeing to that status or the insurer seeing copies or having verbal confirmation, of any of the following of the worker's:

- · current payslip
- · payroll number
- · bank statement that includes regular employer payment entries
- contract of employment.

If the worker and employer disagree as to the worker's status, then the insurer is required to consider the governing principles of on Page 3 these guidelines when making a decision.

1.6. Action Following Initial Notification

When an insurer receives an initial notification, it is to:

- 1.6.1 issue a claim notification number to the notifier at the time of initial notification (if made by telephone) and to the worker and employer in writing within 7 days after the notification is made
- 1.6.2 make early contact with the worker, employer and nominated treating doctor (if appropriate) to gather information to use in considering if provisional liability is appropriate and to assist in making decisions about reasonably necessary services and the claims estimate
- 1.6.3 start injury management if the worker is likely to have incapacity for work for more than 7 continuous days, even if any of the days are not work days. Reference section 45 of the 1998 Act
- 1.6.4 approve provisional liability for weekly compensation benefits and commence weekly payments of compensation within 7 days unless a reasonable excuse applies (see Clause 1.7, Part 1 below) or unless liability is disputed. This will include calculating the PIAWE. Actions should include:
 - obtaining the earnings information contained in the PIAWE form completed by the employer. If possible, agreement should be reached between the worker and the employer regarding the PIAWE to avoid disputes.
 - advising the employer and the worker that the worker's weekly payments will be based on the information provided on the PIAWE form in line with the legislated equations
 - advising the worker that if they disagree with the calculation of the PIAWE, they can request a review of the calculation in writing, and provide supporting evidence to the insurer to review the calculation. The insurer has 28 days to respond.

Note: Where insurers need to commence weekly payments but do not have a completed PIAWE form the insurer should determine what the base rate of pay or actual earnings are and commence the payment using that rate for the purpose of the calculation of the weekly payment as an interim rate. As other information is obtained on the PIAWE from the completed PIAWE form or through other means e.g. documentary evidence provided by the worker, the past and future weekly payments should be adjusted to ensure the correct weekly payment has been or is paid.

- 1.6.5 decide the period of time for which benefits will be paid on the basis of the nature of the injury, and the information available on the worker's current work capacity.
- 1.6.6 decide whether to approve provisional liability for medical expenses up to \$7,500 or approve medical expenses as part of an injury management plan within 7 days. *Reference sections 50 and 280 of the 1998 Act*.

Note: The only reason for not approving provisional liability for compensation benefits is if an insurer has a reasonable excuse (see Clause 1.7, Part 1 below).

Note: All medical expenses must meet the test of 'reasonably necessary' in order to be approved by the insurer (see Clause 1.10, Part 1). If the insurer decides to approve provisional liability for compensation benefits, the insurer must give written notice about the decision to commence payment to the worker and employer as soon as practicable after payments start. *Reference sections 267 and 269 of the 1998 Act*.

Note: Refer also to Part 3 regarding exemptions from the requirement that workers obtain prior approval for medical and allied health provider or hospital treatments.

- 1.6.7 include in the notice to the worker and employer:
 - that benefits have commenced on the basis of provisional acceptance of liability
 - the period of expected weekly payments
 - the amount to be paid each week and how that amount is calculated if
 this is an interim rate this will need to be confirmed to the worker and the
 employer once the PIAWE form has been completed and the insurer has
 finalised the calculation
 - whether the insurer or the employer will pay the worker
 - what the worker should do if they do not receive payment
 - that an injury management plan will be developed, if required
 - the worker's entitlement to make a claim, including details of how to make a claim
 - a copy of the WorkCover brochure for injured workers, Information for injured workers, is to be given to the worker. Reference section 269 of the 1998 Act.

If the worker has returned to work, the insurer's letter is to advise that the worker does not have to make a claim unless the worker expects further problems from the workplace injury.

If the worker has not returned to work, the letter should include advice to the worker that if the worker expects to be off work for more than the period approved by the insurer, a claim form may need to be completed and a claim form needs to be enclosed (see clause 2.2, Part 2).

1.6.8 include in the notice to the employer details about how the weekly payments of compensation are to be made and for small employers a copy of the WorkCover brochure, Employers guide: what to do if an injury occurs.

If a worker does not immediately have time off work following initial notification but later requires time off, the insurer is to commence weekly payments within 7 days of becoming aware that the worker is to be off work.

1.7. Reasonable Excuse to Not Commence Provisional Payments

The insurer has a reasonable excuse for not commencing provisional liability payments if:

1.7.1 there is insufficient medical information –

the insurer has a reasonable excuse if it does not have enough medical information to establish there is an injury or that the injury cannot be related to the worker's employment (refer to Clause 1.4, Part 1 above). However, the insurer may have to allow special consideration for workers in remote rural areas if access to medical treatment is not readily available. This reasonable excuse can only be utilised in circumstances where there has been a failure to provide a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity or other requested information to the insurer.

1.7.2 the injured person is unlikely to be a worker –

- the worker has been unable to verify their status as a worker as described above: or
- the employer is able to verify that the worker is not a worker

1.7.3 the insurer is unable to contact worker –

 and is unable to do so after trying repeatedly by phone or electronic means, and at least once in writing

1.7.4 the worker refuses access to information –

 the insurer has a reasonable excuse if the worker will not consent to the release or collection of personal or health information in relation to the workplace injury to determine the worker's entitlement to compensation benefits under provisional liability

1.7.5 the injury is not work related –

the insurer has a reasonable excuse if the employer has provided acceptable evidence that the worker did not sustain an injury, as defined. The insurer should consider sections 4, 9A, 9B, 10 and 11A of the 1987 Act when considering their evidence.

1.7.6 the injury is not a significant injury –

if the injury is not significant, (i.e. the worker is not incapacitated for work for more than 7 continuous days), the insurer may extend the time to assess provisional liability entitlements to 21 days after the initial notification is made.

If the insurer does that, then within 7 days of the initial notification, the insurer is to notify the worker in writing that a decision will be made within 21 days of the initial notification.

1.7.7 the injury is notified after 2 months –

the insurer has a reasonable excuse if the notice of injury is not given to the employer within 2 months after the date of the injury. However, the insurer may ignore this excuse if a liability is likely to exist and if it believes paying compensation benefits to the worker under provisional liability will be an effective injury management intervention

1.7.8 if the insurer has a reasonable excuse for not accepting provisional liability and commencing payments, it is to –

- give written notice to the worker within 7 days after the initial notification
- inform the employer as soon as practicable.

Reference sections 267 and 268 of the 1998 Act.

1.7.9 the insurer's notice to the worker is to include the following –

- details of the reasonable excuse, including copies of all information, documents, and medical reports that are relevant and were considered in making the decision
- how the issue will be resolved by the insurer or how the worker may resolve the issue
- that the worker may contact the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50 or their union for assistance
- that the worker can make a claim for compensation and that claim will be determined within 21 days of receipt by the insurer
- details of how to make a claim
- · a claim form

Reference section 268 of the 1998 Act

1.7.10 the insurer's notice to the employer is to include the following –

- details of the reasonable excuse given to the worker
- that the employer may contact the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50 for assistance.

1.8. The insurer has satisfied its obligations to start paying:

- 1.8.1 if the insurer and the employer have agreed in writing that the employer is to pay a worker for any time off work, and the insurer has confirmed with the employer
 - the amount of weekly payments and how that amount was calculated
 - the period for which the employer is authorised to pay
 - any special conditions the insurer requires
- 1.8.2 if the period to be paid is for a closed period and is to be paid in one amount, and the insurer has confirmed in writing to the employer
 - the period to be paid
 - the amount to be reimbursed to the employer
 - that the amount will be paid to the employer within a further 7 days
 - that the employer must pay the worker as soon as practicable
- 1.8.3 if ongoing payments are to be made and the insurer and employer agree that for this worker and this injury the employer will pay, and the insurer has given the employer written confirmation of this agreement including at least
 - employer's agreement to make payments to the worker on their usual pay day
 - the amount of weekly payments to be paid to the worker and how that amount was calculated
 - the approved period of payment

- any special conditions the insurer requires, e.g. the requirement for the worker to provide ongoing WorkCover Certificates of Capacity and Worker Declaration to the employer for continuing payments
- the time when the insurer will pay the first payment to the employer
- the schedule for ongoing weekly payments, if applicable
- that the employer must pay the worker as soon as practicable
- how the employer can withdraw from the agreement
- 1.8.4 **if the insurer pays the employer before the employer pays the worker** and the insurer has given the employer written confirmation of at least
 - the period paid and amount
 - that the employer must pay the worker as soon as practicable.
- 1.8.5 **if the insurer pays the worker directly**, the insurer has satisfied its obligations if it has made the weekly payment direct to the worker. In that case, the insurer is to arrange with the worker about the payment of taxation in accordance with the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 of the Commonwealth and the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 of the Commonwealth.

Provisional weekly payments cannot be deducted from or held against a worker's entitlements. Any such deductions can be recovered as a debt by the worker. *Reference section 233 of the 1998 Act.*

1.9. Period of Payment of Provisional Liability

The insurer is to continue to make weekly payments of compensation for the expected period of provisional liability. This period (up to a maximum of 12 weeks) will be determined by the nature and seriousness of the worker's injury and the worker's current work capacity.

The 12 week period for weekly payments of compensation starts on the first day the worker becomes entitled to this payment. The 12 week period can be paid under section 36 of the 1987 Act. If payment is not paid during the 12 week period, the period of non-payment is not included in the 12 week period.

1.10. Provisional Liability for Medical Expenses

The insurer can pay section 60 benefits up to \$7,500 provided they are reasonably necessary for the management of the injury, as would be required by the insurer if liability had been admitted. **Note:** Refer to Part 3 regarding exemptions from the requirement that workers obtain prior approval for medical and allied health provider or hospital treatments.

Relevant factors in determining reasonably necessary treatment

The treatment or service must have the purpose and potential effect to:

- alleviate the consequences of the injury
- maintain the worker's state of health; or
- slow or prevent its deterioration given the injury.

A decision about reasonably necessary treatment must include consideration of all of the following: appropriateness, effectiveness, the alternatives available, cost benefit and its acceptance among the medical profession:

appropriateness – the capacity to relieve the effects of the injury

effectiveness – the degree to which the treatment will potentially alleviate the consequences of the injury

alternatives – consideration must be given to all other viable forms of treatment for the injury

cost benefit – there must be an expected positive benefit, given the cost involved, that should deliver the expected health outcomes for the worker

acceptance – the acceptance of the treatment among the medical profession must be considered, ie is it a conventional method of treatment and would medical practitioners generally prescribe it?

The \$7,500 limit is not to be exceeded. *Reference section 280 of the 1998 Act*. The insurer can pre-approve above \$7,500 in exceptional circumstances.

WorkCover fees orders are gazetted and set out the maximum fee amount for which an employer is liable under the Act for treatment of an injured worker. The insurer must not pay above these amounts.

If the worker has paid for reasonably necessary medical treatment, the insurer is to reimburse the worker within 7 days after the worker requests payment.

If the worker has paid for travelling expenses to receive medical treatment or to attend a medical appointment that the insurer has arranged, the insurer is to reimburse the worker within 7 days after the worker requests payment. **Note:** Refer also to Part 3 regarding exemptions from the requirement that workers obtain prior approval for medical and allied health provider or hospital treatments.

1.11. Need for a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity and Worker Declaration

Reference section 270 of the 1998 Act and section 44B of the 1987 Act.

If the insurer has commenced making weekly payments of compensation, the worker must provide to the insurer a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity and Worker Declaration covering any period for which weekly payments have been or are to be made. A completed WorkCover Certificate of Capacity under s 44B of the 1987 Act satisfies the requirements of section 270 of the 1998 Act. The WorkCover Certificate of Capacity must:

- Be completed by a medical practitioner in the approved form
- Certify the worker's capacity for work during the period stated in the certificate but not exceeding 28 days (unless special reasons are given by the person completing the certificate and the insurer is satisfied the certificate should be accepted due to those special reasons)
- Specify the duration of the worker's incapacity
- Has no effect if it relates to a period that is more than 90 days before the certificate is provided.

The worker must also provide to the insurer with:

- a form authorising a provider of medical or related treatment to give the insurer information regarding the -worker's medical treatment or condition relevant to the injury (s 270 (1) (b));
- a Worker Declaration as to whether the worker is engaged in any form of employment or self-employment for remuneration since last providing a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity (s 44B(1)(b)).
- The insurer may discontinue weekly payment if a worker fails to comply with these requirements within 7 days after the requirement is communicated to the worker by the insurer.
 - The requirements can be made to the worker or the worker's representative in writing or verbally. If the request is made verbally then it must be confirmed in writing. When the insurer makes the request, it is to notify the worker:
- of the period to be covered by the WorkCover Certificate of Capacity
- that the worker must give the WorkCover Certificate of Capacity, and Worker Declaration to the insurer within 7 days after the request or within a period agreed by the insurer and worker
- that weekly payments may be discontinued if the documentation is not received by the insurer.

1.12. Circumstances Affecting Payment under Provisional Liability

If a worker returns to pre-injury duties and is then off work again
Provisional liability can be paid for a cumulative total of 12 weeks, even if the
worker returns to work for intermittent periods and workers compensation is
not paid during those periods. If the worker returns to work and is then off
work again, the insurer may pay weekly payments for the periods the injured
worker is incurring economic loss due to the injury under provisional liability.
These periods must not exceed a cumulative total of 12 weeks, and apply
where the worker has had a recurrence and this additional period will
progress injury management and return to work for the worker. However, if
the worker had resumed pre-injury work and sustained a further injury or
aggravated the original injury, this is a new injury and a further potential 12
weeks of provisional liability may be payable.

1.12.2 If payments are made for at least 8 weeks

Once an insurer has paid weekly payments to a worker under provisional liability for at least 8 weeks, the insurer is to notify the worker that they will need to provide a claim form if they will require weekly payments to be paid beyond 12 weeks because of ongoing certification of no current work capacity or current work capacity. (Refer to clause 2.2, Part 2 re Need for a Claim Form).

1.12.3 After a reasonable excuse no longer exists

If the reasonable excuse the insurer relied on for not commencing provisional weekly payments ceases to exist, the insurer must commence payment within 7 days (unless information identifying a further reasonable excuse exists and is relied on by the insurer).

1.12.4 If the initial notification of injury is a claim

An insurer must commence payments of compensation benefits under provisional liability within 7 days of the claim form being received, unless the insurer has a reasonable excuse. *Reference sections 267 and 275 of the 1998 Act*. The requirement to commence provisional payments is waived if liability for the claim is determined, and notice of this decision given to the worker within 7 days of receipt of the claim.

1.13. Ceasing Provisional Liability for Weekly Payments

Provisional liability for weekly payments ceases for one of the following reasons:

- 1.13.1 if the worker returns to work before the end of the approved period for provisional liability for weekly payments and is not incurring any economic loss; or
- 1.13.2 if liability for the worker's claim is accepted.

In either of the above cases, the insurer need not notify the worker that the provisional liability for weekly payments is to cease.

1.14. Circumstances in which Provisional Liability may be Discontinued

Provisional liability may be discontinued if the following circumstances occur:

- 1.14.1 if the worker unreasonably fails to comply with making reasonable efforts to return to work. *Reference section 48A of the 1998 Act*
- 1.14.2 if the worker does not provide a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity and Worker Declaration as outlined in clause 1.11 above.
- 1.14.3 if the insurer receives new credible evidence (e.g. the worker is not a worker as defined, employment is not a substantial contributing factor to the injury, employment is not the main contributing factor to a disease injury) that was not available at the time the provisional payments began.

Note: In the circumstances described above, the insurer must send the worker written notice that provisional liability and payments have been discontinued and must send a copy to the employer and service providers, if appropriate. The notice must inform the worker that provisional payments have been discontinued, the reason that they have been discontinued, attach all documents and medical reports relevant to the decision. In the case of non-compliance, the notice must detail any action that the worker can take to comply and enable the insurer to re-commence provisional liability and make payments. The notice must also inform the worker and employer that they may contact the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50, their union or employer association for further information.

1.15. Re-opening a Provisional Liability Claim

The insurer may recommence provisional liability on a notification of injury in the following circumstances:

- 1.15.1 for administration purposes to make further payments
- 1.15.2 if provisional liability for payment of compensation benefits has ceased or been discontinued for reasons described above at clauses 1.13.1 and clauses 1.14.1 to 1.14.3 and the worker becomes eligible again for compensation benefits, the payments can start again provided the cumulative totals are not exceeded (12 weeks of weekly payments of compensation and \$7,500 of expenses under section 60 of the 1987 Act). Any periods for which weekly payments of compensation are not made because they have been stopped are not included in the 12 weeks.
- 1.15.3 recurrence of original injury, i.e. spontaneous re-emergence of symptoms needing treatment or causing incapacity (as opposed to a new injury which is an aggravation or further incident), impacting on the same area of the body as the original claim.
- 1.15.4 claim is litigated.

Note: The insurer must notify the employer within 7 days that provisional liability has recommenced, unless the claim has only been re-opened for administrative purposes.

2. Making and Handling a Claim for Weekly Payments and Medical Expenses Compensation

2.1. Time Limits for Making a Claim

Claims are generally to be made within 6 months of the injury. *Reference section 261* (1) of the 1998 Act.

Before a worker can make a claim the worker must give notice of injury to the employer except in special circumstances. *Reference section 254 of the 1998 Act*.

A notice of injury may be given orally or in writing and must be given to any person designated by the employer for that purpose (e.g. as specified in an employer's return to work program) or to any person under whose supervision the worker is employed (which may include a person other than a direct supervisor).

A notice of injury must state:

- the name and address of the person injured
- the cause of the injury (in plain language)
- the date on which the injury happened.

2.2. Need for a Claim Form

The need for a claim form can be waived and the claim is taken to have been made if the injury was notified through the insurer's injury notification system and provisional liability payments have commenced. The date at which the claim is taken to have been made is the notification date. *Reference section 260 of the 1998 Act.*

A claim form is required if:

- a reasonable excuse notice has been issued and the reason continues to exist
- compensation is claimed or payable beyond the provisional liability period for weekly payments of compensation or where medical expenses under provisional liability may exceed \$7,500 and there is insufficient information to determine ongoing liability
- an injury notification is made but there is insufficient information to determine liability. (See clause 1.7.9, Part 1 for requirements for a notice).

2.3. Minimum Information Required to Make a Claim

If a claim is to be made it is to be completed on the claim form available from the employer's insurer for workers compensation purposes. The claim form must be completed to the full extent that the relevant information is available and must include the worker's particulars, injury details, injured worker's declaration, work details and employer's particulars. Further information in support of the claim should be provided as soon as possible after it is received. In making a claim, the worker must provide all reports and documents that they rely upon in making the claim as soon as possible after that information is received to either:

- · the employer from whom they are claiming workers compensation benefits
- the insurer responsible for providing the employer's workers compensation insurance.

If the claim is for weekly payments of compensation, the worker must provide to the insurer a WorkCover Certificate of Capacity (if one has not already been given to the insurer). A WorkCover Certificate of Capacity satisfies the requirement for a medical certificate.

If a worker has completed a claim form in relation to one claim for an injury, that information is relevant for any subsequent claim for weekly payments or section 60 expenses that is related to the same injury.

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Where an injury has been sustained by a worker while on a journey, an Other Work Related Injuries claim form is to be completed.

2.4. Employer Actions when Served with a Claim

The employer must within 7 days of receiving a claim or any other documentation in respect of a claim forward the information to their workers compensation insurer . The employer may also complete an employer claim form on behalf of the worker and forward that onto the workers compensation insurer. From then on, if the insurer requests more information, the employer must respond within 7 days of receiving the request with all information that is reasonably attainable, particularly information necessary to determine the worker's pre injury average weekly earnings. *Reference section 264 (1) and (2) of the 1998 Act and section 44C of the 1987 Act*. The employer should complete the PIAWE form and send it to the insurer. The information contained in this form will be utilised to calculate the workers weekly payments. The worker may apply to the insurer to alter the weekly payment amount. *Reference section 42 of the 1987 Act*.

The employer must also forward to the insurer, within 7 days of receipt, any documentation the employer receives in respect of the claim. Failure by the employer to forward the information to the insurer within 7 days, where the information is in the employer's possession or reasonably obtainable, renders the employer liable for prosecution under section 264 (1) of the 1998 Act.

2.5. Insurer Actions when Served with a Claim

Once the insurer receives the claim for weekly compensation or medical compensation benefits, they are responsible for gathering further information from all relevant sources to enable the claim to be determined within 21 days, unless one of the following reasons for not determining the claim applies:

- expiry date beyond the due date, i.e. The expiry date of the expected provisional liability period for weekly payments is greater than the claim determination due date.
 If a determination is still required, the insurer must determine the claim prior to the conclusion of the approved period of provisional liability
- returned to work, i.e. the worker has returned to work on pre-injury duties and received payments for the amounts claimed, and is not expected to be entitled to receive any further compensation benefits resulting from the injury
- medical expenses only, i.e. the claim is for only medical compensation benefits and liability has been provisionally accepted for the claimed expenses Reference section 280 of the 1998 Act
- deficient claim, i.e. within 7 days after the insurer received the claim, the insurer has notified the worker in writing that the claim contains an error that is material, i.e. not obvious or typographical and how to correct that deficiency. This could include
 - worker has failed or refuses to sign the declaration form
 - o no WorkCover Certificate of Capacity or Worker Declaration received (where weekly compensation payments are claimed).

The worker may correct the error at any time. When the error is corrected, the claim is then made and the insurer must determine it within 21 days of the correction being notified to them.

The insurer is also to notify the employer within 7 days that a claim has been made by their worker.

If the insurer cannot find a current policy that covers a claim within 7 days after the claim is made, then the insurer is to either:

contact the employer and person who made the claim, and request more information
in order to identify the policy. If the policy still cannot be identified, then the insurer is
to inform the employer and the person who made the claim that the insurer is not the

- current insurer. The insurer must then refer the claim to the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50: or
- pass the claim to the current insurer if known (may be identified by a request for an employer's past claims experience from the new insurer or from the cancellation request made by the employer).
- pass the information in writing on to the worker or the worker's representative.

Upon request from a worker or a worker's representative, a copy of medical information or a report from a treating medical practitioner should be supplied. If the insurer is of the opinion that supplying the worker with a copy of a medical report would pose a serious threat to the life or health of the worker or any other person, the insurer may instead supply the medical report to a medical practitioner nominated by the worker for that purpose.

2.6. Evidence to Support a Decision on Liability

Information which the insurer can use to inform their decision on liability includes the initial report of injury, the claim form, the WorkCover Certificate of Capacity completed by the nominated treating doctor (and signed by the worker), the Worker Declaration form completed by the worker, further information received from the worker and the responses made by the worker, employer and doctor during any contact made with them by the insurer.

It is the role and responsibility of the insurer to gather sufficient information to enable them to make a soundly based decision on liability and on any other aspect of the claim within the prescribed time-frame.

When seeking a report, especially from medical practitioners, an insurer must state clearly that the worker will have an entitlement under the legislation to a copy of the report.

Gaining objective, evidence based medical information from the nominated treating doctor, which explains and clarifies issues regarding the injury, treatment and any period of incapacity, is particularly important.

When a decision is made to deny liability, all documents relevant to that decision must be made available to the worker, as set out in Part 4, Clause 4.4.

2.7. Accepting Liability

When liability is accepted, the insurer must notify the worker and employer that workers compensation benefits will commence.

Include in the notice to the worker and employer:

- · what benefits have commenced on the basis of acceptance of liability
- the amount to be paid each week as weekly payments and how that amount is calculated
- · whether the insurer or the employer will pay the worker
- what the worker should do if they do not receive payment
- that an injury management plan will be developed, if required
- a copy of the WorkCover brochure for injured workers, Information for injured workers. Reference section 269 of the 1998 Act.
- a copy of the WorkCover brochure, Employers guide: what to do if an injury occurs, to small employers (if not previously provided).
- 2.7.1 Weekly payments of compensation are to be determined, and continue to be made based on:
 - pre injury average weekly earnings of the worker supplied by the employer
 - the current WorkCover Certificate of Capacity and Worker Declaration supplied by the worker

- a work capacity decision by the insurer
- the application of Sections 36 to 39 of the 1987 Act.

Section 84 of the 1987 Act provides that weekly payment of compensation is payable at the employer's usual time of payment – at fortnightly or shorter intervals or at intervals agreed between the employer/insurer and the worker.

The worker may apply to the insurer to alter the weekly payments amount. *Reference section 42 of the 1987 Act*

Note: Where insurers need to commence weekly payments but do not have a completed PIAWE form the insurer should determine what the base rate of pay or actual earnings are and commence the payment using that rate for the purpose of the calculation of the weekly payment as an interim rate. As other information is obtained on the PIAWE from the completed PIAWE form or through other means e.g. documentary evidence provided by the worker, the past and future weekly payments should be adjusted to ensure the correct weekly payment has been or is paid.

- 2.7.2 Reasonably necessary services for the compensable injury must be approved by the insurer once the need for treatment has been justified in a report or a treatment plan which specifies:
 - the services proposed
 - · the anticipated outcome
 - duration
 - frequency
 - · cost of the service.

The worker's employer is not liable to pay for the cost of any treatment or service provided after the first 48 hours of injury, or related travel expenses without the prior approval of the insurer unless the treatment or service is exempt from the prior approval requirement. Part 3 of these Guidelines describe exemptions from the requirement that workers obtain prior approval for medical and allied health provider or hospital treatments. If there is insufficient or inadequate information upon which to make a soundly based decision, further information should be requested from the treatment provider. Failing this, it may be necessary to obtain an independent opinion. When notifying the treatment provider of approval, the insurer should specify the costs approved, consistent with WorkCover fee schedules where these have been gazetted. Once a plan is approved, the insurer is liable for costs, unless they advise the provider that liability for the services has been declined before the services are provided.

Insurers should make payments to service providers in a timely manner to guarantee continuity of service provision providing pre approval has been given for the service or the service is within the exemption limit – Refer Part 3.

2.8. No Response from the Insurer

If the insurer does not respond to a new claim or a request for a specific benefit under Part 3, Divisions 2, 3 and 5 of the 1987 Act within 21 days, the worker may refer the matter to the WorkCover Customer Service Centre (Centre) on 13 10 50. The Centre will refer the matter (as a level 1 complaint) to the insurer to facilitate a response.

If the insurer does not respond to the worker within 14 days of the referral to the Centre, the worker may take the matter to the WorkCover Independent Review Officer who can subsequently refer the worker to the Independent Legal Advisory Service if they require legal representation.

The worker or worker's representative may also need to refer to the WorkCover Work Capacity Guidelines regarding payment of weekly payments.

2.9. Obligations of Employers and Workers

2.9.1 Obligations of an Injured Worker

An injured worker is obliged to:

- Make reasonable efforts to return to work in pre injury employment or suitable employment.
- Participate and cooperate in the establishment of an injury management plan
- Comply with the obligations imposed on the worker under an injury management plan
- Actively participate and cooperate in workplace / vocational rehabilitation
- Actively seek future employment prospects
- Actively participate and cooperate in assessment for the determination of their capacity for employment.

If a worker has a capacity for work and it is established that the employer cannot provide suitable employment, the worker must then seek suitable employment and/or participate and cooperate with a workplace rehabilitation service if required to obtain suitable employment.

Where a worker cannot return to work either in suitable employment or pre injury employment because of non-work injury related factors, their weekly payments will be calculated as if they were performing employment that they have been assessed as having a capacity to perform.

Section 48A of the 1998 Act provides that if a worker who has current work capacity does not make reasonable efforts to return to work in line with the obligations specified in section 48 of the 1998 Act then the insurer may suspend weekly payments and this may lead to termination of weekly payments.

To ensure a fair process and before proceeding to suspend weekly payments of compensation, the insurer is to explore the reasons for non-compliance and assist the worker to comply with the requirement. The insurer is to take steps to give the worker the opportunity to comply with the requirement and explain to the worker that weekly payments of compensation may be suspended if they do not comply and they will not be entitled to be paid for the period of suspension. In the event of suspension, they will be notified in writing. The notice under section 48A of the 1998 Act will contain:

- the reason for giving the notice; and
- the date weekly payments to the worker will be suspended unless the worker complies with the obligations; and
- the consequences of failing to comply with the notice.

Where an employer fails to provide suitable employment despite being requested to do so by the worker the worker should report the failure to WorkCover on 13 10 50.

2.9.2 Work Capacity Assessment

A work capacity assessment is an assessment of an injured worker's current work capacity. A work capacity assessment can be conducted by an insurer at any time. Refer to WorkCover Work Capacity Guidelines for more information.

2.9.3 Non-participation by the nominated treating doctor

Section 47 of the 1998 Act states that the worker must, when requested to do so by the insurer, nominate as the worker's treating doctor for the purpose of an injury management plan for the worker, a medical practitioner who is prepared to participate in the development of, and in arrangements under, the plan.

If the nominated treating doctor does not reasonably participate in injury management, the insurer is to write to the worker (with a copy to the nominated treating doctor and employer) advising them that if the doctor does not participate, the worker may need to change their nominated treating doctor using the procedure for changing the nominated treating doctor that is stated on the injury management plan. *Reference section 47(6) of the 1998 Act.* The insurer is to ask the worker to show the letter to the doctor and request the doctor to participate. The insurer is to follow this procedure and consider any reasons the worker may have for remaining with the doctor despite the non-participation of the doctor.

2.9.4 Failure by worker to attend medical examination at the direction of the employer

Section 119 of the 1998 Act requires a worker who has given notice of injury to submit to an examination by a medical practitioner, provided and paid by the insurer/employer, if so required. The insurer is to ensure that the worker understands why they are being asked to comply with the requirement, that weekly payments of compensation may be suspended if they do not comply, and that in the event of suspension they will be notified in writing. Such notice must be given in accordance with the WorkCover *Guidelines on independent medical examinations and reports*.

To ensure due process and before proceeding to suspend weekly payments of compensation, the insurer is to explore the reasons for the non-compliance and assist the worker to comply with the requirement.

2.9.5 Obligations of Employers

An employer must provide a worker who has been totally or partially incapacitated for work as a result of injury and is able to return to work whether on a full-time or part-time basis and whether or not to his or her previous employment with suitable employment if requested to do so by the worker – *section 49, 1998 Act.* Failure of an employer to comply with this requirement can result in prosecution or the employer may be issued with an improvement notice by a WorkCover inspector.

The obligation of an employer to provide suitable employment does not apply if:

- (a) it is not reasonably practicable to provide suitable employment, or
- (b) the worker voluntarily left the employment of that employer after the injury happened (whether before or after the commencement of the incapacity for work), or
- (c) the employer terminated the worker's employment after the injury happened, other than for the reason that the worker was not fit for employment as a result of the injury.

2.9.6 Managing Employer Expectations

Decisions on liability, reduction or termination of weekly benefits or declinature of other entitlements, are to be advised to the employer of the injured worker. This is of particular importance where the cost of claim impacts on the employer's premium.

Small employers are unlikely to have knowledge or experience of the workers compensation system and should be provided with additional information e.g WorkCover Brochure, *Employers guide: what to do if an injury occurs*.

2.10. Requests from Employers and Union representatives

Insurers are to respond to requests from union and employer representatives on behalf of their members with appropriate consent from the member.

2.11. Reviewing the Claim

The claim should be reviewed at scheduled review points and when new information is received which may impact on the status and direction of the claim. The injury management plan and claims estimate need to be revised and updated in accordance with any information received.

2.12. Closing a Claim

A claim may be closed when a decision can be made that the worker has no ongoing entitlement to benefits and this decision is not being disputed. Factors to be considered include:

- · worker has achieved optimal return to work and health outcomes
- all payments have been made
- no recovery action is current.

Prior to closing a claim, the worker is to be notified in writing giving the reason for the decision and that the claim may be reopened on receipt of sufficient reasons.

2.13. Re-opening a Claim

A claim can be re-opened after it has been closed for the following reasons:

- recurrence of original injury
- further payments or recoveries
- claim is litigated
- · claims administration.

If a claim is re-opened again other than for administration purposes, a decision on the additional compensation benefits must be determined again within 21 days.

The insurer must also notify the employer within 7 days that a claim made by their worker has been re-opened, unless it is re-opened for administrative purposes.

3. Exemptions from Prior Approval for Medical and Hospital Treatment

3.1 Definitions

This part is the Guideline for exempt medical or hospital treatment and rehabilitation etc under section 60(2A) that describes treatment or service that is exempt from the requirement for prior insurer approval.

In this part the following definitions apply:

- registered practitioner is a health care practitioner registered with the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency and who has no limitations or conditions on their registration.
- insurer has the same meaning as provided in section 42 of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998.*
- nominated treating doctor means the medical practitioner nominated by the injured worker under section 42 of the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998.
- specialist medical practitioner is a medical practitioner recognised as a specialist by the Australian Medical Council and remunerated in accordance with Health Insurance Commission Health Insurance Regulations 1975, Schedule 4, Part 1 at specialist rates under Medicare.
- WorkCover approved practitioner means a registered practitioner or other allied health provider with a WorkCover approval number.
- public hospital service means a service provided in a public hospital as defined in section 59 of the Workers Compensation Act 1987.
- pharmacy items means any medication or article prescribed in accordance with the current Pharmaceutical Benefits Schedule at http://www.pbs.gov.au/pbs/home made pursuant to the Commonwealth Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme.

3.2 Exemptions

The following treatments and services (and related travel expenses) are exempt from the requirement for prior insurer approval.

- 3.2.1 Workers Compensation Commission determination
 - 3.2.1.1 Any treatment or service provided to an injured worker where liability has been initially declined but where the Workers Compensation Commission or subsequently finds for the worker on liability and it is agreed or determined that the treatment or service provided was reasonably necessary.
 - 3.2.1.2 Any treatment or service provided to an injured worker where there is a dispute about reasonably necessary treatment or service and the Workers Compensation Commission has found that the treatment or service provided was reasonably necessary.
- 3.2.2 Registrar's Interim Payment Direction

Any treatment or service provide to an injured worker that is the subject of an Interim Payment Direction by the Registrar (or Delegate) of the Workers Compensation Commission ordering that the medical expenses be paid.

3.2.3 Permanent impairment medical certificate

The obtaining of a permanent impairment medical certificate and any examination required for the certificate taken to be a medical related treatment for the purposes of Division 3 of the Workers Compensation Act 1987 by section 73(1) of that Act.

3.2.4 Nominated treating doctor

Any consultation with the nominated treating doctor in relation to the injury claimed except for consultations for mental health treatment items AA905 and AA910 in current Australian Medical Association List of Medical Services and Fees.

3.2.5 Specialist medical practitioner

The first consultation for the injury with a specialist medical practitioner, including treatment provided within that consultation, on referral by the worker's nominated treating doctor. Following the initial consultation, if a course of treatment is recommended, then this treatment will require prior approval and should be managed through an injury management plan.

3.2.6 Pharmacy

- 3.2.6.1 Pharmacy items prescribed by the nominated treating doctor or specialist medical practitioner for the injury in the first 3 weeks post injury, to a maximum of \$500.
- 3.2.6.2 Pharmacy items excluded from the Pharmaceutical Benefits Schedule to a maximum amount of \$100.

3.2.7 X-Ray

All plain x-rays performed on referral from the nominated treating doctor or specialist medical practitioner in relation to the injury claimed and provided within one week of injury.

3.2.8 Public hospital

Any services provided in public hospitals that are provided by or consequent upon presentation at the hospital's emergency department for the injury claimed that are within one month of the date of injury.

3.2.9 Physiotherapy, Osteopathy or Chiropractic treatment

- 3.2.9.1 The initial consultation and up to a further seven treatment sessions provided by a registered practitioner where:
 - a) The injured worker has not previously received treatment for the injury claimed, or
 - b) The treatment resumes with the same practitioner within a three month period from the last treatment and less than eight treatment sessions were provided originally.
 - c) The treatment resumes with the same practitioner within a three month period under a previously approved plan and deemed as the same episode of care.
- 3.2.9.2 The initial assessment for a new episode of care where a worker ceased treatment more than three months previously and returns for additional treatment for the same injury. The registered practitioner cannot utilise any remaining treatment sessions that may have been approved under the previous episode of care.

