THE BLUE MOUNTAINS
NEW SOUTH WALES
FROM GLENBROOK TO LITHGOW

THE JENOLAN CAVES AND MOUNT WILSON

Showing their geological and topographical features

By O. TRICKETT. L.S., M.S.

Scale Miles

0 1 2 3 4 5 6

Colour Index

MESOZOIC	TRIASSIC	HAWKESBURY SERIES	Chiefly sandstone
PALÆOZOIC	PERMO-CARBONIFEROUS	UPPER COAL MEASURES	Chiefly sandstone and shale, with coal seams
		UPPER MARINE	Sandstone, shale &c
	DEVONIAN		Quartzite, shale &c
	SILURIAN		Slate, limestone &c
	IGNEOUS	BASALT	Outcrops at Mt Wilson, Tomah, Bell & Banks.
		GRANITE	

ROADS TRACKS

Jenolan Limestone

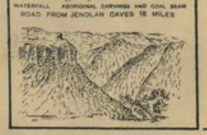
Radiolarian cherts (Ordovician?) and an andesite dyke occur on the west of the limestone and quartz and rhyolite porphyries on the east.

(These geological divisions are omitted for want of space.)

Kanangra Walls

WATERFALL, ABORIGINAL CARVINGS AND COAL SEAM

ROAD FROM JENOLAN CAVES 18 MILES



NOTE.—The Wombeyan Caves are situated 34 miles south of Jenolan Caves (about 55 miles by road and track via Mount Werong).

The Colong (Binda) Caves are situated on the east of the Kowmung River, 20 miles S.E. of Jenolan (about 32 miles by track via Kanangra Walls).

N. S. W. GOVERNMENT TOURIST BUREAU.

ALFRED JAMES KENT, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, SYDNEY, N.S.W.

H0027

R00030390

D004950830