3.2.10 Psychology treatment or counselling

- 3.2.10.1 The initial consultation and up to a further five treatment or counselling sessions provided by a WorkCover approved practitioner where:
 - a) The injured worker has not previously received treatment/counselling for the injury claimed, or
 - b) The treatment/counselling resumes with the same practitioner within a three month period from the last treatment and less than six treatment sessions were provided originally.
 - c) The treatment/counselling resumes with the same practitioner within a three month period under a previously approved plan and deemed as the same episode of care.
- 3.2.10.2 The initial assessment for a new episode of care where a worker ceased treatment/counselling more than three months previously and returns for additional treatment/counselling for the same injury. The registered practitioner cannot utilise any remaining treatment/counselling sessions that may have been approved under the previous episode of care.
- 3.2.10.3 The preconditions to be met before the exemption will apply are:
 - a)The psychologist must be WorkCover approved and
 - b)The injured worker's nominated treating doctor or treating specialist medical practitioner who is a psychiatrist must make the referral for treatment.

3.2.11 Remedial Massage

- 3.2.11.1 No more than 5 sessions of remedial massage, where there has been no previous remedial massage therapy for the injury claimed.
- 3.2.11.2 The precondition to be met before the exemption applies is:
 - a)The remedial massage therapist must be WorkCover approved.
- 3.2.12 Hearing needs assessment
 - 3.2.12.1 The initial hearing needs assessment only.
 - 3.2.12.2 The preconditions to be met before the exemption will apply are:
 - a)The hearing service provider must be approved by the Office of Hearing Services and
 - b)The injured worker's nominated treating doctor is to have referred the worker to a treating specialist medical practitioner who is an ear, nose and throat physician to determine that the hearing loss is work-related and that there is binaural hearing loss of 6% or more. The ENT makes the referral for treatment.

Note: Exemptions 3.2.3 to 3.2.12 above only apply where provisional liability for medical expenses or liability for a claim has been accepted.

4. Disputing All or Part of a Claim

4.1. Relevant Legislation and Reasons for Disputing Liability

Section 74 of the 1998 Act applies when the insurer has credible evidence to indicate that they are not liable for all or part of a claim, meaning that they:

- do not commence weekly payments
- cease weekly payments after they have started (see also under Part 5); or
- decline to pay for a service that has been requested.

Note: A section 74 notice is not required when payments are to be reduced as a result of the application of a different rate of compensation after the expiration of an earlier period or incapacity for which a higher rate is payable. In this case, the insurer is to send a letter to the worker advising of the reduction, the new rate, how it is calculated, and the legislative basis for the change.

Note: A section 74 notice is not required to advise a worker of an insurer's work capacity decision.

The reasons for disputing liability may include the evidence the insurer has regarding the liability for the provision of compensation benefits, for example:

- that the worker has not sustained an injury as defined in section 4 of the 1998
 Act
- that the worker is not a worker, as defined in section 4 of the 1998 Act
- that employment is not a substantial contributing factor to the injury as set out in section 9A of the 1987 Act
- that psychological injury was wholly or predominantly caused by reasonable actions of the employer, as set out in section 11A of the 1987 Act
- that a service that has been requested under Part 3, Division 3 of the 1987 Act that is not reasonably necessary or property damage under Division 5 of the 1987 Act that is not compensable
- the incapacity or need for treatment or permanent impairment does not result from the injury.

4.2. Evidence Relevant to the Decision

The insurer must consider all evidence relevant to the claim to which the decision relates, including reports and plans submitted on behalf of the worker and independent reports obtained by the insurer. This evidence may include but is not limited to:

- the claim form
- WorkCover Certificates of Capacity
- · medical reports prepared by treating practitioners and specialists
- treatment plans
- return to work plans
- rehabilitation reports
- · factual/investigative reports
- independent medical reports prepared by a specialist medical practitioner with qualifications relevant to the treatment of the injured worker's injury (refer to WorkCover Guidelines on Independent Medical Examinations and Reports)
- injury management consultant reports
- independent treatment review reports (eg independent physiotherapist consultant).

4.3. Internal Review Before Issuing a Dispute Notice

Before giving notice of a decision to dispute liability on all or part of the claim, the insurer must carry out an internal review of all of the evidence considered in arriving at the decision. This includes reviewing all documents which are relevant to the claim or any aspect of the claim to which the proposed decision to dispute relates.

At a minimum, the review is to be conducted by someone other than the person recommending the proposed decision and, by someone with requisite expertise, eg Technical Advisor or Senior Claims Supervisor. The reviewer(s) must have comprehensive knowledge of the legislation as it applies to the matter in dispute and the issues arising from it. Where a self-insurer or specialised insurer does not have a person within their organisation who can review the decision, this review may be undertaken by a person external to the organisation with the requisite knowledge and expertise.

4.4. Requirements for a Notice Disputing Liability

Section 74 of the 1998 Act requires an insurer who disputes liability in respect of a claim or any aspect of a claim, to give notice of the dispute to the worker and adhere to the requirements for the notice of dispute. All matters in dispute at that time must be given in this notice. Clause 43 of the *Workers Compensation Regulation 2010* (the Regulation) provides additional information to be included in a section 74 notice.

An insurer must comply with the requirements in section 74 and clause 43. Any defect in a notice should be corrected as soon as it comes to the insurer's attention.

Where a decision to dispute liability includes a decision on liability for weekly payments the insurer must ensure they provide to the worker the required period of notice. *Refer section 54 (2) (b)*.

A decision to dispute liability should not be made lightly.

A section 74 notice will identify the issues that may be referred to the Workers Compensation Commission (WCC) for determination and must therefore be prepared by a responsible officer who has a detailed knowledge of the worker's claim and the legislation. The notice should only be prepared after a comprehensive and detailed consideration of the factual and legal issues in the claim.

A section 74 notice must:

- contain a concise and readily understandable statement of the reason the insurer disputes liability and of the issues relevant to the decision (indicating, in the case of a claim for compensation, any provision of the workers compensation legislation on which the insurer relies to dispute liability);
- contain a statement identifying all the reports and documents submitted by the worker in making the claim for compensation
 - This refers to relevant information received by the insurer from the worker or on the worker's behalf in support of the worker's claim. It also includes information obtained from the worker pursuant to an obligation under section 71 of the 1998 Act to comply with any reasonable request by the insurer to furnish specified information (in addition to information furnished in the claim form)
- contain a statement identifying all the medical reports and other reports
 obtained by the insurer referred in clause 46 of the Regulation with attached
 copies of all reports relevant to the claim or any aspect of the claim to which the
 decision relates, whether or not the reports support the reasons for the decision

- state that the worker has the right to request a review of the claim by the insurer
 - Section 287A of the 1998 Act provides the worker with an opportunity to request the insurer to review the decision to dispute the claim or any aspect of the claim at any time before an application for dispute resolution is lodged with the WCC. When a request for review is made, the claim must be reviewed by the insurer and a response made within 14 days after the request is made. A request is taken to have been made when it is first received by an insurer. Note: A request for review under section 287A cannot be made for a work capacity decision of the insurer. The statement in the notice must describe the procedure for requesting a review and indicate that the worker may raise further issues and introduce further supporting evidence when seeking the review. The notice must also include a statement advising the worker that this extra information must be provided if the worker is to include it in any application for dispute resolution referred to the WCC.
 - The optional review must be carried out in accordance with the insurer's complaints and disputes management model. At a minimum, the review is to be conducted by someone other than the person who has made the original decision and by someone with requisite expertise, e.g. technical advisor or senior claims supervisor. The reviewer(s) must have comprehensive knowledge of the legislation as it applies to the matter in dispute and the issues arising from it.
 - Where a self-insurer or specialised insurer does not have a person within their organisation who can review the decision, this review may be undertaken by a person external to the organisation with the requisite knowledge and expertise. The response will either be to accept the worker's claim or issue a new dispute review notice (see Clause 5 below).
 - The request for an optional review of a dispute notice does not constitute a stay of the decision to dispute liability. The worker may separately contact the insurer to seek clarification of the notice or correction of a defect. A standard form for requesting the review is to be attached to the dispute notice. (See Appendix 1)
- state that the worker can seek advice or assistance from the WorkCover Customer Service Centre (which includes the WorkCover Claims Assistance Service) on 13 10 50 or from their trade union or from a lawyer
- state that the worker can refer the dispute for determination by the WCC.
 - Where the insurer has referred or proposes to refer the dispute for determination by the WCC, the notice must also include a statement to that effect, specifying the date of referral or proposed referral.
- Provide the street and email address of the Registrar of the Commission (compensation claims) or the Registrar of the District Court (work injury damages disputes).

4.5. Dispute Review Notice

If the insurer continues to dispute the claim following a request for internal review, they must issue a further dispute notice. The content of this dispute notice must comply with the requirements of section 74. Any **further reports**

that have come into the possession of the insurer and that are relevant to the review decision are to be attached. The notice can refer to and rely on the content of the original section 74 notice and attachments, provided they remain applicable. Information and documents relevant to the dispute review decision are also to be attached, unless already provided.

The worker may request more than one review.

4.6. Section 74 template Headings

- 1. Reasons and Issues in Disputing Liability.
- 2. Reports and Documents submitted by the Worker.
- 3. Reports and Documents considered in the Decision.
- 4. Request for Review of the Decision.
- 5. Where to seek assistance.
- 6. Where to refer for Determination of the Dispute

5. Terminating or Reducing Weekly Payments of Compensation

5.1. Relevant Legislation and Reasons for Terminating or Reducing Payments of Weekly Compensation

Section 54 of the 1987 Act applies if a worker:

 has received weekly payments of compensation for a continuous period of at least 12 weeks

The insurer shall not discontinue payment or reduce the amount, of the compensation during the required period of notice specified in section 54 (2) (a) or (b).

Failure to give the required period of notice under section 54 of the 1987 Act by the insurer or employer is an offence rendering the insurer liable for prosecution under section 54(1) and also liable to the worker to pay the amount of compensation that would have been payable had the prescribed period been properly observed.

The reasons for terminating or reducing payments may include:

- on the basis of any reassessment by the insurer of the entitlement to weekly payments resulting from a work capacity assessment
- · if the insurer disputes liability for the claim.

Note: A section 54 notice is not required when payments are to be reduced as a result of the application of a different rate of compensation after the expiration of an earlier period or incapacity for which a higher rate is payable. In this case, the insurer is to send a letter to the worker advising of the reduction, the new rate, how it is calculated, and the legislative basis for the change.

5.2. Evidence Relevant to the Decision

Evidence relevant to the decision about terminating or reducing payments on the basis of a reassessment by the insurer of the entitlement to weekly payments resulting from a work capacity assessment will be as specified in the WorkCover Work Capacity Guideline.

Evidence relevant to the decision where the decision is about terminating or reducing payments on the basis of disputing liability for the claim will be as specified in Part 4, clause 4.2 of these Guidelines.

5.3. Internal Review Before Issuing a Notice to Terminate or Reduce Weekly Payments of Compensation

Before giving notice of the decision to terminate or reduce weekly payments of compensation, the insurer must carry out a review of all the evidence considered in arriving at the proposed decision. This includes reviewing all documents which are relevant to the claim or any aspect of the claim to which the proposed or recommended decision to terminate or reduce relates. At a minimum, the review is to be conducted by someone other than the person who has made the original recommendation and by someone with requisite expertise, e.g. Technical Advisor or Senior Claims Supervisor. The reviewer(s) must have comprehensive knowledge of the legislation as it applies to the decision and the issues arising from it. Where a self-insurer or specialised insurer does not have a person within their organisation who can review the decision, this review may be undertaken by a person external to the organisation with the requisite knowledge and expertise.

5.4. Requirements for a Notice to Terminate or Reduce Weekly Payments of Compensation

Section 54 of the 1987 Act provides that if an insurer intends to terminate or reduce weekly compensation, they must first give notice of intention to reduce or terminate payments to the worker.

Where the insurer's decision is about terminating or reducing payments on the basis of a reassessment by the insurer of the entitlement to weekly payments resulting from a work capacity assessment an insurer must comply with the required period of notice specified in section 54 (2) (a) of the 1987 Act and inclusions in the notice specified in the WorkCover Work Capacity Guideline.

Section 54 requires that workers should be notified 3 clear months prior to having their payments changed. As section 54(4) of the 1987 Act requires the insurer to give notice personally or by post, the postal service rule is automatically invoked. The postal service rule (Section 76(1)(b) of the Interpretation Act 1987) requires an additional 4 working days notice to be provided after the notice was posted.

Any defect in a notice should be corrected as soon as it comes to the insurer's attention.

Where the insurer is disputing liability for the payment of weekly payments the insurer should complete a section 74 notice as specified in Part 4 of these Guidelines and ensure that they have given the required period of notice in line with section 54 (2) (b) of the 1987 Act.

6. Making and Handling a Claim for Lump Sum Compensation

For claims made on or after 19 June 2012, to be eligible for lump sum compensation under section 66 of the 1987 Act a worker must have sustained an injury, as defined in section 4 of the 1998 Act that resulted in permanent impairment greater than 10% - refer section 66 (1) of the 1987 Act. From 19 June 2012, only one claim can be made under the 1987 Act for permanent impairment compensation that results from an injury – refer section 66 (1A) of the 1987 Act - and there can be only one medical assessment of degree of permanent impairment in the Workers Compensation Commission for the purposes of a claim for permanent impairment compensation, commutation or work injury damages claim – refer section 322A of the 1998 Act.

In Goudappel v ADCO Constructions Pty Ltd (2013) NSWCA 94, 29 April 2013, the New South Wales Court of Appeal ruled that the changes applying to workers compensation claims from 19 June 2012 introduced by the Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2012 do not apply to claims for compensation made before 19 June 2012. Unless and until that decision is overturned on appeal, claims that were made before 19 June 2012 and that result in permanent impairment are to be managed in accordance with evidence based decision making practices as in place prior to the 2012 amendments.

6.1. Minimum Information Required for a Worker to Initiate a Claim

For claims made on or after 19 June 2012, a permanent impairment claim form is required if a worker is initiating a claim for permanent impairment related to an injury under section 66 in respect of the injury. For these claims, a claim for compensation (weeklies and medical etc expenses) does not equate to a claim for lump sum compensation.

6.2. Relevant Particulars about a Claim.

(Refer to section 282 of the 1998 Act).

The claim must include relevant particulars about the claim.

- 6.2.1 For injuries pre 1 January 2002:
 - the injury received (as identified in claim for workers compensation. If no claim for compensation has been made, it will be necessary to separately make such a claim)
 - all impairments arising from the injury
 - · the amount of loss as measured by the Table of Disabilities
 - any previous injury or any pre-existing condition or abnormality, to which any proportion of an impairment is or may be due (whether or not it is an injury for which compensation has been paid or is payable under Division 4 of Part 3 of the 1987 Act)
 - details of all previous employment to the nature of which the injury is or may be due
 - information as to whether or not the degree of impairment resulting from the injury is permanent
 - a medical report supporting the amount of loss claimed.
- 6.2.2 For injuries from 1 January 2002:
 - the injury received, as identified in claim for workers compensation. If no claim for compensation has been made, it will be necessary to separately make such a claim
 - · all impairments arising from the injury
 - whether the condition has reached maximum medical improvement

- the amount of whole person impairment assessed in accordance with the WorkCover Guides for the evaluation of permanent impairment
- a medical report completed in accordance with the WorkCover Guides for the evaluation of permanent impairment by a medical specialist with qualifications and training relevant to the body system being assessed who has been trained in the WorkCover Guides
- If there is more than one impairment that requires assessment by different medical specialists, one specialist must be nominated as lead assessor and determine the final amount of whole person impairment
- if the claim is for permanent impairment of hearing, a copy of the audiogram used by the medical specialist in preparing the report that accompanies the claim.

6.3. Employer Action on Receipt of a Claim for Permanent Impairment

Within 7 days after an employer receives a claim, the employer must send the claim to the insurer responsible for covering the worker for compensation. From then on, if the insurer requests more information, the employer must respond within 7 days of receiving the request with all information that is reasonably obtainable. The employer must also forward to the insurer within 7 days of receipt any documentation the employer receives in respect of the claim. Reference section 264 (1) and (2) of the 1998 Act.

Failure by the employer to forward the information to the insurer within 7 days, where the information is in the employer's possession or reasonably obtainable, renders the employer liable for prosecution under section 264 (1) of the 1998 Act.

6.4. Insurer Action on Receipt of a Claim for Permanent Impairment

Reference section 281 of the 1998 Act.

When an insurer receives a claim for permanent impairment the insurer must determine the claim by the latest date of either:

- (a) within 1 month after the degree of permanent impairment first becomes fully ascertainable, as agreed by the parties or as determined by an approved medical specialist; or
- (b) within 2 months after the claimant has provided to the insurer all relevant particulars about the claim

For (a) above, 'fully ascertainable as agreed by the parties' means that:

- the claimant has reached maximum medical improvement
- the medical report has been prepared by a WorkCover trained assessor of permanent impairment in accordance with the WorkCover Guides for the evaluation of permanent impairment
- the medical report has been provided to the insurer
- the level of permanent impairment (as per the medical report) is agreed by the insurer.

Claim to be determined within 1 month from the receipt of the report.

For (b) above the following applies:

• If the insurer considers the report is not in accordance with the WorkCover Guides the insurer advises the injured worker within 2 weeks of receipt of the claim that further information is required and seeks clarification from the author, with a copy of the request sent to the injured worker's legal representative. If the required information is not forthcoming within 10 working days the insurer arranges an independent medical examination or applies to the Workers Compensation Commission for an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment.

 The insurer will determine the worker's entitlements and advise the worker within 2 months from the date of the examination of the worker or within 1 month of receiving that report, whichever is the earlier.

Referrals for an independent medical examination are only to be made when one or more of the questions outlined in "reasons for referral" on page 5 of the *Guidelines on Independent Medical Examinations and Reports* are sought.

The offer of payment to the injured worker must be in accordance with a properly completed report by a trained assessor of permanent impairment. When an offer is made it should be accompanied by the medical report on which this offer is based, see also clause 6.7 in relation to a "complying agreement".

If the claim is served on the insurer, the insurer must notify the employer that a claim has been made within 2 working days.

If the insurer cannot find a current policy that covers a claim within 7 days after the claim is made, then the insurer is to either:

- contact the employer, and the person who made the claim, and request more
 information in order to identify the policy. If the policy still cannot be identified, then
 the insurer is to inform the employer and the person who made the claim that the
 insurer is not the current insurer. The insurer must then refer the claim to the
 WorkCover Customer Service Centre; or
- pass the claim to the current insurer, if the identity of the current insurer can be determined and notify the worker in writing.

6.5. No Response from the Insurer

If the insurer does not respond to a claim for permanent impairment within 2 months, the worker may refer the matter to WorkCover's Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50. The Centre will refer the matter (as a level 1 complaint) to the insurer to facilitate a response.

If the insurer does not respond to the worker within 14 days of the referral to the Centre, the worker may take the matter to the WorkCover Independent Review Officer who can subsequently refer the worker to the Independent Legal Advisory Service if they require legal representation.

6.6. Insurer Accepts a Claim for Permanent Impairment

If the insurer is satisfied with the claim made, and the level of impairment properly assessed in accordance with the WorkCover Guides for the evaluation of permanent impairment (for injuries from 1 January 2002), there may be no need to obtain further assessments and an offer of payment may be made to the worker in accordance with section 66 of the 1987 Act.

Any payment for permanent impairment is to be in accordance with the level of permanent impairment assessed by a trained assessor of permanent impairment in accordance with the WorkCover Guides for the evaluation of permanent impairment (for injuries from 1 January 2002).

The offer needs to set out:

- the date of the injury
- the injury to which the offer relates
- the amount of the offer or extent of pre-existing condition or abnormality, if any
- the reports and documents relied upon in making the offer

- the reports and documents served and relied upon by the worker in support of the claim (the worker is limited to this information in any application for dispute resolution lodged with the WCC, except where the worker was not legally represented at the relevant time or where additional information is provided in further correspondence prior to referral to the WCC)
- a statement that if the offer is not accepted, the worker can:
 - contact the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50
 - o seek assistance from the worker's union or lawyer
 - apply to the Registrar for determination by the WCC one month after the offer is made (including the postal and email address of the Registrar).
- a statement that the matters that may be referred to the WCC are limited to matters notified in writing between the parties concerning the offer of settlement.

Copies of the reports and documents relied upon by the insurer in the making of the offer must be attached to the written advice of the offer to the worker. If the insurer is of the opinion that supplying the worker with a copy of a medical report would pose a serious threat to the life or health of the worker or any other person, the insurer may instead supply the medical report to a medical practitioner nominated by the worker for that purpose.

Where the outcome of the assessment of permanent impairment is less than 11% permanent impairment the insurer is to issue a notice under section 74 of the 1998 Act – refer to Part 4 of these Guidelines.

6.7. Complying Agreements

Reference section 66A of the 1987 Act.

Prior to making a payment to the worker for permanent impairment under section 66 of the 1987 Act the insurer must be satisfied that a worker has obtained independent legal advice, or for claims made after 19 June 2013 waived the right to obtain independent legal advice, before entering into the complying agreement. The following details must be included in a complying agreement:

- degree of permanent impairment
- medical report(s) relied on to assess the degree of permanent impairment
- amount of compensation payable in respect of degree of permanent impairment
- date of agreement
- certification by insurer that it is satisfied that the worker has obtained independent legal advice or has waived the right to obtain independent legal advice.
- If the worker has waived the right to obtain legal advice the agreement must also include acknowledgement by the worker that the worker is aware:
 - they can only make one claim for permanent impairment compensation in respect of the permanent impairment that results from an injury. Refer section 66 (1A) of the 1987 Act

- o the permanent impairment that is assessed and agreed constitutes a claim being made and determined for the purposes of section 66 (1A).
- compensation paid for permanent impairment less than 15% will mean the worker cannot claim for work injury damages. Refer section 314 (3) of the 1998 Act

The complying agreement may be contained in one or more documents which must be kept on the insurer's file.

6.8. Insurer Disputes Liability for the Claim

If an insurer disputes liability in respect of a claim for permanent impairment, the insurer must issue a section 74 Notice in accordance with Part 4 of these guidelines.

7. Making and Handling a Claim for Work Injury Damages

7.1. General

A claim for work injury damages (WID) must meet two criteria:

- the work injury is a result of the negligence of the employer
- the work injury resulted in at least 15 percent permanent impairment.

A claim for WID can only be made where a claim for lump sum compensation for the work injury has been made pursuant to section 66 of the 1987 Act. The claim under section 66 must be made before or at the same time as the claim for WID. Reference section 280A of the 1998 Act.

Before a worker is entitled to claim for work injury damages the degree of permanent impairment must have been assessed to be at least 15 percent and the permanent impairment benefit must have been paid. The assessment of permanent impairment must have been made in accordance with the WorkCover *Guides for the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment*. Reference sections 313, 314, 322 and 280B of the 1998 Act and section 151H of the 1987 Act.

7.2. Particulars of the Claim and Evidence Relied Upon

To make a claim for WID the worker must provide particulars about the claim and the evidence to be relied upon. This must include:

- details of the injury to the worker caused by the negligence or other tort of the employer
- degree of assessed permanent impairment
- evidence of the negligent act/s of the employer
- economic loss that is being claimed as damages. Reference section 282 of the 1998 Act.

7.3. Where Whole Person Impairment not Fully Ascertainable

Court proceedings for WID must be commenced within 3 years after the date on which the injury was received. *Reference section 151D of the 1987 Act*.

Where this time limit is reached but the permanent impairment for the injured worker is not fully ascertainable, the worker should make a claim for WID setting out the particulars of the claim and the evidence to be relied upon as per clause 7.2 above, with the exception of the degree of assessed permanent impairment.

7.4. Employer Action on Receipt of a Claim for Work Injury Damages

The employer must send the claim to the responsible insurer within 7 days of receipt. If the insurer requests more information the employer must also respond within 7 days of receiving the request with all information that is reasonably obtainable. The employer must also forward any documents received in respect of the claim to the insurer within 7 days of receipt. Reference section 264 (1) and (2) of the 1998 Act.

7.5. Insurer Action on Receipt of a Claim for Work Injury Damages

The insurer is to determine the claim:

within 1 month of the permanent impairment being fully ascertainable; or

 within 2 months after all relevant particulars have been supplied, whichever is the later.

The insurer is to determine the claim by:

- accepting liability and making a reasonable offer of settlement; or
- · disputing liability.

The insurer is to notify the worker of the determination.

This notification is to include whether or not the insurer accepts that the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker resulting from the work injury is sufficient for an award of damages.

Where liability is disputed the insurer is to issue a notice pursuant to section 74 of the 1998 Act in accordance with the requirements of Part 3 of these Guidelines.

Where liability is accepted and an offer of settlement is made it is to specify an amount of damages or a manner of determining an amount of damages.

Where only partial liability for the claim is accepted the offer is to include details sufficient to ascertain the extent to which liability is accepted. *Reference section 281 of the 1998 Act*.

7.6. Resolution of Dispute about Degree of Whole Person Impairment

If an insurer does not agree that the worker has at least 15 percent permanent impairment the matter is to be resolved by an application to resolve the dispute at the WCC. This will be referred directly to an approved medical specialist (AMS). The AMS will make an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment and this assessment will be conclusively presumed to be correct. *Reference sections 313 and 314 of the 1998 Act*.

7.7. Requirement for Pre-Filing Statement before Commencing Court Proceedings

Before a worker can commence court proceedings for the recovery of work injury damages, the worker must serve on the employer or the insurer a pre-filing statement (PFS) setting out the particulars of the claim and the evidence that the worker will rely on to establish or support the claim.

The PFS cannot be served unless:

- the person on whom the claim is made wholly disputes liability for the claim; or
- the person on whom the claim is made has made an offer of settlement to the claimant, pursuant to the determination of the claim and when required by section 281 of the 1998 Act and one month has elapsed since the offer was made; or
- the person on whom the claim is made has failed to determine the claim as and when required by section 281 of the 1998 Act.

The PFS is to consist of a copy of the statement of claim intended to be filed in the court and is to include as attachments the information and other documents required by the Workers Compensation Acts and Workers Compensation Commission Rules including the certificate issued by an AMS or notification of acceptance that the work injury has resulted in a degree of permanent impairment of at least 15 percent. *Reference section 315 of the 1998 Act*.

7.8. Insurer Action on Receipt of a Pre-Filing Statement

The insurer must respond to the PFS within 28 days after the PFS is received by:

- accepting or denying liability (wholly or in part)
- if the insurer does not accept liability, serving on the worker a pre-filing defence (PFD), setting out all particulars of the defence and evidence that the insurer will rely on in order to defend the claim (as the Workers Compensation Commission Rules may require).

If the insurer fails to respond to the PFS within 42 days the worker can commence court proceedings for the recovery of work injury damages and does not have to refer the dispute for mediation. *Reference section 316 of the 1998 Act*.

If the PFS is defective the insurer must advise the worker within 7 days of receipt and include in the advice to the worker how the worker can fix the defect. If there is a dispute as to whether the PFS is defective this may be referred to the Registrar of the WCC for determination. *Reference section 317 of the 1998 Act*.

7.9. Mediation

Before a worker can commence court proceedings the claim must be referred for mediation except as stated above in clause 7.8. This cannot happen until 28 days after the PFS has been served on the insurer. The worker must apply to the WCC for mediation.

The insurer may only decline to participate in the mediation if liability for the claim is wholly disputed. *Reference section 318A of the 1998 Act*.

The mediator will attempt to bring the parties to agreement for the matter, so that court proceedings will not be necessary. If the mediator cannot bring the parties to agreement the mediator will issue a certificate certifying the final offers of settlement made by the parties in the mediation. *Reference section 318B of the 1998 Act*.

If mediation is not successful the offers made at the mediation are not to be disclosed to the court in any subsequent court proceedings. *Reference section 318E of the 1998 Act*.

7.10. Commencing Court Proceedings

Court proceedings may commence when:

- a worker has served a PFS on the insurer; and
 - o the insurer has failed to respond to the PFS within 42 days; or
 - the insurer has wholly disputed liability and declined to participate in mediation and the mediator has issued a certificate to this effect; or
 - mediation has taken place but has not been successful and the mediator has issued a certificate to this effect.

If court proceedings commence all parties are limited to the matters raised in the PFS and the PFD and to the reports and other evidence disclosed in those statements except by leave of the court. Additionally, where an insurer fails to respond to the PFS within 42 days the insurer cannot dispute liability for the claim. *Reference Section 318 of the 1998 Act.*

Appendix 1 - Application For Review By Insurer

This is an application form to request the review of a decision made to dispute a workers compensation claim (or any aspect of a claim). This application is made under section 287A of the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998.

Insurer/Scheme Agent Claim number Requested by: worker worker's representative dependant dependant's representative Name Address Phone number Mobile number Fax number Decision to be Reviewed Decision referred to in the notice under sections 74 or 287A of the Workplace Injur Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 (please specify date of notice) Please identify the decision that you are requesting the insurer review: Iliability for the injury medical expenses amount of weekly payments property damage other (please specify) Reasons for Seeking the Review Please provide: reasons in support of your application any further information which supports your reasons for requesting the review	Worker's na	ame
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Please provide: reasons in support of your application	o other (pleas	se specify)
Please provide: reasons in support of your application		
reasons in support of your application		7
	•	
any further information which supports your reasons for requesting the review.		
	• any furth	ier information which supports your reasons for requesting the review.

Additional Reports or Documents Please list and provide copies of all further information, reports and documents in support of this application for review.
Important
If you have any new or additional matters that you want the insurer to consider, these must be raised with, and copies of relevant documents provided to the insurer, as part of this application. Should you later wish to dispute the decision at the Workers Compensation Commission, you must have supplied all information for consideration. The Workers Compensation Commission will not allow introduction of any information not previously considered by the insurer. The Workers Compensation Commission is limited to consideration of matters notified in the final dispute notice or in this application (reference section 289 of the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998).
Signed: (worker or representative)
Dated:



WorkCover Work Capacity Guidelines

Workers Compensation Act 1987
Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998

I, Julie Newman, the Chief Executive Officer of the WorkCover Authority of New South Wales, under section 376 (1) of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act* 1998 and section 44A of the *Workers Compensation Act* 1987, issue the following guidelines.

Dated this fourth day of October 2013.

Julie Newman PSM

Chief Executive Officer

WorkCover Authority



Work Capacity Guidelines

Instructions and guidance to insurers regarding the appropriate and consistent application of work capacity assessments, decisions and reviews.

These Guidelines come into effect on 11 October 2013.

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1. Introduction

In June 2012 the Government introduced changes to the NSW worker's compensation system. The changes are focussed on encouraging and assisting injured workers to stay at work as part of their rehabilitation wherever possible, or to support their safe return to employment. The changes also reduce the impact of injury on workers and their families. The changes provide better financial support for seriously injured workers and assist employers to meet their return to work commitments. The concept of a work capacity assessment was introduced as an important part of return to work planning and determination of entitlement to weekly payments.

These changes were introduced in the *Workers Compensation Legislation*Amendment Act 2012 (referred to as 'the 2012 Amendment Act') passed by

Parliament on 22 June 2012 and assented on 27 June 2012. The 2012

Amendment Act amended the Workers Compensation Act 1987 (referred to as 'the 1987 Act') and the Workplace Injury Management and Workers

Compensation Act 1998 (referred to as 'the 1998 Act').

1.1. Purpose

This document provides instructions and guidance to insurers regarding the appropriate and consistent application of work capacity assessments and decisions in the NSW workers compensation system. It also explains the process for the review of work capacity decisions when this is requested by a worker, including matters concerning the following specific sections of *the 1987 Act*:

- Section 38 Special requirements for continuation of weekly payments after second entitlement period (after 130 weeks)
- Section 43 Work capacity decisions by insurers
- Section 44 Review of work capacity decisions
- Section 44A Work capacity assessment
- Section 44B Evidence as to work capacity

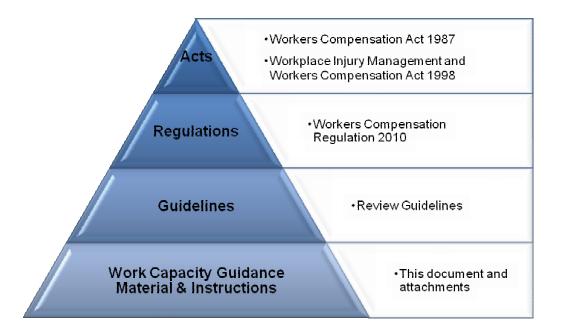
The work capacity assessments provisions do not apply to those workers whose claims are excluded, including police officers, paramedics and fire-fighters, people injured working in or around coal mines, volunteer bush fire fighters, emergency and rescue service volunteers, people with a dust disease claim under the *Workers Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942*, or workers who currently receive weekly payments as a result of an injury under the *1926 Act*. Seriously injured workers, as defined by section 32A of the *1987 Act* are not required to undergo a work capacity assessment unless the worker requests it and the insurer considers such an assessment appropriate.

These guidance materials and instructions apply to all claims from the date they are published in the NSW Government Gazette.

1.2. Legislative framework

These guidance materials and instructions are to be read in conjunction with, and in light of, the legislative framework governing work capacity certificates, assessments, decisions and reviews as contained in the relevant legislation and delegated legislation including

- the 1987 Act
- the 1998 Act
- the Workers Compensation Regulation 2010 (referred to as 'the Regulation')
- Guidelines for work capacity decision internal reviews by insurers and merit reviews by the Authority (referred to as 'the Review Guidelines') as gazetted.



2. Guiding principles

2.1. A focus on facilitating the worker's capacity for work

Work promotes recovery, reduces the risk of long-term disability and loss of employment, and improves quality of life and wellbeing. An integrated and multi-disciplinary approach to injury management supports the worker to stay at work as part of their rehabilitation wherever possible, and participate in opportunities to improve their capacity for employment.

It is essential that all relevant parties work together. Early development of clear return to work goals, the injury management plan, and regular reviews of the plan are important elements to support the worker's rehabilitation.

2.2. Effective communication throughout the life of the claim

Transparent and effective communication from notification of an injury onwards can help to set clear expectations regarding the roles and responsibilities of the worker, insurer, employer and medical and other service providers.

The implementation of this claims management approach and any associated decisions must include plain language communication and be considerate of the worker's and employer's primary language, cultural background and literacy skills.

Communication issues and difficulties should be promptly addressed to ensure expectations are aligned and to minimise the risk of disputes.

2.3. Soundly based decisions

All decisions made in relation to the worker's recovery and work capacity should be timely, informed and evidence based. Decisions should be made and communicated in a transparent and robust manner free from preference and prejudice ensuring that effective outcomes are achieved and due process is followed.

The insurer must use a sound decision-making model that includes appropriate controls and review processes aligned with the *General Insurance Code of Practice* incorporating a quality assurance and continuous improvement framework.

When making internal review decisions and notifying workers of those decisions, any requirements established by *the 1987 Act* and the *Review Guidelines* must also be satisfied.

2.4. A tailored approach

Work capacity assessments should be tailored to the worker. An understanding of the worker's circumstances and their injury ensures the right approach at the right time.

3. WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity

(1987 Act: S.44B)

From 1 October 2012, the *WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity* (catalogue no. WC01300) replaces the WorkCover medical certificate as the primary tool for the nominated treating doctor or treating specialist to communicate with all parties involved in the return to work process.

The certificate of capacity is attached at section 8.1

The nominated treating doctor or treating specialist is responsible for completing the certificate of capacity. The *Information for medical practitioners completing the WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity* provides further detail regarding the certificate.

The certificate of capacity is one of the many sources of information used to help inform a tailored approach to injury management and return to work planning for each worker.

The worker is responsible for providing a completed certificate of capacity to the employer and the insurer to be eligible for weekly payments.

4. Work capacity assessment

(1987 Act: S.32A, S.44A)

A work capacity assessment is an assessment conducted by the insurer of a worker's current work capacity in accordance with section 44A of *the 1987 Act*.

current work capacity, in relation to a worker, is defined in section 32A of the 1987 Act as:

"a present inability arising from an injury such that the worker is not able to return to his or her pre-injury employment but is able to return to work in suitable employment."

A work capacity assessment undertaken by the insurer is a review of the worker's functional, vocational and medical status and helps to inform decisions by the insurer about the worker's ability to return to work in his or her pre-injury employment or suitable employment with the pre-injury employer, or at another place of employment.

The insurer may conduct a work capacity assessment at any stage throughout the life of a claim. This can be an ongoing process of assessment and reassessment that commences on notification of a workplace injury and continues as needed during the life of the claim.

suitable employment, in relation to a worker, is defined in Section 32A of the 1987 Act as:

"employment in work for which the worker is currently suited:

- (a) having regard to:
 - (i) the nature of the worker's incapacity and the details provided in medical information including, but not limited to, any certificate of capacity supplied by the worker (under section 44B), and
 - (ii) the worker's age, education, skills and work experience, and
 - (iii) any plan or document prepared as part of the return to work planning process, including an injury management plan under Chapter 3 of the 1998 Act, and
 - (iv) any occupational rehabilitation services that are being, or have been, provided to or for the worker, and
 - (v) such other matters as the WorkCover Guidelines may specify, and
- (b) regardless of
 - (i) whether the work or employment is available, and
 - (ii) whether the work or the employment is of a type or nature that is generally available in the employment market, and
 - (iii) the nature of the worker's pre-injury employment, and
 - (iv) the worker's place of residence"

A work capacity assessment considers all available information which may include, but is not limited to:

- reports from the treating doctor, treating specialist or other allied health professionals
- WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity
- independent medical reports
- injury management consultant reports
- the worker's self report of their abilities and any other information from the worker
- the injury management plan
- reports from a workplace rehabilitation provider such as workplace assessment reports, return to work plans, functional capacity evaluation reports, vocational assessment report, work trial documents, job seeking logs, activities of daily living assessments, etc
- information from the employer such as documents relating to return to work planning
- information obtained and documented on the insurer's claim file.

4.1 Evaluation appointments

Referrals to a medical practitioner, workplace rehabilitation provider or other relevant party for an evaluation may be needed as part of the assessment if the information on the claim file is incomplete. This information from third party service providers will then form part of the body of evidence considered in the insurer's work capacity assessment.

As provided by section 44A of *the 1987 Act*, the worker must attend and participate in any evaluation required as part of the work capacity assessment.

The worker is to be advised of the details of any evaluation appointment(s) in writing at least 10 working days before the appointment, unless a shorter time is required because of exceptional and unavoidable circumstances and agreed to by the parties. The notice that the worker is required to attend an evaluation should also inform the worker that failure to attend or properly participate in an evaluation appointment may result in suspension of weekly payments until the evaluation has taken place.

If a worker has a reasonable excuse for not attending and participating in an evaluation, the suspension of weekly payments should be delayed pending attendance at a subsequent appointment. Whether or not a worker has a reasonable excuse would need to be determined on a case by case basis - relevant factors could include any previous failure(s) to attend and properly participate in an evaluation appointment.

Where a worker has provided a reasonable excuse for not attending and participating in an evaluation, a notice should be sent to the worker advising of

the new evaluation and warning that failure to attend and to properly participate will result in the suspension of weekly payments.

Where it is reported that the worker has not properly participated in the evaluation, suspension should be delayed pending the sending of a notice to the worker requiring attendance at a further assessment and providing a warning that any further failure to properly participate will result in immediate suspension of weekly payments.

4.2 Timing of a work capacity assessment

A work capacity assessment may be conducted at any stage throughout the life of a claim.

At a minimum, the insurer must commence a review of the worker's capacity for work once the worker has received a cumulative total of 78 weeks of weekly payments.

If a worker has an ongoing entitlement to weekly payments beyond 130 weeks, the insurer must conduct a work capacity assessment at least once every two years after this point, until such time as the worker's entitlement ceases.

4.3 Work capacity assessments and seriously injured workers

Work capacity assessments must not be conducted for a seriously injured worker unless the worker requests it. If a seriously injured worker requests an assessment for example, to assist with return to work planning, the insurer must decide whether or not it is appropriate considering the worker's circumstances.

Section 32A of the 1987 Act defines a seriously injured worker as

"a worker whose injury has resulted in permanent impairment and:

- (a) the degree of permanent impairment has been assessed for the purposes of Division 4 to be more than 30%, or
- (b) the degree of permanent impairment has not been assessed because an approved medical specialist has declined to make an assessment until satisfied that the impairment is permanent and the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable, or
- (c) the insurer is satisfied that the degree of permanent impairment is likely to be more than 30%."

5. Work capacity decision

(1987 Act: S.43)

A work capacity decision is a specific type of decision by the insurer which is defined in section 43 of *the 1987 Act*.

Work capacity decisions by insurers are decisions defined in section 43 of the 1987 Act as:

- "(a) a decision about a worker's current work capacity,
- (b) a decision about what constitutes suitable employment for a worker,
- (c) a decision about the amount an injured worker is able to earn in suitable employment,
- (d) a decision about the amount of an injured worker's pre-injury average weekly earnings or current weekly earnings,
- (e) a decision about whether a worker is, as a result of injury, unable without substantial risk of further injury to engage in employment of a certain kind because of the nature of that employment,
- (f) any other decision of an insurer that affects a worker's entitlement to weekly payments of compensation, including a decision to suspend, discontinue or reduce the amount of the weekly payments of compensation payable to a worker on the basis of any decision referred to in paragraphs (a)–(e).

The following are not work capacity decisions:

- (a) a decision to dispute liability for weekly payments of compensation,
- (b) a decision that can be the subject of a medical dispute under Part 7 of Chapter 7 of the 1998 Act"

A work capacity decision is a discrete decision that may be made at any point in time and can be about any one of the factors described in section 43(1), such as the worker's capacity to earn in suitable employment. This is different to a work capacity assessment which is a review process that may or may not lead to the making of a work capacity decision or another type of decision regarding a claim.

5.1. Making a work capacity decision

Work capacity decisions will be made at many points throughout the life of a claim.

For a worker who is an existing recipient of weekly payments, a work capacity decision is to be made as soon as practicable after the first work capacity assessment of the worker is conducted by the insurer (Clause 23, Schedule 8, of the Regulation).

The insurer may make a work capacity decision on receipt of new information that relates to the worker's capacity for employment which may affect the calculation of weekly payments. Such information may include, but is not limited to:

- evidence of the worker's pre-injury wages or current wages
- WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity

- a change in the worker's personal circumstances
- confirmation that the worker has returned to work
- confirmation that the worker has become unable to work at all, or as much as they had been
- a report from a medical practitioner or allied health practitioner
- a workplace rehabilitation report
- an investigation report.

When making a work capacity decision the insurer's approach should:

- ensure that all reasonable opportunities to establish capacity for work have been provided to the worker
- ensure that the insurer meets their responsibility of establishing and supporting an injury management plan tailored to the worker's injury as set out in Chapter 3 of the 1998 Act
- evaluate all available and relevant material and relevant considerations
- have regard to the particular facts and circumstances of the worker
- follow a robust and transparent decision-making process with clear, concise and understandable information provided to the worker giving reasons for decisions
- seek any additional information that is required to ensure the worker's current capacity for work is fully understood
- provide opportunity for the worker to contribute additional information, especially if the decision may result in reduction or discontinuation of the worker's weekly payments
- ensure decision makers have the appropriate expertise, ability, and support to make the decision they are making.

Any work capacity decision should be logical, rational and reasonable. It should be a decision that is more likely than not to be correct. In many cases the insurer will already have all the information they need to make a work capacity decision without the need to refer the worker for additional evaluations by third party service providers.

Example: The worker is recovering from recent surgery. The *WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity* and report from the treating specialist indicates the worker has no current work capacity. A work capacity decision can be made based on this information probably without the need for any further evidence.

Example: The worker has returned to work in their full pre-injury role. It is confirmed that the worker is in receipt of their pre-injury average weekly earnings. A work capacity decision can be made based on this information probably without the need for any further evidence.

Example: The worker has returned to suitable employment, working reduced hours. Information has been received from the worker's physiotherapist and nominated treating doctor indicating that the worker has capacity for full pre-injury hours. The insurer can make a work capacity decision about the amount the worker is able to earn in this suitable employment, working full hours, probably without the need for any further evidence.

Where an employer terminates the worker's employment because of the injury or removes the suitable employment for the worker, the factor 'E' for the purpose of calculating weekly entitlements is to be \$0 while a work capacity assessment of alternative suitable employment options is undertaken and until a work capacity decision occurs that demonstrates the suitable employment that the worker is suited to in the open labour market.

5.2. Fair notice provisions

Before making a work capacity decision that may result in a reduction or discontinuation of the worker's weekly payments the insurer must, at least two weeks prior to the work capacity decision, communicate this to the worker in a way that is appropriate in the circumstances of the case, and preferably by telephone or in person. This must be done to:

- inform the worker that a review of their current work capacity is being undertaken and that a work capacity decision is going to be made
- explain that this review may include further discussions with other parties such as their employer, nominated treating doctor or other treatment providers
- advise the potential outcome of this review and detail the information that has led the insurer to their current position
- provide an opportunity for the worker to supply any further information to the insurer for further consideration and the date that this information is to be provided by
- tell the worker when this decision is expected to be made.

This information should also then be confirmed in writing to the worker. The written confirmation should be sent by post or served personally. If the worker has provided information to facilitate electronic communication, the information may also be sent to the worker by electronic means in addition to sending the information by post.

This requirement does not apply to a reduction or discontinuation in weekly payments that is due to the application of different rates as defined in the legislation (section 36, section 37, and section 38 of *the 1987 Act*) or changes as a result of the indexation of benefits.

5.3. Notifying a worker of the outcome of a work capacity decision

The insurer must notify the worker in writing of a work capacity decision.

Upon making a work capacity decision that will result in a reduction or discontinuation of the worker's weekly payments the insurer will, where possible, communicate this to the worker by telephone or in person, to:

- inform the worker that a work capacity decision has been made
- explain the outcome and consequences of this decision and the information that has led the insurer to their current position
- explain the internal review process and that a review application will be sent with a formal notice
- confirm that the decision will be conveyed in writing.

The insurer must then give notice in writing of the reduction or discontinuation of weekly payments in accordance with section 54 of the 1987 Act and any requirement of the Review Guidelines.

Reduction or discontinuation of weekly payments

As required by section 54 of the *1987 Act*, where the work capacity decision reduces or discontinues weekly payments, correspondence advising the required period of notice must be sent by post or served personally. If the worker has provided information to facilitate electronic communication, the information may also be sent to the worker by electronic means in addition to sending the information by post. Section 5.3.2 of these Guidelines sets out the requirements for this notice.

Increases in weekly payments to existing recipient of weekly payments

As required by Clause 21, Schedule 8 of the Regulation, where the work capacity decision increases weekly payments for an existing recipient of weekly payments, correspondence advising the required period of notice should be sent by post or served personally. If the worker has provided information to facilitate electronic communication, the information may also be sent to the worker by electronic means in addition to sending the information by post. Section 5.3.2 of these Guidelines sets out the requirements for this notice.

The insurer must provide 3 months notice before increasing the weekly payments of an existing recipient of weekly payments.

Example: The worker returns to work full time and is receiving their pre-injury average weekly earnings. The insurer confirms this with the worker and the employer. The insurer makes a work capacity decision that the worker's weekly payments are to be discontinued.

 The insurer should notify the worker their weekly payments will cease as there is no loss of income however a work capacity decision advice is not required. No notice period applies. **Example:** The worker is currently receiving weekly benefits and has done so for over a year, and a new *WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity* finds they have no current work capacity. The insurer undertakes a work capacity assessment and the insurer then makes a work capacity decision that the worker has current work capacity. This decision will result in a reduction or discontinuation of the worker's weekly payments.

- Formal notification of this work capacity decision is required under section 54 of the 1987 Act. The insurer must provide a 3 month notice period before reducing or discontinuing benefits under section 54 (2) (a). As the notice can be provided by post the postal rule under section 76 (1) (b) of the Interpretation Act 1987 is invoked, meaning the insurer must provide the worker with an additional 4 days notice after the date the notice has been posted.
- This notification must be made in accordance with this guideline at 5.3.2
 Requirements of written advice of a work capacity decision and its outcome.

Example: The worker has now received a cumulative total of 13 weeks of weekly payments. The worker has no capacity for work. The insurer decides that the amount of weekly payments the worker is entitled to receive is to be reduced due to the application of a different rate of payment (that is, the weekly payments are now calculated under section 37 of *the 1987 Act*, rather than section 36).

 The insurer should notify the worker of the change in their rate of payment and how it was calculated however a work capacity decision advice is not required. No notice period applies.

A reduction or discontinuation in weekly payments due to information supplied by the worker does not require formal notification by the insurer.

5.3.1. Standards for communicating a work capacity decision

The insurer must provide the worker and other relevant parties with plain language communication regarding the work capacity decision.

Plain language communication requires:

- being considerate of the nature of the worker's circumstances
- communicating respectfully
- communicating a clear message
- presenting concise information
- adapting communication style to meet the worker's needs.

Insurers must make reasonable efforts to communicate work capacity decisions that affect the amount of weekly payments a worker is entitled to receive, in an appropriate way, preferably by telephone or in person as well as in writing. If needed, an accredited interpreter should be engaged to assist in giving effective communication.

Other forms of communication such as face-to-face meetings, facsimile and emails may also form part of the communication of the work capacity decision as appropriate.

In some cases, it may be appropriate to communicate a work capacity decision in the presence of the nominated treating doctor or other relevant health care professional. For example, when communicating a decision to reduce or discontinue weekly payments for a worker with a psychological injury.

Effective communication will help to minimise the risk of disputes.

5.3.2. Requirements of written advice of a work capacity decision and its outcome

The written work capacity decision advice must comply with any requirements of *the 1987 Act* and *Review Guidelines* and:

- · reference the relevant legislation
- · explain the relevant entitlement periods
- state the decision and give brief reasons for making the decision
- outline the evidence considered in making the decision, noting the author, the
 date and any key information. All evidence considered should be referred to,
 regardless of whether or not it supports the decision.
- clearly explain the line of reasoning for the decision
- state the impact of the decision on the worker in terms of their entitlement to weekly payments, entitlement to medical and related treatment expenses and return to work obligations
- advise of the relevant legislative notice requirements applicable to the decision
- advise the date of the work capacity assessment
- advise the date when the decision will take effect
- detail any support, such as job seeking support, which will continue to be provided during the notice period
- advise that any documents or information that have not already been provided to the worker can be provided to the worker on request to the insurer
- advise of the process available for requesting review of the decision and how to access the required form, Work capacity - application for internal review by insurer (catalogue no. WC03304)

The outcome of an internal review of a work capacity decision must be communicated by the insurer to the worker in the same way as any work capacity decision (see 7.2.7 of this guidance material).

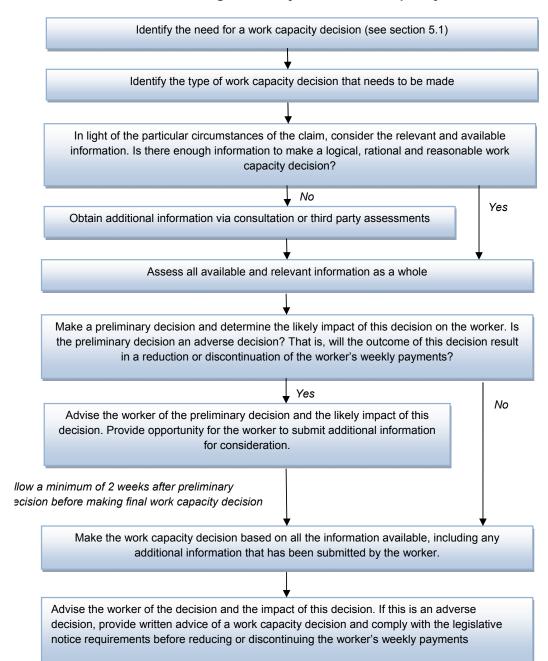
5.3.3 Non adverse Work Capacity Decision

Where the insurer has given the worker fair notice (as required under clause 5.2) of an impending work capacity decision and the result of the work capacity

decision is either no change or an increase in weekly payments, then the insurer must advise the worker in writing of this decision in the approved form, see clause 8.5.

Where the insurer has not given the worker fair notice (clause 5.2) of an impending work capacity decision and the result of the work capacity decision is no change or an increase in weekly payments, then the fair notice provisions (clause 5.2) do not apply.

5.4 Flow chart - making a soundly based work capacity decision



6. Delivery of documents

Delivery to an address for service is taken to have been received at the following times:

- in the case of a physical address, on the day the document is left at that address;
- in the case of a postal address, on a day 4 days after the document is posted;

In addition to delivering documents by person or mail, documents can also be emailed but this is in addition to delivering documents in person or by mail.

7. Reviews of work capacity decisions

(1987 Act: S. 44)

A worker may refer a work capacity decision by an insurer for an internal review by the insurer, and afterwards for a merits review of the decision by the WorkCover Authority and afterwards for a review of the insurer's procedures to the WorkCover Independent Review Officer.

7.1. Internal review by insurers of work capacity decisions

(1987 Act: S. 44)

(Review Guidelines: 2.5 to 2.7)

The ability for a worker to seek an internal review of a work capacity decision by an insurer is provided for in section 44 of *the 1987 Act*, and the rules and requirements applying to such reviews are further detailed in the *Review Guidelines*, which are delegated legislation.

7.1.1. Application by a worker to an insurer for an internal review of a work capacity decision

(1987 Act: S. 44 (2))

(Review Guidelines: 2.6.1 to 2.6.4)

A worker may refer a work capacity decision for an internal review by the insurer. The insurer should have given the worker the application form with the written advice of the work capacity decision.

The worker may be assisted in completing the application form by another person such as the insurer, a support person, agent, union representative, employer, legal representative or interpreter. In accordance with section 44(6) of *the 1987 Act*, a legal practitioner is not entitled to be paid for costs incurred in connection with a review of a work capacity decision.

Workers may obtain information on work capacity decision and review processes from the WorkCover Customer Service Centre on 13 10 50.

7.1.2. Timely lodgement

(1987 Act: S. 44 (4))

(Review Guidelines: 2.6.5 to 2.6.6)

If a worker wishes to refer a work capacity decision for an internal review, they should lodge a completed *Work capacity - application for internal review by insurer* form with the insurer as soon as practicable after receiving the work capacity decision from the insurer. A work capacity decision is not stayed by any review process relating to that decision.

The Work capacity - application for internal review by insurer form is attached to this guideline at section 8.2. The application must be in the approved form, specify the grounds on which the review is being sought and any additional information to be considered. (For example, the worker is able to supply further medical information or the worker believes that the suitable employment identified places them at substantial risk of further injury.)

7.1.3. Multiple work capacity decisions or claims

(Review Guidelines: 2.6.10 to 2.6.11)

In one *Application*, a worker may refer for internal review more than one work capacity decision about one or more of the worker's related claims managed by the same insurer.

The insurer will determine whether or not those internal reviews are most appropriately conducted together or separately as is appropriate in the circumstances of each particular case.

7.1.4. Acknowledgement of application

(Review Guidelines: 2.7.1)

The insurer must acknowledge the referral in writing to the worker within 7 days of receiving the application and:

- explain the review process
- advise that a review of a work capacity decision does not operate to stay the decision or otherwise prevent the taking of action based on the decision
- clarify with the worker any new information supplied or any other information that the worker is in the process of obtaining
- indicate when and how the decision will be conveyed to the worker.

7.1.5. Non-review of applications

(Review Guidelines: 2.6.7 to 2.6.9)

An insurer may decline to review a decision at any stage of the internal review process if an application is not in the approved form or fails to contain sufficient information.

If an insurer declines to conduct an internal review for any reason or fails to conduct the review within 30 days of receiving the application (the prescribed period), the decision by the insurer to decline the application or its failure to conduct the review within the prescribed period exhausts the internal review process by the insurer, and the worker may then apply for Merit Review by WorkCover.

Where an insurer declines to conduct an internal review for any reason or fails to conduct the review within the prescribed period, the insurer must give notice in writing to the worker of the reasons for that action. The notice must include a statement advising the worker that he or she may apply to the Authority for review of the insurer's actions. The notice must also include the necessary contact details to enable the worker to apply to the Authority for merit review and must state the time limits applying to merit review applications to the Authority.

Any application by a worker for review of an insurer's decision to decline (or the insurer's failure to conduct) an internal review application must be made within 30 days of the date of the notice given by the insurer to the worker, or where no notice has been given, within 30 days of the date that the insurer's internal review decision was due.

7.1.6. Internal reviewer and decision

(Review Guidelines: 2.7.2 to 2.7.5)

The internal reviewer is to undertake the review of the work capacity decision in accordance with the insurer's complaints and disputes handling model including at a minimum:

- the review of the work capacity decision is to be undertaken by a party independent to the original work capacity decision
- the review of the work capacity decision is to be conducted by someone with a comprehensive knowledge of the legislation as it applies to the work capacity decision referred and the issues arising from it, and has the appropriate expertise and authority for the decision they are making
- the reviewer is to undertake a full consideration of the subject of the work capacity decision considering all available information and making a fresh work capacity decision
- the reviewer has an obligation to make a decision they think is more likely than not to be correct.

7.1.7. Notice of the internal review decision within 30 days

(1987 Act: S. 44 (1) (a))

(Review Guidelines: 2.7.6)

The insurer must write to the worker within 30 days of receiving the application advising of the outcome of the internal review and if the insurer fails to do so the worker may then make an application for merit review by the Authority.

The insurer must notify the worker of the outcome of the internal review in accordance with:

5.3.2 of this guidance material;

- section 54 of the 1987 Act if the result of the internal review is to reduce or cease weekly payment; and
- the Review Guidelines.

7.1.8. Notice must be in the form approved by the Authority

(1987 Act: S. 44 (3) (a))

(Review Guidelines: 2.7.7)

The notification must be in writing and must include the decision, its impacts and reasons. The notification must also advise the worker about the availability of further review options.

The form, Work capacity – notice of the decision of the insurer following an internal review of a work capacity decision, is attached to this guideline at 8.5.

7.1.9. Outcomes of internal review

(Review Guidelines: 2.7.8)

The internal review decision does not replace the original work capacity decision by the insurer, which is not stayed by any review process, under section 44(4) of the 1987 Act. The internal review decision is a new decision by the insurer, which must take effect independently of the original decision.

The new decision may be the same as the original decision or it may be different.

If the review decision is the same, it could be based on the same reasons applied to the same information as the original decision maker's decision, or it may be the same despite being made based on different reasons or new information.

If the review decision is different, it could be based on different reasons applied to the same information as the original decision maker had, or it may be based on different reasons or based on new information the original decision maker did not have.

7.1.10. Legislative notice requirements apply to new decisions

(Review Guidelines: 2.7.9)

If as a result of the internal review the insurer makes a new work capacity decision, any relevant legislative notice requirements applicable to that new work capacity decision must be complied with by the insurer before they have effect, including the requirements of:

 Section 54 of the 1987 Act regarding 'Notice required before termination or reduction of payment of weekly compensation'. As section 54 (4) of the 1987 Act requires the insurer to give notice personally or by post, the postal service rule is automatically invoked. The postal service rule (Section 76 (1) (b) of the Interpretation Act 1987) requires an additional 4 working days notice to be provided after the notice was posted; and

 Clause 21, Schedule 8 of the Regulation regarding 'Notice of increase in weekly payments of compensation' for 'existing recipients of weekly payments', that is an injured worker in receipt of weekly payments immediately prior to 1 October 2012.

7.2. Merit review by the Authority

(1987 Act: S. 44)

(Review Guidelines: 3.8 to 3.10)

If the worker is not satisfied with the outcome of the insurer's internal review of a work capacity decision, or if an internal review by the insurer is not completed within 30 days, the worker may lodge an application for a further review by the WorkCover Authority.

7.2.1. Application by a worker to the Authority for merit review

(1987 Act: S. 44 (1) (b), S. 44 (2), S. 44 (3) (a) and (b))

(Review Guidelines: 3.9.1 to 3.9.20)

A worker may be assisted in completing the application form by another person such as the insurer, a support person, agent, union representative, employer, legal representative or interpreter.

The application by the worker must be made within 30 days of either receiving the insurer's internal review decision or the date when the insurer's internal review decision was due.

In one *Application*, a worker may refer for merit review more than one work capacity decision about one or more of the worker's claims, whether or not they are managed by the same insurer, however the time limit requirements must be met for each decision.

The worker must send the insurer a copy of the application before, or at the same time, as lodging the application with the Authority.

The worker does not need to attach to their application all of the existing documents and information relating to the claim or the work capacity decision, as the insurer will be required to provide all relevant information to the Authority as part of their Reply to the application.

The Authority will write to the worker and insurer within 7 days of receiving the application from the worker to acknowledge receipt of the application.

7.2.2. Reply by insurer to a merit review application

(Review Guidelines: 3.9.21 to 3.9.24)

On receiving the worker's application, the insurer is to exchange and lodge a Reply to an Application in the approved form (attached at section 8.3) as quickly as possible and preferably within 7 days of receiving the application.

The insurer must send the Reply to the worker before, or at the same time, as lodging the reply with the Authority.

The Reply lodged with the Authority must be submitted electronically via email and must include:

- a list of all documents relevant to the work capacity decision and the Review of that decision, including documents supplied by the worker;
- attach electronic copies of all of the documents included in the list of relevant documents, including documents supplied by the worker.

The Reply sent to the worker must include:

- the list of all relevant documents, but;
- does not need to attach copies of all the relevant documents being lodged with the reply, as the insurer should only attach any documents which have not already been provided to the worker previously.

Any surveillance images lodged with the Authority are to be provided in DVD format and must first be provided to the worker with any investigator's report. If surveillance images are provided to a worker for the first time in support of a Reply, the worker will be offered an opportunity to respond to the surveillance images.

The Authority will write to the worker and insurer as soon as practicable and preferably within 7 days of receiving the Reply from the insurer.

7.2.3. Merit review findings by the Authority

(1987 Act: S. 44 (3) (c), (d), (e), (g))

(Review Guidelines: 3.10)

The Authority's merit reviewer may require additional information from the worker or the insurer for the purposes of the review, which the worker and insurer must provide.

The merit reviewer will consider all of the material substantively and on its merits as if the original work capacity decision had not been made, and is obliged to make the decision that they think is more likely than not to be correct.

The merit reviewer may also make recommendations to the insurer based on their findings, which are binding on the insurer and must be given effect to by the insurer.

The Authority must write to the worker and insurer as soon as practicable and preferably within 30 days of receiving the application advising of the outcome of the merit review and must include the decision, its impacts, any recommendations and reasons. The notification must also advise the worker about the availability of further review options.

The merit review findings and any recommendations to the insurer based on those findings do not replace the original work capacity decision by the insurer, which is not stayed by any review process under section 44(4) of *the 1987 Act*, and do not replace any internal review decision by the insurer.

Recommendations made by the Authority are however binding on the insurer and must be given effect to by the insurer, independently of the original work capacity decision and any internal review decision.

If as a result of any recommendations to the insurer by the Authority, the Insurer makes a new work capacity decision, any relevant legislative notice requirements applicable to that new work capacity decision must be complied with by the insurer before they have effect, including the requirements of:

- Section 54 of the 1987 Act regarding 'Notice required before termination or reduction of payment of weekly compensation'. As section 54(4) of the 1987 Act requires the insurer to give notice personally or by post, the postal service rule is automatically invoked. The postal service rule (Section 76(1)(b) of the Interpretation Act 1987) requires an additional 4 working days notice to be provided after the notice was posted; and
- Clause 21, Schedule 8 of the Regulation regarding 'Notice of increase in weekly payments of compensation' for 'existing recipients of weekly payments', that is an injured worker in receipt of weekly payments immediately prior to 1 October 2012.

7.3. Procedural review by WorkCover Independent Review Officer

(1987 Act: s. 44 (1) (c), s. 44 (2), s. 44 (3) (a), (c), (d), (f) and (h))

If the WorkCover review does not resolve the issue, the worker may lodge an application for review with the WorkCover Independent Review Officer (WIRO) within 30 days of receiving the WorkCover review decision.

The WIRO review is a review only of the insurer's procedures in making the work capacity decision, not of any judgment or discretion exercised by the insurer in making the decision. Recommendations made by the WIRO are binding on the insurer and the Authority.

If as a result of any recommendations to the insurer by the WIRO, the insurer makes a new work capacity decision, any relevant legislative notice requirements applicable to that new work capacity decision must be complied with by the insurer before they have effect, including the requirements of:

- Section 54 of the 1987 Act regarding 'Notice required before termination or reduction of payment of weekly compensation', including the requirements of section 76 (1) (b) of the Interpretation Act 1987 known as the postal rule; and
- Clause 21, Schedule 8 of the Regulation regarding 'Notice of increase in weekly payments of compensation' regarding 'existing recipients of weekly payments' as defined in Clause 1, Division 2, Part 19H, Schedule 6 of the 1987 Act.

8. Approved forms

Attached to this document are the following notices and forms approved by the Authority

8.1. WorkCover NSW Certificate of Capacity (catalogue no. WC01300)

This is the 'form approved by the Authority' referred to in section 44B (3) (a) of the 1987 Act for the certificate of capacity to be given by a medical practitioner.

This certificate includes within it the declaration by a worker which is the 'form approved by the Authority' referred to in section 44B (1) (b) of *the 1987 Act*.

8.2. Work capacity - application for internal review by insurer (catalogue no. WC03304)

This is the 'form approved by the Authority' referred to in section 44 (2) of the 1987 Act for applications by a worker under section 44 (1) (a) to an insurer for internal review of a work capacity decision by the insurer.

8.3. Work capacity - application for merit review by the Authority (catalogue no. WC03305)

This is the 'form approved by the Authority' referred to in section 44 (2) of *the* 1987 Act for applications by a worker under section 44 (1) (b) to the Authority for a merit review of a work capacity decision by an insurer.

This is also the 'form approved by the Authority' referred to in section 44 (2) of *the* 1987 Act for the worker to notify the insurer of an application by a worker under section 44 (1) (b) to the Authority for a merit review of a work capacity decision by an insurer.

8.4. Work capacity - reply to an application for merit review by the Authority (catalogue no. WC03306)

This is a form approved by the Authority for an insurer to lodge a reply to an application by a worker under section 44 (1) (b) to the Authority for a merit review of a work capacity decision by the insurer.

8.5. Work capacity – notice of the decision of the insurer following an internal review of a work capacity decision (catalogue no. WC01126)

This is a form, approved by the Authority, for an insurer to notify the worker of the insurer's decision following an internal review of a work capacity decision.

9. Model Litigant Policy

Insurers acting on behalf of the Nominal Insurer are required to abide by the model litigant policy as outlined in **Operational Instruction 4.4.** Operational Instruction 4.4 can be found at

http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/formspublications/publications/pages/44litigationpolicyoperationalinstruction.aspx.

The obligation to act as a model litigant may require more than merely acting honestly, and in accordance with the Law and court rules. It also goes beyond the requirement for lawyers to act in accordance with their ethical obligations. Essentially, it requires that the Nominal Insurer act with complete propriety, fairly and in accordance with the highest professional standards.

10. Glossary

current work capacity, in relation to a worker, is defined in section 32A of *the 1987 Act*:

"means a present inability arising from an injury such that the worker is not able to return to his or her pre-injury employment but is able to return to work in suitable employment"

days

a reference to a number of days means the number of calendar days unless otherwise stated

injury management is defined in section 42 of *the 1998 Act*.

"means the process that comprises activities and procedures that are undertaken or established for the purpose of achieving a timely, safe and durable return to work for workers following workplace injuries."

injury management plan is defined in section 42 of the 1998 Act.

"means a plan for co-ordinating and managing those aspects of injury management that concern the treatment, rehabilitation and retraining of an injured worker, for the purpose of achieving a timely, safe and durable return to work for the worker. An injury management plan can provide for the treatment, rehabilitation and retraining to be given or provided to the injured worker."

injury management program is defined in section 42 of *the 1998 Act*.

"means a co-ordinated and managed program that integrates all aspects of injury management (including treatment, rehabilitation, retraining, claims management and employment management practices) for the purpose of achieving optimum results in terms of a timely, safe and durable return to work for injured workers."

insurer is defined in section 42 of the 1998 Act:

"means a licensed insurer, specialised insurer or self-insurer."

medical practitioner

means a person registered under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW) No. 86a in the medical profession who is not a Specialist Surgeon.

month

"means a period commencing at the beginning of a day of one of the 12 named months and ending:

- (a) immediately before the beginning of the corresponding day of the next named month, or
- (b) if there is no such corresponding day, at the end of the next named month."

no current work capacity, in relation to a worker, is defined in section 32A of *the 1987 Act*:

"means a present inability arising from an injury such that the worker is not able to return to work, either in the worker's preinjury employment or in suitable employment."

nominated treating doctor is defined in section 42 of the 1998 Act:

"means the treating doctor nominated from time to time by a worker for the purposes of an injury management plan for the worker."

seriously injured worker is defined in section 32A of the 1987 Act:

" means a worker whose injury has resulted in permanent impairment:

- (a) the degree of permanent impairment has been assessed for the purpose of Division 4 to be more than 30%, or
- (b) the degree of permanent impairment has not been assessed because an approved medical specialist has declined to make an assessment until satisfied that the impairment is permanent and the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable, or
- (c) the insurer is satisfied that the degree of permanent impairment is likely to be more than 30%."

suitable employment, in relation to a worker, is defined in section 32A of the 1987 Act:

"means employment in work for which the worker is currently suited:

(a) having regard to:

- (i) the nature of the worker's incapacity and the details provided in the medical information including, but not limited to, any certificate of capacity supplied by the worker (under section 44B), and
- (ii) the worker's age, education, skills and work experience, and
- (iii) any plan or document prepared as part of the return to work planning process, including an injury management plan under Chapter 3 of the 1998 Act, and
- (iv) any occupational rehabilitation services that are being, or have been, provided to or for the worker, and
- (v) such other matters as the WorkCover Guidelines may specify, and

(b) regardless of

- (vi) whether the work or employment is available, and
- (vii) whether the work or the employment is of a type or nature that is generally available in the employment market, and
- (viii) the nature of the worker's pre-injury employment, and
- (ix) the worker's place of residence."

treating specialist

is defined in Schedule 4 of the *Health Insurance Regulations* 1975:

"specialist medical practitioner is a medical practitioner recognised as a specialist by the Australian Medical Council and remunerated in accordance with Health Insurance Commission Health Insurance Regulations 1975, Schedule 4, Part 1 at specialist rates under Medicare. "

work capacity assessment

is an insurer's assessment of an injured worker's current work capacity, conducted in accordance with section 44A of the 1987 Act

work capacity decision

is a specific type of decision that is made by the insurer defined in section 43 of the 1987 Act.

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WorkCover NSW – certificate of capacity

Please ensure all sections are completed. Tic	ck if this is the initial certificate for this claim 🗌
PART A – MAY BE COMPLETED BY PATIENT	Г
Patient's first name	Last name
Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) Telep	phone number
Patient's address	
Claim number	
Medicare number	
Shaded areas to be completed for initial ce	ertificate only
Patient's occupation/job title	
Employer's name and contact details	
	er, my employer, the insurer, other treating practitioners, workplace schanging information for the purposes of managing my injury and workers
and the second of the second o	s information will be used by WorkCover and insurers to fulfil their functions
under the workers compensation legislation	on.
Signature of patient	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
PART B – TO BE COMPLETED BY NOMINAT	ED TREATING DOCTOR OR TREATING SPECIALIST MEDICAL PRACTITIONER
MEDICAL CERTIFICATION	10.00 美国的中国中国企业,在100mm,100mm(100mm)。10.00mm,10.00mm。10.00mm,10.00mm(10.00mm)。10.00mm)。10.00mm),10.00mm),10.00mm
Diagnosis of work related injury/disease	
Patient stated date of injury	
Shaded areas to be completed for initial ce	ertificate only
Patient was first seen at this practice/hospital	for this injury/disease on///
Injury/disease is consistent with patient's dese	cription of cause 🗌 Yes 🗎 No 🗎 Uncertain
How is the injury/disease related to work?	
Detail any pre-existing factors which may be re	elevant to this condition



laimant name	Claim number
MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR	THIS PERIOD
Treatment/medication type and dur	ation (Duration: short term = < 6 weeks, medium term = 6–12 weeks, long term = > 12 weeks)
Deferred to exact as health assessment	
neterral to another health care prov	vider (provide details of provider and service requested, duration and frequency when relevant)
And the second s	NT (Please consider the health benefits of work when completing this section)
	on description/work duties?
Patient: ightharpoonup injury duties	
has capacity for some type of e	mployment from
for hours/day	days/week
has no current work capacity for	
	ted time to return to any type of employment
Factors delaying recovery	at the colonia to any type or omployment
	kplace rehabilitation provider?
Capacity – If the patient is fit for pr	e-injury duties this section does not need to be completed. For all other patients please
consider activities of daily living cur	rently being performed.
Lifting/carrying capacity	
Sitting tolerance	
Standing tolerance	
Pushing/pulling ability	
Bending/twisting/squatting ability	
Driving ability	
Other (please specify) eg psycholog	gical considerations, keep wound clean and dry
Next review date/	(if greater than 28 days, please provide clinical reasoning)
Comments	
AND STREET STATES STATES	
REATING MEDICAL PRACT	ITIONER DETAILS
	nominated treating doctor for the ongoing management of this worker's injury and return to work.
certify that I am the 🔲 nominate The information and medical opi	ed treating doctor or \square treating specialist or \square other* and I have examined this patient. nions contained in this certificate are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct.
Signature	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
fif 'athor' placesif	
'If 'other', please specify	
Name	(practice stamp if available)
Address	
10000	
Telephone number	Fax number
Provider number	

WorkCover NSW - certificate of capacity

PART C – TO BE COMPLETED BY THE WORKER PRIOR TO SENDING TO THE EMPLOYER OR INSURER (this does not involve the nominated treating doctor/treating specialist)

ORKER DECLARATION	
Vorker's first name	Last name
late of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)	
Vorker's address	
laim number	
have have not (tick appropriate box)	
ngaged in any form of paid employment, self employment sceive payment in money or otherwise since the last certif	t or voluntary work for which I have received or am entitled to icate was provided, that I have not yet declared to the insurer.
	oluntary work, please provide details below (or attach when you
orward this certificate to your employer or insurer).	The state of the s
	,
declare that the details I have given on this declaration are unishable by law.	true and correct, knowing that false declarations are
Section (Mark Community Control of Assets)	ate (DD/MM/YYYY)

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WorkCover NSW - certificate of capacity

Recover better at work

Evidence shows you recover from an injury better at work than at home.

Long-term absence from work can lead to isolation and poorer health.

The longer you are off work, the less chance you have of ever returning to work.

Staying at work, or returning to work as soon as safely possible, is good for your health and wellbeing – whether it's on reduced hours in your normal job, or on modified or alternative duties.

You can recover better by following three simple principles.

1. Stay active

Talk to your doctor and case manager about what activities you can undertake.

2. Stay in touch

If you are off work, stay in regular contact with your employer and workmates.

3. Stay focused

Set goals for your recovery and return to work, and take action to achieve them.

For more advice on recovering better at work, contact your case manager or call WorkCover on 13 10 50.

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Work capacity – application for internal review by insurer

This is the 'form approved by the Authority', referred to in section 44(2) of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987* (WC Act), for applications by a worker under s.44(1)(a) to an insurer for internal review of a work capacity decision by the insurer.

What is this form for?

Complete this form if you want the insurer managing your workers compensation claim to review a work capacity decision they have made.

Attach any supporting information that the insurer does not have. You can include more than one work capacity decision on the form

Where do I send the form?

Send this form to the insurer as soon as practicable after receiving the insurer's work capacity decision. The decision will remain in force while the review is being undertaken.

What happens next?

The insurer will contact you within seven days of receiving this form, to inform you of the internal review procedures.

The review will be conducted by someone who was not involved in your original work capacity decision.

On completion of the review, you will receive a written notice from the insurer of their decision and reasons.

Is an interpreter available?

Call 13 14 50 to arrange a free interpreting service.

Further information

The full set of rules and requirements of an internal review are outlined in section 44 of the WC Act, titled 'Review of work capacity decisions', and in division 2 of the 'Review guidelines', titled 'Internal reviews by insurers'.

These are available at workcover.nsw.gov.au or by calling WorkCover NSW on 13 10 50.

Important facts about Privacy

By completing and submitting this form, you are consenting to collection by the insurer of any personal and health information contained in the form and in any supporting documents. The information collected is for the purpose of dealing with your application and for any subsequent review application you may make. Staff of the insurer and their advisors (and WorkCover officers and advisors in any further review application) will have access to the information in the course of dealing with your application. The information may also be used for associated administrative purposes including the monitoring and review of the workers compensation scheme.

1. WORKER'S DETAILS	
Worker's name (first name then surname)	
Claim number	Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
Worker's contact number	



Work capacity – application for internal review by insurer

2.	WHICH WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) DO YOU WISH TO HAVE INTERNALLY REVIEWED?
W	hen did you receive the Insurer's Work Capacity Decision? (DD/MM/YYYY)
3.	HOW DO YOU THINK THE WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) SHOULD BE CHANGED? (Tell us what you want.)

Work capacity – application for internal review by insurer

4.	WHY SHOULD THE WORK CAPAC (Explain your reasons for opposing the w Use more than one page if needed.)	CITY DECISION(S) BE CHANGED? vork capacity decision(s). You can refer to and attach new information.
5	SIGN HERE	
_	gnature	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

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Work capacity – application for merit review by the authority

This is the 'form approved by the Authority', referred to in section 44(2) of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987* (WC Act), for applications by a worker under s.44(1)(b) to the Authority for a merit review of a work capacity decision by an insurer.

What is this form for?

Complete this form if you wish to seek a merit review by WorkCover NSW of the insurer's work capacity decision regarding your claim for workers compensation, and:

- you have already applied for an internal review by the insurer of the work capacity decision
- you have received notice of the internal review decision from the insurer, or
- you have not received a notice of the internal review decision from the insurer within 30 days.

Attach any supporting information that the insurer does not have. You can include more than one work capacity decision on this form. Frivolous and vexatious applications may be rejected.

Where do I send the form?

Send a copy of this form to the insurer managing your workers compensation claim, and a copy to WorkCover at:

Merit Review Service, WorkCover Authority of NSW Post: Level 19, 1 Oxford Street, Darlinghurst, NSW 2010 Email: wcdmeritreviewservice@workcover.nsw.gov.au

The work capacity decision will remain in force while WorkCover undertakes its review.

What happens next?

WorkCover will contact you and the insurer within seven days of receiving this form, to inform both parties of the procedures for the review.

The insurer will send you and WorkCover their reply, listing and attaching all relevant information relating to the work capacity decision, including all relevant information you have supplied, within seven days of them receiving this form from you.

On completion of their review, WorkCover will send both parties the findings of the review and any recommendations and reasons.

Is an interpreter available?

Call 13 14 50 to arrange a free interpreting service.

Further information

The full set of rules and requirements regarding reviews of work capacity decisions by WorkCover are outlined in:

- Section 44 of the WC Act, titled 'Review of work capacity decisions'
- Division 3 of the 'Review guidelines', titled 'Merit review by the authority'.

Insurers, acting on behalf of the Nominal Insurer, are required to abide by 'model litigant' procedures, as outlined in the <u>Litigation</u> policy.

Important facts about Privacy

By completing and submitting this form, you are consenting to the collection by WorkCover of any personal and health information contained in the form and in any supporting documents. The information collected is for the purposes of dealing with your application. WorkCover's officers and advisors will have access to the information in the course of dealing with your application. The information may also be used for associated administrative purposes including the monitoring and review of the workers compensation scheme and disclosure to the WorkCover Independent Review Officer when exercising functions under the workers compensation legislation.



Work capacity – application for merit review by the authority

1. INSURER AND CLAIM DETAILS
Insurer Claim number Internal review by insurery (places tiely ene)
Internal review by insurer: (please tick one)
☐ Internal review decision is attached ☐ Internal review decision has not been made by the insurer within 30 calendar days
When did you receive the Insurer's Internal Review Decision? (DD/MM/YYYY)
2. WORKER'S DETAILS
Worker's name (first name then surname)
Marker's data of high VD W MANANA Marker's contact purpler
Worker's date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) Worker's contact number
Worker's preference: I would prefer communications by:
Worker's email
Worker's postal address (not needed if email is the preferred communication method)
Unit number/Street number/Property number (include Lot or DP number if applicable)
Street name
Suburb State Postcode
3. WHICH WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) DO YOU WISH TO HAVE REVIEWED BY WORKCOVER?
(Include the date of the decision that is on the insurer's work capacity decision notice. Attach any internal review decision.)

Work capacity – application for merit review by the authority

4.	HOW DO YOU THINK THE WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) SHOULD BE CHANGED? Tell us what you want.)
5.	WHY SHOULD THE WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) BE CHANGED? (Explain your reasons for opposing the work capacity decision(s). You can refer to and attach new information. Use more than one page if needed.)
	SIGN HERE rker's signature Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
Worl Lock Web	ue No. WC03305 WorkCover Publications Hotline 1300 799 003 over NSW, 92–100 Donnison Street, Gosford, NSW 2250 Bag 2906, Lisarow, NSW 2252 WorkCover Assistance Service 13 10 50 e workcover.nsw.gov.au 78 1 74341 215 2 ©Copyright WorkCover NSW 0913

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Work capacity – reply to an application for merit review by the authority

This is a form approved by the Authority for an insurer to lodge a reply to an application by a worker under s.44(1)(b) to the Authority for a merit review of a work capacity decision by the insurer.

What is this form for?

This form must be completed by the insurer when a worker makes an application to WorkCover for a review of an Insurer's work capacity decision.

The Insurer will complete this form as fully, completely and accurately as they can and must send the worker a copy, before or at the same time as the insurer lodges it electronically with the Authority.

This form completed by the Insurer must list and attach all of the relevant information relating to the work capacity decision, including all relevant information the worker may have supplied.

Where does the insurer send the form?

When completed, the insurer will send a copy of this form to the worker and a copy electronically to WorkCover within seven days of receiving the worker's application.

What happens next?

WorkCover will contact the insurer and the worker within seven days of receiving this form, to inform both parties about the review procedures.

On completion of the review, WorkCover will send both parties the findings of the review and any recomendations and reasons.

Further information

The full set of rules and requirements regarding reviews of work capacity decisions by WorkCover are outlined in:

- Section 44 of the Workers Compensation Act 1987 (WC Act), titled 'Review of work capacity decisions'
- Division 3 of the 'Review guidelines', titled 'Merit review by the authority'.

Insurers acting on behalf of WorkCover are required to abide by 'model litigant' procedures, as outlined on workcover.nsw.gov.au.

1. WORKER AND CLAIM DETAILS		
Worker's name (first name then surname)		
Claim number Worker's date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)		
Insurer		
Insurer contact		
Insurer email		
Was the worker in receipt of weekly payments immediately before 1 October 2012? yes no		
Number of weekly payments made during period of incapacity.		



Work capacity – reply to an application for merit review by the authority

2. WHICH WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) ARE BEING REVIEWED BY THE AUTHORITY?

Work capacity decision date	Work capacity decision type (select the s.43(1) decision type for each decision)	Internal review lodged date	Internal review decision date
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	/ /
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	/ /
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	/ /
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	1 1
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	1 1
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	1 1
/ /	Choose from the following	/ /	1 1

	<u> </u>	
3.	. RESPONSE TO THE WORKER'S APPLICATION (Now that you have received the worker's application, outline your response to the request that the decision(s) should be changed, as clearly as you can. Tell us what you want. Outline your reasons for any opposing view, and what you base it on. You can refer to and attach new information.)	,

Work capacity – reply to an application for merit review by the authority

4. DOCUMENTS RELEVANT TO THE WORK CAPACITY DECISION(S) AND THIS REVIEW (Include a detailed list of all documents relevant to the work capacity decision and the review of that decision, including documents supplied by the worker. Attach electronic copies of all of the documents included in the list of relevant documents, including documents supplied by the worker. Use more than one sheet if needed.)

Number	Document date	Document description
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5. SIGN	HERE	
Name		
Position		
Signature		Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

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Work capacity – notification of insurer's decision on internal review

This is the form approved by the Authority, referred to in section 44(3)(a) of the *Workers Compensation Act 1987*, for an insurer to notify the worker of the insurer's decision following an internal review of a work capacity decision.

DETAILS
Insurer Control Contro
Claim number
Employer Control Contr
Date of work capacity assessment Date of work capacity decision
Injured worker name
Injured worker address
Unit number/Street number/Property number (include Lot or DP number if applicable)
Street name
Suburb State Postcode
A decision was made by the insurer in respect to your request for an internal insurer review of the work capacity decision. Decision and it's impacts
Decision and it's impacts
Statement of reasons - attached to this notification



Work capacity - notification of insurer's decision on internal review

Name of decision maker			
Signature Date (DD/MM/YYYY)			
You have the right to seek a review of this decision by WorkCover NSW. If you wish to seek a merit review you must complete the attached form and provide it to WorkCover within 30 days after you receive this notice.			
Next step			
Send a copy of this form to the insurer managing your workers compensation claim, and a copy to WorkCover at:			
Merit Review Service, WorkCover Authority of NSW Post: Level 19, 1 Oxford Street, Darlinghurst, NSW 2010 Email: wcdmeritreviewservice@workcover.nsw.gov.au			
The work capacity decision will remain in force while WorkCover undertakes its review.			

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RURAL FIRES ACT 1997

NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 99

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by section 99 of the Rural Fires Act 1997, I, SHANE ALAN FITZSIMMONS, Commissioner of NSW Rural Fire Service, under delegation dated 20 February 2012, from the Hon. Michael Gallacher, M.L.C., Minister for Police and Emergency Services, do, by this notification direct that the lighting, maintenance or use of all fires in the open air, with the exception of the classes of fire as specified in Schedules 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 hereto, is prohibited in the parts of the State set out in Schedule A hereto, from 00:01 hours to 23:59 hours on Sunday, 6 October 2013.

Dated 8 October 2013.

SHANE FITZSIMMONS, A.F.S.M.,

Commissioner

Schedule 1	Fire Fighting Activities
Schedule 2	Emergency Operations
Schedule 3	Fireworks
Schedule 4	Religious/Sacred Ceremonies
Schedule 5	Services and Utilities – Essential Repairs Maintenance
Schedule 6	Disposal of Waste/Putrescent Material
Schedule 7	Sugar Cane Harvesting
Schedule 8	Bitumen Roadworks
Schedule 9	Disposal of Diseased Animal Carcasses
Schedule 10	Bee Hive "Smokers"
Schedule 11	Electric or Gas Barbeques
Schedule 12	Charcoal Production
Schedule 13	Mining Operations
Schedule 14	Building Construction/Demolition – Urgent and Essential
Schedule 15	Exhaust Stacks for Gas Exploration, Collection, Drainage, Refining Facilities, Oil Refineries and Steel Works
Schedule 16	Hot Air Balloons
Schedule 17	Olympic Cauldron

Schedule 18 Any Other Fire Approved by NSW RFS

Commissioner

SCHEDULE 1

Fire Fighting Activities

Fire lit, maintained or used for the purpose of suppressing or controlling any existing bush fire; or for urgent repairs and/or maintenance of any firefighting or associated plant or equipment; or to provide food and refreshments for fire fighting personnel where such fire is lit, maintained or used under the direction of the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, any officer of the NSW Fire Brigades, any officer authorised by the State Forests of New South Wales, any officer authorised by the Director General of the NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service, or any NSW Rural Fire Service Deputy Captain, Captain, Deputy Group Captain, Group Captain or Officer of the rank of Inspector or above, appointed pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (NSW).

SCHEDULE 2

Emergency Operations

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with any cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus used by an emergency services organisation within the meaning of the State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989 (NSW) for the purpose of any emergency operations provided that, as far as is practicable:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the emergency; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the emergency to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 3

Fireworks

Fireworks lit and maintained during a Total Fire Ban as part of an organised public display, theatrical display or technical non-display purpose, provided that;

(a) the person in charge of the display ('the responsible person") holds a current Pyrotechnicians Licence or a Fireworks Single Use Licence (FSUL) issued by WorkCover NSW and;

- (b) the responsible person complies with the requirements of the WorkCover NSW publication "Operational Conditions FIREWORKS Pyrotechnics and Single Use Licence Holders" and;
- (c) all fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material is extinguished at the conclusion of the display and prior to the responsible person leaving the site;
- (d) the display is conducted in a manner, which minimises the likelihood that fire, sparks or burning or incandescent material will impact on the land surrounding the display causing a fire;
- (e) precautions are taken to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the surrounding area;

The abovementioned requirements stipulate that the responsible person must notify, during business hours, not less than forty eight hours prior to the commencement of the fireworks display:

- (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that District if the place where the display is to be held is within a rural fire district; or
- (ii) the Officer In Charge of the nearest Fire and Rescue NSW fire station if the place where the display is to be held is within a fire district.

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that Officer, which may include a direction that the fireworks not be lit.

SCHEDULE 4

Religious/Sacred Ceremonies

Fire lit, maintained or used as part of a religious or sacred ceremony, including candles lit or maintained as part of a "Carols by Candlelight" celebration, provided that:

- (a) approval to use of the land on which the ceremony or celebration is to be held has been obtained in writing from:
 - the local authority for the area in which the land is located, if the land is controlled or managed by a local authority; or
 - (ii) in any other case, the owner or occupier of the land on which site the ceremony or celebration will be held;
- (b) the ceremony or celebration is held on an open area of land so that any naked flame is surrounded by ground that is clear of all combustible material for a distance of at least 20 metres;
- (c) each fire or flame is constantly under the direct control or supervision of a responsible adult person;
- (d) each fire or flame is extinguished at the conclusion of the ceremony or celebration and prior to the person having control or supervision of the fire or flame leaving the site;
- (e) the person who obtained the consent of the local authority or the owner or occupier of the land to conduct the ceremony or celebration must ensure that all necessary steps are taken to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site; and
- (f) the person who obtained the consent of the local authority or the owner or occupier of the land to conduct the ceremony or celebration must, not less

than six hours prior to the commencement of the ceremony or celebration, notify:

- the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district, If the place where the ceremony or celebration is to be held is within a rural fire district; or
- (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the place where the ceremony or celebration is to be held is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire or candles not to be lit.

SCHEDULE 5

Services & Utilities – Essential Repairs/Maintenance

Fire lit, maintained or used by, or under the authority of, a provider of energy, telecommunications, water, transport or waste removal/disposal services, in connection with the urgent and essential:

- (a) repairs; or
- (b) maintenance

of facilities or equipment required for the continuation of the supply or provision of power, light, heat, cooling, refrigeration, communication, water, transport or sewerage provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 6

Disposal of Waste/Putrescent Material

Fire lit, maintained or used by a public authority as defined in the dictionary of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (NSW), for the disposal of waste or putrescent material likely to cause a health hazard provided that the fire is lit in a properly constructed incinerator designed to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material therefrom.

SCHEDULE 7

Sugar Cane Harvesting

Fire lit, maintained or used between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. Australian Eastern Standard Summer Time for a purpose associated with the harvesting of sugar cane provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the area of cane which is to be harvested; and,
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the fire to prevent the escape or spread of the fire,
- (c) the fire is under the direct control of a responsible adult person, present at all times until it is fully extinguished.
- (d) the person who lights the fire has complied with the requirements of section 87 of the Rural Fires Act 1997.

SCHEDULE 8

Bitumen Roadworks

Fire lit or maintained or used for the purpose of heating bitumen in tankers, sprayers, storage units, mobile asphalt plants, mobile asphalt pavers and pavement recycling machines for road repair and construction works provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the equipment; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 9

Disposal of Diseased Animal Carcasses

Fire lit or maintained or used for the purposes of disposal of diseased sheep, cattle, chicken or other deceased stock carcasses provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the fire;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the fire to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.
- (c) the site of the fire is surrounded by ground that is clear of all combustible material for a distance of at least 30 metres;
- (d) a responsible adult person is present at the site of the fire at all times while it is burning; and
- (e) prior to lighting such a fire, the person in charge of the operation must notify:
 - (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district if the place where the fire is to be lit is within a rural fire district; or
 - (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the place where the fire is to be lit is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire not be lit.

SCHEDULE 10

Bee Hive "Smokers"

Fire lit and maintained in a metal canister, known as a "bee hive smoker" used by apiarists to produce smoke for use in connection with the management of bees and bee hives, provided that:

- (a) the canister is a commercially available "bee hive smoker" designed to prevent the escape of sparks or incandescent or burning material;
- (b) the fuel for the canister is lit inside a building or vehicle by a responsible adult person and the canister is sealed prior to leaving the building or vehicle and being taken to the hives;
- (c) fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material is not permitted to escape from the canister in the open air;

- (d) the canister is not to be left unattended while it is alight;
- (e) the fuel is totally extinguished inside a building or vehicle by the responsible adult person at the completion of use.

SCHEDULE 11

Electric or Gas Barbeques

- 1. Fire lit, maintained or used for the purpose of food preparation on a gas or electric appliance provided that:
 - (a) the appliance is under the direct control of a responsible adult person, present at all times while it is operating;
 - (b) no combustible material of any kind is allowed within two metres of the appliance while it is operating;
 - (c) a system of applying an adequate stream of water is available for immediate and continuous use; and
 - the appliance is located on land on which is erected a permanent private dwelling and is not more than twenty metres from that dwelling; or
 - (ii) where the appliance is not on land on which is erected a permanent private dwelling, both the appliance and the land on which it is located have been approved for the purpose by:
 - the council of the area or:
 - if the land is acquired or reserved under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, the National Parks and Wildlife Service; or
 - if the land is within a state forest, Forests NSW.

SCHEDULE 12

Charcoal Production

Fire lit, maintained or used in accordance with Regulation 28 (1) (a) of the Rural Fires Regulation 2002 (NSW), for the production of charcoal (but not for the destruction of waste arising therefrom) provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 13

Mining Operations

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with the cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus used for the purpose of the urgent and essential maintenance and repair of mining equipment provided that:

- (a) the cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus is used in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 14

Building Construction/Demolition – Urgent and Essential

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with welding, cutting and grinding work undertaken in the course of urgent and essential construction or demolition of buildings provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire; and
- (c) if the work is to be carried out above the normal ground or floor level the area below the works must be totally free of combustible material and any fire, spark or incandescent material must be prevented from falling to that area.
- (d) prior to lighting the fire, the person in charge of the work must notify:
 - the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district, If the site of the work is within a rural fire district; or
 - (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the site of the work is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire not to be lit.

SCHEDULE 15

Exhaust Stacks for Gas Exploration, Collection, Drainage, Refining Facilities, Oil Refineries and Steel Works

Fire lit, maintained or used to dispose of gaseous exhaust emissions through a chimney in connection with the exploration, collection, drainage, refining, manufacture or purification of gas, oil or metal provided that: the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning materials from the site of the exploration, collection, drainage, refining or manufacturing facility.

SCHEDULE 16 Hot Air Balloons

Fire lit, maintained or used in order to conduct commercial hot air balloon flying operations provided that:

- (a) not more than twelve hours prior to lighting such a fire the pilot must notify:
 - the NSW Rural Fire Service State Operations Centre on 1800 679 737 of the proposed flight; and
 - (ii) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for the launch site if within the rural fire district and for each rural fire district on the proposed flight path; and

(iii) the NSWFB Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the launch site is within the NSWFB fire district,

and comply with any direction or additional condition, which may be, imposed by the RFS or NSWFB, which may include a direction that the fire is not to be lit. The contact details for the RFS Zone or District Manager/s may be obtained from the RFS State Operations Centre on 1800 679 737 and the contact details for NSWFB may be obtained from the NSWFB Communications Centre on 1800 422 281:

- (b) at the time the balloon is launched:
 - (i) the ambient air temperature is less than 30 degrees Celsius; and
 - (ii) the average wind speed measured at ground level is less than 20 kilometres per hour;
- (c) the take off site is clear of all combustible material within a 3 metre radius of the balloon burner;
- (d) the balloon has landed and all burners and pilot lights are extinguished by no later than 2 hours after sunrise;
- (e) any sighting of smoke or fire observed from the air is immediately reported to the NSW Fire Brigades via the Telstra "000" emergency system;
- (f) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the balloon; and
- (g) adequate fire fighting equipment is carried in the balloon and by the ground/retrieval party to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 17

Olympic Cauldron

Fire lit and maintained by the Sydney Olympic Park Authority in the "Olympic Cauldron" erected at Sydney Olympic Park.

SCHEDULE 18

Any Other Fire Approved by NSW RFS Commissioner

Any fire, the lighting or maintenance of which is approved in writing by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, provided that the person who lights or maintains the fire complies with any conditions imposed by the Commissioner in relation to that fire.

SCHEDULE A

Greater Sydney Region

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Government Gazette

OF THE STATE OF **NEW SOUTH WALES**

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RURAL FIRES ACT 1997

NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 99

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by section 99 of the Rural Fires Act 1997, I, SHANE ALAN FITZSIMMONS, Commissioner of NSW Rural Fire Service, under delegation dated 20 February 2012, from the Hon. Michael Gallacher, M.L.C., Minister for Police and Emergency Services, do, by this notification direct that the lighting, maintenance or use of all fires in the open air, with the exception of the classes of fire as specified in Schedules 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 hereto, is prohibited in the parts of the State set out in Schedule A hereto, from 00:01 hours to 23:59 hours on Monday, 7 October 2013.

Dated 8 October 2013.

SHANE FITZSIMMONS, A.F.S.M.,

Commissioner

Schedule 1	Fire Fighting Activities
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Commissioner

SCHEDULE 1

Fire Fighting Activities

Fire lit, maintained or used for the purpose of suppressing or controlling any existing bush fire; or for urgent repairs and/or maintenance of any firefighting or associated plant or equipment; or to provide food and refreshments for fire fighting personnel where such fire is lit, maintained or used under the direction of the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, any officer of the NSW Fire Brigades, any officer authorised by the State Forests of New South Wales, any officer authorised by the Director General of the NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service, or any NSW Rural Fire Service Deputy Captain, Captain, Deputy Group Captain, Group Captain or Officer of the rank of Inspector or above, appointed pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (NSW).

SCHEDULE 2

Emergency Operations

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with any cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus used by an emergency services organisation within the meaning of the State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989 (NSW) for the purpose of any emergency operations provided that, as far as is practicable:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the emergency; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the emergency to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 3

Fireworks

Fireworks lit and maintained during a Total Fire Ban as part of an organised public display, theatrical display or technical non-display purpose, provided that;

(a) the person in charge of the display ('the responsible person") holds a current Pyrotechnicians Licence or a Fireworks Single Use Licence (FSUL) issued by WorkCover NSW and;

- (b) the responsible person complies with the requirements of the WorkCover NSW publication "Operational Conditions FIREWORKS Pyrotechnics and Single Use Licence Holders" and;
- (c) all fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material is extinguished at the conclusion of the display and prior to the responsible person leaving the site;
- (d) the display is conducted in a manner, which minimises the likelihood that fire, sparks or burning or incandescent material will impact on the land surrounding the display causing a fire;
- (e) precautions are taken to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the surrounding area;

The abovementioned requirements stipulate that the responsible person must notify, during business hours, not less than forty eight hours prior to the commencement of the fireworks display:

- (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that District if the place where the display is to be held is within a rural fire district; or
- (ii) the Officer In Charge of the nearest Fire and Rescue NSW fire station if the place where the display is to be held is within a fire district.

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that Officer, which may include a direction that the fireworks not be lit.

SCHEDULE 4

Religious/Sacred Ceremonies

Fire lit, maintained or used as part of a religious or sacred ceremony, including candles lit or maintained as part of a "Carols by Candlelight" celebration, provided that:

- (a) approval to use of the land on which the ceremony or celebration is to be held has been obtained in writing from:
 - the local authority for the area in which the land is located, if the land is controlled or managed by a local authority; or
 - (ii) in any other case, the owner or occupier of the land on which site the ceremony or celebration will be held;
- (b) the ceremony or celebration is held on an open area of land so that any naked flame is surrounded by ground that is clear of all combustible material for a distance of at least 20 metres;
- (c) each fire or flame is constantly under the direct control or supervision of a responsible adult person;
- (d) each fire or flame is extinguished at the conclusion of the ceremony or celebration and prior to the person having control or supervision of the fire or flame leaving the site;
- (e) the person who obtained the consent of the local authority or the owner or occupier of the land to conduct the ceremony or celebration must ensure that all necessary steps are taken to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site; and
- (f) the person who obtained the consent of the local authority or the owner or occupier of the land to conduct the ceremony or celebration must, not less

than six hours prior to the commencement of the ceremony or celebration, notify:

- the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district, If the place where the ceremony or celebration is to be held is within a rural fire district; or
- (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the place where the ceremony or celebration is to be held is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire or candles not to be lit.

SCHEDULE 5

Services & Utilities – Essential Repairs/Maintenance

Fire lit, maintained or used by, or under the authority of, a provider of energy, telecommunications, water, transport or waste removal/disposal services, in connection with the urgent and essential:

- (a) repairs; or
- (b) maintenance

of facilities or equipment required for the continuation of the supply or provision of power, light, heat, cooling, refrigeration, communication, water, transport or sewerage provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 6

Disposal of Waste/Putrescent Material

Fire lit, maintained or used by a public authority as defined in the dictionary of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (NSW), for the disposal of waste or putrescent material likely to cause a health hazard provided that the fire is lit in a properly constructed incinerator designed to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material therefrom.

SCHEDULE 7

Sugar Cane Harvesting

Fire lit, maintained or used between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. Australian Eastern Standard Summer Time for a purpose associated with the harvesting of sugar cane provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the area of cane which is to be harvested; and,
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the fire to prevent the escape or spread of the fire,
- (c) the fire is under the direct control of a responsible adult person, present at all times until it is fully extinguished.
- (d) the person who lights the fire has complied with the requirements of section 87 of the Rural Fires Act 1997.

SCHEDULE 8

Bitumen Roadworks

Fire lit or maintained or used for the purpose of heating bitumen in tankers, sprayers, storage units, mobile asphalt plants, mobile asphalt pavers and pavement recycling machines for road repair and construction works provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the equipment; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 9

Disposal of Diseased Animal Carcasses

Fire lit or maintained or used for the purposes of disposal of diseased sheep, cattle, chicken or other deceased stock carcasses provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the fire;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the fire to prevent the escape or spread of the fire;
- (c) the site of the fire is surrounded by ground that is clear of all combustible material for a distance of at least 30 metres;
- (d) a responsible adult person is present at the site of the fire at all times while it is burning; and
- (e) prior to lighting such a fire, the person in charge of the operation must notify:
 - (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district if the place where the fire is to be lit is within a rural fire district; or
 - (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the place where the fire is to be lit is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire not be lit.

SCHEDULE 10

Bee Hive "Smokers"

Fire lit and maintained in a metal canister, known as a "bee hive smoker" used by apiarists to produce smoke for use in connection with the management of bees and bee hives, provided that:

- (a) the canister is a commercially available "bee hive smoker" designed to prevent the escape of sparks or incandescent or burning material;
- (b) the fuel for the canister is lit inside a building or vehicle by a responsible adult person and the canister is sealed prior to leaving the building or vehicle and being taken to the hives;
- (c) fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material is not permitted to escape from the canister in the open air;

- (d) the canister is not to be left unattended while it is alight;
- (e) the fuel is totally extinguished inside a building or vehicle by the responsible adult person at the completion of use.

SCHEDULE 11

Electric or Gas Barbeques

- Fire lit, maintained or used for the purpose of food preparation on a gas or electric appliance provided that:
 - (a) the appliance is under the direct control of a responsible adult person, present at all times while it is operating;
 - (b) no combustible material of any kind is allowed within two metres of the appliance while it is operating;
 - (c) a system of applying an adequate stream of water is available for immediate and continuous use; and
 - the appliance is located on land on which is erected a permanent private dwelling and is not more than twenty metres from that dwelling; or
 - (ii) where the appliance is not on land on which is erected a permanent private dwelling, both the appliance and the land on which it is located have been approved for the purpose by:
 - the council of the area or:
 - if the land is acquired or reserved under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, the National Parks and Wildlife Service; or
 - if the land is within a state forest, Forests NSW.

SCHEDULE 12

Charcoal Production

Fire lit, maintained or used in accordance with Regulation 28 (1) (a) of the Rural Fires Regulation 2002 (NSW), for the production of charcoal (but not for the destruction of waste arising therefrom) provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 13

Mining Operations

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with the cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus used for the purpose of the urgent and essential maintenance and repair of mining equipment provided that:

- (a) the cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus is used in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 14

Building Construction/Demolition – Urgent and Essential

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with welding, cutting and grinding work undertaken in the course of urgent and essential construction or demolition of buildings provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire; and
- (c) if the work is to be carried out above the normal ground or floor level the area below the works must be totally free of combustible material and any fire, spark or incandescent material must be prevented from falling to that area.
- (d) prior to lighting the fire, the person in charge of the work must notify:
 - the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district, If the site of the work is within a rural fire district; or
 - (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the site of the work is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire not to be lit.

SCHEDULE 15

Exhaust Stacks for Gas Exploration, Collection, Drainage, Refining Facilities, Oil Refineries and Steel Works

Fire lit, maintained or used to dispose of gaseous exhaust emissions through a chimney in connection with the exploration, collection, drainage, refining, manufacture or purification of gas, oil or metal provided that: the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning materials from the site of the exploration, collection, drainage, refining or manufacturing facility.

SCHEDULE 16 Hot Air Balloons

Fire lit, maintained or used in order to conduct commercial hot air balloon flying operations provided that:

- (a) not more than twelve hours prior to lighting such a fire the pilot must notify:
 - the NSW Rural Fire Service State Operations Centre on 1800 679 737 of the proposed flight; and
 - (ii) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for the launch site if within the rural fire district and for each rural fire district on the proposed flight path; and

(iii) the NSWFB Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the launch site is within the NSWFB fire district,

and comply with any direction or additional condition, which may be, imposed by the RFS or NSWFB, which may include a direction that the fire is not to be lit. The contact details for the RFS Zone or District Manager/s may be obtained from the RFS State Operations Centre on 1800 679 737 and the contact details for NSWFB may be obtained from the NSWFB Communications Centre on 1800 422 281:

- (b) at the time the balloon is launched:
 - (i) the ambient air temperature is less than 30 degrees Celsius; and
 - (ii) the average wind speed measured at ground level is less than 20 kilometres per hour;
- (c) the take off site is clear of all combustible material within a 3 metre radius of the balloon burner;
- (d) the balloon has landed and all burners and pilot lights are extinguished by no later than 2 hours after sunrise;
- (e) any sighting of smoke or fire observed from the air is immediately reported to the NSW Fire Brigades via the Telstra "000" emergency system;
- (f) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the balloon; and
- (g) adequate fire fighting equipment is carried in the balloon and by the ground/retrieval party to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 17

Olympic Cauldron

Fire lit and maintained by the Sydney Olympic Park Authority in the "Olympic Cauldron" erected at Sydney Olympic Park.

SCHEDULE 18

Any Other Fire Approved by NSW RFS Commissioner

Any fire, the lighting or maintenance of which is approved in writing by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, provided that the person who lights or maintains the fire complies with any conditions imposed by the Commissioner in relation to that fire.

SCHEDULE A

Far North Coast New England Northern Slopes

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OF THE STATE OF

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SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT

HERITAGE ACT 1977

Direction Pursuant to Section 38 to Remove an Item from the State Heritage Register

Bridge over Five Day Creek SHR No. 01468

IN pursuance of section 38 of the Heritage Act 1977 (NSW), I, the Minister for Heritage, having considered a recommendation of the Heritage Council of New South Wales, directs the removal of a listing of the item specified in Schedule "A" from the State Heritage Register.

This delisting shall apply to the curtilage or site of the item, being the land described in Schedule "B".

Dated at Sydney, this 4th day of October 2013.

The Hon. ROBYN PARKER, M.P., Minister for Heritage

SCHEDULE "A"

The item known as Bridge over Five Day Creek, situated on the land described in Schedule "B".

SCHEDULE "B"

All those pieces or parcels of land in Parish of Pee Dee, County of Dudley shown edged heavy black on the plan titled Provision of Curtilage Information for Road Infrastructure Items listed on the State Heritage Register Bridge over Five Day Creek Comara Bridge in the office of the Heritage Council of New South Wales.

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SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT

HERITAGE ACT 1977

Direction Pursuant to Section 32 (1) to List an Item on the State Heritage Register

Health Department Building (former) 93–97 Macquarie Street, Sydney SHR No. 1912

IN pursuance of section 32 (1) of the Heritage Act 1977, I, the Minister for Heritage, having considered the recommendation of the Heritage Council of New South Wales and the other matters set out at section 32 (1), direct the Council to list the item of environmental heritage specified in Schedule "A" on the State Heritage Register. This listing shall apply to the curtilage or site of the item, being the land described in Schedule "B".

Dated at Sydney, this 15th day of September 2013.

The Hon. ROBYN PARKER, M.P., Minister for Heritage

SCHEDULE "A"

The item known as the Health Department Building (former), situated on the land described in Schedule "B".

SCHEDULE "B"

All those pieces or parcels of land known as part of Lot 1, DP 839564 in Parish of St James, County of Cumberland shown on the plan catalogued HC 2583 in the office of the Heritage Council of New South Wales.

HERITAGE ACT 1977

Order under Section 57 (2) to Grant Site Specific Exemptions from Approval

Health Department Building (former) 93–97 Macquarie Street, Sydney

SHR No. 1912

I, the Minister for Heritage, on the recommendation of the Heritage Council of New South Wales, in pursuance of section 57 (2) of the Heritage Act 1977, do, by this my order, grant an exemption from section 57 (1) of that Act in respect of the engaging in or carrying out of any activities described in Schedule "C" by the [owner, mortgagee or lessee of the land] described in Schedule "B" on the item described in Schedule "A".

Dated at Sydney, this 15th day of September 2013.

The Hon. ROBYN PARKER, M.P., Minister for Heritage

SCHEDULE "A"

The item known as the Health Department Building (former), situated on the land described in Schedule "B".

SCHEDULE "B"

All those pieces or parcels of land known as part of Lot 1, DP 839564 in Parish of St James, County of Cumberland, shown on the plan catalogued HC 2583 in the office of the Heritage Council of New South Wales.

SCHEDULE "C"

- 1. All Standard Exemptions.
- 2. Changes to operating hours.
- 3. Changes of use where there is no physical work anticipated as a result of the new use.
- 4. Development of temporary hoardings when facades are undergoing maintenance or conservation.
- Exterior maintenance and conservation of historic fabric in accordance with the Conservation Management Plan
 prepared by Graham Brooks and Associates, dated December 2012 and under the supervision of a suitably qualified
 heritage consultant.
- 6. All non-structural tenancy fitout works or changes to interior non-significant fittings and finishes with no effect on remnant heritage fabric identified in the Conservation Management Plan prepared by Graham Brooks and Associates, dated December 2012. This includes the erection of partitions in spaces ranked of low significance in the Conservation Management Plan, prepared by Graham Brooks and Associates, dated December 2012 provided that these are installed in such a way that they are reversible and do not impact on heritage significant fabric.
- 7. Changes to, or development of, internal partitions provided they will have no impact on the external appearance of the building or significance of internal spaces.
- 8. Refurbishment of non significant bathroom and kitchen facilities.
- 9. Removal or replacement of non-original walls or portions thereof.
- 10. Removal or replacement of non significant ceilings or portions thereof.
- 11. Maintenance or replacement of non significant internal paint finishes.
- 12. Changes to non significant internal lighting.
- 13. Interior maintenance and conservation of historic fabric as identified in the Conservation Management Plan prepared by Graham Brooks and Associates, dated December 2012.
- 14. Replacement of deteriorated non-significant building fabric.
- 15. Replacement of non significant floor finishes.
- 16. Installation of internal signage on non significant walls.
- 17. Installation of communications and data services using existing conduits and penetrations.
- 18. Electrical, mechanical and hydraulic services maintenance and upgrades located within existing service locations within the building envelope and within the roof space.
- 19. Upgrade of mechanical equipment relating to lifts or chair lifts.
- 20. Penetrations in the concrete slabs, constructed in the 1980s, of a diameter less than 500mm.

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RURAL FIRES ACT 1997

NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 99

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by section 99 of the Rural Fires Act 1997, I, SHANE ALAN FITZSIMMONS, Commissioner of NSW Rural Fire Service, under delegation dated 20 February 2012, from the Hon. Michael Gallacher, M.L.C., Minister for Police and Emergency Services, do, by this notification direct that the lighting, maintenance or use of all fires in the open air, with the exception of the classes of fire as specified in Schedules 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 hereto, is prohibited in the parts of the State set out in Schedule A hereto, from 00:01 hours to 23:59 hours on Thursday, 10 October 2013.

Dated 10 October 2013.

SHANE FITZSIMMONS, A.F.S.M.,

Commissioner

Schedule 1	Fire Fighting Activities
Schedule 2	Emergency Operations
Schedule 3	Fireworks
Schedule 4	Religious/Sacred Ceremonies
Schedule 5	Services and Utilities – Essential Repairs Maintenance
Schedule 6	Disposal of Waste/Putrescent Material
Schedule 7	Sugar Cane Harvesting
Schedule 8	Bitumen Roadworks
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Schedule 15	Exhaust Stacks for Gas Exploration, Collection, Drainage, Refining Facilities, Oil Refineries and Steel Works
Schedule 16	Hot Air Balloons
Schedule 17	Olympic Cauldron
Schedule 18	Any Other Fire Approved by NSW RFS

Commissioner

SCHEDULE 1

Fire Fighting Activities

Fire lit, maintained or used for the purpose of suppressing or controlling any existing bush fire; or for urgent repairs and/or maintenance of any firefighting or associated plant or equipment; or to provide food and refreshments for fire fighting personnel where such fire is lit, maintained or used under the direction of the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, any officer of the NSW Fire Brigades, any officer authorised by the State Forests of New South Wales, any officer authorised by the Director General of the NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service, or any NSW Rural Fire Service Deputy Captain, Captain, Deputy Group Captain, Group Captain or Officer of the rank of Inspector or above, appointed pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (NSW).

SCHEDULE 2

Emergency Operations

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with any cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus used by an emergency services organisation within the meaning of the State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989 (NSW) for the purpose of any emergency operations provided that, as far as is practicable:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the emergency; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the emergency to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 3

Fireworks

Fireworks lit and maintained during a Total Fire Ban as part of an organised public display, theatrical display or technical non-display purpose, provided that;

(a) the person in charge of the display ('the responsible person") holds a current Pyrotechnicians Licence or a Fireworks Single Use Licence (FSUL) issued by WorkCover NSW and;

- (b) the responsible person complies with the requirements of the WorkCover NSW publication "Operational Conditions FIREWORKS Pyrotechnics and Single Use Licence Holders" and;
- (c) all fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material is extinguished at the conclusion of the display and prior to the responsible person leaving the site;
- (d) the display is conducted in a manner, which minimises the likelihood that fire, sparks or burning or incandescent material will impact on the land surrounding the display causing a fire;
- (e) precautions are taken to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the surrounding area;

The abovementioned requirements stipulate that the responsible person must notify, during business hours, not less than forty eight hours prior to the commencement of the fireworks display:

- (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that District if the place where the display is to be held is within a rural fire district; or
- (ii) the Officer In Charge of the nearest Fire and Rescue NSW fire station if the place where the display is to be held is within a fire district.

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that Officer, which may include a direction that the fireworks not be lit.

SCHEDULE 4

Religious/Sacred Ceremonies

Fire lit, maintained or used as part of a religious or sacred ceremony, including candles lit or maintained as part of a "Carols by Candlelight" celebration, provided that:

- (a) approval to use of the land on which the ceremony or celebration is to be held has been obtained in writing from:
 - the local authority for the area in which the land is located, if the land is controlled or managed by a local authority; or
 - (ii) in any other case, the owner or occupier of the land on which site the ceremony or celebration will be held;
- (b) the ceremony or celebration is held on an open area of land so that any naked flame is surrounded by ground that is clear of all combustible material for a distance of at least 20 metres;
- (c) each fire or flame is constantly under the direct control or supervision of a responsible adult person;
- (d) each fire or flame is extinguished at the conclusion of the ceremony or celebration and prior to the person having control or supervision of the fire or flame leaving the site;
- (e) the person who obtained the consent of the local authority or the owner or occupier of the land to conduct the ceremony or celebration must ensure that all necessary steps are taken to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site; and
- (f) the person who obtained the consent of the local authority or the owner or occupier of the land to conduct the ceremony or celebration must, not less

than six hours prior to the commencement of the ceremony or celebration, notify:

- the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district, If the place where the ceremony or celebration is to be held is within a rural fire district; or
- (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the place where the ceremony or celebration is to be held is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire or candles not to be lit.

SCHEDULE 5

Services & Utilities – Essential Repairs/Maintenance

Fire lit, maintained or used by, or under the authority of, a provider of energy, telecommunications, water, transport or waste removal/disposal services, in connection with the urgent and essential:

- (a) repairs; or
- (b) maintenance

of facilities or equipment required for the continuation of the supply or provision of power, light, heat, cooling, refrigeration, communication, water, transport or sewerage provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 6

Disposal of Waste/Putrescent Material

Fire lit, maintained or used by a public authority as defined in the dictionary of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (NSW), for the disposal of waste or putrescent material likely to cause a health hazard provided that the fire is lit in a properly constructed incinerator designed to prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material therefrom.

SCHEDULE 7

Sugar Cane Harvesting

Fire lit, maintained or used between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. Australian Eastern Standard Summer Time for a purpose associated with the harvesting of sugar cane provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the area of cane which is to be harvested; and,
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the fire to prevent the escape or spread of the fire,
- (c) the fire is under the direct control of a responsible adult person, present at all times until it is fully extinguished.
- (d) the person who lights the fire has complied with the requirements of section 87 of the Rural Fires Act 1997.

SCHEDULE 8

Bitumen Roadworks

Fire lit or maintained or used for the purpose of heating bitumen in tankers, sprayers, storage units, mobile asphalt plants, mobile asphalt pavers and pavement recycling machines for road repair and construction works provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the equipment; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 9

Disposal of Diseased Animal Carcasses

Fire lit or maintained or used for the purposes of disposal of diseased sheep, cattle, chicken or other deceased stock carcasses provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the fire;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the fire to prevent the escape or spread of the fire;
- (c) the site of the fire is surrounded by ground that is clear of all combustible material for a distance of at least 30 metres;
- (d) a responsible adult person is present at the site of the fire at all times while it is burning; and
- (e) prior to lighting such a fire, the person in charge of the operation must notify:
 - (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district if the place where the fire is to be lit is within a rural fire district; or
 - (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the place where the fire is to be lit is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire not be lit.

SCHEDULE 10

Bee Hive "Smokers"

Fire lit and maintained in a metal canister, known as a "bee hive smoker" used by apiarists to produce smoke for use in connection with the management of bees and bee hives, provided that:

- (a) the canister is a commercially available "bee hive smoker" designed to prevent the escape of sparks or incandescent or burning material;
- (b) the fuel for the canister is lit inside a building or vehicle by a responsible adult person and the canister is sealed prior to leaving the building or vehicle and being taken to the hives;
- (c) fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material is not permitted to escape from the canister in the open air;

- (d) the canister is not to be left unattended while it is alight;
- (e) the fuel is totally extinguished inside a building or vehicle by the responsible adult person at the completion of use.

SCHEDULE 11

Electric or Gas Barbeques

- 1. Fire lit, maintained or used for the purpose of food preparation on a gas or electric appliance provided that:
 - (a) the appliance is under the direct control of a responsible adult person, present at all times while it is operating;
 - (b) no combustible material of any kind is allowed within two metres of the appliance while it is operating;
 - (c) a system of applying an adequate stream of water is available for immediate and continuous use; and
 - (i) the appliance is located on land on which is erected a permanent private dwelling and is not more than twenty metres from that dwelling; or
 - (ii) where the appliance is not on land on which is erected a permanent private dwelling, both the appliance and the land on which it is located have been approved for the purpose by:
 - the council of the area or:
 - if the land is acquired or reserved under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, the National Parks and Wildlife Service; or
 - if the land is within a state forest, Forests NSW.

SCHEDULE 12

Charcoal Production

Fire lit, maintained or used in accordance with Regulation 28 (1) (a) of the Rural Fires Regulation 2002 (NSW), for the production of charcoal (but not for the destruction of waste arising therefrom) provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 13

Mining Operations

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with the cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus used for the purpose of the urgent and essential maintenance and repair of mining equipment provided that:

- (a) the cutting, welding and/or grinding apparatus is used in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the site of the works; and
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 14

Building Construction/Demolition – Urgent and Essential

Fire lit, maintained or used in association with welding, cutting and grinding work undertaken in the course of urgent and essential construction or demolition of buildings provided that:

- (a) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will
 prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or
 burning material from the site of the works;
- (b) adequate fire fighting equipment is provided at the site of the works to prevent the escape or spread of the fire; and
- (c) if the work is to be carried out above the normal ground or floor level the area below the works must be totally free of combustible material and any fire, spark or incandescent material must be prevented from falling to that area.
- (d) prior to lighting the fire, the person in charge of the work must notify:
 - the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for that district, If the site of the work is within a rural fire district; or
 - (ii) the Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the site of the work is within a fire district

and comply with any direction or additional condition which may be imposed by that officer which may include a direction that the fire not to be lit.

SCHEDULE 15

Exhaust Stacks for Gas Exploration, Collection, Drainage, Refining Facilities, Oil Refineries and Steel Works

Fire lit, maintained or used to dispose of gaseous exhaust emissions through a chimney in connection with the exploration, collection, drainage, refining, manufacture or purification of gas, oil or metal provided that: the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning materials from the site of the exploration, collection, drainage, refining or manufacturing facility.

SCHEDULE 16 Hot Air Balloons

Fire lit, maintained or used in order to conduct commercial hot air balloon flying operations provided that:

- (a) not more than twelve hours prior to lighting such a fire the pilot must notify:
 - (i) the NSW Rural Fire Service State Operations Centre on 1800 679 737 of the proposed flight; and
 - (ii) the NSW Rural Fire Service Zone or District Manager for the launch site if within the rural fire district and for each rural fire district on the proposed flight path; and
 - (iii) the NSWFB Officer in Charge of the nearest NSW Fire Brigades fire station if the launch site is within the NSWFB fire district,

and comply with any direction or additional condition, which may be, imposed by the RFS or NSWFB, which may include a direction that the fire is not to be lit. The contact details for the RFS Zone or District Manager/s may be obtained from the RFS State Operations Centre on 1800 679 737 and the contact details for NSWFB may be obtained from the NSWFB Communications Centre on 1800 422 281;

- (b) at the time the balloon is launched:
 - (i) the ambient air temperature is less than 30 degrees Celsius; and
 - (ii) the average wind speed measured at ground level is less than 20 kilometres per hour;
- (c) the take off site is clear of all combustible material within a 3 metre radius of the balloon burner;
- (d) the balloon has landed and all burners and pilot lights are extinguished by no later than 2 hours after sunrise;
- (e) any sighting of smoke or fire observed from the air is immediately reported to the NSW Fire Brigades via the Telstra "000" emergency system;
- (f) the fire is lit and maintained in a manner which will prevent the escape of fire, sparks or incandescent or burning material from the balloon; and
- (g) adequate fire fighting equipment is carried in the balloon and by the ground/retrieval party to prevent the escape or spread of the fire.

SCHEDULE 17

Olympic Cauldron

Fire lit and maintained by the Sydney Olympic Park Authority in the "Olympic Cauldron" erected at Sydney Olympic Park.

SCHEDULE 18

Any Other Fire Approved by NSW RFS Commissioner

Any fire, the lighting or maintenance of which is approved in writing by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, provided that the person who lights or maintains the fire complies with any conditions imposed by the Commissioner in relation to that fire.

SCHEDULE A

Far North Coast

North Coast

New England

Greater Hunter

Greater Sydney Region

Illawarra/Shoalhaven

Far South Coast

Monaro Alpine

Southern Ranges

Central Ranges

New England

Northern Slopes

North Western

Upper Central West Plains

Lower Central West Plains

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Government Gazette

OF THE STATE OF NEW SOUTH WALES

Number 131 Friday, 11 October 2013

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LEGISLATION

Online notification of the making of statutory instruments

Week beginning 30 September 2013

THE following instruments were officially notified on the NSW legislation website (www.legislation.nsw.gov.au) on the dates indicated:

Proclamations commencing Acts

Drugs and Poisons Legislation Amendment (New Psychoactive and Other Substances) Act 2013 No 70 (2013-568) — published LW 4 October 2013

Regulations and other statutory instruments

Dams Safety Amendment (Prescribed Dams) Proclamation 2013 (2013-576) — published LW 4 October 2013 Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Gateway Process for Strategic Agricultural Land) Regulation 2013 (2013-578) — published LW 4 October 2013

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Transitional Arrangements—Repeal of Part 3A) Regulation 2013 (2013-579) — published LW 4 October 2013

Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Amendment (Indicator Lights) Regulation 2013 (2013-577) — published LW 4 October 2013

Environmental Planning Instruments

Ballina Local Environmental Plan 2012 (Amendment No 4) (2013-583) — published LW 4 October 2013 Berrigan Local Environmental Plan 2013 (2013-587) — published LW 4 October 2013

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2004 (Amendment No 50) (2013-588) — published LW 4 October 2013

Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2010 (Amendment No 5) (2013-584) — published LW 4 October 2013

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) Amendment (Light Rail) 2013 (2013-580) — published LW 4 October 2013

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) Amendment 2013 (2013-581) — published LW 4 October 2013

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) Amendment (Blacktown Growth Centres Precinct Plan) 2013 (2013-582) — published LW 4 October 2013

The Hills Local Environmental Plan 2012 (Amendment No 7) (2013-585) — published LW 4 October 2013

Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009 (Amendment No 16) (2013-586) — published

LW 4 October 2013

OFFICIAL NOTICES

Appointments

GAMING AND LIQUOR ADMINISTRATION ACT 2007

Appointment

Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority

HER Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has appointed Helen Jane MORGAN under section 7 (1) (b) of the Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007 as a part-time member of the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority from 11 October 2013 until 10 October 2016.

GEORGE SOURIS, M.P., Minister for Tourism, Major Events, Hospitality and Racing and Minister for the Arts

SYDNEY HARBOUR FORESHORE AUTHORITY ACT 1998

Appointment

Sydney Harbour Foreshore Authority

HER Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has appointed, pursuant to section 29 (2) of the Sydney Harbour Foreshore Authority Act 1998, the following as members of the Sydney Harbour Foreshore Authority until 21 August 2014:

Mr Richard PERSSON, A.M. (re-appointment)

Mr Owen EVANS (re-appointment)

Mr Peter LOWRY, O.A.M. (re-appointment)

Ms Carolyn Fletcher, A.M. (re-appointment)

BRAD HAZZARD, M.P., Minister for Planning and Infrastructure

Roads and Maritime Services

ROAD TRANSPORT (VEHICLE AND DRIVER MANAGEMENT) ACT 2005

Notice under the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005

I, Peter Duncan, Chief Executive Roads and Maritime Services, pursuant to Clause 20 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005, hereby amend the Class 2 B-Double Notice 2010, as published in the *NSW Government Gazette* No. 108 on 27 August 2010 at pages 4033 to 4284, as set out in the Schedule of this Notice.

PETER DUNCAN, Chief Executive, Roads and Maritime Services

SCHEDULE

l. Citation

This Notice is the Roads and Maritime Services Class 2 B-Double (Amendment) Notice No. 4/2013.

2. Commencement

This Notice takes effect on and from the date of publication in the NSW Government Gazette.

3. Effect

This Notice remains in force up to and including 1 September 2015 unless it is repealed earlier.

4. Amendment

Delete the following routes from the table at Appendix 1, under the heading Part 6 Southern Region State Routes.

Туре	Road No.	Approved Road	Starting Point	Finishing Point	Conditions
25	1	Princes Highway, Bega	HW4 Snowy Mountains Highway	Coupling bay at Northern Abutment of Bridge over Bega River, Bega	
25	1	Princes Highway, Bega	Coupling bay at Northern Abutment of Bridge over Bega River, Bega	Kerrisons Lane, Bega	Southbound travel only between coupling bay, at northern abutment of Bega River Bridge to Kerrisons Lane, Bega
25	1	Princes Highway, Bega	Kerrisons Lane, Bega	NSW/Victorian Border	

Insert the following routes into the table at Appendix 1, under the heading Part 6 Southern Region

Туре	Road No.	Approved Road	Starting Point	Finishing Point	Conditions
25	1	Princes Highway	HW4 Snowy Mountains Highway	NSW/Victorian Border	
25		Carp Street	Princes Highway	Gipps Street	Permitted for southbound travel only and only when the highway is closed and detours are in place (northbound B-doubles must use decoupling facilities at Kerrisons Lane to break up load)
25		Gipps Street	Carp Street	Newtown Road	Permitted for southbound travel only and only when the highway is closed and detours are in place (northbound B-doubles must use decoupling facilities at Kerrisons Lane to break up load)

Туре	Road No.	Approved Road	Starting Point	Finishing Point	Conditions
25		Newtown Road	Gipps Street	Boundary Road	Permitted for southbound travel only and only when the highway is closed and detours are in place (northbound B-doubles must use decoupling facilities at Kerrisons Lane to break up load)
25		Newtown Road	Princes Highway	Boundary Road	

Department of Trade and Investment, Regional Infrastructure and Services

MINERALS

NOTICE is given that the following applications have been received:

EXPLORATION LICENCE APPLICATIONS

(T13-1154)

No. 4892, OCHRE RESOURCES PTY LTD (ACN 112 833 351), area of 100 units, for Group 1, dated 3 October 2013. (Wagga Wagga Mining Division).

(T13-1155)

No. 4893, PEEL MINING LIMITED (ACN 119 343 734), area of 16 units, for Group 1, dated 3 October 2013. (Broken Hill Mining Division).

(T13-1156)

No. 4894, CLANCY EXPLORATION LIMITED (ACN 105 578 756), area of 22 units, for Group 1, dated 8 October 2013. (Orange Mining Division).

(T13-1157)

No. 4895, PEEL MINING LIMITED (ACN 119 343 734), area of 12 units, for Group 1, dated 8 October 2013. (Broken Hill Mining Division).

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

NOTICE is given that the following applications have been granted:

EXPLORATION LICENCE APPLICATIONS

(T12-1261)

No. 4705, now Exploration Licence No. 8168, KINGSGATE BOWDENS PTY LIMITED (ACN 009 250 051), Counties of Phillip, Roxburgh and Wellington, Map Sheet (8832, 8932), area of 86 units, for Group 1, dated 16 September 2013, for a term until 16 September 2015.

(T13-1034)

No. 4773, now Exploration Licence No. 8169, FORCE RESOURCES PTY LIMITED (ACN 154 507 310), Counties of Cunningham and Flinders, Map Sheet (8232, 8233), area of 55 units, for Group 1, dated 26 September 2013, for a term until 26 September 2015.

(T13-1068)

No. 4808, now Exploration Licence No. 8170, ALKANE RESOURCES LTD (ACN 000 689 216), County of Bathurst, Map Sheet (8730), area of 8 units, for Group 1, dated 1 October 2013, for a term until 1 October 2016.

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy NOTICE is given that the following applications have been granted:

MINING LEASE APPLICATIONS

(05-0198)

Broken Hill No. 262, now Mining Lease No. 1619 (Act 1992), BALRANALD GYPSUM PTY LTD (ACN 081 196 947), Parish of Paika, County of Caira, Map Sheet (7628-4-N), area of 117.923 hectares, to mine for gypsum, dated 2 June, 2008, for a term until 2 June 2029.

(T08-0009)

Orange No. 316, now Mining Lease No. 1691 (Act 1992), MOOLARBEN COAL MINES PTY LIMITED (ACN 108 601 672), Parish of Moolarben, County of Phillip, Map Sheet (8833-2-N), area of 900.6 hectares, to mine for coal, dated 23 September 2013, for a term until 23 September, 2034. As a result of the grant of this title, Exploration Licence No. 6288 has partly ceased to have effect.

(T08-0010)

Orange No. 317, now Mining Lease No. 1691 (Act 1992), MOOLARBEN COAL MINES PTY LIMITED (ACN 108 601 672), Parish of Moolarben, County of Phillip; and Parish of Wilpinjong, County of Phillip, Map Sheet (8833-2-N), area of 900.6 hectares, to mine for coal, dated 23 September 2013, for a term until 23 September, 2034. As a result of the grant of this title, Exploration Licence No. 6288 has partly ceased to have effect.

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

NOTICE is given that the following applications have been withdrawn:

EXPLORATION LICENCE APPLICATIONS

(T12-1272)

No. 4713, WILSON GEMS & INVESTMENTS PTY LTD (ACN 001 155 755), County of Arrawatta, Map Sheet (9138). Withdrawal took effect on 3 September 2013.

(T13-1020)

No. 4761, BIMBI PASTORAL PTY LTD (ACN 117 591 152), County of Darling, Map Sheet (9036, 9037). Withdrawal took effect on 25 September 2013.

(T13-1050)

No. 4790, THARSIS MINING PTY LTD (ACN 135 552 742), County of Bathurst and County of Wellington, Map Sheet (8731). Withdrawal took effect on 3 October 2013.

(T13-1062)

No. 4802, PEEL MINING LIMITED (ACN 119 343 734), County of Blaxland and County of Dowling, Map Sheet (8131). Withdrawal took effect on 4 October 2013.

(T13-1067)

No. 4807, KIMBERLEY DIAMONDS LTD (ACN 150 737 563), County of Hawes and County of Vernon, Map Sheet (9235, 9335). Withdrawal took effect on 2 October 2013.

(T13-1153)

No. 4891, OCHRE RESOURCES PTY LTD (ACN 112 833 351), County of Buccleuch, Map Sheet (8527). Withdrawal took effect on 4 October 2013.

MINING LEASE APPLICATION

(05-0300)

Sydney No. 269, CAPITAL MINING LIMITED (ACN 104 551 171), Parish of Woolumla, County of Beresford, (8725-4-N, 8725-4-S). Withdrawal took effect on 23 September 2013.

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

NOTICE is given that the following applications for renewal have been received:

(T93-0680)

Exploration Licence No. 4616, NEWCREST MINING LIMITED (ACN 005 683 625), area of 4 units. Application for renewal received 8 October 2013.

(05-5811)

Exploration Licence No. 4619, PROVIDENCE GOLD AND MINERALS PTY LTD (ACN 004 881 789), area of 4 units. Application for renewal received 8 October 2013.

(93-0804)

Exploration Licence No. 4702, PROVIDENCE GOLD AND MINERALS PTY LTD (ACN 004 881 789), area of 8 units. Application for renewal received 8 October 2013.

(05-2323)

Exploration Licence No. 5899, BOULDER MINING PTY LTD (ACN 112 796 308), area of 62 hectares. Application for renewal received 2 October 2013.

(13-3436)

Exploration Licence No. 6901, CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION LIMITED (ACN 095 117 981), area of 154 units. Application for renewal received 4 October 2013.

(T11-0178)

Exploration Licence No. 7853, DRILL RESOURCES (COOBA) PTY LTD (ACN 151 338 555), area of 7 units. Application for renewal received 8 October 2013.

(T89-1063)

Mining Lease No. 1330 (Act 1992), YELTARA PROSPECTING AND MINING COMPANY PTY LTD (ACN 099 558 915), area of 192 hectares. Application for renewal received 4 October 2013.

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

RENEWAL OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES

NOTICE is given that the following authorities have been renewed:

(L98-0254)

Exploration Licence No. 5560, GEODYNAMICS LIMITED (ACN 095 006 090), Counties of Durham and Hunter, Map Sheet (9033), area of 18 units, for a further term until 22 February 2016. Renewal effective on and from 23 September 2013.

(08-4598)

Exploration Licence No. 5958, RIMFIRE PACIFIC MINING NL (ACN 006 911 744), Counties of Menindee and Yancowinna, Map Sheet (7133, 7134), area of 54 units, for a further term until 23 June 2015. Renewal effective on and from 2 October 2013.

(06-0232)

Exploration Licence No. 6656, MINCOR COPPER PTY LTD (ACN 120 024 777), County of Kennedy, Map Sheet (8333), area of 21 units, for a further term until 26 October 2014. Renewal effective on and from 1 October 2013.

(06-7086)

Exploration Licence No. 6782, RIMFIRE AUSTRALIA PTY LTD (ACN 121 382 554), County of Bland, Map Sheet (8329), area of 53 units, for a further term until 22 May 2015. Renewal effective on and from 3 October 2013.

(T08-0105)

Exploration Licence No. 7274, VOLCAN ALUMINA CORPORATION PTY LTD (ACN 130 185 885), Counties of Arrawatta and Burnett, Map Sheet (9039), area of 123 units, for a further term until 30 January 2014. Renewal effective on and from 3 October 2013.

(09-0822)

Exploration Licence No. 7275, VOLCAN ALUMINA CORPORATION PTY LTD (ACN 130 185 885), Counties of Arrawatta and Burnett, Map Sheet (9038, 9039, 9139), area of 56 units, for a further term until 30 January 2014. Renewal effective on and from 3 October 2013.

(09-0823)

Exploration Licence No. 7276, VOLCAN ALUMINA CORPORATION PTY LTD (ACN 130 185 885), County of Murchison, Map Sheet (9038), area of 38 units, for a further term until 30 January 2014. Renewal effective on and from 3 October 2013.

(09-0824)

Exploration Licence No. 7277, VOLCAN ALUMINA CORPORATION PTY LTD (ACN 130 185 885), Counties of Arrawatta, Burnett, Gough, Hardinge and Murchison, Map Sheet (9038, 9138), area of 68 units, for a further term until 30 January 2014. Renewal effective on and from 3 October 2013.

(09-0825)

Exploration Licence No. 7278, VOLCAN ALUMINA CORPORATION PTY LTD (ACN 130 185 885), Counties of Burnett and Murchison, Map Sheet (9038), area of 28 units, for a further term until 30 January 2014. Renewal effective on and from 3 October 2013.

(T10-0037)

Exploration Licence No. 7659, NEWMONT EXPLORATION PTY LTD (ACN 006 306 690), County of Ashburnham, Map Sheet (8631), area of 15 units, for a further term until 9 December 2014. Renewal effective on and from 17 September 2013.

(T11-0039)

Exploration Licence No. 7670, PARNOSA PTY LTD (ACN 089 489 618), County of Gough, Map Sheet (9238), area of 46 units, for a further term until 16 December 2014. Renewal effective on and from 27 September 2013.

(T10-0118)

Exploration Licence No. 7743, GOLDEN CROSS OPERATIONS PTY. LTD. (ACN 050 212 827), County of Mouramba, Map Sheet (8134), area of 6 units, for a further term until 19 May 2015. Renewal effective on and from 17 September 2013.

(T11-0064)

Exploration Licence No. 7783, COBAR OPERATIONS PTY LTD (ACN 103 555 853), Counties of Robinson and Yanda, Map Sheet (8035, 8036), area of 47 units, for a further term until 15 June 2015. Renewal effective on and from 17 September 2013.

(T04-0287)

Mining Purposes Lease No. 131 (Act 1973), RHONDA WINNIFRED WHITE, Parish of Wallangulla, County of Finch, Map Sheet (8439-2-S), area of 2 hectares, for a further term until 17 January 2016. Renewal effective on and from 25 September 2013.

(08-7509)

Mining Purposes Lease No. 216 (Act 1973), LOUIS TRIFUNOVIC, Parish of Wallangulla, County of Finch, Map Sheet (8439-2-S), area of 2.03 hectares, for a further term until 20 September 2015. Renewal effective on and from 2 October 2013.

(08-3920)

Mining Purposes Lease No. 219 (Act 1973), DORIS ADELENE FULLER, Parish of Wallangulla, County of Finch, Map Sheet (8439-2-S), area of 5 hectares, for a further term until 1 November 2017. Renewal effective on and from 25 September 2013.

(T03-0672)

Mining Purposes Lease No. 268 (Act 1973), GERHARD WIESENBERGER, Parish of Wallangulla, County of Finch, Map Sheet (8439-2-S), area of 3.033 hectares, for a further term until 7 April 2016. Renewal effective on and from 25 September 2013.

(T89-0992)

Mining Purposes Lease No. 298 (Act 1973), DORIS ADELENE FULLER, Parish of Wallangulla, County of Finch, Map Sheet (8439-2-S), area of 2.685 hectares, for a further term until 1 November 2017. Renewal effective on and from 25 September 2013.

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

CANCELLATION OF AUTHORITIES AT REQUEST OF HOLDERS

NOTICE is given that the following authorities have been cancelled:

(T08-0121)

Exploration Licence No. 7266, MINERALS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD (ACN 124 475 538) AND JACARANDA MINERALS LTD (ACN 117 264 570), County of Murchison, Map Sheet (9037), area of 28 units. Cancellation took effect on 27 September 2013.

(T09-0064)

Exploration Licence No. 7445, BRUCE RONALD BROWN, County of Roxburgh and County of Wellington, Map Sheet (8831), area of 1 units. Cancellation took effect on 2 September 2013.

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

REQUEST FOR CANCELLATION OF AUTHORITY

NOTICE is given that the following application has been received:

(T12-1018)

Exploration Licence No. 7972, ZODIAC RESOURCES PTY LTD, (ACN 147 515 839), County of Hawes & Vernon, area of 99 units. Application for Cancellation was received on 2 October 2013.

(T11-0267)

Exploration Licence No. 7895, CLIFFORD QUARRIES PTY LIMITED, (ACN 001 904 874), County of Brisbane, area of 4 units. Application for Cancellation was received on 3 October 2013

The Hon. CHRIS HARTCHER, M.P., Minister for Resources and Energy

PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

PLANTATIONS AND REAFFORESTATION ACT 1999

Appointment of Authorised Officers

I, ALISON BOWMAN, Acting Deputy Director General, Agriculture NSW, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries, pursuant to section 67 of the Plantations and Reafforestation Act 1999 ("the Act") and pursuant to section 61 of the Act, hereby:

- 1. revoke the instrument of appointment titled "Authorisation of Officers" dated 21 February 2008 and published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 36 on 20 March 2008 at page 2442, and any instrument of appointment revived as a result of this revocation; and
- 2. appoint the persons named in the Schedule below as authorised officers to investigate and report to the Minister on whether the Act and the Plantations and Reafforestation Code are being complied with.

SCHEDULE

Gary Thomas BLACKMAN
James Ian CROOKS
Brendan Hugh GEORGE
Johanna Christine KEMPFF
Nicholas Joh MYER
Mark Alan STANTON-COOK
Paul Douglas WELLS

Dated this 2nd day of October 2013.

ALISON BOWMAN,
Acting Deputy Director General, Agriculture NSW,
Department of Primary Industries
(an office within the Department of Trade and
Investment, Regional Infrastructure and Services)

LANDS

DUBBO CROWN LANDS OFFICE

45 Wingewarra Street (PO Box 1840), Dubbo NSW 2830 Phone: (02) 6883 3300 Fax: (02) 6884 2067

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Dubbo; County – Lincoln Land District – Dubbo: LGA – Dubbo

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1185128.

File No.: 12/07506

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1185128 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

APPOINTMENT OF TRUST BOARD MEMBERS

PURSUANT to section 93 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the persons whose names are specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder are appointed, for the terms of office specified in that Column, as members of the trust board for the reserve trust specified opposite thereto in Column 2, which has been established and appointed as trustee of the reserve referred to opposite thereto in Column 3 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Wesley Duncan Dubbo Reserve No. 93699 **TOOGOOD** Community Public Purpose: (new member) For Non-Profit non-profit making Robert Paul Making organisations **HANSON** Organisatoin Notified: 3 October 1980 (R93699) File Ref.: DB83R98 (re-appointment) **Judith Mary** Reserve Trust **KELLY** (re-appointment) Prudence Anne **HANSON** (re-appointment)

For a term commencing the date of this notice and expiring 3 October 2018.

ROADS ACT 1993

Order

Transfer of a Crown Road to a Council

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 151, Roads Act 1993, the Crown road specified in Schedule 1 is transferred to the Roads Authority specified in Schedule 2, hereunder, as from the date of publication of this notice and as from that date the road specified in Schedule 1 ceases to be a Crown road.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Wentworth; County – Wentworth, Administrative District – Wentworth; Shire – Wentworth

Schedule 1

The Crown public road 60.35 metres wide within Lot 1578, DP 763289 (now DP 1186009).

Schedule 2

Roads Authority: Wentworth Shire Council (Ref: DOC 13/12308).

File Reference: 13/14225

GOULBURN OFFICE

159 Auburn Street, Goulburn NSW 2580 (PO Box 2215, Dangar NSW 2309)

Phone: (02) 4824 3700 Fax: (02) 4822 4287

NOTICE OF PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE DECLARED PURPOSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 34A (2) OF THE CROWN LANDS ACT 1989

PURSUANT to section 34A (2) (b) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown reserve with the declared public purpose specified in Column 2 of the Schedule, is to be used or occupied for a purpose other than the declared purpose specified in Column 1 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABLE GRAZING (RELEVANT INTEREST – Section 34A Licence – RI 515311) Reserve No. 754894 Public Purpose: future public requirements Notified: 29 June 2007 File Reference: 13/10109

GRAFTON OFFICE

49-51 Victoria Street, Grafton NSW 2460 (PO Box 2185, Dangar NSW 2309)

Phone: 1300 886 235 Fax: (02) 6642 5375

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Boranel, Knowla; County – Gloucester Land District – Gloucester; LGA – Gloucester

Road Closed: Lots 1-3, DP 1183227.

File No.: TE05H145

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-3, DP 1183227 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Teven; County – Rous Land District – Lismore; LGA – Ballina

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1188349.

File No.: GF05H663

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1188349 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Hickey, Gordon, Uralgurra; County – Dudley Land District – Kempsey; LGA – Kempsey

Road Closed: Lots 1-2, DP 1183042.

File No.: 09/17821

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-2, DP 1183042 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Lawrence; County – Clarence Land District – Grafton; LGA – Clarence Valley

Road Closed: Lots 1-5, DP 1188116.

File No.: 07/3053

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-5, DP 1188116 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Bringenbrong, Greg Greg; County – Selwyn Land District – Tumbarumba; LGA – Tumbarumba

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1187888.

File No.: WA07H167

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1187888 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Berwick; County – Rous Land District – Murwillumbah; LGA – Tweed

Road Closed: Lot 2, DP 1186457.

File No.: 12/08249

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 2, DP 1186457 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Leslie, Russell; County – Arrawatta Land District – Inverell; LGA – Inverell

Road Closed: Lots 1-2, DP 1187932 Lot 2 (subject to easement/right of carriageway created by Deposited Plan DP 1187932).

File No.: ME05H281

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-2, DP 1187932 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

ROADS ACT 1993

Order

Correction of Defective Instrument

AS per the notification of Notification of Closing of a Road which appeared in *NSW Government Gazette* dated 20 September 2013, Folio 4151, part of the description is hereby amended. Under heading of "Description" the words "LGA – Gwydir"; are deleted and replaced with "LGA – Tamworth Regional". Ref: 09/01041

ROADS ACT 1993

Order

Correction of Defective Instrument

AS per the notification of Notification of Closing of a Road which appeared in *NSW Government Gazette* dated 27 September 2013, Folio 4218, part of the description is hereby amended. Under heading of "Description" the words "L.G.A.—Armidale" are replaced with "L.G.A.—Tenterfield" and the words "and Lot 2, DP 1188611" are deleted. Ref: AE06H3

MAITLAND OFFICE

141 Newcastle Road, East Maitland NSW 2323 (PO Box 2215, Dangar NSW 2309)

Phone: (02) 1300 886 235 Fax: (02) 4934 2252

RESERVATION OF CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 87 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown land specified in Column 1 of the schedule hereunder is reserved as specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

> ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2

Land District: Newcastle Reserve No. 1037808 Local Government Area: Public Purpose: community Lake Macquarie City Council purposes, urban

development

Locality: Teralba Lot 7372, DP 1179478,

Parish Teralba,

County Northumberland Area: About 7830m² File Reference: 13/13618

Note: This reservation auto revokes Lot 7372. DP 1179478 from those parts of Reserve 75, Reserve 56146,

Reserve 1011268 and Reserve 1012129.

ESTABLISHMENT OF RESERVE TRUST

PURSUANT to section 92 (1) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reserve trust specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder is established under the name stated in that Column and is appointed as trustee of the reserve specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

> ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2

Teralba Landcare Resource Centre (R1037808)

Reserve Trust

Reserve No. 1037808 Public Purpose: community purposes, urban

development Notified: This day File Reference: 13/13618

APPOINTMENT OF CORPORATION TO MANAGE RESERVE TRUST

PURSUANT to section 95 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the corporation specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder is appointed to manage the affairs of the reserve trust specified opposite thereto in Column 2, which is trustee of the reserve referred to in Column 3 of the Schedule.

> ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2 Column 3

Lake Macquarie Teralba Reserve No. 1037808 City Council Landcare Public Purpose:

Resource Centre community purposes (R1037808) urban development Reserve Trust Notified: This day File Reference: 13/13618

For a term commencing the date of this notice

NEWCASTLE OFFICE

437 Hunter Street, Newcastle NSW 2300 (PO Box 2215, Dangar NSW 2309)

Phone: (02) 1300 886 235 Fax: (02) 4925 3517

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Kincumber; County – Northumberland Land District – Gosford; LGA – Gosford

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1189414.

File No.: 13/00676

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1189414 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Swatchfield; County – Westmoreland Land District – Bathurst; LGA – Oberon

Road Closed: Lots 1-2, DP 1189397 (subject to right of carriageway created by Deposited Plan 1189397).

File No.: CL/00194

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-2, DP 1189397 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Mount Lawson; County – Georgiana Land District – Bathurst; LGA – Oberon

Road Closed: Lot 4, DP 1189063.

File No.: CL/00388

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 4, DP 1189063 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Wellington; County – Wellington Land District – Wellington; LGA – Wellington

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1189319.

File No.: 09/11899

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1189319 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Geurie; County – Lincoln Land District – Dubbo; LGA – Wellington

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1189335.

File No.: 13/00254

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1189335 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Mudgee; County – Wellington Land District – Mudgee; LGA – Mid-Western Regional

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1181314.

File No.: 10/14198

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1181314 remains vested in Mid-Western Regional Council as operational land for the purposes of the Local Government Act 1993.

Council Reference: LM R0790175

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Lee; County – Phillip Land District – Rylstone; LGA – Mid-Western Regional

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1188987 (subject to easement/right of carriageway created by Deposited Plan 1188987). File No.: CL/00473

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1188987 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Warren, Carual; County – Oxley Land District – Warren; LGA – Warren

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1189194.

File No.: 11/03927

Schedule

On closing, the land within part of Lot 1, DP 1189194 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land

On closing, the land within part of Lot 1, DP 1189194 becomes vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

Council ref: W388027 11/08/2008

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Ganbenang; County – Westmoreland Land District – Lithgow; LGA – Lithgow

Road Closed: Lots 1-2, DP 1181866.

File No.: CL/00386:JT

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-2, DP 1181866 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Gregra; County – Ashburnham Land District – Molong; LGA – Cabonne

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1187665.

File No.: CL/00472

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1187665 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Moonul, Emogandry; County – Ewenmar Land District – Dubbo; LGA – Narromine, Dubbo

Road Closed: Lots 1-4, DP 1181789 (subject to easement created by Deposited Plan 1181789).

File No.: 10/09871

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1-4, DP 1181789 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Bundaburrah; County – Forbes Land District – Forbes; LGA – Forbes

Road Closed: Lot 3, DP 1188064.

File No.: 09/00623

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 3, DP 1188064 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Emu; County – Ewenmar Land District – Dubbo; LGA – Dubbo

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1189011.

File No.: 12/03274:AD

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1189011 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Wentworth; County – Narromine Land District – Dubbo; LGA – Narromine

Road Closed: Lot 3, DP 1182042.

File No.: 10/04323

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 3, DP 1182042 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parishes – Yarran, Tubbul; County – Bland Land District – Young; LGA – Young

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1183155 subject to right of access created by Deposited Plan 1183155.

File No.: 09/02197:AD

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1183155 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

NOWRA OFFICE

5 O'Keefe Avenue (PO Box 309), Nowra NSW 2541 Phone: (02) 4428 9100 Fax: (02) 4421 2172

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

ANDREW STONER, M.P.,

Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Description

Parish – Kiama; County – Camden Land District – Kiama; LGA – Kiama

Road Closed: Lot 3, DP 1187891.

File No.: 12/07052

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 3, DP 1187891 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

Description

Parish – Pambula; County – Auckland Land District – Bega; LGA – Bega Valley

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1188446 (subject to easement for electricity purposes 20 wide over existing line of poles (approximate position) (A).

File No.: 11/01321

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1188446 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown land.

TAMWORTH OFFICE

25-27 Fitzroy Street (PO Box 535), Tamworth NSW 2340 Phone: (02) 6764 5100 Fax: (02) 6766 3805

APPOINTMENT OF TRUST BOARD MEMBERS

PURSUANT to section 93 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the persons whose names are specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder are appointed, for the terms of office specified in that Column, as members of the trust board for the reserve trust specified opposite thereto in Column 2, which has been established and appointed as trustee of the reserve referred to opposite thereto in Column 3 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

Column 3

hall

Notified:

Reserve No. 65664

Public Purpose: public

29 November 1935

File Reference: TH89R29

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2 Robert William Pine Ridge **SHEAFFE** Public Hall (re-appointment) Trust Andrew John **MORRICE** (re-appointment) Michael Morphett **CUDMORE** (re-appointment) Charles Angus HILL (new member) David Angus **WEBSTER** (new member)

(re-appointment)
Charles Angus
HILL (new member)
David Angus
WEBSTER
(new member)
For a term commencing
28 November 2013 and
expiring 27 November 2018.

SCHEDULE 2

Column 2

Central North Livestock

Health & Pest Authority

Column 1

Land District: Gunnedah Local Government Area:

Gunnedah Locality: Mullaley

Parish Bando, County Pottinger PART Reserve 55802 for Travelling Stock, notified in the *New South Wales* Government Gazette of

10 November 1922, being an area of about 22.5ha shown by hatching on diagram hereunder

File No.: TH83H375

WITHDRAWAL OF RESERVE FROM CONTROL OF LIVESTOCK HEALTH AND PEST AUTHORTIY

PURSUANT to section 86 (1) of the Rural Lands Protection Act 1998, the reserve specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder is withdrawn from the control of the authority specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE 1

Column 1

Column 2

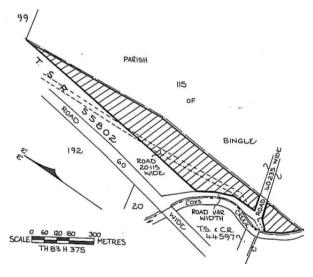
Land District: Gunnedah Local Government Area: Central North Livestock Health & Pest Authority

Gunnedah

Locality: Mullaley

Parish Bingle, County Pottinger PART Reserve 44597 for T ravelling Stock & Camping, notified in the *New South Wales Government Gazette* of 10 November 1909, being an area of about 2.4ha shown by hatching on diagram hereunder

File No.: TH83H375



WAGGA WAGGA OFFICE

Corner Johnston and Tarcutta Streets (PO Box 60), Wagga Wagga NSW 2650 Phone: (02) 6937 2700 Fax: (02) 6921 1851

APPOINTMENT OF TRUST BOARD MEMBERS

PURSUANT to section 93 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the persons whose names are specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder are appointed, for the terms of office specified in that Column, as members of the trust board for the reserve trust specified opposite thereto in Column 2, which has been established and appointed as trustee of the reserve referred to opposite thereto in Column 3 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Desmond Philip Daysdale Reserve No. 35084 **HANRAHAN** Recreation Public Purpose: public (re-appointment) Reserve Trust recreation Leonard Thomas Notified: 4 October 1902 File Ref.: WA80R57 **HANRAHAN** (re-appointment) Douglas Bernard **MUNRO** (re-appointment) Mark Anthony **RHODES** (re-appointment) Denis Thomas **TOMLINSON** (new member) For a term commencing the date of this notice

and expiring 3 October 2018.

APPOINTMENT OF TRUST BOARD MEMBERS

PURSUANT to section 93 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the persons whose names are specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder are appointed, for the terms of office specified in that Column, as members of the trust board for the reserve trust specified opposite thereto in Column 2, which has been established and appointed as trustee of the reserve referred to opposite thereto in Column 3 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

hall

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Francis Albury West Reserve No. 68462 **DENSLEY** Public Hall Public Purpose: public (re-appointment) Trust Wayne Notified: 7 July 1939 Alexander File Ref.: WA82R82 **NEVINSON** (re-appointment) Narda REID (re-appointment) Denise Irene **STEWART** (new member) Allan Roy WILSON (new member) Marie Bridgid Cecelia CARROLL (re-appointment) For a term commencing the date of this notice and expiring 3 October 2018.

WESTERN REGION OFFICE

45 Wingewarra Street (PO Box 1840), Dubbo NSW 2830 Phone: (02) 6883 5400 Fax: (02) 6884 2067

NOTICE OF PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE DECLARED PURPOSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 34A (2) OF THE CROWN LANDS ACT 1989

PURSUANT to section 34A (2) (b) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown reserve with the declared public purpose specified in Column 2 of the Schedule, is to be used or occupied for a purpose other than the declared purpose specified in Column 1 of the Schedule.

ANDREW STONER, M.P., Minister for Regional Infrastructure and Services

SCHEDULE

Column 1 Column 2

GRAZING Reserve No. 1055

(RELEVANT INTEREST – Public Purpose: travelling

Section 34A Licence – stock

RI 514941) Notified: 11 August 1884 File Reference: 13/09401

Other Notices

APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEESHIP ACT 2001

NOTICE is given that the Commissioner for Vocational Training has established a Vocational Training Order for the recognised trade vocations of:

- Automotive Alternative Fuel
- Automotive Diesel Fuel Technology
- Automotive Elevating Work Platform

under section 6 of the Apprenticeship and Traineeship Act 2001.

The Order specifies a number of matters relating to the required training for the vocation including the terms of apprenticeship, probationary periods and qualifications to be undertaken.

The Order will take effect from the date of publication in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

Copies of the Order may be inspected at any State Training Services Regional office of the Department of Education and Communities or on the Internet at:

https://www.training.nsw.gov.au/cib_vto/cibs/cib_601.html

APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEESHIP ACT 2001

NOTICE is given that the following recognised traineeship vocations have been repealed:

- Automotive Diesel Engine Technology
- Automotive Diesel Fuel Technology

under section 6 of the Apprenticeship and Traineeship Act 2001.

The Order specifies a number of matters relating to the required training for the vocation including the terms of traineeship, probationary periods and qualifications to be undertaken.

The Order will take effect from the date of publication in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

Copies of the Order may be inspected at any State Training Services Regional office of the Department of Education and Communities or on the Internet at:

https://www.training.nsw.gov.au/cib_vto/cibs/cib_602.html

ASSOCIATIONS INCORPORATION ACT 2009

Cancellation of Registration Pursuant to Section 80

TAKE notice that CENTRAL COAST MEALS ON WHEELS INCORPORATED (Inc9894011) became registered under the Corporations Act 2001 as Meals on Wheels Central Coast Limited – ACN 162 620 242, a public company limited by guarantee on 28 February 2013 and accordingly its registration under the Associations Incorporation Act 2009 is cancelled as of that date.

Dated 8 October 2013.

ROBYNE LUNNEY, Delegate of the Commissioner, NSW Fair Trading

CONVEYANCING ACT 1919

Order

Pursuant to Section 88D of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW)

Lot Burdened: The land comprised in folio identifier 3/1175706, vested in UrbanGrowth NSW Development Corporation.

IT is intended that the Lot Burdened be transferred to City West Housing Pty Limited ABN 47 065 314 758 for the purpose of the development and continued operation of Affordable Housing.

This Order is made to ensure that the Lot Burdened is used solely for the purpose of Affordable Housing.

1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 The following terms have the following meanings in this Order:
 - 1.1.1 Affordable Housing means housing for very low income households, low income households or moderate income households, where:
 - (a) a person is on a very low income if the person is a member of a household that has a household income of less than 50% of the relevant median household income:
 - (b) a person is on a low income if the person is a member of a household that has a household income of 50% or more, but less than 80%, of the relevant median household income; and
 - (c) a person is on a moderate income if the person is a member of a household that has a household income of 80% or more, but less than 120%, of the relevant median household income;
 - (d) relevant median household income means:
 - (i) in relation to a person who is a member of a household located in the area determined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics to be the Sydney Statistical Division the median household income for that Division as reported by the Australian Bureau of Statistics, and
 - (ii) in relation to a person who is a member of a household located in the area determined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics to be the Balance of New South Wales Major Statistical Region the median household income for the whole of New South Wales as reported by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.
 - 1.1.2 Prescribed Authority means UrbanGrowth NSW Development Corporation.
 - 1.1.3 Proprietor of the Lot Burdened means every person who is at any time, entitled to

an estate or interest in any part of the Lot Burdened and includes any person entitled to any freehold, leasehold or estate in possession of the Lot Burdened or any part of it.

1.1.4 UrbanGrowth NSW Development Corporation includes its successors, assigns and transferees.

2. USE OF LOT BURDENED

As a public restrictive covenant pursuant to section 88D of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW) the Proprietor of the Lot Burdened must not use or develop, or permit or procure the use or development on, the Lot Burdened for any purpose other than for the purpose of Affordable Housing.

3. RIGHT TO RELEASE, VARY OR MODIFY RESTRICTION

The Prescribed Authority has the right to release, vary or modify this covenant in accordance with section 88D of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW).

Dated: 26 September 2013.

Executed by Urbangrowth NSW Development Corporation ABN 79 268 260 688 by SEAN O'TOOLE as duly authorised officer in the presence of Stuart McCowan

DISTRICT COURT ACT 1973

District Court of New South Wales

Direction

PURSUANT to section 32 of the District Court Act 1973, I direct that the District Court shall sit in its civil jurisdiction at the place and time shown as follows:

Wagga Wagga 10.00am 14 October 2013 (1 week) Sittings Cancelled

Dated this 4th day of October 2013.

R. O. BLANCH, Chief Judge

HEALTH ADMINISTRATION ACT 1982

LAND ACQUISITION (JUST TERMS COMPENSATION) ACT 1991

Notice of Acquisition of Land by Compulsory Process for the Purposes of the Health Administration Act 1982

PURSUANT to section 10 of the Health Administration Act 1982 and section 19 (1) of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991, the Health Administration Corporation by its delegate declares, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor, that the land and easements described in the Schedule below are by this notice acquired by compulsory process for the purposes of the Health Administration Act 1982.

Signed at Sydney this 9th day of October 2013.

DAVID GATES,
Director, Business & Asset Services
and Chief Procurement Officer,
NSW Ministry of Health,
a duly authorised delegate of
the Health Administration Corporation

SCHEDULE

Land and Easements

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land situated at Tamworth in the Tamworth Local Government Area, Parish of Tamworth, County of Inglis, comprising part Lot 6 in Deposited Plan 1181268 as shown as Lot 61 in Plan of Acquisition DP 1188571; and proposed easement to drain water 3 wide and proposed easement to drain water 10 wide affecting Lot 62 in Plan of Acquisition DP 1188571.

LAND TAX MANAGEMENT ACT 1956

Land Tax Threshold

THIS determination of the Land Tax threshold is made under section 62TBA of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, as amended by the State Revenue and Other Legislation Amendment (Budget Measures) Act 2006.

Indexation Factor

It is hereby notified that pursuant to section 62TBB (3) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, 2.576% has been determined as the percentage by which average land values of land within residential, commercial and industrial zones have changed between 1 July 2012 and 1 July 2013. The indexation factor is determined at 2.576% for the 2014 land tax year.

Indexed Amount

It is hereby notified that pursuant to section 62TBA (7) (a) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 that \$419,000 is the determined indexed amount for the 2014 land tax year.

Average of Indexed Amounts

It is hereby notified that pursuant to section 62TBA (7) (b) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 that the average of the indexed amounts pursuant to section 62TBA (7) (b) is \$412,000; and the indexed amounts used to calculate that average amount are:

For the 2012 land tax year \$408,000 For the 2013 land tax year \$408,000

For the 2014 land tax year \$419,000

Determination of the Tax Threshold

Under section 62TBA (2) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, the tax threshold for the 2014 land tax year is the average of the indexed amounts \$412,000 or the \$406,000 tax threshold for the 2013 land tax year, whichever is the greater.

It is hereby notified that pursuant to section 62TBA (7) (c) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, that the amount of \$412,000 has been determined as the tax threshold for the 2014 land tax year.

Determination of the Premium Rate Threshold

Under section 62TBC (2) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, the premium rate threshold for the 2013 land tax year is \$2,482,000.

The land tax threshold for the 2013 land tax year is \$406,000.

The land tax threshold for the 2014 land tax year under section 62TBA (7) (c) as determined above is \$412,000.

It is hereby notified that pursuant to section 62TBC (4) of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, that the amount of \$2,519,000 has been determined as the premium rate threshold for the 2014 land tax year.

PHILIP WESTERN Valuer General

POISONS AND THERAPEUTIC GOODS ACT 1966

Order under Clause 175 (1), Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulation 2008

Withdrawal of Drug Authority

IN accordance with the provisions of Clause 175 (1) of the Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulation 2008 an Order has been made on Michael Keith BEARD of 12 East Street, Uralla NSW 2358 prohibiting him until further notice, as a person employed by the Ambulance Service of New South Wales as an ambulance officer, and who is approved for the time being by the Director-General for the purpose of Clause 101 (1) (g) of the Regulation, from having possession of and supplying drugs of addiction as authorised by Clause 101 (1) (g) of the Regulation.

This Order is to take effect on and from 10 October 2013. Dated at Sydney, 8 October 2013.

Dr MARY FOLEY, Director-General, Ministry of Health, New South Wales

PUBLIC LOTTERIES ACT 1996

Lotto - Approval of Rules

I, The Honourable George Souris, M.P., Minister for Tourism, Major Events, Hospitality and Racing and Minister for the Arts, pursuant to section 23 (1) of the Public Lotteries Act 1996 DO HEREBY APPROVE the Rules annexed to this instrument for the conduct of Games of Lotto and Games of Promotional Lotto by the New South Wales Lotteries Corporation Pty Ltd.

This approval takes effect on 17 October 2013.

Dated this 3rd day of october 2013.

The Honourable GEORGE SOURIS, M.P.,

Minister for Tourism, Major Events, Hospitality and Racing and Minister for the Arts

PUBLIC LOTTERIES ACT 1996

LOTTO RULES

It is hereby notified that the Minister administering the Public Lotteries Act 1996 has approved of the following Rules for the Conduct of the Game of Lotto and Promotional Lotto. In accordance with section 23 (3) (b) of the Act, these Rules take effect on and from 17 October 2013. These Rules supersede the Rules notified previously in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

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RULE 1 DEFINITIONS

- (a) In these Rules unless inconsistent with the context:
 - (i) "Act" means the Public Lotteries Act 1996 any amendment, modification, variation, or abrogation thereof for the time being in force;
 - (ii) "Advance Entry" means an Entry or Syndicate Entry for a nominated Draw in advance of the current Draw, whereby the maximum number of advanced Draws will be determined by the Licensee.
 - (iii) "Agreement" means any agreement for the time being made between the Licensee and interstate and/or Overseas Authorities in Participating Areas for the Conduct by them of Games of Lotto;
 - (iv) "Ancillary Fee" means a fee which the Chief Executive Officer may from time to time authorise a Reseller to charge a Player or Syndicate Player from whom a Reseller accepts a Subscription;
 - (v) "Approved" means approved in writing by the Minister;
 - (vi) "Automatic Entry" means an Entry or Syndicate
 Entry in respect of a Game of Lotto made
 pursuant to verbal instruction or electronic
 instruction (not requiring completion of an
 Entry Coupon) wherein:
 - (1) The selection of Numbers is made by way of a Computer Linked Terminal or the central processing computer equipment of the Licensee; and/or

- (2) The Numbers are the Numbers previously selected by a Player and stored in the central processing computer equipment of the Licensee;
- (vii) "Chief Executive Officer" means the Chief Executive Officer of the Licensee or such delegate appointed by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 3 (g);
- (viii) "Close of Acceptance" means the day and time of day determined by the Licensee after which Entries and/or Syndicate Entries will not be accepted;
- (ix) "Commission" means an amount:
 - (1) paid to, deducted by or retained by a Retailer in connection with a Subscription (whether or not in the person's capacity as a Retailer); and
 - (2) determined by or in accordance with, and identified as Commission in, the conditions of the Product Licence or these Rules;
- (x) "Computer Linked Terminal" means computer equipment located in branches of the Licensee or its related bodies corporate, or places of business of its Retailers or otherwise which is linked to the central processing computer equipment of the Licensee for purposes associated with Games of Lotto or Games of Promotional Lotto:
- (xi) "Computer Records" means the sum of information which is provided to the Licensee by way of the Licensee's central processing computer equipment in respect of a Player or Syndicate Player and in respect of details of:
 - (1) a Player's Entry in a Game of Lotto;
 - (2) a Syndicate Entry in a Game of Lotto;
 - (3) a Syndicate Player's Syndicate Share in a Game of Lotto; and
 - (4) where appropriate a Player's entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto
- (xiii) "Conduct" in relation to a Game of Lotto and a Game of Promotional Lotto has the same meaning as assigned to it by section 4(1) of the Act:
- (xiv) "Director" means a Director of the Board of Directors of the Licensee;
- (xv) "Division 1 Prize Guarantee" means the Division 1 Prize amounts for Monday Lotto, Wednesday Lotto and Saturday Lotto that may be determined by the Licensee from time to time;
- (xvi) "Drawing" means:
 - (1) in relation to a Game of Lotto (but not including a Second Drawing) the selection of the Winning Numbers and the two Supplementary Numbers by lot using a Drawing Device;
 - (2) in relation to a Second Drawing the selection of the Winning Numbers by lot using a Drawing Device;
- (xvii) "Drawing Date" in relation to a Game of Lotto means the date on which the Winning Numbers and the two Supplementary Numbers are selected in respect of that Game of Lotto and,

- provided there is no inconsistency and where the context admits, includes the date on which the Winning Numbers are selected in respect of a Second Drawing of a Game of Lotto;
- (xviii) "Drawing Device" means equipment as Approved by the Minister from time to time used to conduct a Drawing;
- (xix) "Employee" means an employee of the Licensee. In other contexts where appropriate "Employee" includes an employee of a Retailer;
- (xx) "Entry" means the Numbers in a Game of Lotto which have been recorded in the central processing computer equipment, which have been selected by way of an Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry, which (subject to Rule 6 (d)) have been Imprinted on a Ticket and in respect of which the correct Selling Fee or correct Syndicate Share Fee, as the case may be, has been paid;
- (xxi) "Entry Coupon" means a form, approved by the Licensee/Chief Executive Officer, to be completed by a Player containing instructions (including the chances of winning) to effect an Entry in the relevant Game of Lotto and/or a Game of Promotional Lotto via a Computer Linked Terminal;
- (xxii) "Game of Lotto" means a public lottery Conducted pursuant to the Act, the Operator Licence, the Product Licence, Rules and Regulations but does not include Games of Promotional Lotto;
- (xxiii) "Game of Promotional Lotto" means a public lottery Conducted for the purpose of promoting a Game of Lotto, and in respect of which:
 - eligibility to enter is confined to Players and Syndicate Players in a Game of Lotto; and
 - no further Subscription, Commission or Syndicate Share Fee is charged;
- (xxiv) "Game Panel" means:
 - (1) a separate matrix on an Entry Coupon containing the Numbers from 1 to 45 in arithmetical sequence; or
 - (2) a single game on a Ticket and the Entry to which it relates.
- (xxv) "Imprinted" means printed upon a Ticket by the Computer Linked Terminal;
- (xxvi) "Jackpot Drawing" means the next Drawing of Saturday Lotto (other than a Second Drawing), as approved by the Licensee, following the Drawing of Saturday Lotto (other than a Second Drawing), where there is no winner in accordance with Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (i) and (ii);
- (xxvii) "Licensee" means New South Wales Lotteries Corporation Pty Ltd;
- (xxviii) "Malfunction" means a failure of any of the following:
 - (1) the Drawing Device;
 - (2) the Computer Linked Terminal;
 - (3) the central processing computer equipment; to operate in the manner in which it is designed to operate;

- (xxix) "Minister" means the Minister for the time being administering the Act;
- (xxx) "Monday Lotto" means the Game of Lotto drawn, unless the Licensee determines otherwise, on the Monday of each week;
- (xxxi) "Multiple Draws Entry" means an Entry that is valid for more than one Drawing;
- (xxxii) "Multiple Draws Exchange Ticket" means a Ticket issued to a Player:
 - (1) who surrenders a Multiple Draws Ticket to collect or to claim a Prize won in respect of that Multiple Draws Ticket;
 - (2) who surrenders a Syndicate Share Ticket that contains more than one product to collect or to claim a Prize won in respect of that Multiple Draws Ticket;
 - (3) where at the time the Prize is collected or claimed there is one or more Drawing/s remaining in respect of the Multiple Draws Ticket:
 - (4) where the Multiple Draws Exchange Ticket shall be Imprinted with the same Numbers as the Multiple Draws Ticket surrendered;
 - (5) where the Multiple Draws Exchange Ticket shall be considered the Multiple Draws Ticket in respect of the remaining Drawing/s.
- (xxxiii) "Multiple Draws Ticket" means a Ticket issued in respect of more than one Drawing;
- (xxxiv) "Numbers" has the same meaning as section 5 of the Act;
- (xxxv) "Operator Licence" means the operator licence granted to the Licensee, pursuant to the Act, to conduct any public lottery for which it, from time to time, holds a Product Licence granted pursuant to the Act;
- (xxxvi) "Outlet" means a place at which a Retailer is permitted to accept completed Entries into Games of Lotto and entries into Games of Promotional Lotto;
- (xxxvii) "Overseas Authority" means a person who is authorised to Conduct Games of Lotto and Games of Promotional Lotto in Participating Areas overseas;
- (xxxviii) "Participating Area" means a State, Territory or Country in which a person is authorised to Conduct Games of Lotto under a corresponding law:
- (xxxix) "Player" means a person who:
 - (1) has paid the correct Subscription and Commission for a valid Entry; and/or
 - (2) holds a valid Entry; and/or
 - (3) holds, bears and submits a valid Ticket to the Licensee or a Retailer for the purposes of receiving a Prize; and

includes where relevant a person who has validly entered a Game of Promotional Lotto and who holds, bears and submits a ticket in the Game of Promotional Lotto to the Licensee or a Retailer for the purposes of receiving a Prize;

(xl) "Prize" means any Prize determined in accordance with Rule 12;

- (xli) "Prize Allocation" means that proportion of Subscriptions paid into the Prize Fund for a particular Game of Lotto as specified in Rule 12 (a):
- (xlii) "Prize Fund" means an account established under section 27 of the Act and known as the Lotto Prize Fund Account;
- (xliii) "Prize Pool" has the meaning in Rule 12 (b);
- (xliv) "Prize Reserve Fund" means the fund located in the Prize Fund under section 27 of the Act containing:
 - (1) the amounts specified in Rule 12 (c); and
 - (2) an amount representing any unclaimed Prizes, subject to a direction under section 27A of the Act;
- (xlv) "Product Licence" means the product licence granted to the Licensee to Conduct Games of Lotto and Games of Promotional Lotto pursuant to section 12 of the Act;
- (xlvi) "Provisional Period" means the period of consecutive calendar days approved from time to time by the Chief Executive Officer which starts on the day immediately following the Drawing Date, and which shall be no longer than twenty one (21) consecutive calendar days;
- (xlvii) "Provisional Prize" is a Prize in Division 1 and/or a Prize (or additional Prize in the case of a Second Drawing) that exceeds \$1,000.00 as shown on a Computer Linked Terminal;
- (xlviii) "Provisional Prize Winner" means a Player who holds a Ticket which is eligible for a Provisional Prize;
- (xlix) "Registered Player" means a Player whose personal details have been provided to the Licensee and have been recorded for the purpose of providing a player registration service (which may be approved from time to time by the Chief Executive Officer) to that Player;
- (l) "Registered Syndicate Player" means a Syndicate Player whose personal details have been provided to the Licensee and have been recorded for the purpose of providing a player registration service (which may be approved from time to time by the Chief Executive Officer) to that Syndicate Player;
- (li) "Regulation" means a regulation made under the Act;
- (lii) "Reseller" means a Retailer, Approved by the Minister, who is authorised by the Licensee to receive Subscriptions, Commissions and instructions in respect of a Game of Lotto and instructions with respect to a Game of Promotional Lotto from a Player. Such Reseller may receive instructions by post, telephone, facsimile or modem (internet) and such Reseller may receive Prizes for and on behalf of a Player;
- (liii) "Retailer" means a person or agent appointed by the Licensee for purposes associated with Games of Lotto and Games of Promotional Lotto Conducted by the Licensee and includes a Reseller;

- (liv) "Rules" means these Rules made under the Act, any amendment, modification, variation, or abrogation thereof for the time being in force;
- (lv) "Saturday Lotto" means the Game of Lotto drawn, unless the Licensee determines otherwise, on the Saturday of each week;
- (lvi) "Second Drawing" means an additional Drawing conducted as part of a Game of Lotto in accordance with the Rules;
- (lvii) "Selling Fee" means the sum of the Commission and Subscription and Ancillary Fee (where applicable);
- (lviii) "Standard Entry" means the Entry referred to in Rule 8;
- (lix) "Subscription" means the amounts paid for Entries but does not include the following:
 - (1) Ancillary Fees; or
 - (2) Commission, unless the Act expressly provides otherwise;
- (lx) "Supplementary Numbers" in relation to a Game of Lotto means the seventh and eighth Numbers drawn for each Game of Lotto;
- (lxi) "Syndicate Entry" is an arrangement under which a type of Entry or combination of types of Entries, in the Game of Lotto or other products is divided into a number of equal shares:
- (lxii) "Syndicate Organiser" is a person referred to in Rule 10;
- (lxiii) "Syndicate Player" means a person who:
 - (1) has paid the correct Syndicate Share Fee for a valid Syndicate Share; and
 - (2) holds, bears and submits a valid Ticket to the Licensee or a Retailer for the purposes of receiving a Prize; and

includes a person who has validly entered a Game of Promotional Lotto and who holds, bears and submits a ticket in the Game of Promotional Lotto to the Licensee or a Retailer for the purposes of receiving a Prize;

- (lxiv) "Syndicate Share" means a share of a Syndicate Entry;
- (lxv) "Syndicate Share Fee" means the amount payable by a Syndicate Player to participate in a Syndicate comprising the relevant apportionment of both the Subscription and Commission rounded as necessary to the nearest whole cent in accordance with these
- (lxvi) "System Entry" means the Entry referred to in Rule 9;
- (lxvii) "Ticket" means the receipt, whether it be in documentary, electronic or other form, which is the official confirmation that a Player has paid the correct Selling Fee for a valid Entry in a Game of Lotto or that a Syndicate Player has paid the correct Syndicate Share Fee for a valid Syndicate Share in a Game of Lotto, and which:
 - contains Entry or Syndicate Share details; and

- (2) may include a Ticket Number and other such tests to determine the identity, validity and status of the Ticket and whether it has won a Prize; and
- (3) may include other particulars as determined by the Licensee;
- (lxviii) "Ticket Number" means the numbers and/or letters Imprinted on a Ticket which constitute official verification of the valid issue of a Ticket in a particular Game of Lotto;
- (lxix) "Wednesday Lotto" means the Game of Lotto drawn, unless the Licensee determines otherwise, on the Wednesday of each week;
- (lxx) "Winning Numbers" in relation to a Game of Lotto (including a Second Drawing) means the first six numbers drawn for each Drawing of a Game of Lotto.
- (b) In these Rules unless inconsistent with the context:
 - a reference to the singular shall include the plural, and vice versa;
 - (ii) headings are for convenient reference only and have no effect in limiting or extending the language of the provisions to which they refer.

RULE 2 CONDUCT AND DRAWING OF GAMES OF LOTTO AND GAMES OF PROMOTIONAL LOTTO

- (a) These Rules are to be read subject to the Act, its Regulations, the Operator Licence and the Product Licence, and shall apply to every Game of Lotto and Game of Promotional Lotto.
- (b) All decisions made by the Chief Executive Officer concerning the Prize Fund and the declaration and payment of Prizes shall be final and binding on all Players and Syndicate Players.
- (c) A Drawing in relation to a Game of Lotto shall take place after the Close of Acceptance of Entries and Syndicate Shares has closed for that Game of Lotto.
- (d) Games of Lotto will be drawn on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday of each week unless the Chief Executive Officer determines otherwise.
- (e) Drawings undertaken in the State of New South Wales shall be conducted by the Licensee and supervised by a person or persons nominated by the Minister in accordance with Drawing procedures agreed between the Licensee and the Minister's nominee(s).
 - Certification of the validity of a Drawing by the Minister's nominee(s) shall be final and binding on all Players and Syndicate Players.
- (f) Where a Malfunction in a Drawing Device occurs:
 - (i) only the Number/s drawn before a Malfunction has commenced shall be Winning Numbers and/or Supplementary Number/s;
 - (ii) in the event that any Winning Number/s and/or Supplementary Number/s are still to be selected after the Malfunction:
 - (1) the Drawing shall commence or re-commence, as the case may be, as soon as practicable after the rectification of the Malfunction; or
 - (2) where the Malfunction cannot be rectified, the Drawing shall commence or re-commence as the

case may be, using a substitute Drawing Device as soon as practicable after the commencement of the Malfunction and shall continue until all Winning Numbers and Supplementary Numbers are drawn.

- (g) Drawings conducted outside the State of New South Wales shall be conducted and supervised in accordance with the requirements of the relevant regulatory body for the State or Territory in which the Drawings are conducted.
- (h) The Licensee may Conduct a Game of Promotional Lotto in such manner and at such times and places as the Chief Executive Officer determines, including (but not limited to), at the absolute discretion of the Chief Executive Officer, the Conduct of a Game of Promotional Lotto in conjunction with another Game of Lotto or separately from a Game of Lotto or otherwise in conjunction with another lottery Conducted by the Licensee.
- (i) A Game of Promotional Lotto shall, at commencement, have a Prize structure as determined by the Chief Executive Officer.
- (j) The Prize structure for a Game of Promotional Lotto shall comprise the number, nature and value of Prizes to be offered by the Licensee to Players and Syndicate Players during the period of each Game of Promotional Lotto.
- (k) During the period in which the Licensee accepts entries in a Game of Promotional Lotto some of the Prizes in the approved Prize structure may already have been won when a Player or Syndicate Player enters the Game of Promotional Lotto leaving the balance of Prizes still available to be won by Players and Syndicate Players at the time of their respective entries.
- (l) There shall be no obligation or liability imposed upon the Licensee whatsoever to advise or otherwise inform prospective Players and Syndicate Players in a Game of Promotional Lotto of the number, nature or value of Prizes still available to be won by them at the time of their proposed entry into a Game of Promotional Lotto.
- (m) A ticket in a Game of Promotional Lotto may include one or more Prizes to be won on the same ticket.
- (n) A Game of Promotional Lotto may require the Player or Syndicate Player to have a winning Number on more than one ticket in order to win a Prize.

RULE 3 APPLICATION OF RULES

- (a) All instructions and conditions printed on the Entry Coupon and Ticket and these Rules shall apply to each Game of Lotto and shall be binding on all Players and Syndicate Players.
- (b) In the event of any inconsistency between these Rules and the instructions and conditions printed on the Entry Coupon, Ticket or promotional materials, these Rules shall prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.
- (c) These Rules shall apply to each Game of Promotional Lotto and shall be binding on all Players and Syndicate Players.
- (d) By entering a Game of Lotto or a Game of Promotional Lotto, Players and Syndicate Players agree to be bound by these Rules and to accept as final and binding on them all decisions made by the Chief Executive Officer.

- (e) The Rules that are in force at the time of purchase of a Ticket in a Game of Lotto or a Game of Promotional Lotto are contractually binding on the Licensee and the Player.
- (f) A Retailer has no authority to bind the Licensee in contract or otherwise.
- (g) The Chief Executive Officer may appoint a delegate to perform a function under these Rules which function would otherwise be required to be performed by the Chief Executive Officer. Such appointment shall be on such terms and conditions as the Chief Executive Officer may determine.
- (h) Any reference to the Chief Executive Officer in these Rules shall include a reference to a duly authorised delegate of the Chief Executive Officer under Rule 3 (g).
- (i) These Rules will be displayed and made available for inspection at each Outlet.

RULE 4 OBJECT

The Object of the Game of Lotto is to select six (6) Winning Numbers in a Game Panel.

RULE 5 ELIGIBILITY FOR INCLUSION IN A GAME OF LOTTO

- (a) In order for an Entry or Syndicate Share to be eligible for inclusion in a Game of Lotto, before the Close of Acceptance of Entries into that Game of Lotto;
 - (i) the Entry or Syndicate Share must have been recorded by the central processing computer equipment of the Licensee;
 - (ii) a valid Ticket must have been issued by the Computer Linked Terminal;
 - (iii) the Entry or Syndicate Share details recorded on such Ticket issued under Rule 5 (a) (ii) must match the details held by the Licensee by way of Computer Records; and
 - (iv) the Player or Syndicate Player must have paid the correct Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee as the case may be in relation to such Entry or Syndicate Share.
- (b) Any Ticket issued shall be subject to Rule 6 hereof.

RULE 6 RULES APPLYING TO ENTRIES AND TICKETS

- (a) An Entry Coupon may be used by a Player to enter a Game of Lotto by completing or marking the Entry Coupon in accordance with the instructions appearing on the Entry Coupon. A Player shall not mark an Entry Coupon other than by hand unless the prior approval of the Licensee has been obtained. Without this approval such Entry Coupon will not be considered to be properly completed and a Player claiming a resultant Prize may not be entitled to payment of the Prize.
- (b) A completed Entry Coupon or any other approved form of entry (including Automatic Entry) or Syndicate Share made in accordance with these Rules shall be accepted by a Retailer and processed on a Computer Linked Terminal and evidenced by the issue of the Ticket to the Player or Syndicate Player on the payment of the Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee.
- (c) Subject to Rule 6 (e) below, acceptance of a Ticket by a Player or a Syndicate Player shall constitute the Player's or Syndicate Player's acknowledgment of the correctness

- of the details (including Entry or Syndicate Share details) thereon. The Ticket issued to a Player or Syndicate Player shall be the only form issued by the Licensee or its Retailer to the Player or Syndicate Player evidencing the Player's Entry or Syndicate Player's Syndicate Share, as the case may be. It is the responsibility of the Player or Syndicate Player to check the accuracy of all details on the Ticket at the time it is received by a Player or Syndicate Player from the Retailer. No Entry Coupon shall have any validity or be of evidence for any purpose after the Ticket has been issued to the Player or Syndicate Player.
- (d) In the event that the details recorded on the Player's or Syndicate Player's Ticket are not consistent with the details held by the Licensee by way of Computer Records then the latter shall apply to the exclusion of the former and shall determine what Prize, if any, the Player or Syndicate Player shall be entitled to and the Player or Syndicate Player shall be bound by any such determination.
- (e) Without limiting the provisions of Rule 15 the following apply
 - (i) A Player or Syndicate Player may return a Ticket and request that the Ticket and the Entry or Syndicate Share to which it relates be cancelled by a Retailer. The Retailer shall cancel the Ticket and the Entry or Syndicate Share to which it relates on that day provided it is returned to the place of purchase and prior to the Close of Acceptance of Entries in respect of the first Drawing on that Ticket and subject to the capability of the central processing computer equipment and/or a Computer Linked Terminal.
 - (ii) A Retailer who has sold an Entry or Syndicate Share into a Game of Lotto may cancel the Entry or the Syndicate Share and the Ticket to which it relates.
 - (iii) A Ticket and the Entry or Syndicate Share to which it relates may (at the Licensee's absolute discretion) be voided or cancelled by the Licensee prior to the Close of Acceptance and subject to the capability of the central processing computer equipment and/ or a Computer Linked Terminal to void or cancel a Ticket and the Entry or Syndicate Share to which it relates.
- (f) Where an Entry or Syndicate Share and the Ticket to which it relates has been cancelled by the Licensee or the Retailer, the Player or Syndicate Player shall be refunded the Selling Fee, or Syndicate Share Fee, as the case may be, paid in respect of such Entry or Syndicate Share.
- (g) A Ticket which is recorded as void or cancelled in the Licensee's Computer Records shall be void regardless of whether such Ticket was cancelled in error by a Retailer or the Licensee or otherwise, and no Prize shall be payable in respect of such Ticket. It is the responsibility of the Player to ensure that the correct Ticket has been cancelled and to inform the Retailer or the Licensee if there has been an error in relation to cancellation of the Ticket. Neither the Retailer nor the Licensee shall be liable to the Player in respect of an error in the cancellation of a Ticket if the Player has failed to inform the Retailer or the Licensee of the error in the cancellation of a Ticket.

- (h) Where an Entry or Syndicate Share in a Game of Lotto has been transferred to the central processing computer equipment via a Computer Linked Terminal and recorded on the Computer Records but:
 - (i) no Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee has been paid to the Retailer in whose place of business the Computer Linked Terminal is located prior to the Close of Acceptance of Entries in respect of that Game of Lotto; and
 - (ii) the Retailer has failed to cancel the Entry or Syndicate Share before the Close of Acceptance of Entries in respect of that Game of Lotto; then
 - the Retailer shall be liable for and shall meet the cost of the Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee, as the case may be, in respect of the Entry or Syndicate Share and in such case, for the purposes of these Rules, such Retailer shall:
 - (iii) be considered a Player or Syndicate Player as the case may be; and
 - (iv) be the holder of the Entry or Syndicate Share, as the case may be; and
 - (v) owe the Licensee the amount of the unpaid Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee as a debt due and owing to the Licensee.
- (i) The Licensee shall not be liable for any errors or omissions in respect of a Player's selections as recorded on the Computer Records. It is the responsibility of the Player to check that the Numbers and other details shown on a Ticket are correct.
- (j) A Reseller has no authority to verify the accuracy or completion by a Player or a Syndicate Player of any part of an Entry Coupon or any other approved Entry or Syndicate Share whether received by post, telephone, facsimile, modem (internet) or otherwise. Entry into a Game of Lotto by a Player or Syndicate Player with a Reseller does not exempt the Player or Syndicate Player from being bound by these Rules and a Player or Syndicate Player using a Reseller to submit an Entry Coupon or any other approved Entry or Syndicate Share shall accept all risks, losses, delays, errors or omissions which may occur in any manner in relation to such Entry Coupon, or any other approved Entry or Syndicate Share, the issue of any Ticket and the payment of any Prize.
- (k) Neither the Licensee nor a Retailer shall be liable to a Player or Syndicate Player in the event of the destruction, loss, theft or mutilation of a Ticket issued to a Player or Syndicate Player. It shall be the sole responsibility of the Player or Syndicate Player to ensure the safe custody of a Ticket issued to the Player or Syndicate Player.
- (l) A Ticket shall at all times remain the property of the Licensee and a Player or Syndicate Player shall deliver up any Ticket to the Licensee upon demand.

RULE 7 COMMISSION AND ANCILLARY FEE

(a) The Licensee is Approved to charge a Player Commission as specified in these Rules in Schedule 1 in respect of Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto and Schedule 2 in respect of Saturday Lotto. By entering a Game of Lotto the Player accepts liability to pay the Commission to the Licensee. By entering a Game of Lotto a Syndicate Player accepts liability to pay to the Licensee that part of the Commission payable in respect of a Syndicate Share. (b) A Reseller may charge an Ancillary Fee as authorised by the Chief Executive Officer of the Licensee from time to time.

RULE 8 STANDARD ENTRY

- (a) A Standard Entry is the selection of six (6) Numbers in a Game Panel which may be made by way of an Entry Coupon or via Automatic Entry.
- (b) A Standard Entry may be played as a Multiple Draws Entry, Advance Entry, or Syndicate Entry.
- (c) Where an Entry Coupon is used in respect of a Standard Entry, six (6) Numbers shall have been marked in the Game Panel completed on the Entry Coupon.
- (d) The minimum number of Standard Entries that can be played is:
 - (i) four (4) Game Panels where entry is made via an Entry Coupon; or
 - (ii) four (4) Game Panels where entry is made via an Automatic Entry using Numbers previously selected and stored by the Player; or
 - (iii) six (6) Game Panels where entry is made via an Automatic Entry except for in the circumstances described in Rule 8 (d) (ii).
- (e) Where an Entry Coupon is used in respect of a Standard Entry and one or more Game Panels have been marked the Player may request additional Standard Entries to be randomly generated, subject to the capability of the Computer Linked Terminal and/or the central processing computer equipment.
- (f) The Selling Fee payable for each Standard Entry for:
 - (i) Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto is set out in Schedule 1; and
 - (ii) Saturday Lotto is set out in Schedule 2.

RULE 9 SYSTEM ENTRY

- (a) A System Entry may be made by way of an Entry Coupon or via Automatic Entry.
- (b) A System Entry may be played as a Multiple Draws Entry, Advance Entry, or Syndicate Entry;
- (c) Where an Entry Coupon is used in respect of a System Entry:
 - (i) For a System 7 to 20 Entry, 7 to 20 numbers shall be selected in a Game Panel; and
 - (ii) For a System 4 or 5 Entry, 4 or 5 numbers shall be selected in a Game Panel.
- (d) Where an Entry Coupon is used to effect a System Entry the appropriate System area on the Entry Coupon shall be marked.
- (e) Where an Entry Coupon is used in respect of a System Entry and one or more Game Panels have been marked, the Player may request additional Standard Entries to be randomly generated, subject to the capability of the Computer Linked Terminal and/or the central processing computer equipment.
- (f) The Selling Fee payable for each System Entry for:
 - (i) Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto is set out in Schedule 1; and
 - (ii) Saturday Lotto is set out in Schedule 2.

RULE 10 SYNDICATE ENTRY

- (a) A Syndicate Entry may be formed by:
 - (i) the Licensee;
 - (ii) a Retailer;
 - (iii) a group of two (2) or more Retailers and each will be known as "Syndicate Organisers".
- (b) If a Syndicate Share is not sold 10 minutes prior to the Close of Acceptance of Entries for the first Drawing applicable to that Syndicate Entry, the Syndicate Share is automatically issued to:
 - (i) for a Syndicate Entry formed by one (1) Retailer only, the Retailer that formed that Syndicate Entry;
 - (ii) for a Syndicate Entry formed by a group of two (2) or more Retailers:
 - (1) the Retailer who is responsible for the sale of the Syndicate Share; or
 - (2) if the Syndicate Share was sold and then cancelled by a Retailer, the Retailer who cancelled that Syndicate Share; or
 - (3) in accordance with Rule 10 (b) (iii) (2) if the Licensee joined the Syndicate and was responsible for the sale of the relevant Syndicate Share;
 - (iii) for a Syndicate Entry formed by the Licensee:
 - (1) if the Syndicate Share was sold and then cancelled by a Retailer, the Retailer who cancelled the Syndicate Share; or
 - (2) otherwise, the central processing computer equipment will randomly register the Syndicate Share to a person (at no cost to such person) who is at that time a Registered Player
 - (iv) if a Syndicate Share is issued under Rule 10 (b) (i), 10 (b) (ii) (1), 10 (b) (ii) (2), or 10 (b) (ii) (3) the Licensee will collect the amount owing for the Syndicate Share from the Retailer to whom the Syndicate Share is issued under this Rule.
- (c) A Syndicate Entry may only be cancelled if all Syndicate Shares are available for sale.
- (d) A Syndicate Share that is sold but later cancelled is a Syndicate Share that is available for sale.
- (e) The Syndicate Player must pay the Syndicate Share Fee in respect of each Syndicate Share purchased by the Syndicate Player.
- (f) Where no Syndicate Share in a Syndicate Entry has been sold at the Close of Acceptance, that Syndicate Entry will be cancelled and:
 - (i) is not eligible to be entered into a Game of Lotto; and
 - (ii) shall not be included in a Drawing; and no person or other legal entity is entitled to receive any Prize.
- (g) The Licensee may pay a fee or reward to its Retailers for the promotion of any Syndicate Entry or sale of any Syndicate Shares other than the Syndicate Share Fee.
- (h) Upon payment of the Syndicate Share Fee in respect of a Syndicate Share a Syndicate Player shall be entitled to receive a Ticket.

RULE 11 SUBMISSION OF AN ENTRY

- (a) The Licensee may impose a registration fee payable by a Player or a Syndicate Player for the provision by the Licensee of the player registration service. Application will be by way of an application form as approved by the Chief Executive Officer.
- (b) A person under the age of eighteen (18) years shall not enter a Game of Lotto or a Game of Promotional Lotto.
- (c) An Entry or Automatic Entry may only be made through the Licensee or a Retailer.
- (d) The correct Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee and player registration fee (if applicable) must be paid by a Player or Syndicate Player to a Retailer or to the Licensee in respect of an Entry or Syndicate Share;
- (e) The form of payment of the Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee or player registration fee (if applicable) must be acceptable to the Chief Executive Officer.
 - (i) If anonymity is desired the Player or Syndicate Player should clearly so indicate on the appropriate Prize claim form or indicate same when completing application to become a Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player. Players or Syndicate Players who subsequently desire anonymity should apply in writing to the Chief Executive Officer prior to the publication of the Player's or Syndicate Player's name and address pursuant to the provisions of Rule 13 (b) (i) and if in the opinion of the Chief Executive Officer sufficient time is available to prevent publication then the Chief Executive Officer may grant such application and withhold publication.
 - (ii) All correspondence to the Chief Executive Officer in accordance with Rule 11 (f) (i) should be addressed:

The Chief Executive Officer

New South Wales Lotteries;

Email to: Customersupport@nswlotteries.com.au; or

Mail to: Locked Bag 7, Coorparoo DC Qld 4151 or such other address as may be publicly notified from time to time by the Chief Executive Officer.

- (f) All marks and other written notations appearing on an Entry Coupon are taken to be made or given exclusively by the Player in respect of an Entry.
- (g) Where a Player submits an Entry Coupon or other form of entry, or in the case of a Syndicate Entry, where a Syndicate Player purchases a Syndicate Share, as trustee, representative or nominee for another person or persons, the Licensee will be taken to have no knowledge, nor to be on notice whether actual or constructive, of any such arrangement and the transaction will be conducted solely with the Player or Syndicate Player.
- (h) An Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry instructions must be received by the Licensee or a Retailer in sufficient time to be processed before the Close of Acceptance of Entries into the first Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto or Saturday Lotto Drawing relating to that Entry or Syndicate Share. For the purposes of this paragraph an Entry or Syndicate Share will be taken to be received when details thereof have been recorded on the central processing computer equipment held by the Licensee and the Ticket has issued from a Computer Linked Terminal.

- (i) Other than as provided for in Rules 6 (e) no Ticket may be withdrawn or altered after issue to a Player or Syndicate Player without the consent of the Licensee.
- (j) Form of entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto:
 - (i) The Chief Executive Officer is to approve the form of entry for a Game of Promotional Lotto;
 - (ii) Without limiting Rule 11 (k) (i), the form of entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto may be any of the following (or combination of the following):
 - (1) part of a Ticket;
 - (2) any other ticket or document;
 - (3) entries made by means of an electronic or mechanical device or by telecommunications system.
 - (iii) If any entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto is to consist of a ticket, part of a Ticket or document, such ticket, part of a Ticket or document issued to an entrant in a Game of Promotional Lotto:
 - constitutes the Player's or Syndicate Player's official receipt;
 - (2) is, following its acceptance, to constitute the Player's or Syndicate Player's acknowledgment of the details on the entry, and acknowledgment that those details are correct; and
 - (3) is to be the only document issued by the Licensee or its Retailers to the entrant evidencing the processing of an entry in the Game of Promotional Lotto.

RULE 12 PRIZES

- (a) The Prize Allocation in a Game of Lotto shall be not less than sixty percent (60%) of Subscriptions.
- (b) The Prize Pool in a Game of Lotto shall be funded from the Prize Allocation and shall be:
 - (i) not less than thirty three percent (33%) of Subscriptions for Monday Lotto and Wednesday Lotto: and
 - (ii) not less than fifty five percent (55%) of Subscriptions for Saturday Lotto.
- (c) The Prize Reserve Fund in respect of a Game of Lotto shall be funded from the Prize Allocation and shall retain not more than:
 - (i) twenty seven percent (27%) of Subscriptions for Monday Lotto and Wednesday Lotto; and
 - (ii) five percent (5%) of Subscriptions for Saturday Lotto.
- (d) The Prize Reserve Fund in respect of a Game of Lotto shall be used to:
 - (i) fund any difference between a Division 1 Prize Guarantee and the Prize Pool allocation pursuant to Rule 12 (h) and Rule 12 (i);
 - (ii) fund any prize payable pursuant to Rule 12 (j), Rule 12 (l) and Rule 12 (m).
- (e) Prizes for each Game of Lotto shall be paid by the Licensee from the Prize Pool and the Prize Reserve Fund in accordance with the provisions and classifications of Rule 12 (h) Rule 12 (i).
- (f) Except as provided for in Rule 12 (h) Division 1 for Monday Lotto and Wednesday Lotto, any Prize shall, where only one (1) Entry or Syndicate Entry is eligible for that Prize, be payable in respect of that Entry or

Syndicate Entry, or shall, where two (2) or more Entries and/or Syndicate Entries are eligible for that Prize, be shared equally between those Entries and/or Syndicate Entries.

- (g) Where a Syndicate Entry is eligible for a Prize, such Prize shall be divided by the number of Syndicate Shares in the Syndicate Entry to determine the amount payable in respect of each Syndicate Share.
- (h) Subject to Rule 12 (g), the amount payable in respect of a Syndicate Share shall be rounded to the nearest cent.
- (i) Monday Lotto and Wednesday Lotto

In respect of Monday Lotto and Wednesday Lotto, unless otherwise Approved, the Prize Pool and the Prize Reserve Fund will be distributed in the following indicative amounts or percentages that may be varied up or down by the Licensee by a maximum of five (5) percentage points provided the resultant allocation is no lower than half the indicative percentage specified. The Prize Pool distribution for other than Division 1 shall be subject to a rounding process (which shall be to the nearest sum containing a five (5) cent multiple). Monies required for rounding up shall be drawn from the Prize Reserve Fund. Where a rounding down process has occurred, the excess monies shall be paid into the Prize Reserve Fund. Where there is no winner in divisions 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, the percentage of the Prize Pool specified in that division shall be added to the percentage of the Prize Pool specified in the next lower division that contains a winning Entry or Entries or Syndicate Entry or Syndicate Entries in the order as shown below.

Division 1 –

- (i) A Prize of an amount equal to 0.0% of the Prize Pool plus the amount set out below shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains all six (6) Winning Numbers. Such amount shall be paid from monies held in the Prize Reserve Fund as follows:
 - (1) If there are no more than four (4) Division 1 winners, \$1,000,000.00 to each Division 1 winner; or
 - (2) If there are more than four (4) Division 1 winners, \$4,000,000.00 to be divided equally among those Division 1 winners; or
 - (3) Any other amount determined by the Licensee from time to time as a Division 1 Prize Guarantee.
- (ii) If no Prize in this Division is payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry, the amount of such Prizes shall be retained in the Prize Reserve Fund to be used in accordance with Rule 12 (d).

Division 2 _

A Prize of an amount equal to 4.5% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains five (5) but not more than five (5) of the six (6) Winning Numbers together with one (1) or both of the Supplementary Numbers.

Division 3 -

A Prize of an amount equal to 7.0% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains five (5) but no more than five (5) of the six (6) Winning Numbers.

Division 4 -

A Prize of an amount equal to 19.5% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains four (4) but not more than four (4) of the six (6) Winning Numbers.

Division 5 -

A Prize of an amount equal to 27.0% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains three (3) but not more than three (3) of the six (6) Winning Numbers together with one (1) or both of the Supplementary Numbers.

Division 6 -

A Prize of an amount equal to 42.0% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains one (1) or two (2) but not more than two (2) of the six (6) Winning Numbers together with two (2) Supplementary Numbers.

(j) Saturday Lotto

In respect of Saturday Lotto, unless otherwise Approved, the Prize Pool will be distributed in the indicative percentages that may be varied up or down by the Licensee by a maximum of five (5) percentage points provided the resultant allocation is no lower than half the indicative percentage specified. The Prize Pool distribution for other than the Division 1 Prize Pool shall be subject to a rounding process (which shall be to the nearest sum containing a five (5) cent multiple). Monies required for rounding up shall be drawn from the Division 1 Prize Pool. Where a rounding down process has occurred, the excess monies shall be paid into the Division 1 Prize Pool. Where there is no winner in any one division, subject to the provisions of Rule 12 (i), Division 1 (ii) the percentage of the Prize Pool specified in that division shall be added to the percentage of the Prize Pool specified in the next lower division that contains a winning Entry or Entries or Syndicate Entry or Syndicate Entries in the order as shown below:

Division 1 –

- (i) A Prize of an amount equal to 28.0% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains all six (6) of the Winning Numbers. Such amount may be supplemented from monies held in the Prize Reserve Fund as determined by the Licensee.
- (ii) Jackpot of Division 1 Prize Pool:
 - (1) If there is no Prize winner in Division 1, an amount equal to the Division 1 Prize Pool shall be retained in the Prize Fund so as to form part of the monies payable in respect of a Division 1 Prize winner for a Jackpot Drawing;
 - (2) Subject to Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (3), in the event that there are no winners of the Jackpot Drawing referred to in Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (1), the amount held in the Prize Fund applicable to that Jackpot Drawing shall form part of the Division 1 Prize Pool for the next consecutive Game of Lotto;
 - (3) In the event that there are no winners of the Division 1 Prize in the fourth (4th) consecutive Jackpot Drawing, (being the fifth (5th) consecutive Game of Lotto), then the amount held in the Prize Fund as the total prize money payable in respect of the fourth (4th) Jackpot Drawing shall be added to the prize money

allocated to the next lower division in which a prize is payable in respect of an Entry or Syndicate Entry or Entries or Syndicate Entries in the fifth (5th) consecutive Game of Lotto.

Division 2 –

Subject to Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (3), a Prize of an amount equal to 3.8% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains five (5) but not more than five (5) of the six (6) Winning Numbers together with one (1) or both of the Supplementary Numbers.

Division 3 –

Subject to Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (3), a Prize of an amount equal to 8.2% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains five (5) but no more than five (5) of the six (6) Winning Numbers.

Division 4 -

Subject to Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (3), a Prize of an amount equal to 12.4% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains four (4) but not more than four (4) of the six (6) Winning Numbers.

Division 5 -

Subject to Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (3), a Prize of an amount equal to 20.8% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains three (3) but not more than three (3) of the six (6) Winning Numbers together with one (1) or both of the Supplementary Numbers.

Division 6 -

Subject to Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (ii) (3), a Prize of an amount equal to 26.8% of the Prize Pool shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which contains one (1) or two (2) but not more than two (2) of the six (6) Winning Numbers together with two (2) Supplementary Numbers.

(k) Second Drawing

The Licensee may, subject to the Approval of the Minister, and shall where the Minister so directs, provide for the payment of an additional Prize or Prizes, in accordance with the Conditions of the Product Licence, by means of a Second Drawing in any Game of Lotto whether following a Drawing of Monday Lotto, and/or Wednesday Lotto and/or Saturday Lotto, provided that:

- (i) the Second Drawing shall be conducted following the Drawing of the Monday Lotto, and/or Wednesday Lotto and/or Saturday Lotto or any combination thereof:
- (ii) an Entry or Syndicate Entry made in respect of Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto or Saturday Lotto shall be automatically entered into the Second Drawing in respect of that Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto or Saturday Lotto and such Entry or Syndicate Entry shall not require the payment of any further Subscription;
- (iii) the Prize or Prizes payable in relation to the Second Drawing shall be payable in respect of any Entry or Syndicate Entry which, or shall be payable in equal shares in respect of any two (2) or more Entries and/ or Syndicate Entries each of which, contains all the Winning Numbers;

- (iv) the amount or amounts of such Prize or Prizes shall be determined by the Chief Executive Officer;
- (v) the Second Drawing shall not involve the Drawing of any Supplementary Numbers; and
- (vi) the Second Drawing shall not constitute a separate Game of Lotto but shall be part of either a Monday Lotto and/or Wednesday Lotto and/or Saturday Lotto.
- (1) A Game of Lotto may include:
 - (i) an additional Prize or Prizes; and/or
 - (ii) Prizes paid on special occasions; and/or
 - (iii) Prizes paid pursuant to Rule 12 (j);

Any such Prize or Prizes may be paid in monetary terms or in kind.

(m) Prizes in a Game of Promotional Lotto

- (i) The Prizes payable in a Game of Promotional Lotto may consist of one or more of the following:
 - (1) money:
 - (2) holidays;
 - (3) travel;
 - (4) accommodation;
 - (5) services or goods provided by the Licensee or by persons or bodies other than the Licensee, whether or not for valuable consideration;
 - (6) Entries in a Game of Lotto or another lottery Conducted by the Licensee; and
 - (7) such other Prizes as may (subject to this clause) be determined by the Chief Executive Officer.
- (ii) A Prize in a Game of Promotional Lotto must not consist of or include tobacco.
- (iii) A Prize in a Game of Promotional Lotto must not consist of or include liquor within the meaning of the Liquor Act 1982.
- (n) Determination of Prizes in a Game of Promotional Lotto
 - The Chief Executive Officer is to determine the number, nature and value of Prizes in each Game of Promotional Lotto.
 - (ii) The Licensee is to publicly advertise the number, nature and value of, and the conditions relating to payment of, Prizes in each Game of Promotional Lotto Conducted by it.
 - (iii) The Chief Executive Officer may change or alter the nature of any Prize offered in a Game of Promotional Lotto, including (but not limited to) the following:
 - the replacement of any holiday destination offered as a Prize or part of a Prize with another holiday destination;
 - (2) the replacement of any mode of travel offered as a Prize or part of a Prize with another mode of travel;
 - (3) the replacement of any form of accommodation offered as a Prize or part of a Prize with another form of accommodation;
 - (4) the resupply of services or the replacement of goods provided by the Licensee or by persons or bodies other than the Licensee; and
 - (5) the conversion of any Prize (or part of a Prize) provided by the Licensee or by another person or body into a monetary equivalent.

(iv) The Prizes in a Game of Promotional Lotto are payable in such manner as is approved by the Chief Executive Officer for the purposes of that Game of Promotional Lotto.

RULE 13 ANNOUNCEMENT OF PRIZES

- (a) Following each Drawing of a Game of Lotto the Licensee shall make available to the media (and elsewhere at the Chief Executive Officer's discretion) as soon as possible after, and in respect of, that Drawing:
 - (i) the Winning Numbers and the Supplementary Numbers;
 - (ii) the amount of the Prize Pool allocated to each Division:
 - (iii) the value of each Prize Division and the number of Prize Winners in each Prize Division.
- (b) Following each Drawing of a Game of Lotto the Licensee may make available to the media (and elsewhere at the Chief Executive Officer's discretion) as soon as possible after, and in respect of, that Drawing:
 - (i) the names and addresses of Provisional Prize Winners except where either anonymity applies in accordance with Rule 11 (f) (i) or where Provisional Prize Winners are not Registered Players or Registered Syndicate Players;
 - (ii) information on the manner of payment of Prizes; and
 - (iii) the manner in which claims under Rules 14 (a), 14 (b), 14 (i) and 14 (k) must be made.
- (c) The Licensee may make available to the media (and elsewhere at the Chief Executive Officer's discretion) the results of each Game of Promotional Lotto as soon as possible after the completion of such Game of Promotional Lotto.
- (d) The Licensee shall make available to the media (and elsewhere at the Chief Executive Officer's discretion) the results of each Second Drawing as soon as possible after the completion of that Second Drawing.

RULE 14 PROCEDURES FOR CLAIMING AND PAYMENT OF PRIZES

- (a) In relation to a Game of Lotto:
 - (i) Other than as provided for Registered Players and Registered Syndicate Players, any Division 1 Prize (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry, a share of any Division 1 Prize) must be claimed by lodgement with the Licensee of a Prize claim form containing or accompanied by the like particulars set out in Rule 14 (l) and any other evidence that the Chief Executive Officer may from time to time require;
 - (ii) The date of lodgement of a Prize claim in accordance with Rule 14 (a) (i) is the day of receipt by the Licensee.
- (b) A Registered Player winning a Division 1 Prize (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry, a Registered Syndicate Player winning a share of a Division 1 Prize) will be notified personally or by mail within five (5) calendar days after the Drawing Date. In respect of any Provisional Prize won by a Registered Player (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry, any share of a Provisional Prize won by a Registered Syndicate Player) the Chief Executive Officer may require that Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player to lodge with the Licensee a Prize claim

- form containing or accompanied by the like particulars set out in Rule 14 (l) hereof.
- (c) Where a Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player has been requested to claim a Provisional Prize in accordance with Rule 14 (b) the Prize may be paid in accordance with the procedure and conditions set out in Rule 14 (d) hereof.
- (d) A Provisional Prize or share of a Provisional Prize shall not be payable as a Prize until after the expiry of the Provisional Period and shall be payable either by cheque or by remittance of the funds by electronic funds transfer into the Prize Winner's online account or a players' nominated bank account.
- (e) For Registered Players, any Prize (or in the case of a Registered Syndicate Player, any share of a Prize) not exceeding \$1,000.00 shown on a Computer Linked Terminal will be paid, upon surrender of a winning Ticket, except if it is linked to a winning Entry that is entitled to a Provisional Prize in which case the Prize(s) will be paid at the same time to the Player in accordance with these Rules, by a Retailer with a Computer Linked Terminal not earlier than the day immediately after the relevant Drawing Date, and not later than a period of time determined by the Chief Executive Officer. Prizes not so claimed will be paid by the Licensee either by cheque or by remittance of the funds by electronic funds transfer into the Prize Winner's online account or a players' nominated bank account after a period of time determined by the Chief Executive Officer.
- (f) For a Player or Syndicate Player who is not a Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player, any Prize (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry, any share of a Prize) not exceeding \$1,000.00 shown on a Computer Linked Terminal will be paid to a Player or Syndicate Player, upon surrender of a winning Ticket, by a Retailer with a Computer Linked Terminal within a period of time determined by the Chief Executive Officer following the Drawing Date.
- (g) Subject to Rules 14 (a), 14 (b), 14 (c), 14 (d), 14 (e) and 14 (f) above, a Player being eligible for a Prize on a Multiple Draws Ticket may claim or collect that Prize and be issued with a Multiple Draws Exchange Ticket for any subsequent valid Drawings. For Registered Players or Registered Syndicate Players, any unclaimed Multiple Draws Ticket Prizes will not be paid until after the last Drawing on the winning Ticket;
- (h) A Prize or, in the case of a Syndicate Entry, a share of a Prize, not paid by a Retailer in accordance with Rule 14 (f) will be paid by the Licensee either by cheque or by remittance of the funds by electronic funds transfer into the Prize Winner's online account or a players' nominated bank account, upon the submission to the Licensee of a Prize claim form, the Prize winning Ticket and such other evidence as the Chief Executive Officer may from time to time require.
- (i) A:
 - (i) Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player who claims to be entitled to a Division 1 Prize (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry a share of a Division 1 Prize) pursuant to Rule 14 (b) and who has not been notified within five (5) days in accordance with Rule 14 (b) and whose Ticket is not shown as a winning Ticket on a Computer Linked Terminal; or

(ii) Player or Syndicate Player who claims to be entitled to a Provisional Prize (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry a share of a Provisional Prize) and whose Ticket is not shown as a winning Ticket on a Computer Linked Terminal;

must claim immediately by written application to the Licensee at the address printed on the Prize claim form and such Prize claim form must contain or be accompanied by the like particulars set out in Rule 14 (1) and be received by the Licensee within a period approved from time to time by the Licensee, but not later than ten (10) consecutive calendar days after the Drawing Date, starting on the day immediately following the Drawing Date.

A claim not received in accordance with this Rule 14 (i) will be rejected and the Licensee shall have no liability in relation thereto.

(j) The Entry or Syndicate Entry subject of a claim for a Provisional Prize made in accordance with Rule 14 (i) shall be entitled to that Provisional Prize if it is found by the Licensee to be a winning Entry or winning Syndicate Entry before the expiry of the Provisional Period, and in such case the Provisional Prize amount shall be varied to take into account the new Provisional Prize Winner.

(k) A:

- (i) Player or Syndicate Player who claims to be entitled to a Prize or share of a Prize not exceeding \$1,000.00 and whose Ticket is not shown as a winner on a Computer Linked Terminal; or
- (ii) Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player who claims to be entitled to a Prize or share of a Prize not exceeding \$1,000.00 and whose Ticket is not shown as a winner on a Computer Linked Terminal and/or where the Prize has not been paid in accordance with Rule 14 (e);

must lodge a Prize claim form containing or accompanied by the like particulars set out in Rule 14(1).

- (1) The particulars required in accordance with the provisions of Rules 14 (a), 14 (b), 14 (i) and 14(k), are:
 - (i) the name and address of the Player or Syndicate Player;
 - (ii) the Ticket Number;
 - (iii) the Numbers included on the relevant numbered line on the Ticket;
 - (iv) the Player's or Syndicate Player's registration number if a Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player;
 - (v) the Ticket, which must be legible and be consistent with the details held by the Licensee's Computer Records and must not be mutilated, altered, reconstituted, counterfeit or stolen; and
 - (vi) such further evidence or information as the Licensee requires.
- (m) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Rule 14, if an Entry or Syndicate Entry which would otherwise have been entitled to a Prize or share of a Prize not exceeding \$1,000.00 is discovered after the payment of Prizes has commenced the Chief Executive Officer may, in the Chief Executive Officer's absolute discretion, pay to the Player or Syndicate Player the same Prize or share of a Prize as is being paid to winning Players or winning Syndicate

- Players or such other Prize amount or Share of a Prize amount as determined by the Chief Executive Officer.
- (n) The Chief Executive Officer may, in the Chief Executive Officer's absolute discretion, require a person claiming to be entitled to a Prize or a Provisional Prize (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry a share of a Prize or a Provisional Prize) to furnish such evidence as the Chief Executive Officer deems necessary to prove that the person is the Player entitled to that Prize or Provisional Prize (or, in the case of a Syndicate Entry, is the Syndicate Player entitled to a share of that Prize or Provisional Prize). Such entitlement may be proved to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer, notwithstanding the fact that the person claiming to be entitled to a Prize or Provisional Prize may fail to meet one or more of the elements (1), (2) or (3) contained in Rule 1 (a) (xxxviii) or elements (1) or (2) contained in Rule 1 (a) (lxii) or may fail to meet some or all of the provisions contained in these Rules governing Prize entitlement.
- (o) All cheques will be crossed and marked "Not Negotiable" and will be drawn in favour of the Player or Syndicate Player in accordance with these Rules.
- (p) Subject to Rule 14 (i), at any time before the payment of Prizes the Chief Executive Officer may correct an error made in determining the number of Entries or Syndicate Entries entitled thereto or the amount thereof.
- (q) The payment of a Prize or share of a Prize to any Player or Syndicate Player who is known to have died before receiving any or all of a particular Prize shall be made in accordance with the laws of New South Wales.
- (r) Subject to section 27 of the Act, all unclaimed or uncollected Prizes or shares of Prizes shall be retained in the Prize Fund for payment to the Players or Syndicate Players entitled thereto.
- (s) Remittances for payments of Prizes or shares of Prizes may include all Prizes or shares of Prizes won on the same Ticket.
- (t) Where payment by the Licensee of a Prize or share of a Prize is made by cheque, such cheque will be forwarded by such of the following methods as the Chief Executive Officer may, in the Chief Executive Officer's sole discretion, direct:
 - (i) by hand upon any conditions that the Chief Executive Officer may determine;
 - (ii) by post whether certified, registered, or ordinary post; or
 - (iii) as otherwise directed in writing by the Player or Syndicate Player.
- (u) Where payment of a Prize or share of a Prize is made by cheque and mailed, it shall be posted to the name and address shown on the claim form or, in the case of a Registered Player or Registered Syndicate Player, to the name and address appearing on the Licensee's records relating to that Player or Syndicate Player.

Thereafter the Licensee shall not be held liable for any loss, delay in the delivery thereof or any negotiation of such cheque. A certificate under the hand of the Chief Executive Officer verifying the date of posting shall be conclusive evidence of same. A reasonable sum (as determined by the Chief Executive Officer) may be deducted to cover postage and processing.

- (v) Any Prize or share of a Prize sent by the Licensee to a Player or Syndicate Player and any refund of Selling Fees sent by post will be sent to the name and address advised in writing by the Player or Syndicate Player. Where more than one name is advised, payment to any one person so named at any address so given shall discharge the Licensee from all liability.
- (w) The payment of all Prizes or shares of Prizes pursuant to this Rule 14 will discharge the Licensee from liability notwithstanding the existence of any trust whether express, constructive or implied. Where the Licensee has paid a Player or Syndicate Player pursuant to this Rule 14 and the Chief Executive Officer is, after such payment has been made, of the view that:
 - (i) the Player or Syndicate Player was not the Player or Syndicate Player to whom such payment should have been made; or
 - (ii) a Prize is not payable to the Player or Syndicate Player;

the Player or Syndicate Player shall upon being requested to do so by the Licensee in writing refund to the Licensee the monies forwarded to him or her.

(x) A Prize or share of a Prize may be claimed through a Retailer or by mail direct to:

The Chief Executive Officer New South Wales Lotteries PO Box 6687 Silverwater NSW 2128

or such other address as may be publicly notified from time to time by the Chief Executive Officer. A Prize claim form for a Prize or a share of a Prize must be forwarded by the Player to the Licensee direct.

- (y) Any Prize or share of a Prize to be paid in accordance with Rule 12 (k) or Rule 12 (m) shall be forwarded to the winner thereof in such manner as the Chief Executive Officer may, in the Chief Executive Officer's sole discretion, direct.
- (z) No Prize shall be payable in respect of a Ticket which fails any confidential security test of the Licensee.
- (aa) The Licensee shall be entitled, in its absolute discretion, to recognise the person who holds, bears and submits a Ticket as the Prize winner.
- (bb) The Licensee accepts no responsibility or liability for lost or stolen Tickets. Registration as a Registered Player shall not entitle a person to whom a winning Ticket is registered to be paid a Prize which has been previously paid by the Licensee to the address of the Registered Player.
- (cc) Payment of Prizes in a Game of Promotional Lotto
 - (i) A Prize is not payable in a Game of Promotional Lotto unless:
 - (1) the entry submitted in a Game of Promotional Lotto is in the form determined by the Chief Executive Officer under Rule 11 (k) (i); and
 - (2) if the form of entry requires the Player or Syndicate Player to have purchased a Ticket in a Game of Lotto, the Ticket in the Game of Lotto must satisfy any test used by the Chief Executive Officer to determine whether the Ticket in the Game of Lotto is valid; and

- (3) the claimant has complied with all conditions relating to the Game of Promotional Lotto advertised under Rule 12 (m) (ii).
- (ii) The Licensee may record on an entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto a verification code or other test and use it to determine whether the entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto is valid and whether it has won a Prize. A Prize is not payable in respect of an entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto, on which such a test is recorded, if the entry does not satisfy the test.

RULE 15 DISQUALIFICATIONS

- (a) Notwithstanding that:
 - acceptance of Entries or Syndicate Shares into a Game of Lotto has closed;
 - (ii) a Ticket may have issued; or
 - (iii) a Drawing has occurred in respect of a Ticket;

an Entry or a Syndicate Share in a Game of Lotto or entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto may be disqualified and no Prize claim shall be made in respect of it, if the Chief Executive Officer is of the opinion that it should be so disqualified. Any Ticket having issued in respect of an Entry or a Syndicate Share in a Game of Lotto which is disqualified shall automatically be void and cancelled.

- (b) The reasons for disqualification may include but are not limited to:
 - (i) tender of insufficient Selling Fee or, in the case of a Syndicate Share, insufficient Syndicate Share Fee, a dishonoured cheque or unacceptable form of remittance;
 - (ii) the Player or Syndicate Player has defaulted in payment of any previous Selling Fee or Syndicate Share Fee;
 - (iii) reasonable suspicion of fraud or attempted fraud (whether computer related or otherwise);
 - (iv) Ticket fails any security tests of the Licensee;
 - (v) reasonable suspicion of unauthorised use of a Computer Linked Terminal;
 - (vi) a Malfunction occurring in respect of the Computer Linked Terminal or the Licensee's central processing computer equipment; or
 - (vii) any other breach of these Rules which justifies disqualification.
- (c) The Licensee shall use its best endeavours to notify a Player or Syndicate Player, whose name and address is known to the Licensee, that an Entry or Syndicate Share has been disqualified and the reason therefore and the Licensee shall in respect thereof refund to the Player any Selling Fee paid or to the Syndicate Player any Syndicate Share Fee paid less that part of the Syndicate Share Fee that represents the relevant proportion of Commission. Where the Licensee does not know of the name and address of a Player or Syndicate Player the Licensee shall publicise, in a manner determined by the Chief Executive Officer, the disqualification of such Entry or Syndicate Share.
- (d) If an Entry or Syndicate Entry which would otherwise be eligible for a Provisional Prize is disqualified during the Provisional Period then the value of the Provisional Prize shall be varied to take into account such disqualification.

- (e) Where there is no Provisional Prize winner as a result of a disqualification in accordance with Rule 15 (d) then:
 - (i) in the case of a Division 1 Prize, the provisions of Rule 12 (h) Division 1 (i) and (ii) and Rule 12 (i) Division 1 (i) and (ii) will apply;
 - (ii) otherwise the value and numbers of winners will be varied in accordance with Rule 12 (h) Division 2, Division 3, Division 4, Division 5 and Division 6 and Rule 12 (i) Division 2, Division 3, Division 4, Division 5 and Division 6 as the case may be.

RULE 16 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- (a) By entering a Game of Lotto or Game of Promotional Lotto a Player or Syndicate Player acknowledges that he or she has entered into an agreement with the Licensee and the Retailer and agrees to be bound by the provisions of these Rules which subsist for the benefit of the Licensee, Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Retailer and all Employees thereof. Any Ticket having been issued in respect of an Entry in a Game of Lotto which is disqualified in accordance with Rule 15 shall automatically be void and cancelled.
- (b) The Licensee, Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Retailer and all Employees thereof shall have no responsibility or liability to a Player or Syndicate Player or any other person by reason of the loss or destruction of a Ticket or a ticket in a Game of Promotional Lotto for any reason or from any cause (whether arising from, or contributed to by, negligence or otherwise) beyond the amount of the Subscription (or in the case of a Syndicate Entry that part of the Syndicate Share Fee that represents the relevant proportion of Subscription) paid in respect of that Ticket.
- (c) The Licensee, Directors and the Chief Executive Officer shall have no responsibility or liability to pay a Player who claims a Prize or a Syndicate Player who claims a share in a Prize and is unable to submit a Ticket or a ticket in a Game of Promotional Lotto. The Licensee shall have discharged all liability in relation to payment of a Prize or share of a Prize by making payment to a person in accordance with Rule 14.
- (d) The Licensee, Directors, the Chief Executive Officer and each and every Employee or Contractor of the Licensee shall have no liability or responsibility to a Player or Syndicate Player or any other person for or in respect of:
 - (i) any negligence, omission, delay or failure whatsoever on the part of any person in the carrying out or performance of any duty, function or discretion conferred or contemplated by the Rules in or about the conduct of any Game of Lotto or Game of Promotional Lotto; and
 - (ii) without prejudice to the generality of Rule 16 (d) (i) hereof, any negligence, omission, delay or failure in relation to:
 - (1) the payment of a Prize or share of a Prize;
 - (2) the processing and issue of a Ticket following acceptance of an Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry instructions;
 - (3) the processing of a Ticket that has won a Prize or share of a Prize;
 - (4) the inclusion of an Entry or Syndicate Entry in any particular Game of Lotto or entry in a Game of Promotional Lotto received by way of Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry;

- (5) the receipt and processing of a Prize claim form; or
- (6) the cancellation of a Ticket; and
- (iii) without prejudice to the generality of Rule 16 (d) (i) and Rule 16 (d) (ii), any fraudulent or unlawful act or omission on the part of the Retailer or an employee, servant or contractor of the Retailer in respect of:
 - (1) the processing of an Entry Coupon;
 - (2) the issue of a Ticket;
 - (3) the completion of a Prize claim form;
 - (4) the receipt of a Prize claim form;
 - (5) the processing of a Prize claim;
 - (6) the payment of a Prize;
 - (7) the cancellation of a Ticket; and
- (iv) any statement made by a Retailer or an employee, servant or contractor of a Retailer or by the Licensee, or any Employee, servant or contractor of the Licensee to a Player.
- (e) Each and every Retailer and each and every Employee of a Retailer shall have no liability or responsibility to a Player or Syndicate Player or any other person for or in respect of:
 - (i) any negligence, omission, delay or failure whatsoever on the part of any person in the carrying out or performance of any duty, function or discretion conferred or contemplated by the Rules in or about the conduct of any Game of Lotto or Game of Promotional Lotto; and
 - (ii) without prejudice to the generality of Rule 16 (e) (i) hereof, any negligence, omission, delay or failure in relation to:
 - (1) the payment of a Prize or share of a Prize;
 - (2) the processing and issue of a Ticket following acceptance of an Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry instructions;
 - (3) the processing of a Ticket that has won a Prize or share of a Prize; or
 - (4) the inclusion of an Entry or Syndicate Entry in any particular Game of Lotto or entry in any particular Game of Promotional Lotto received by way of Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry.
- (f) The Licensee, Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, each and every Retailer, and each and every Employee or agent of the Licensee or a Retailer, shall have no liability or responsibility to a Player or Syndicate Player or any person for or in respect of any failure, disruption or malfunction of Computer Linked Terminals, electrical power, telecommunications links or computers (whether arising from, or contributed to by, negligence or otherwise) resulting in loss or corruption of information retained on any Computer Records held by the Licensee.
- (g) The Licensee, Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, each and every Retailer, and each and every Employee of the Licensee or a Retailer, shall have no liability or responsibility for any consequence of interference with or interruption to any Game of Lotto or Game of Promotional Lotto due to fire, storm, flood, riot, civil commotion, strike, failure or disruption of electrical power supply or telecommunications or other cause not within the reasonable control of such person.

- (h) In the acceptance and processing of any Entry Coupon or Automatic Entry culminating in the issue of a Ticket or a ticket in a Game of Promotional Lotto, an Retailer shall for all purposes be the agent of a Player or Syndicate Player and not the agent of the Licensee or the Chief Executive Officer.
- (i) In the cancellation of a Ticket, the processing of a Prize claim form, the submission of a Prize claim form to the Licensee and the payment of a Prize, a Retailer shall at all times and for all purposes be the agent of a Player or Syndicate Player and not the agent of the Licensee or the Chief Executive Officer.
- (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of Rule 16 (h), in the acceptance of Commission in respect of an Entry by a Retailer on behalf of the Licensee, the Retailer shall for this purpose be the agent of the Licensee and not the agent of the Player and in the acceptance by a Retailer of that part of the Syndicate Share Fee that represents the relevant proportion of Commission in respect of a Syndicate Entry the Retailer shall for this purpose be the agent of the Licensee and not the agent of the Syndicate Player.
- (k) The State of New South Wales, the Crown in right of that State, the Government of that State, the Minister, their successors and the employees and agents of each and every one of them shall have as ample protection from liability in respect of their acts and omissions (whether arising from, or contributed to by, negligence or otherwise) and the acts, omissions and contingencies the subject of Rules 16 (a) to 16 (j) inclusive as those protected by said Rules.

RULE 17 EFFECTIVE DATE

- (a) The Lotto Rules made pursuant to the Act and in force immediately prior to the date upon which these Rules take effect are rescinded.
- (b) Unless otherwise determined by the Chief Executive Officer entries made pursuant to Rules previously in force under any earlier Product Licence and which relate to a Drawing or Drawings to be conducted on or after the date these Rules take effect shall be taken to be submitted as entries in such Drawing or Drawings pursuant to those previous Rules.

RULE 18 AGREEMENTS RELATING TO A GAME OF PROMOTIONAL LOTTO

The Licensee may enter into agreements or arrangements, subject to the provisions of the Act, with other persons or bodies for the purpose of promoting any Game of Promotional Lotto.

SCHEDULE 1
Selling Fees Payable for Monday Lotto or Wednesday Lotto

Entry Type	Equivalent Standard Games	Selling Fee \$	Sub- scription \$	Com- mission \$
1 Game	1	0.60	0.55	0.05
2 Games	2	1.20	1.10	0.10
3 Games	3	1.80	1.65	0.15
4 Games	4	2.40	2.20	0.20
5 Games	5	3.00	2.75	0.25

	Equivalent			
Entry	Standard	Selling	Sub-	Com-
Туре	Games	$Fee \ \$$	scription \$	mission \$
6 Games	6	3.60	3.30	0.30
7 Games	7	4.20	3.85	0.35
8 Games	8	4.80	4.40	0.40
9 Games	9	5.40	4.95	0.45
10 Games	10	6.00	5.50	0.50
11 Games	11	6.60	6.05	0.55
12 Games	12	7.20	6.60	0.60
13 Games	13	7.80	7.15	0.65
14 Games	14	8.40	7.70	0.70
15 Games	15	9.00	8.25	0.75
16 Games	16	9.60	8.80	0.80
17 Games	17	10.20	9.35	0.85
18 Games	18	10.80	9.90	0.90
19 Games	19	11.40	10.45	0.95
20 Games	20	12.00	11.00	1.00
21 Games	21	12.60	11.55	1.05
22 Games	22	13.25	12.10	1.15
23 Games	23	13.85	12.65	1.20
24 Games	24	14.45	13.20	1.25
25 Games	25	15.05	13.75	1.30
26 Games	26	15.65	14.30	1.35
27 Games	27	16.25	14.85	1.40
28 Games	28	16.85	15.40	1.45
29 Games	29	17.45	15.40	1.50
30 Games	30	18.05	16.50	1.55
31 Games	31	18.65	17.05	1.60
32 Games	32	19.25	17.60	1.65
33 Games	33	19.85	18.15	1.70
34 Games	34	20.45	18.70	1.75
35 Games	35	21.05	19.25	1.73
36 Games	36	21.65	19.80	1.85
37 Games	37	22.25	20.35	1.90
38 Games	38	22.85	20.90	1.95
39 Games	39	23.45	21.45	2.00
40 Games	40	24.05	22.00	2.05
41 Games	41	24.65	22.55	2.10
42 Games	42	25.25	23.10	2.15
43 Games	43	25.85	23.65	2.20
44 Games	44	26.45	24.20	2.25
45 Games	45	27.05	24.75	2.30
46 Games	46	27.65	25.30	2.35
47 Games	47	28.25	25.85	2.40
48 Games	48	28.25	26.40	2.40
49 Games	49	29.45	26.95	2.43
50 Games	50	30.05	27.50	2.55
System 4	820	492.95	451.00	41.95
System 5	40	24.05	22.00	2.05
		4.20		
System 7	7	4.20	3.85	0.35

Entry Type	Equivalent Standard Games	Standard Selling Sub-		Com- mission \$
System 8	28	16.85	15.40	1.45
System 9	84	50.50	46.20	4.30
System 10	210	126.25	115.50	10.75
System 11	462	277.75	254.10	23.65
System 12	924	555.45	508.20	47.25
System 13	1,716	1,031.55	943.80	87.75
System 14	3,003	1,805.25	1,651.65	153.60
System 15	5,005	3,008.75	2,752.75	256.00
System 16	8,008	4,814.00	4,404.40	409.60
System 17	12,376	7,439.85	6,806.80	633.05
System 18	18,564	11,159.75	10,210.20	949.55
System 19	27,132	16,310.40	14,922.60	1,387.80
System 20	38,760	23,300.55	21,318.00	1,982.55

The Selling Fee, Subscription and Commission payable for a Multiple Draws Entry are the amounts payable for that Entry Type outlined in Schedule 1, multiplied by the number of draws that the Entry is entered into.

SCHEDULE 2 Selling Fees Payable for Saturday Lotto

	Equivalent			
Entry	Standard	Selling	Sub-	Com-
Туре	Games	Fee	scription	mission
		\$	\$	\$
1 Game	1	0.65	0.60	0.05
2 Games	2	1.30	1.20	0.10
3 Games	3	1.95	1.80	0.15
4 Games	4	2.60	2.40	0.20
5 Games	5	3.30	3.00	0.30
6 Games	6	3.95	3.60	0.35
7 Games	7	4.60	4.20	0.40
8 Games	8	5.25	4.80	0.45
9 Games	9	5.90	5.40	0.50
10 Games	10	6.55	6.00	0.55
11 Games	11	7.20	6.60	0.60
12 Games	12	7.85	7.20	0.65
13 Games	13	8.55	7.80	0.75
14 Games	14	9.20	8.40	0.80
15 Games	15	9.85	9.00	0.85
16 Games	16	10.50	9.60	0.90
17 Games	17	11.15	10.20	0.95
18 Games	18	11.80	10.80	1.00
19 Games	19	12.45	11.40	1.05
20 Games	20	13.10	12.00	1.10
21 Games	21	13.75	12.60	1.15
22 Games	22	14.45	13.20	1.25
23 Games	23	15.10	13.80	1.30
24 Games	24	15.75	14.40	1.35
25 Games	25	16.40	15.00	1.40

	Equivalent			
Entry	Standard	Selling	Sub-	Com-
Туре	Games	Fee \$	scription \$	mission \$
26 Games	26	17.05	15.60	1.45
27 Games	27	17.70	16.20	1.50
28 Games	28	18.35	16.80	1.55
29 Games	29	19.00	17.40	1.60
30 Games	30	19.65	18.00	1.65
31 Games	31	20.35	18.60	1.75
32 Games	32	21.00	19.20	1.80
33 Games	33	21.65	19.80	1.85
34 Games	34	22.30	20.40	1.90
35 Games	35	22.95	21.00	1.95
36 Games	36	23.60	21.60	2.00
37 Games	37	24.25	22.20	2.05
38 Games	38	24.90	22.80	2.10
39 Games	39	25.60	23.40	2.20
40 Games	40	26.25	24.00	2.25
41 Games	41	26.90	24.60	2.30
42 Games	42	27.55	25.20	2.35
43 Games	43	28.20	25.80	2.40
44 Games	44	28.85	26.40	2.45
45 Games	45	29.50	27.00	2.50
46 Games	46	30.15	27.60	2.55
47 Games	47	30.80	28.20	2.60
48 Games	48	31.50	28.80	2.70
49 Games	49	32.15	29.40	2.75
50 Games	50	32.80	30.00	2.80
System 4	820	537.75	492.00	45.75
System 5	40	26.25	24.00	2.25
System 7	7	4.60	4.20	0.40
System 8	28	18.35	16.80	1.55
System 9	84	55.10	50.40	4.70
System 10	210	137.70	126.00	11.70
System 11	462	303.00	277.20	25.80
System 12	924	605.95	554.40	51.55
System 13	1,716	1,125.35	1,029.60	95.75
System 14	3,003	1,969.35	1,801.80	167.55
System 15	5,005	3,282.30	3,003.00	279.30
System 16	8,008	5,251.65	4,804.80	446.85
System 17	12,376	8,116.20	7,425.60	690.60
System 18	18,564	12,174.25	11,138.40	1,035.85
System 19	27,132	17,793.15	16,279.20	1,513.95
System 20	38,760	25,418.80	23,256.00	2,162.80
Th. C.11:			1.0	

The Selling Fee, Subscription and Commission payable for a Multiple Draws Entry are the amounts payable for that Entry Type outlined in Schedule 2, multiplied by the number of draws that the Entry is entered into.

THREATENED SPECIES CONSERVATION ACT 1995

Notice of Preliminary Determinations

THE Scientific Committee has made Preliminary Determinations proposing that the following be listed in the relevant Schedules of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995.

Critically Endangered Species (Part 1 of Schedule 1A) *Caladenia attenuata* (Brinsley) D.L.Jones, an orchid *Prasophyllum bagoense* D.L.Jones, an orchid

Endangered Populations (Part 2 of Schedule 1)

Gossia acmenoides (F.Muell.) N.Snow & Guymer population in the Sydney Basin Bioregion south of the Georges River, a small tree

Prostanthera saxicola R.Br., a population in the Sutherland and Liverpool local government areas, a shrub

Any person may make a written submission regarding these Preliminary Determinations. Send submissions to Suzanne Chate, PO Box 1967, Hurstville BC 1481. Submissions close 6 December 2013.

Copies of these Determinations, which contain the reasons for the determinations, may be obtained free of charge on the Internet www.environment.nsw.gov.au, by contacting the Scientific Committee Unit, PO Box 1967, Hurstville BC 1481. Tel: (02) 9585 6940 or Fax (02) 9585 6606 or in person at the Office of Environment and Heritage Information Centre, Level 14, 59-61 Goulburn Street, Sydney. Copies of the determinations may also be obtained from National Parks and Wildlife Service Area Offices and Visitor Centres, subject to availability.

Associate Professor MICHELLE LEISHMAN, Chairperson

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS

COUNCIL NOTICES

BLACKTOWN CITY COUNCIL

Local Government Act 1993

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Land

BLACKTOWN CITY COUNCIL declares with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor that the land described in the Schedule below, excluding any mines or deposits of minerals in the land, is acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 for infrastructure drainage and resale. Dated at Blacktown this 24th day of September 2013. KERRY ROBINSON, General Manager, Blacktown City Council, PO Box 63, Blacktown NSW 2148.

SCHEDULE

Lot 571, DP 669094.

[7221]

CAMDEN COUNCIL

Roads Act 1993, Section 10

Notice of Dedication of Land as Public Road

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to section 10 of the Roads Act 1993, Camden Council hereby dedicates the land described in the Schedule below as public road. RON MOORE, General Manager, Camden Council, PO Box 183, Camden NSW 2570.

SCHEDULE

Lot 1, DP 118295,1 Lodges Road, Elderslie.

[7222]

LAKE MACQUARIE CITY COUNCIL

Naming of Roads

LAKE MACQUARIE CITY COUNCIL advises that in accordance with section 162.1 of the Roads Act 1993 and Part 2, Division 2, Clauses 7-10, Roads Regulations 2008 it has named the following road.

Location/Description	Proposed Road Name
One new road off Miranda Parade, Cameron Park being a subdivision of Lot 3765, DP 1183448 in Stage 38B	Elettra Street Origin: Ship that has entered Newcastle Port

No objections to the proposed names were received within the advertising period. BRIAN BELL, General Manager, Lake Macquarie City Council, Box 1906 Hunter Region Mail Centre NSW 2310. [7223]

LIVERPOOL CITY COUNCIL

Roads Act 1993, Section 10

Notice of Dedication of Land as Public Road

NOTICE is hereby given that The Council of the City of Liverpool dedicates the land described in the Schedule below as public road under section 10 of the Roads Act 1993. FAROOQ PORTELLI, General Manager, The Council of the City of Liverpool, Locked Bag 7064, Liverpool BC NSW 1871.

SCHEDULE

All that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 12 in Deposited Plan 1185132 in the City of Prestons, Parish of St Luke, County of Cumberland and as described in Folio Identifier 12/1185132. [7224]

THE HILLS SHIRE COUNCIL

Roads Act 1993, Section 10

NOTICE is hereby given that The Hills Shire Council dedicates the land described in the schedule below as public road under section 10 of the Roads Act 1993. GENERAL MANAGER, The Hills Shire Council, 129 Showground Road, Castle Hill NSW 2154.

SCHEDULE

All that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 104 in DP 1172683 in The Hills Shire Council, Parish of Castle Hill, County of Cumberland and as described in Folio Identifier 104/1172683. [7225]

TWEED SHIRE COUNCIL

Local Government Act 1993

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Acquisition) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Land

TWEED SHIRE COUNCIL declares with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor that the easement described in Schedule below, excluding any mines or deposits of minerals in the land, is acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 for water supply.

Dated at Murwillumbah, this 4th day of October 2013. TROY GREEN, Acting Manager, Tweed Shire Council, PO Box 816, Murwillumbah NSW 2484.

SCHEDULE

Easement for Water Supply 3 wide within Lot 6, DP 117326 and Lot 25, DP 1017105 and Easement for Water Supply variable width within Lot 2, DP 1032820 as shown in DP 1181654

OTHER NOTICES

ESSENTIAL ENERGY

Electricity Supply Act 1995

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Easement for Electricity Purposes at Seal Rocks

ESSENTIAL ENERGY declares, with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, that the interest in Land described in Schedule 1 to this notice the terms of which are described in Schedule 2

of this notice, is acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991, for the purposes of the Electricity Supply Act 1995.

Dated at Sydney this 11th day of October 2013. VINCE GRAHAM, Chief Executive Officer, Essential Energy, PO Box 718, Queanbeyan NSW 2620

SCHEDULE 1

Interest in Land Easement for underground powerlines 2

wide affecting Lot 506 in DP 1111033 shown as "Proposed easement for underground

powerlines 2 wide" in DP 1183257

Locality Seal Rocks
LGA Great Lakes
Parish Forster
County Gloucester

SCHEDULE 2

The easement for underground powerlines 2 wide in Schedule 1 is on the terms set out in Part B of Memorandum No. AG184384 registered on the Register under the Real Property Act 1900 (NSW). [7227]

ESSENTIAL ENERGY

Electricity Supply Act 1995

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Easement for Electricity Purposes between Lismore and Mullumbimby

ESSENTIAL ENERGY declares, with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, that the Interests in Land described in Schedule 1 to this notice the terms of which are described in Schedule 2 to this Notice is acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991, for the purposes of the Electricity Supply Act 1995.

Dated this 28th day of August 2013. VINCE GRAHAM, Chief Executive Officer, Essential Energy, PO Box 718, Queanbeyan NSW 2620.

SCHEDULE 1

No.	Interests in Land	Locality	LGA	Parish	County
1.	Easement for overhead powerlines 30 wide affecting Lot 375, DP 729060 (including Duck Creek) shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line 30 wide" on, DP 1164408	Alstonville	Ballina	Tuckombil	Rous
2.	Easement for overhead powerlines 30 wide and variable width affecting a Crown Road dissecting Lot 11, DP 1059457 shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line 30 wide" on, DP 1164408	Alstonville	Ballina	Tuckombil	Rous
3.	Easement for overhead powerlines 30 wide and variable width affecting a Crown Road dissecting Lot 1, DP 1052078 shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line 30 wide" on, DP 1164408	Alstonville	Ballina	Tuckombil	Rous
4.	Easement for overhead powerlines 30 wide and variable width affecting a Crown Road dissecting Lot 12, DP 1059457 shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line 30 wide" on, DP 1164408	Alstonville	Ballina	Tuckombil	Rous
5.	Easement for overhead powerlines variable width affecting a Crown Road dissecting between Lot 1, DP 812537 and Lot 2, DP 554804 shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line variable width" on, DP 1168868	Lyndwood	Ballina	Tuckombil	Rous

No.	Interests in Land	Locality	LGA	Parish	County
6	Easement for overhead powerlines variable width affecting a Crown Road adjoining Lot 2, DP 554804 shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line variable width" on, DP 1168868	Lyndwood	Ballina	Tuckombil	Rous
7.	Easement for overhead powerlines 5.5 wide and 20.115 wide affecting a Crown Road between Lot 12, DP 1130877 and Lot 3, DP 805680 shown as "Proposed Easement for Transmission Line 5.5 wide and 20.115 wide" on, DP 1153840	South Lismore, Lismore and Monaltrie	Lismore	South Lismore and Lismore	Rous

SCHEDULE 2

The easements for overhead powerlines listed in Schedule 1 are on the terms set out in Part A of Memorandum No. AG189384 registered on the Register held under the Real Property Act 1900. [7228]

ESSENTIAL ENERGY

Electricity Supply Act 1995 Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Easement for Electricity Purposes at Moama

ESSENTIAL ENERGY declares, with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, that the Interests in Land described in Schedule 1 to this notice the terms of which are described in Schedule 2 to this notice, are acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 (NSW), for the purposes of the Electricity Supply Act 1995 (NSW).

Dated this 28th day of August 2013. VINCE GRAHAM, Chief Executive Officer, Essential Energy, PO Box 718, Queanbeyan NSW 2620.

SCHEDULE 1

No.	Interests in Land	Locality	LGA	Parish	County
1	Easement for overhead powerlines variable width affecting Crown Road (denoted as Cobb Highway in DP 1171795) shown as "(B) Easement for Transmission Line variable wide" in DP 1171795	Moama	Murray	Bama	Cadell
2	Easement for overhead powerlines 20.115 wide affecting Crown Road east of Lots 1 and 2, DP 1129050 (railway land) and shown as "(A) Proposed easement for overhead powerlines 20.115 metres wide" on DP 1179991	Mathoura	Murray	Mathoura	Cadell
3	Easement for overhead powerlines 20.115 wide affecting Crown Road (denoted as Leetham Road in DP 1179995) east of Lot 2, DP 1120954 (railway land) and shown as "(A) Proposed easement for overhead powerlines 20.115 metres wide" on DP 1179995	Mathoura	Murray	Mathoura	Cadell

SCHEDULE 2

The easements for overhead powerlines described in Schedule 1 are on the terms set out in Part A of Memorandum No. AG189384 registered on the Register held under the Real Property Act 1900 (NSW). [7229]

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